## 130. Surrounded Regions

Given a 2D board containing 'X' and 'O' (the letter O), capture all regions surrounded by 'X'.

A region is captured by flipping all 'O's into 'X's in that surrounded region.

Example:

```
x x x x x x x x x x 0 0 x x x 0 x x
```

After running your function, the board should be:

```
class Solution {
    // dfs
    public void solve(char[][] board) {
        if (board.length == 0 || board[0].length == 0)
            return;
        if (board.length < 3 || board[0].length < 3)</pre>
            return;
        int row = board.length;
        int col = board[0].length;
        for (int i = 0; i < row; i++) {
            if (board[i][0] == '0')
                helper(board, i, 0);
            if (board[i][col-1] == '0')
                helper(board, i, col-1);
        }
        for (int j = 1; j < col-1; j++) {
            if (board[0][j] == '0')
```

```
helper(board, 0, j);
            if (board[row-1][j] == '0')
                helper(board, row-1, j);
        }
        for (int i = 0; i < row; i++) {
            for (int j = 0; j < col; j++) {
                if (board[i][j] == '0')
                    board[i][j] = 'X';
                if (board[i][j] == '*')
                    board[i][j] = '0';
            }
       }
    }
   private void helper(char[][] board, int row, int col) {
        if (row < 0 || col < 0 || row > board.length-1
           || col > board[0].length-1 || board[row][col] != '0')
            return;
        board[row][col] = '*';
        helper(board, row+1, col);
        helper(board, row-1, col);
        helper(board, row, col+1);
        helper(board, row, col-1);
   }
}
```