

485. Max Consecutive Ones

Given a binary array, find the maximum number of consecutive 1s in this array.

```
class Solution {  
    public int findMaxConsecutiveOnes(int[] nums) {  
        int max = 0;  
        int count = 0;  
  
        for (int i = 0; i < nums.length; i++) {  
            if (nums[i] == 1) {  
                count++;  
                max = Math.max(count, max);  
            } else {  
                count = 0;  
            }  
        }  
  
        return max;  
    }  
}
```