### Tacotron 2

# Natural TTS synthesis by conditioning WaveNet on Mel Spectrogram predictions

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### Overview

#### Introduction

Speech synthesis History of speech synthesis

#### WaveNet

Architecture

Dilated Convolution

 $\mu\text{-law companding}$ 

Gated activation

Residual and skip connections

Conditional WaveNets

Reported results

#### Tacotron 2

Architecture

**Training** 

**Evaluation** 

Reported results

Conclusions and future strategies

## Speech synthesis

#### Artificial production of human speech

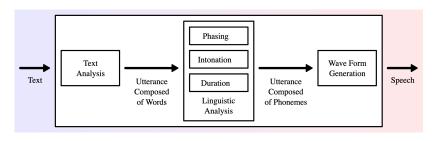


Figure: A typical text-to-speech system<sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Andy0101, *A typical text-to-speech system*, https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:TTS\_System.svg, [Online; accessed 10/08/2019], 2010.

## History of speech synthesis<sup>2</sup>

#### Concatenative

 Extract samples from large database of human speech

#### **Parametric**

 Simulate human voice using a parametric function

#### Neural

 Artificially generate human voice using neural networks

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>V. Delić, Z. Perić, M. Sečujski, et al., "Speech Technology Progress Based on New Machine Learning Paradigm," en, Computational Intelligence and Neuroscience, vol. 2019, pp. 1–19, Jun. 2019, ISSN: 1687-5265, 1687-5273. DOI: 10.1155/2019/4368036. [Online]. Available: https://www.hindawi.com/journals/cin/2019/4368036/ (visited on 10/08/2019).

### WaveNet.

A deep neural network for generating raw audio waveforms.

- Probabilistic
- Autoregressive
- Beats all previously known methods



Figure: Time domain representation of 1 second of generated speech<sup>3</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>D. Blog, WaveNet: A generative model for raw audio,

 $<sup>\</sup>verb|https://deepmind.com/blog/article/wavenet-generative-model-raw-audio, [Online; accessed 10/08/2019], 2016.$ 

## WaveNet: Architecture

## **Important Components**

- Dilated convolution
- $\blacktriangleright \mu$  law companding
- Gated activation
- Residual and skip connection
- Conditional wavenets

### 1. Dilated Convolution

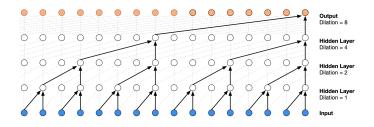


Figure: Stack of dilated causal convolution layers<sup>4</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>A. v. d. Oord, S. Dieleman, H. Zen, et al., "WaveNet: A Generative Model for Raw Audio," en, arXiv:1609.03499 [cs], Sep. 2016, arXiv: 1609.03499. [Online]. Available: http://arxiv.org/abs/1609.03499 (visited on 10/08/2019).

## 2. $\mu$ -law companding<sup>5</sup>

$$f(x_t) = ext{sign}(x_t) rac{ ext{ln}(1+\mu|x_t|)}{ ext{ln}(1+\mu)}$$
  $-1 < x_t < 1$  is the time domain speech signal,  $\mu = 255$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Cisco. Waveform coding techniques.

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/voice/h323/8123-waveform-coding.html, [Online; accessed 10/09/2019], 2008.

## 3. Gated activation<sup>6</sup>

$$\mathbf{z} = \tanh(W_{f,k} * \mathbf{x}) \circledast \sigma(W_{g,k} * \mathbf{x})$$

 $* \rightarrow \mathsf{convolution},$ 

 $\circledast \rightarrow$  element-wise multiplication,

 $\sigma(.) \rightarrow \mathsf{sigmoid}$  function,

 $k \rightarrow layer index$ ,

 $f \rightarrow \text{filter}$ ,

 $g o \mathsf{gate}$ ,

W olearnable convolution filter

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>A. v. d. Oord, N. Kalchbrenner, O. Vinyals, et al., "Conditional Image Generation with PixelCNN Decoders," arXiv:1606.05328 [cs], Jun. 2016, arXiv: 1606.05328. [Online]. Available: http://arxiv.org/abs/1606.05328 (visited on 10/08/2019).

## 4. Residual and skip connections

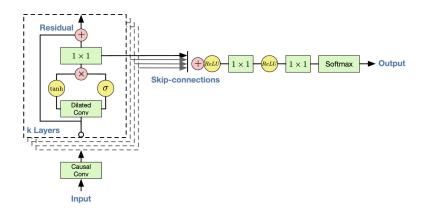


Figure: Overview of residual block and entire architecture<sup>7</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>A. v. d. Oord, S. Dieleman, H. Zen, et al., "WaveNet: A Generative Model for Raw Audio," en, arXiv:1609.03499 [cs], Sep. 2016, arXiv: 1609.03499. [Online]. Available: http://arxiv.org/abs/1609.03499 (visited on 10/08/2019).

### 5. Conditional WaveNets

Given an additional input  $\mathbf{h}$ , WaveNets can model the conditional distribution  $p(\mathbf{x}|\mathbf{h})$  of the audio given the input,

$$p(\mathbf{x}|\mathbf{h}) = \prod_{t=1}^{T} p(x_t|x_1,\ldots,x_{t-1},\mathbf{h})$$

## WaveNet: Reported results

### Reported results

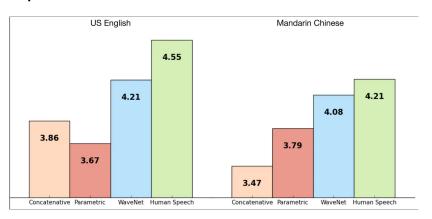


Figure: Mean Opinion Scores (MOS) for English and Mandarin<sup>8</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup>D. Blog, WaveNet: A generative model for raw audio, https://deepmind.com/blog/article/wavenet-generative-model-raw-audio, [Online; accessed 10/08/2019], 2016.

### Tacotron 2: Architecture

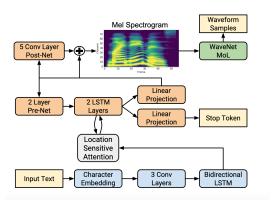


Figure: Block diagram of Tacotron 2 system architecture<sup>9</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>J. Shen, R. Pang, R. J. Weiss, *et al.*, "Natural TTS Synthesis by Conditioning WaveNet on Mel Spectrogram Predictions," en, *arXiv:1712.05884* [cs], Dec. 2017, arXiv: 1712.05884. [Online]. Available: http://arxiv.org/abs/1712.05884 (visited on 10/08/2019).

## Mel spectrogram

- Related to the short-time Fourier transform (STFT)
- Obtained by applying a nonlinear transform to the frequency axis of the STFT
- Emphasizes details in lower frequencies
- De-emphasizes high frequency details

Features derived from the mel scale have been used as an underlying representation for speech recognition for many decades.  $^{10}$ 

<sup>10</sup> S. Davis and P. Mermelstein, "Comparison of parametric representations for monosyllabic word recognition in continuously spoken sentences," *IEEE transactions on acoustics, speech, and signal processing*, vol. 28, no. 4, pp. 357–366, 1980.

## Tacotron 2: Training

#### Feature detection network

- Maximum likelihood training procedure
- Batch size = 64 on a single GPU
- Adam optimizer w/  $\beta_1 = 0.9, \ \beta_2 = 0.999, \ \epsilon = 10^{-6}$
- ► LR =  $10^{-3}$ , exponentially decaying to  $10^{-5}$
- Warmup training till 50,000 iterations
- ► L2 regularization with weight 10<sup>-6</sup>

#### WaveNet

- ► Batch size = 128 on 32 GPUs
- Adam optimizer w/  $\beta_1=0.9,\ \beta_2=0.999,\ \epsilon=10^{-8}$
- Fixed LR =  $10^{-4}$
- Exponentially-weighted moving average of the network parameters over update steps with a decay of 0.9999
- ► Scaling by 127.5
- ▶ US English dataset

### Tacotron 2: Evaluation

- ▶ 100 random examples from test set sent to Mechanical Turk
- ► Each sample is rated by atleast 8 raters
- ▶ Scores on a scale of 1 to 5 with 0.5 increments

## Tacotron 2: Reported results

System	MOS
Parametric	$3.492 \pm 0.096$
Tacotron (Griffin-Lim)	$4.001 \pm 0.087$
Concatenative	$4.166\pm0.091$
WaveNet (Linguistic)	$4.341 \pm 0.051$
Ground truth	$4.582\pm0.053$
Tacotron 2 (this paper)	$4.526\pm0.066$

Figure: Mean Opinion Scores (MOS)<sup>11</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> J. Shen, R. Pang, R. J. Weiss, et al., "Natural TTS Synthesis by Conditioning WaveNet on Mel Spectrogram Predictions," en, arXiv:1712.05884 [cs], Dec. 2017, arXiv: 1712.05884. [Online]. Available: http://arxiv.org/abs/1712.05884 (visited on 10/08/2019).

## Conclusions and future strategies

- More general models
- More languages
- ▶ Names, abbreviations, context require more work
- Better evaluation and testing required