Neural Text-to-Speech

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Speech synthesis

Artificial production of human speech

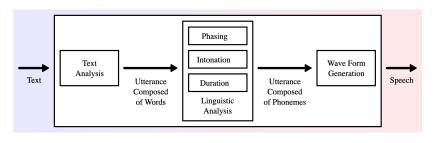


Figure: A typical text-to-speech system¹

¹Andy0101, *A typical text-to-speech system*, https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File:TTS_System.svg, [Online; accessed 10/08/2019], 2010.

History of speech synthesis

Concatenative

 Extract samples from large database of human speech

Parametric

 Simulate human voice using a parametric function

Neural

 Artificially generate human voice using neural networks

Approaches in Neural text-to-speech

- ► LSTM
- WaveNet
- WaveNet based

WaveNet

A deep neural network for generating raw audiowaveforms.

- Probabilistic
- Autoregressive
- Beats all previously known methods



Figure: Time domain representation of 1 second of generated speech

WaveNet: Architecture

- Dilated convolution
- $\blacktriangleright \mu$ law companding
- Gated activation
- Residual and skip connection
- Conditional wavenets

1. Dilated Convolution

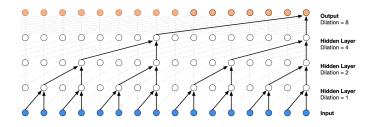


Figure: Stack of dilated causal convolution layers²

²A. v. d. Oord, S. Dieleman, H. Zen, et al., "WaveNet: A Generative Model for Raw Audio," en, arXiv:1609.03499 [cs], Sep. 2016, arXiv: 1609.03499. [Online]. Available: http://arxiv.org/abs/1609.03499 (visited on 10/08/2019).

2. μ -law companding

$$f(x_t) = \operatorname{sign}(x_t) \frac{\ln(1 + \mu|x_t|)}{\ln(1 + \mu)}$$

where, x_t is the time domain speech signal

3. Gated activation

$$\mathbf{z} = \tanh(W_{f,k} * \mathbf{x}) \circledast \sigma(W_{g,k} * \mathbf{x})$$

 $* \rightarrow convolution,$

 $\circledast \rightarrow$ element-wise multiplication,

 $\sigma(.) \rightarrow \mathsf{sigmoid}$ function,

 $k \rightarrow layer index$,

 $f \rightarrow \text{filter}$,

 $g o \mathsf{gate}$,

 $W \rightarrow \text{learnable convolution filter}^3$

³A. v. d. Oord, N. Kalchbrenner, O. Vinyals, et al., "Conditional Image Generation with PixelCNN Decoders," arXiv:1606.05328 [cs], Jun. 2016, arXiv: 1606.05328. [Online]. Available: http://arxiv.org/abs/1606.05328 (visited on 10/08/2019).

4. Residual and skip connections

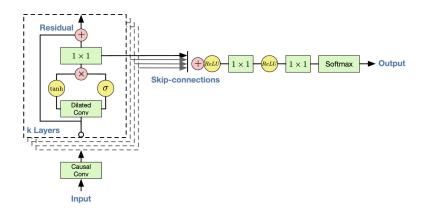


Figure: Overview of residual block and entire architecture⁴

⁴A. v. d. Oord, S. Dieleman, H. Zen, et al., "WaveNet: A Generative Model for Raw Audio," en, arXiv:1609.03499 [cs], Sep. 2016, arXiv: 1609.03499. [Online]. Available: http://arxiv.org/abs/1609.03499 (visited on 10/08/2019).

5. Conditional WaveNets

$$p(\mathbf{x}|\mathbf{h}) = \prod_{t=1}^{T} p(x_t|x_1,\ldots,x_{t-1},\mathbf{h})$$

WaveNet: Pros and Cons

Pros

Fast training

Cons

Slow inference

Tacotron 2: Architecture

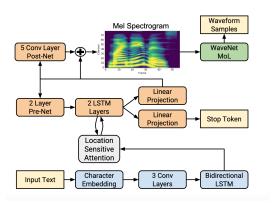


Figure: Block diagram of Tacotron 2 system architecture⁵

⁵J. Shen, R. Pang, R. J. Weiss, *et al.*, "Natural TTS Synthesis by Conditioning WaveNet on Mel Spectrogram Predictions," en, *arXiv:1712.05884* [cs], Dec. 2017, arXiv: 1712.05884. [Online]. Available: http://arxiv.org/abs/1712.05884 (visited on 10/08/2019).

Mel spectrogram

- Related to the short-time Fourier transform (STFT) magnitude
- Obtained by applying a nonlinear transform to the frequency axis of the STFT
- Emphasizes details in lower frequencies
- De-emphasizes high frequency details

Features derived from the mel scale have been used as an underlying representation for speech recognition for many decades.⁶

⁶S. Davis and P. Mermelstein, "Comparison of parametric representations for monosyllabic word recognition in continuously spoken sentences," *IEEE transactions on acoustics, speech, and signal processing*, vol. 28, no. 4, pp. 357–366, 1980.

Tacotron 2: Training

Feature detection

- Maximum likelihood training procedure
- Batch size = 64 on a single GPU
- Adam optimizer w/ $\beta_1 = 0.9, \ \beta_2 = 0.999, \ \epsilon = 10^{-6}$
- ► LR = 10^{-3} , exponentially decaying to 10^{-5}
- Warmup training till 50,000 iterations
- ► L2 regularization with weight 10⁻⁶

WaveNet

- ► Batch size = 128 on 32 GPUs
- Adam optimizer w/ $\beta_1=0.9,\ \beta_2=0.999,\ \epsilon=10^{-8}$
- ▶ Fixed LR = 10⁻⁴
- Exponentially-weighted moving average of the network parameters over update steps with a decay of 0.9999
- ► Scaling by 127.5
- ► US English dataset

Tactron 2: Evaluation

- ▶ 100 random examples from test set sent to Mechanical Turk
- ► Each sample is rated by atleast 8 raters
- ▶ Scores on a scale of 1 to 5 with 0.5 increments

Tacotron 2: Reported results

System	MOS
Parametric	3.492 ± 0.096
Tacotron (Griffin-Lim)	4.001 ± 0.087
Concatenative	4.166 ± 0.091
WaveNet (Linguistic)	4.341 ± 0.051
Ground truth	4.582 ± 0.053
Tacotron 2 (this paper)	4.526 ± 0.066

Figure: Mean Opinion Score (MOS) evaluations

⁷J. Shen, R. Pang, R. J. Weiss, *et al.*, "Natural TTS Synthesis by Conditioning WaveNet on Mel Spectrogram Predictions," en, *arXiv:1712.05884* [cs], Dec. 2017, arXiv: 1712.05884. [Online]. Available: http://arxiv.org/abs/1712.05884 (visited on 10/08/2019).

Summary