

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF ELECTRONICS AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY
RAJYA SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO.530
TO BE ANSWERED ON: 06.02.2020

COMMON SERVICE CENTRES FOR CITIZENS

530. SHRI NARAYAN LAL PANCHARIYA:

Will the Minister of ELECTRONICS & INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government has set up and strengthened common service centres to provide services to citizens more effectively;
(b) if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor;
(c) whether any such service centres have been set up in Rajasthan;
(d) if so, the details thereof, district-wise and if not, the reasons therefor;
(e) whether the number of service centres in Rajasthan is less than other States; and
(f) if so, the details thereof?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE FOR ELECTRONICS AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY
(SHRI SANJAY DHOTRE)

(a) and (b): Yes, Sir. This Ministry is implementing Common Services Centers (CSC-2.0: *A Way Forward*) project under pillar-III of Digital India. CSC e-Governance Services India Ltd. (CSC Special Purpose Vehicle- CSC –SPV) is the implementing agency of CSC 2.0, in consultation with State Governments/Union Territory (UT) Administrations. The objective of this project is to set up at-least one self-sustainable CSC per Gram Panchayat across the country. As on 31st December, 2019, the overall (including urban & rural) number of functional CSCs are 3,65,361 out of which 2, 70, 132 CSCs are functional at Gram Panchayat (GP) Level. These Common Services Centers (CSCs) are providing nearly 350 services electronically to the citizens, at their locality and promoting entrepreneurship by encouraging youths, rural population, marginalized people and encouraging women empowerment for their livelihood. The State/UT wise list of functional CSCs is placed as Annexure-I.

(c) and (d): Yes, Sir. The district-wise list of CSCs in Rajasthan is placed as Annexure-II.

(e) and (f): The setting-up CSC depends on various factors such as population footfall, connectivity, power supply and willingness of citizens to set-up CSC. May kindly refer the Annexure-I.

ANNEXURE-I

STATE/UT-WISE STATUS OF ROLL OUT OF CSCs AS ON 31st DEC, 2019		
Name of States & UTs	No. of Functional CSCs including GP Level	No. of Functional CSCs at GP level
	As on 31 December'19	As on 31 December'19
Uttar Pradesh	82465	62928
Maharashtra	51407	36348
Bihar	32472	26912
Madhya Pradesh	30846	21752
West Bengal	17431	14476
Rajasthan	14925	11058
Chhattisgarh	14062	10272
Jharkhand	13941	11248
Odisha	13117	10920
Gujarat	11571	7503
Haryana	11975	8369
Tamil Nadu	10089	5863
Andhra Pradesh	9370	6689
Karnataka	9447	5098

Punjab	8776	6625
Assam	6751	5756
Uttarakhand	6492	4937
Telangana	4817	3159
Kerala	3921	2951
Himachal Pradesh	3493	3097
Tripura	959	764
Manipur	843	633
Meghalaya	624	525
Nagaland	296	66
Mizoram	213	50
Arunachal Pradesh	165	113
Goa	91	62
Sikkim	57	42
Jammu & Kashmir	2269	1737
Delhi	2077	0
Puducherry	174	95
Chandigarh	71	9
Andaman & Nicobar	49	26
Dadra & N Haveli	52	26
Daman & Diu	43	13
Lakshadweep	10	10
GRAND TOTAL	365361	270132

ANNEXURE-II

Functional CSCs Till 31 st December, 2019				
S. No.	District	Rural	Urban	Total (Urban+ Rural)
1	Ajmer	330	216	546
2	Alwar	517	123	640
3	Banswara	277	35	312
4	Baran	342	112	454
5	Barmer	480	54	534
6	Bharatpur	324	147	471
7	Bhilwara	402	118	520
8	Bikaner	317	119	436
9	Bundi	245	74	319
10	Chittorgarh	271	76	347
11	Churu	426	157	583
12	Dausa	378	86	464
13	Dholpur	232	81	313
14	Dungarpur	200	21	221
15	Ganganagar	390	110	500
16	Hanumangarh	510	177	687
17	Jaipur	813	493	1306
18	Jaisalmer	187	29	216
19	Jalore	477	79	556
20	Jhalawar	377	86	463
21	Jhunjhunu	577	190	767
22	Jodhpur	444	214	658
23	Karauli	294	158	452
24	Kota	218	253	471
25	Nagaur	637	145	782
26	Pali	378	143	521
27	Pratapgarh	212	45	257

28	Rajsamand	287	71	358
29	Sawai Madhopur	261	77	338
30	Sikar	567	184	751
31	Sirohi	150	40	190
32	Tonk	261	104	365
33	Udaipur	338	87	425
Grand Total		12119	4104	16223