## GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF ELECTRONICS AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

## RAJYA SABHA

## **UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2179**

TO BE ANSWERED ON 05.01.2018

#### NATIONAL CYBER SECURITY COORDINATION CENTRE

### 2179 SHRIMATI AMBIKA SONI DR. T. SUBBARAMI REDDY

Will the Minister of Electronics and Information Technology be pleased to state:

- (a) the details of projects being implemented by National Cyber Security Coordination Centre(NCCC) under various phases;
- (b) the amount earmarked and released for NCCC in the last two years;
- (c) the number of cyber crime awareness workshops organized for police officers, judicial officers and other personnel; and
- (d) how far the coordination is effective among various stakeholders in handling cyber crimes and cyber security of the country alongwith the details thereof?

#### ANSWER

# MINISTER OF STATE FOR ELECTRONICS AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (SHRI ALPHONS KANNANTHANAM)

- (a): Government is implementing the National Cyber Coordination Centre (NCCC) to generate near real-time macroscopic views of the cyber security threats in the country. The Centre will scan the cyberspace in the country at meta-data level and will generate near real-time situational awareness. NCCC is a multi-stakeholder body, being implemented by Indian Computer Emergency Response Team (CERT-In) at Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology (MeitY). The proposed Centre will provide a structured system and facilitate coordination among different agencies by sharing with them the metadata from cyberspace for taking actions to mitigate the cyber security threats. Phase-I of NCCC has been made functional in July, 2017. The next phase is to setup a full-fledged Centre.
- (b): Government has approved the project to set up the National Cyber Coordination Centre (NCCC) in April 2015 to be implemented by Indian Computer Emergency Response Team (CERT-In) with an outlay of Rs. 770 crore for a period of five years. In the current year, an amount of Rs. 36 crores have been earmarked for NCCC, out of which an amount of approx. Rs. 21 crores have been released till December, 2017.
- (c): 17 Cyber Crime Awareness workshops were organised in 17 cities namely Ahmadabad, Chandigarh, Bhopal, Lucknow, Jaipur, Patna, Shimla, Shillong, Dehradun, Thrissur, Bhubaneswar, Ranchi, Nagpur, Srinagar, Raipur, Goa and Mangalore wherein 1989 police officers at various ranks participated. 35 Cyber Crime Awareness workshops were organized for judiciary in Mumbai, Pune, Bangalore, Kolkata and North-Eastern States wherein more than 1000 judicial officers attended the workshop.
- (d): (i) NCCC being a multi stakeholder body, shares macroscopic view of incidents with the stakeholders for their respective actions including identification of affected systems at userend and risk mitigation.
  - (ii) The Indian Computer Emergency Response Team (CERT-In) interacts with stakeholder organisations in different sectors such as finance, defence, power, telecom etc and sends tailored alerts and advisories to Chief Information Security Officers (CISOs) of such organizations on regular basis for prevention. CERT-In also interacts with stakeholder organisations and sectoral CERTs for resolution of incidents.

- (iii) CERT-In conducts cyber security mock drills in coordination with stakeholder organizations to enable assessment of cyber security posture and preparedness of organizations in Government and critical sectors.
- (iv) Government is setting up Indian Cyber Crime Coordination Centre (IC4) to address cyber crime. The IC4, inter-alia, will facilitate capacity building of police officers, judicial officers and other personnel. This in turn will lead to handling of cyber crime in a more effective manner.