GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MINISTRY OF ELECTRONICS AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY RAJYA SABHA UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 1841

TO BE ANSWERED ON: 17.03.2017

USE OF DOMESTIC PARTS IN MANUFACTURING OF MOBILE AND TELECOM INSTRUMENTS

1841. SHRI AMAR SHANKAR SABLE:

Will the Minister of ELECTRONICS AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY be pleased to state:

- (a) whether Government has made the use of domestic parts mandatory for manufacturing of mobile and telecom instruments for exporters who get subsidy on the export of mobile and telecom instruments, if so, the details thereof; and
- (b) the year wise details of total number of exporters in the country who have been given 3 percent subsidy during the last three years.

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE FOR AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (SHRI P.P. CHAUDHARY)

- (a): Interest Equalization Scheme: The Interest Equalization Scheme on Pre and Post Rupee Export Credit has been launched by the Government and notified vide RBI Circular no. 62 dated 04.12.2015. Under the scheme, the rate of interest equalization @ 3% per annum shall be available on Pre-and Post Rupee Export Credit and Post Shipment Rupee Credit. Department of Telecommunication(DoT) vide Gazette notification dated 28.10.2016 has notified Interest Equalization Guidelines for domestic telecom manufacturer exporters. DoT has therein notified certain minimum value addition qualifying criteria for telecom products (including mobile phones also). The domestic telecom manufacturer - exporter are now eligible under the Interest Equalization Scheme, subject to meeting the minimum value addition criterion. The DoT vide notification dated 28.10.2016 has notified the minimum addition criterion telecom products (Available for http://www.dot.gov.in/sites/default/files/2016 11 07%20IEG%20IP.pdf
- (b): Based on the inputs provided by Reserve Bank of India (RBI), the sector wise details of reimbursement claims of banks for the year 2015-16 and 2016-17 (available at http://meity.gov.in/sites/upload_files/dit/files/annexure-16-03-2017.pdf).
