

ONCLICK FUNCTION

To set the selected ID as a value to call it in PHP, you can add a hidden input field to the form and set its value to the selected ID using JavaScript. Here's an example:

html

Copy code

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
    <title>Display Selected ID</title>
</head>
<body>

    <h1>Select an ID:</h1>
    <form action="your_php_file.php" method="POST">
        <ul>
            <li><a href="#" onclick="displayID('id1')">ID 1</a></li>
            <li><a href="#" onclick="displayID('id2')">ID 2</a></li>
            <li><a href="#" onclick="displayID('id3')">ID 3</a></li>
        </ul>
        <input type="hidden" name="selected_id" id="selected_id">
        <button type="submit">Submit</button>
    </form>

    <script>
        function displayID(id) {
            document.getElementById("result").innerHTML = "You selected ID " + id;
            document.getElementById("selected_id").value = id;
        }
    </script>

</body>
</html>
```

In this modified code, we've wrapped the list of IDs in a form element with a POST method and an action that points to your PHP file. We've also added a hidden input field with a name of `selected_id` and an ID of `selected_id`.

When the user clicks on an ID link, the `displayID()` function now sets the `innerHTML` of the `result` element to a message indicating which ID was selected, and also sets the value of the hidden input field to the selected ID.

When the user submits the form, the selected ID will be sent to your PHP file as a POST variable named `selected_id`. You can retrieve this value in your PHP code using `$_POST['selected_id']`.