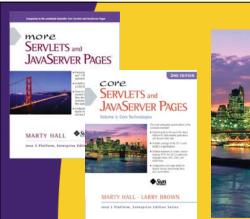


# Ajax: The Basics Part II

Originals of Slides and Source Code for Examples: http://courses.coreservlets.com/Course-Materials/ajax.html

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For live Ajax & GWT training, see training courses at http://courses.coreservlets.com/.

Taught by the author of *Core Servlets and JSP*, *More Servlets and JSP*, and this tutorial. Available at public venues, or customized versions can be held on-site at your organization.

- Courses developed and taught by Marty Hall
- Java 5, Java 6, intermediate/beginning servlets/JSP, advanced servlets/JSP, Struts, JSF, Ajax, GWT, custom mix of topics
   Courses developed and taught by coreservlets.com experts (edited by Marty)
   Spring, Hibernate, EJB3, Ruby/Rails

# **Topics in This Section**

- Sending GET data
- Reading textfield values
- Sending POST data
- Ajax toolkits and libraries
- Ajax books

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# **Sending GET Data**

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# Servlet Example: Design Deficiencies

#### No data sent from HTML page to servlet

- Solution: attach data to end of the URL (GET data)
  - Use normal GET format:
    - mainaddress?var1=val1&var2=val2

#### Notes

- In next examples we will get data from input fields, but for now we will embed it directly in the URL
- If you have an "&" in a URL in xhtml, you are required to replace it with "&"
- To read the data on the server, servlet does request.getParameter as usual

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# **Steps**

#### JavaScript

- Define an object for sending HTTP requests
- Initiate request
  - Get request object
  - Designate an anonymous response handler function
  - Initiate a GET or POST request to a servlet
    - URL has GET data attached to the end
- Handle response
  - Wait for readyState of 4 and HTTP status of 200
  - Extract return text with responseText or responseXML
  - Use innerHTML to insert result into designated element

#### HTML

- Load JavaScript from centralized directory
- Designate control that initiates request
- Give ids to input elements
- Define a blank placeholder element with a known id

# **Define a Request Object**

```
function getRequestObject() {
  if (window.ActiveXObject) {
    return(new ActiveXObject("Microsoft.XMLHTTP"));
  } else if (window.XMLHttpRequest) {
    return(new XMLHttpRequest());
  } else {
    return(null);
  }
}
```

No changes from previous examples

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### **Initiate Request**

No changes from previous example. The difference is the address, which will be passed in from HTML page.

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# **Handle Response**

Changed slightly from previous section: now uses htmlInsert helper function.

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#### **HTML Code**

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#### **Servlet Code**

#### Servlet reads the "city" parameter

- Uses this to determine time zone
- Unknown or missing city results in error message

#### Servlet generates HTML markup

- Rather than returning an ordinary string to be inserted into the div, returns text with xhtml tags
  - Provides more control over the final result
  - Remember to be check that the final result is legal in xhtml
    - Tags should be lowercase
    - Be aware of nesting rules (e.g., block-level elements allowed inside div and td, but only inline elements allowed inside p or span)

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#### **Servlet Code**

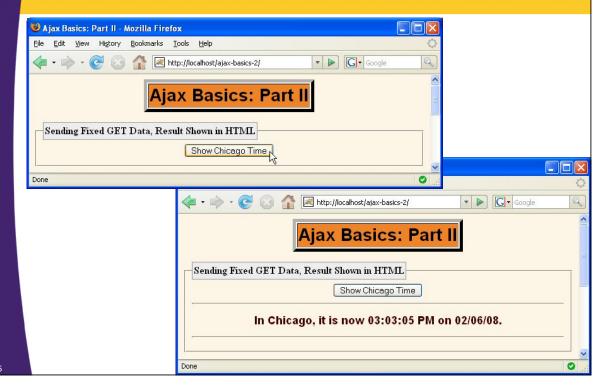
```
public class ShowTimeInCity extends HttpServlet {
  public void doGet(HttpServletRequest request,
                    HttpServletResponse response)
      throws ServletException, IOException {
    response.setHeader("Cache-Control", "no-cache");
    response.setHeader("Pragma", "no-cache");
    PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
    String cityName = request.getParameter("city");
    String message = CityUtils.getTime(cityName);
    if (message.startsWith("In")) { // Found city
      message =
        String.format("<hr/><h2>%s</h2><hr/>", message);
    } else { // No city or unknown city
     message =
        String.format("<h2 class='error'>%s</h2>", message);
    out.print(message);
```

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# **CityUtils Class**

- Maintains a table of cities and associated time zones (populations also – used later)
  - Given the name of a city, it finds the difference in hours between that city's time and server time (east coast USA)
- Computes server time
  - Using standard GregorianCalendar class
- Converts to time in that city
  - By calling the "add" method with the time zone offset
- Formats the time and day
  - Using String.format with %tr and %tD
  - Reminder: full source code is online
    - http://courses.coreservlets.com/Course-Materials/ajax.html

Sending GET Data: Results



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# Reading User Input (and Embedding it in GET Data)

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#### **GET Example: Design Deficiencies**

- City name was always Chicago
  - Solution: send user data
    - Give an id to textfield
      - <input type="text" id="someID"/>
      - The id is not the same as the textfield name. The name is used only in regular form submissions, which does not apply to Ajax.
    - Read data from textfield
      - document.getElementById(someID).value
- Textfields can have spaces and other characters that are illegal in URLs
  - Solution: filter (escape) textfield data
    - Call "escape" to convert spaces and other special chars
    - Put result into the GET data
    - Request URL with embedded GET data

# **Summary of New Features**

- Read a textfield value
  - userInput = document.getElementById(someID).value;
    - The value property works for textfields and most other input elements. But for radio buttons and checkboxes, the value is either "on" or empty. We will show examples of this later
- Escape spaces and other special characters
  - userInput = escape(userInput);
- Put data into the URL
  - url = baseURL + "?someName=" + userInput;
    - For multiple input elements, put "&" between name/value pairs.
- Send out request and process result
  - No changes from previous examples
- Helper function

```
function getValue(id) {
  return(escape(document.getElementById(id).value));
}
```

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#### **Steps**

- JavaScript
  - Define an object for sending HTTP requests
  - Initiate request
    - Get request object
    - Designate an anonymous response handler function
    - Initiate a GET or POST request to a servlet
      - URL has GET data attached to the end
      - Data based on document.getElementById(id).value of some textfield
  - Handle response
    - Wait for readyState of 4 and HTTP status of 200
    - Extract return text with responseText or responseXML
    - Use innerHTML to insert result into designated element
- HTML
  - Load JavaScript from centralized directory
  - Designate control that initiates request
  - Give ids to input elements
  - Defines a blank placeholder element with a known id

# **Define a Request Object**

```
function getRequestObject() {
  if (window.ActiveXObject) {
    return(new ActiveXObject("Microsoft.XMLHTTP"));
  } else if (window.XMLHttpRequest) {
    return(new XMLHttpRequest());
  } else {
    return(null);
  }
}
```

No changes from previous examples

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### **Initiate Request**

The ajaxResult function is unchanged from previous example

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# **Handle Response**

No changes from previous example

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# **HTML Code**

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# **Style Sheet Code**

```
h2 { color: #440000;
    font-weight: bold;
    font-size: 18px;
    font-family: Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif;
}
.error { background-color: yellow;
        color: red;
        font-weight: bold;
        font-size: 20px;
        font-family: Arial, Helvetica, sans-serif;
        border-style: inset;
}
```

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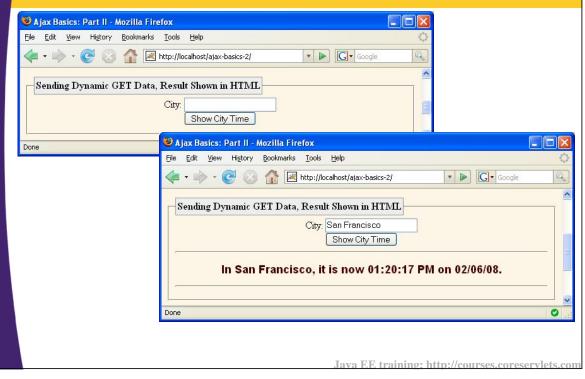
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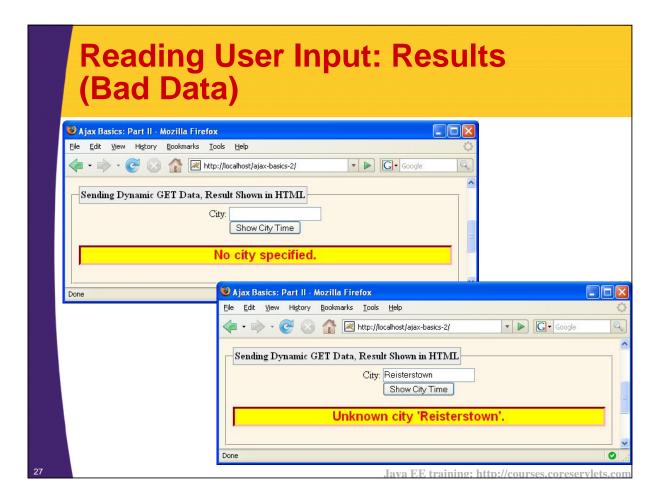
#### **Servlet Code**

```
public class ShowTimeInCity extends HttpServlet {
  public void doGet(HttpServletRequest request,
                    HttpServletResponse response)
      throws ServletException, IOException {
    response.setHeader("Cache-Control", "no-cache");
    response.setHeader("Pragma", "no-cache");
    PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
    String cityName = request.getParameter("city");
    String message = CityUtils.getTime(cityName);
    if (message.startsWith("In")) { // Found city
      message =
        String.format("<hr/><h2>%s</h2><hr/>", message);
    } else { // No city or unknown city
      message =
        String.format("<h2 class='error'>%s</h2>", message);
    out.print(message);
                                 No changes from previous example
```

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# Reading User Input: Results (Good Data)







# **Sending POST Data**

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#### **GET vs. POST**

- In normal Web pages, there are compelling reasons for choosing POST or GET
  - POST
    - URL is simpler
    - Data is hidden from people looking over your shoulder
    - Larger amounts of data can be sent
    - Can send special characters (e.g., in uploaded files)
  - GET
    - Can bookmark results page
- With Ajax, end users don't see URL, so choice is relatively arbitrary
  - Unless there is a very large amount of data, in which case POST is preferred

#### Sending POST Data in JavaScript

#### Collect data from form

- Give ids to input elements <input type="text" id="some-id"/>
- Read data var value1 = document.getElementById("some-id").value;
- URL-encode data and form into query string var data = "var1=" + escape(value1);
- Specify POST instead of GET in "open" request.open("POST", address, true);
- Specify form encoding type

request.setRequestHeader("Content-Type", "application/x-www-form-urlencoded");

Supply data in "send"

request.send(data);

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### Steps

#### **JavaScript**

- Define an object for sending HTTP requests
- Initiate request
  - Get request object
  - Designate an anonymous response handler function
  - Initiate a POST request to a servlet
    - Put POST data in the send method
    - Data based on document.getElementById(id).value of some textfield
- Handle response
  - Wait for readyState of 4 and HTTP status of 200
  - Extract return text with responseText or responseXML
  - Use innerHTML to insert result into designated element

#### HTML

- Load JavaScript from centralized directory
- Designate control that initiates request
- Give ids to input elements
- Define a blank placeholder element with a known id

# **Define a Request Object**

```
function getRequestObject() {
  if (window.ActiveXObject) {
    return(new ActiveXObject("Microsoft.XMLHTTP"));
  } else if (window.XMLHttpRequest) {
    return(new XMLHttpRequest());
  } else {
    return(null);
  }
}
```

No changes from previous examples

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### **Initiate Request**

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# **Handle Response**

No changes from previous example

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#### **HTML Code**

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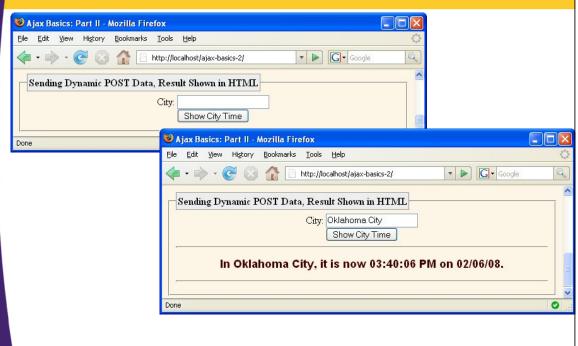
#### **Servlet Code**

No changes from previous example

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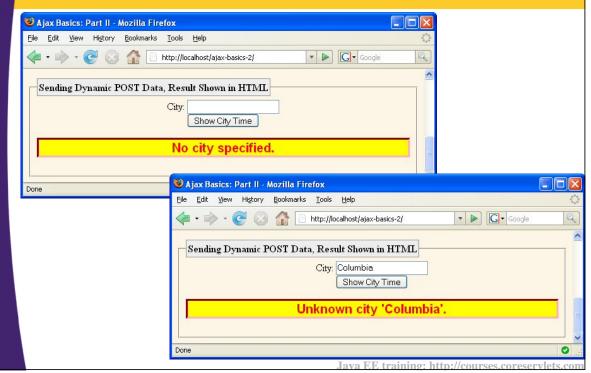
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# Reading User Input: Results (Good Data)



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# Reading User Input: Results (Bad Data)



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# Ajax Toolkits and Libraries

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# Client-Side Tools (JavaScript Libraries with Ajax Support)

- Prototype
  - http://www.prototypejs.org/
- Dojo
  - http://www.dojotoolkit.org/
- script.aculo.us
  - http://script.aculo.us/
- ExtJS
  - http://extjs.com/
- Yahoo User Interface Library (YUI)
  - http://developer.yahoo.com/yui/

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#### **Server-Side Tools**

- Direct Web Remoting
  - Lets you call Java methods semi-directly from JavaScript
  - http://getahead.ltd.uk/dwr/
- JSON/JSON-RPC
  - For sending data to/from JavaScript with less parsing
  - http://www.json.org/
  - http://json-rpc.org/

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# **Hybrid Client/Server Tools**

#### JSP custom tag libraries

- Create tags that generate HTML and JavaScript
- http://courses.coreservlets.com/ Course-Materials/msajsp.html

#### AjaxTags (built on top of script.aculo.us)

- JSP custom tags that generate Ajax functionality
  - Supports many powerful Ajax capabilities with very simple syntax
  - http://ajaxtags.sourceforge.net

#### Google Web Toolkit

- Write code in Java, translate it to JavaScript
  - http://code.google.com/webtoolkit/
- Also see https://ajax4jsf.dev.java.net/
  - GWT/JSF Integration Toolkit

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#### **JSF-Based Tools**

#### Trinidad (formerly Oracle ADF)

 http://www.oracle.com/technology/products/jdev/htdocs/ partners/addins/exchange/jsf/ (also myfaces.apache.org)

#### Tomahawk

– http://myfaces.apache.org/tomahawk/

#### Ajax4JSF (and RichFaces)

– http://labs.jboss.com/jbossajax4jsf/

#### IceFaces

– http://www.icefaces.org/

#### Build your own

http://courses.coreservlets.com/Course-Materials/jsf.html

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# **Books**(In Rough Order of Preference)

- Ajax in Practice
  - Crane et al. Manning.
- JavaScript: The Definitive Guide
  - Flanagan. O'Reilly.
- Foundations of Ajax
  - Asleson and Schutta. APress.
- Ajax in Action
  - Crane, Pascarello, and James. Manning.
- GWT in Action
  - Hanson and Tacy. Manning.
- Pro JSF and Ajax
  - Jacobi and Fallows. APress.
- Prototype and Scriptaculous in Action
  - Crane et al. Manning.
- Pro Ajax and Java Frameworks
  - Schutta and Asleson. APress.
- Professional Ajax
  - Zakas, et al. Wrox. Wait for 2<sup>nd</sup> edition. Java EE training: http://courses.coreservlets.com

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# Wrapup

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#### **Preview of Next Section**

#### Ajax Development and Debugging Environments

- Tools for debugging Ajax
- Tools for debugging JavaScript
- Tools for building Ajax-based Web apps
- Tools for developing xhtml
- Tools for building and previewing style sheets
- Tools for validating xhtml

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# **Summary**

#### JavaScript

- Define request object
  - Check for both Microsoft and non-MS objects. Identical in all apps.
- Initiate request
  - · Get request object
  - Designate an anonymous response handler function
  - Read user data with getElementById(id).value, then escape it
  - Initiate a GET or POST request
    - If POST, set Content-Type and put data in send method
    - If GET, append data on end of address after "?"
- Handle response
  - Wait for readyState of 4 and HTTP status of 200
  - Extract return text with responseText
  - · Do something with result
    - Use innerHTML to insert result into designated element

#### HTML

- Give ids to input elements and to result region. Initiate process.

#### Java

- Use JSP, servlet, or combination (MVC) as appropriate.
- Prevent browser caching.

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# **Questions?**

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