Course Code: UGCA-1917 Course

Name: Python Laboratory

Submitted to:

Submitted by:

- 1. Compute sum, subtraction, multiplication, division and exponent of given variables input by the user.
- 2. Compute area of following shapes: circle, rectangle, triangle, square, trapezoid and parallelogram.
- 3. Compute volume of following 3D shapes: cube, cylinder, cone and sphere.
- 4. Compute and print roots of quadratic equation ax2+bx+c=0, where the values of a, b, and c are input by the user.
- 5. Print numbers up to N which are not divisible by 3, 6, 9,, e.g., 1, 2, 4, 5, 7,....
- 6. Write a program to determine whether a triangle is isosceles or not?
- 7. Print multiplication table of a number input by the user.
- 8. Compute sum of natural numbers from one to n number.
- 9. Print Fibonacci series up to n numbers e.g. 0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13.....n
- 10. Compute factorial of a given number.
- 11. Count occurrence of a digit 5 in a given integer number input by the user.
- 12. Print Geometric and Harmonic means of a series input by the user.
- 13. Evaluate the following expressions: a. x-x2/2!+x3/3!- x4/4!+... xn/n!
- 14. b. x-x3/3!+x5/5!- x7/7!+... xn/n!
- 15. Print all possible combinations of 4, 5, and 6.
- 16. Determine prime numbers within a specific range.
- 17. Count number of persons of age above 60 and below 90.
- 18. Compute transpose of a matrix.
- 19. Perform following operations on two matrices.
- 20. 1) Addition 2) Subtraction 3) Multiplication
- 21. Count occurrence of vowels.
- 22. Count total number of vowels in a word.
- 23. Determine whether a string is palindrome or not.
- 24. Perform following operations on a list of numbers: 1) Insert an element 2) delete an element 3) sort the list 4) delete entire list
- 25. Display word after Sorting in alphabetical order.
- 26. Perform sequential search on a list of given numbers.
- 27. Perform sequential search on ordered list of given numbers.
- 28. Maintain practical note book as per their serial numbers in library using Python dictionary.
- 29. Perform following operations on dictionary 1) Insert 2) delete 3) change
- 30. Check whether a number is in a given range using functions.
- 31. Write a Python function that accepts a string and calculates number of upper case letters and lower case letters available in that string.
- 32. To find the Max of three numbers using functions.
- 33. Multiply all the numbers in a list using functions.
- 34. Solve the Fibonacci sequence using recursion.
- 35. Get the factorial of a non-negative integer using recursion.
- 36. Write a program to create a module of factorial in Python.
- 37. Design a Python class named Rectangle, constructed by a length & width, also design a method which will compute the area of a rectangle.
- 38. Design a Python class named Circle constructed by a radius and two methods which will compute the area and the perimeter of a circle.
- 39. Design a Python class to reverse a string 'word by word'.
- 40. Write a Python program to read an entire text file.
- 41. Design a Python program to read first n lines of a text file.
- 42. Construct a Python program to write and append text to a file and display the text.

1) Compute sum, subtraction, multiplication, division and exponent of given variables

```
def main():
       x, y = input("Enter a two value: ").split()
        print(f"arg 1: ", x)
 3
 4
       print(f"arg 2: ", y)
       print(f("""
 5
 6
       Supported Operations:
7
        .... +
8
        .... -
        *
9
10
       ..../
11
       .... ^
12
        /n
        """))
13
14
15
       op = input("And the operation to be performed:\t")
16
17
       def do_operation(op):
18
            match op:
19
                case (+):
20
                    result = arg1+arg2
21
                case (-):
22
                    result = arg1-arg2
23
                case (*):
24
                   result = arg1*arg2
25
                case (/):
26
                    result = arg1/arg2
27
                case (^):
28
                    result = arg1**arg2
29
                case _:
                    raise TypeError("not a supported type")
30
31
            return (print({x} {op} {y} gives {result})
32
33
34 if __name__ == "__main__":
35
       main()
```

```
Enter a two value: 1 2

arg 1: 1

arg 2: 2

Supported Operations:
.... +
.... -
.... *
.... /
.... ^

And the operation to be performed: *

1 * 2 gives 2
```

2) Compute area of following shapes: circle, rectangle, triangle, square, trapezoid and parallelogram.

```
In [ ]:
          1
             while(True):
          2
                 print("Menu :\n1. Circle\n2. Ractangle\n3. Triangle\n4. Square\n5. Trapezoi
          3
                 c=int(input("Enter your choice : "))
          4
                 area = 0
          5
          6
                 if c==1:
          7
                     r=int(input("Enter the value of radius : "))
                     area = 3.13 * r *r
          8
          9
                 elif c==2:
                     l=int(input("Enter the value of Length : "))
         10
                     b=int(input("Enter the value of Breadth : "))
         11
                     area = b * 1
         12
         13
                 elif c==3:
                     b=int(input("Enter the value of base : "))
         14
         15
                     h=int(input("Enter the value of height : "))
         16
                     area = 0.5 * b * h
                 elif c==4:
         17
                     s=int(input("Enter the value of side : "))
         18
         19
                     area = s*s
         20
                 elif c==5:
                     a=int(input("Enter the value of top; "))
         21
                     b=int(input("Enter the value of base : "))
         22
                     h=int(input("Enter the value of height : "))
         23
         24
                     area = (a+b)/2 * h
         25
                 elif c==6:
                     b=int(input("Enter the value of base : "))
         26
                     h=int(input("Enter the value of height : "))
         27
                     area = b * h
         28
         29
                 else:
                     print("Wrong choice.")
         30
         31
         32
                 print(area)
         33
                 choice=int(input("Do you want to continue? IF 'YES' press 1 : "))
         34
                 if(choice!=1):
         35
                     break
         36
```

```
Menu:
1. Circle
2. Ractangle
3. Triangle
4. Square
5. Trapezoid
6.Parallelogram

Enter your choice: 2
Enter the value of Length: 1
Enter the value of Breadth: 2
2
Do you want to continue? IF 'YES' press 1: 2
```

3) Compute volume of following 3D shapes: cube, cylinder, cone and sphere.

```
while(True):
        print("Menu :\n1. Cube\n2. Cylinder\n3. Cone\n4. Sphere\n")
3
        c=int(input("Enter your choice : "))
4
        vol = 0
5
        if c==1:
6
7
            r=int(input("Enter the value of radius : "))
8
            vol = r *r *r
        elif c==2:
9
            r=int(input("Enter the value of radius : "))
10
11
            h=int(input("Enter the value of heigth : "))
            vol = 3.14 * r *r *h
12
        elif c==3:
13
            r=int(input("Enter the value of radius : "))
14
            h=int(input("Enter the value of heigth : "))
15
            vol = 0.33 * 3.14 * r*r*h
16
        elif c==4:
17
            r=int(input("Enter the value of radius : "))
18
            vol = (4/3)*3.14 * r *r *r
19
20
        else:
21
            print("Wrong choice.")
22
        print(vol)
23
24
        choice=int(input("Do you want to continue? IF 'YES' press 1 : "))
25
        if(choice!=1):
            break
26
27
```

```
Menu:
1. Cube
2. Cylinder
3. Cone
4. Sphere

Enter your choice: 2
Enter the value of radius: 4
Enter the value of heigth: 2
100.48
Do you want to continue? IF 'YES' press 1: 2
```

4) Print roots of quad. eq. inputted

```
Input a: 1
Input b: 2
Input c: 3
The solutions to the quadratic equation are (-1+1.4142135623730951j) and (-1-1.414
2135623730951j)
```

5) N numbers not divisble by 3,6,9...

6) Triangle - isosceles or not?

```
side A : 1
side b : 2
side c : 1 This is an
isosceles triangle!
```

7) Multiplication table using input()

```
num = int(input("Input: "))
for i in range(0,num+1):
  print(num, 'x\t', i, '=\t', num*i)
   Input: 10
   10 x
          0 =
                  0
          1 =
   10 x
                  10
   10 x
          2 =
                  20
          3 =
   10 x
                  30
         4 =
   10 x
                  40
          5 =
   10 x
                  50
   10 x
         6 =
                  60
   10 x
          7 =
                  70
           8 =
   10 x
                  80
           9 =
                  90
   10 x
                  100
   10 x
           10 =
```

8) Sum of N natural numbers

```
1    s=1
2    i=1
3    n=int(input("Input : "))
4    for i in range(0,n+1):
5         s=s+i
6         print ("S : ",s)
7    print ("sum of first 10 natural numbers",s)
```

```
Input : 10
S : 1
S : 2
S : 4
S : 7
S : 11
S : 16
S : 22
S : 29
S : 37
S : 46 S : 56 sum of first 10
natural numbers 56
```

9) Fibonacci N

```
In [ ]:
             n = int(input("Enter n : "))
            f = 0 #first
          3
             s = 1 #second
             if(n == 1):
          6
                 print(f)
          7
             if(n == 2):
          8
                 print(f,s,end=" ")
          9
         10
         11 for i in range(3,n+1):
                 new = f+s
         12
                 print(new, end=" ")
         13
         14
                 f = s
         15
                 s = new
```

Enter n : 7 0 1 1 2 3 5 8

10) Factorial

```
1 n = int(input("Enter n : "))
 3
        if( n == 0 or n == 1):
 4
        print(1)
 5
        fact = 1
 7
        for i in range(1,n+1):
 8
        fact *= i
    print("The factorial is : ",fact)
10
11 %time # time ~1 ns
Enter n : 100000
The factorial is: 28242294079603478742934215780245355184774949260912248505789
1808654297795090106301787255177141383116361071361173736196295147499618312391802
272607340909383242200555696886678403803773794449612683801478751119669063860449
```

11) Occurence of 5 in an int. via input()

```
In [ ]:
             a=(input("Enter List Elements:")).split()
             l=list(map(int,a))
          3
             print("Original List:",1)
             d=dict()
          4
          5
             for i in 1:
                 if i in d:
          6
          7
                      d[i]+=1
          8
                 else:
          9
                      d[i]=1
             print("Printing count of each item:",d)
```

Enter List Elements:3 4 5 555
Original List: [3, 4, 5, 555]

12) Geometric and Harmonic Mean

```
import statistics
multiply = 1
values = [8,16,22,12,41]

AMean = statistics.mean(values)

for i in values:
    multiply = (multiply)*(i)
GMean = (multiply)**(1/n)

HMean = (GMean**2)/AMean
print ('The Geometric Mean is: ' + str(GMean))
print ('The Harmoic Mean is: ' + str(HMean))
```

The Geometric Mean is: 16.916852032061655 The Harmoic Mean is: 14.453529428013562

13) Evaluate expressions

a. x-x2/2!+x3/3!- x4/4!+... xn/n!

```
In [3]:
          1
             def sum_series(x, n):
                  sum = 0
          2
          3
                  for i in range(1, n+1, 1):
          4
                      term = ((-1)^{**}(i+1))^*(x^{**}(2^{*}i-2)) factorial(2*i-2)) #Calculating nth ter
          5
                      sum += term
          6
                  return sum
          7
          8
             if __name__ == "__main__":
                  n = int(input("Enter n: "))
          9
         10
                 x = int(input("Enter x: "))
         11
                  sum = sum\_series(x, n)
         12
                  print("\nSum of {} terms of series for x={}: {}".format(n, x, sum))
```

Enter n: 7
Enter x: 4
Sum of 7 terms of series for x=4: -0.6507594463150026

b. x-x3/3!+x5/5!-x7/7!+...xn/n!

```
[8]:
          def sum_series(x, n):
       1
       2
              sum = 0
       3
              for i in range(1, n+1, 1):
                  term = ((-1)^{**}(i+1))^{*}(x^{**}(2^{*}i-1)/factorial(2^{*}i-1)) #Calculating nth ter
       4
       5
                  sum += term
       6
              return sum
       7
          if name == " main ":
       8
              n = int(input("Enter n: "))
              x = int(input("Enter x: "))
      10
      11
              sum = sum_series(x, n)
      12
              print("\nSum of {} terms of series for x={}: {}".format(n, x, sum))
```

Enter n: 7 Enter x: 4

Sum of 7 terms of series for x=4: -0.7560275115830666

14) Combinations 4,5,6

```
In [20]:

1  my_list = list(map(int, input("Enter the list of numbers (sep by space): ").spl
2  my_list
```

Enter the list of numbers (sep by space): 4 5 6

```
Out[20]: [4, 5, 6] In [19]:
```

```
1 res = [(a, b, c) for a in my_list for b in my_list for c in my_list]
2 res
```

```
[(4, 4, 4), (4, 4, 5),
(4, 4, 6), (4, 5, 4),
(4, 5, 5), (4, 5, 6),
(4, 6, 4), (4, 6, 5),
(4, 6, 6), (5, 4, 4),
(5, 4, 5), (5, 5, 5),
(5, 5, 4), (5, 5, 5),
(5, 6, 5), (5, 6, 4),
(5, 6, 5), (5, 6, 6),
(6, 4, 4), (6, 4, 5),
(6, 5, 5), (6, 5, 6),
(6, 6, 4), (6, 6, 5),
(6, 6, 6)]
```

15) Prime numbers within range

```
In [ ]:
          1
             s=eval(input('Enter start of the range : '))
             e=eval(input('Enter end of the range : '))
          3
             for i in range(s,e+1):
                if i > 1:
          5
                    for n in range(2, (i//2+1)):
          6
                       if(i%n)==0:
          7
                          break
          8
                else:
                       print(i,end=' ')
          9
```

Enter start of the range : 2 Enter end of the range : 10 2 3 5 7

16) Count people aged between 60 and 90

Enter ages (seperated by spaces): 56 78 97 67 Employees in age group 60 - 90: 2

17) Transpose Matrix

```
In [ ]:
          1
             X = [[1,2,3],
          2
                  [4,5,6],
          3
                  [7,8,9]]
          4
          5
             result = [[0,0,0],
                      [0,0,0],
          7
                      [0,0,0]
          8
             for i in range(len(X)):
          9
                  for j in range(len(X[0])):
         10
                      result[j][i] = X[i][j]
         11
             for r in result:
         12
                 print(r)
```

```
[1, 4, 7]
[2, 5, 8]
[3, 6, 9]
```

18) Matrix Operation

```
1
 2
   X = [[1,2,3],
3
        [4,5,6],
4
        [7,8,9]]
 5
 6
   Y = [[9,8,7],
7
        [6,5,4],
8
        [3,2,1]
9
10
11 result = [[0,0,0],
12
            [0,0,0],
13
            [0,0,0]]
14
15 # ADDITION
16 for i in range(len(X)):
17
        for j in range(len(X[0])):
18
            result[i][j] = X[i][j] + Y[i][j]
19
20
   for r in result:
21
       print(r)
22
23 print("\n")
24
25 # SUBTRACTION
26 for i in range(len(X)):
27
        for j in range(len(X[0])):
28
            result[i][j] = X[i][j] - Y[i][j]
29
30
   for r in result:
31
       print(r)
32
33 print("\n")
34
35 # MULTIPLY
36 # iterating by row of A
   for i in range(len(X)):
37
       # iterating by column by B
38
39
        for j in range(len(Y[0])):
40
            # iterating by rows of B
            for k in range(len(Y)):
41
42
                result[i][j] += X[i][k] * Y[k][j]
43 for r in result:
44
       print(r)
45
46 print("\n")
```

```
[10, 10, 10]
[10, 10, 10]
[10, 10, 10]
[-8, -6, -4]
[-2, 0, 2]
[4, 6, 8]
```

```
[22, 18, 14]
[82, 69, 56]
[142, 120, 98]
```

19) Vowels

```
In [ ]:
          1
             def countCharacter(str):
          2
          3
                 vowels = 0
          4
                  consonant = 0
          5
                  specialChar = 0
          6
                  digit = 0
          7
                  for i in range(0, len(str)):
          8
                      ch = str[i]
          9
                      ch = ch.lower()
                      if ((ch >= 'a' and ch <= 'z') or (ch >= 'A' and ch <= 'Z')):
         10
         11
                          if (ch == 'a' or ch == 'e' or ch == 'i' or ch == 'o' or ch == 'u')
         12
         13
                              vowels += 1
         14
                          else:
         15
                              consonant += 1
         16
         17
                      elif (ch >= '0' and ch <= '9'):
         18
                          digit += 1
         19
                      else:
                          specialChar += 1
         20
         21
                  print("Vowels:", vowels)
         22
         23
                  print("Consonant:", consonant)
         24
                  print("Digit:", digit)
         25
                  print("Special Character:", specialChar)
         26
             str = "helloWorld"
         27
         28
             countCharacter(str)
```

Vowels: 3 Consonant: 7 Digit: 0

Special Character: 0

21) palindrome or not?

Input: hello hello
The 'hello hello' is not palindrome.

22) list of numbers:

1) Insert an element 2) delete an element 3) sort the list 4) delete

```
stack = []
          2
          3
            stack.append('a')
            stack.append('b')
            stack.append('c')
            print('Initial stack')
            print(stack)
         10 print('\nElements popped from stack:')
         11 print(stack.pop())
         12 print(stack.pop())
         13 print(stack.pop())
         14
         15
            print('\nStack after elements are popped:')
         16 print(stack)
        Initial stack
        ['a', 'b', 'c']
        Elements popped from stack:
        c b
        Stack after elements are popped: []
In [ ]:
  1 ME = ["Lesson", "was ", "Short?"]
  2 print(ME)
        ['Lesson', 'was ', 'Short?']
        delete
In [ ]:
  1 ME2 = ["Lesson", "Felt", "Long?"]
  2 print(ME2)
        ['Lesson', 'Felt', 'Long?']
             del ME2
In [ ]:
In [ ]:
             ME2
                                                   Traceback (most recent call last)
        <ipython-input-5-161024c480b6> in <module>()
        ----> 1 ME2
        NameError: name 'ME2' is not defined
```

```
In
In [ ]:
   1 ME.remove("Lesson")
   2 print(ME)
         ['was ', 'Short?', 'Nope!']
In [ ]:
   1 ME.clear()
   2 print(ME)
         []
In [ ]:
           1
              #Sort
              vowels.sort()
In [ ]:
           1
             vowels
Out[21]: ['a', 'e', 'o', 'u']
In [ ]:
          1
             # Combine
             test1 = [1, 2, 3]
           3
             test2 = [4, 5, 6]
             test3 = [*test1, *test2]
             print(test3)
         [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]
```

23) sort words in alphabetical order

```
In [ ]:
          1
             #25
            str = input("Enter a string: ")
            words = [word.lower() for word in str.split()]
          5
            words.sort()
             print("The sorted words are:")
             for word in words:
                print(word)
        Enter a string: Hello who is this typing for the lab file
        The sorted words are:
        file
        for
        hello
        is lab
        the
        this
        typing
        who
```

24) Linear Search

```
def Linear(array, n, x):
        for i in range(0, n):
 2
 3
            if (array[i] == x):
4
                return i
 5
        return -1
6
7
   array = [2, 4, 0, 1, 9]
9
   x = 1
10 | n = len(array)
   result = Linear(array, n, x)
   if(result == -1):
13
        print("Element not found")
14
        print("Element found at index: ", result)
15
```

Element found at index: 3

25 Linear search - sorted

```
def LinearOr(array, n, x):
In [ ]:
          1
                 for i in range(0, n):
          2
          3
                      if (array[i] == x):
          4
                         return i
          5
                 return -1
          6
          7
             array = [2, 4, 0, 1, 9]
          9
             array.sort()
         10 print(array)
         11 | x = 1
         12 \mid n = len(array)
            result = LinearOr(array, n, x)
            if(result == -1):
                 print("Element not found")
         15
         16
             else:
         17
                 print("Element found at index: ", result)
```

[0, 1, 2, 4, 9] Element found at index: 1

26) Maintain practical note book as per their serial numbers - dict

```
In [13]:
           1 n=int(input("Enter number of books: \n"))
             d={}
             for i in range(1,n+1):
                    key=i
           5
                    value=input("Enter Name :")
           6
                    d.update({key: value})
             print(d)
         Enter number of books:
         Enter Name : Deep Learning with CUDA
         Enter Name : Spacy
         Enter Name : AutoNLP
         Enter Name :CS Manual
         Enter Name :The AWK and Sed
         {1: 'Deep Learning with CUDA', 2: 'Spacy', 3: 'AutoNLP', 4: 'CS Manual', 5: 'The
         A WK and Sed'}
```

27) Dictionary

```
1) Insert 2) delete 3) change
             dict1={'Name':'Me', "Age": 1000, "Country": "India"}
In [ ]:
             print(dict1)
           4 #insert
           5 | dict1['Gender']='Male'
           6 print(dict1)
           7 | dict1['Initial']='A'
           8 print(dict1)
          10 # delete item
          11 dict1.pop('Country')
             print(dict1)
          12
         {'Name': 'Me', 'Age': 1000, 'Country': 'India'}
         {'Name': 'Me', 'Age': 1000, 'Country': 'India', 'Gender': 'Male'}
{'Name': 'Me', 'Age': 1000, 'Country': 'India', 'Gender': 'Male', 'Initial': 'A'}
         {'Name': 'Me', 'Age': 1000, 'Gender': 'Male', 'Initial': 'A'}
In [ ]:
              #delete entire
              del dict1
In [ ]:
           1 | dict1# It will give error
                                                         Traceback (most recent call last)
         <ipython-input-57-e36219336d90> in <module>()
         ----> 1 dict1
         NameError: name 'dict1' is not defined
```

28) Number is in a given range using functions.

```
def count(list1, l, r):
 2
        c = 0
 3
        for x in list1:
            if x \ge 1 and x < = r:
 4
 5
                c+=1
 6
        return c
 7
 8
   list1 = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8]
9
   1 = 4
   r = 8
10
   print(count(list1, l, r))
```

5

29) Function that accepts a string and calculates upper and lower case

```
In []: 1 str1=input('Please enter the sentence : ')
2 upper=lower=0
3 for i in range(len(str1)):
4     if(str1[i].isupper()):
5         upper+=1
6     elif(str1[i].islower()):
7         lower+=1
8 print(f"Upper :\t{upper} \nLower :\t{lower}")
```

Please enter the sentence : Hello World Upper : 2
Lower : 8

30) Max of three

```
In [ ]:

1  a=(input("Enter List Elements:")).split()
2  l=list(map(int,a))

Enter List Elements:2 5 6

In [ ]:

1  print(max(1))

6
```

31) Multiply all the numbers in a list using functions.

```
In [ ]: 1 total = 1
2 A = [1,10,10,10]
3
4 for i in range(0, len(A)):
5    total = total*A[i]
6
7 print("Output: ", total)
```

Output: 10000

32) Fibonacci sequence - 33 Factorial

• using recursion.

```
In [ ]:
          1
             # Fibonacci
          2
             def fib(n): #Recursive
          3
                 if n <= 0:
                     return 0
          5
                 if n == 1:
                     return 1
          6
          7
                 return fib(n-1) + fib(n-2)
          8
          9
            # Factorial
         10 def factorial(n):
                 if n <= 1:
         11
         12
                     return 1
         13
                 return n*factorial(n-1)
         14
         15 | num = int(input("Enter a number: "))
         print("{}th term of fibonacci series: ".format(num), fib(num))
             print("Factorial of {}: ".format(num), factorial(num))
```

Enter a number: 4
4th term of fibonacci series: 3
Factorial of 4: 24

34) create a module of factorial in Python.

24

```
Out[45]: '\nfacto.py\n\ndef factorial(n):\n if n <= 1:\n return 1\n return n*f
    actorial(n-1)\n\nnum = int(input("Enter a number: "))\nprint("{}th term of
    fibona cci series: ".format(num), fib(num))\nprint("Factorial of {}:
        ".format(num), facto rial(num))'</pre>
```

35) class named Rectangle, constructed by a length width, also design a method which will compute the area of a rectangle.

```
# 35
2
   class Rectangle(Shape):
       length = 0.0
       breadth = 0.0
5
6
       def __init__(self, 1, br, co):
7
            self.length = 1
           self.breadth = br
8
9
10
       def Calc_Area(self):
11
               Area = (self.length)*(self.breadth)
               return Area
12
13
15 a = eval(input(" Enter the Length of the Rectangle : "))
16 b = eval(input(" Enter the Breadth of the Rectangle : "))
17
18 ob1=Rectangle(a,b,c)
   print("Area of the Rectangle : ", ob1.Calc_Area())
```

Enter the Length of the Rectangle : 6 Enter the Breadth of the Rectangle : 7 Area of the Rectangle : 42

36) Class named Circle constructed by a radius and two methods which will compute the area and the perimeter of a circle.

```
class Circle:
In [ ]:
          2
                 radius=0.0
          3
                 def __init__(self,r):
                     self.radius = r
          4
          5
          6
                 def Get_Radius(self):
          7
                     x = self.radius
                     return x
          8
          9
         10
                 def Calc Area(self):
                     Area = (3.14)*(self.radius)*(self.radius)
         11
         12
                     return Area
         13
         14
                 def Calc_Peri(self):
         15
                     Peri = (2)*(3.14)*(self.radius)
         16
                     return Peri
         17
         18 a = eval(input('Enter Radius of your Choice : '))
             ob1 = Circle(a)
             print("The Area of the Circle Is : ", ob1.Calc_Area())
             print("The Area of the Circle Is : ", ob1.Calc_Peri())
```

Enter Radius of your Choice : 3

```
The Area of the Circle Is: 28.259999999999998
The Area of the Circle Is: 18.84
```

37) Class to reverse a string word by word

```
In [21]:
           1
              class reverser():
                  def reverse_string(self,my_string):
           2
           3
                      if len(my_string) == 0:
           4
                          return my_string
           5
                      else:
           6
                          return self.reverse_string(my_string[1:]) + my_string[0]
           7
           8 obj = reverser()
          9 my_str = str(input(">>>> : "))
          10 print("The string is :", my_str)
             print("The reversed string is :")
          12 print(obj.reverse_string(my_str))
         >>>> : wow it worked
         The string is: wow it worked
```

The string is : wow it worked
The reversed string is : dekrow
ti wow

38) Read a file

```
In []:    1    x = input("Enter file name : ")
2    f = open(x,"w")
3    f.write("HelloWorld")
4    f = open(x,"r")
5    for i in f:
6         print(i[ : : -1])
```

Enter file name : h
dlroWolleH

39) Read first n lines of a text file.

```
Enter number of lines : 3
['\n', " It's me\n", ' Yup me\n']
```