

Homework 1: Discrete Mathematics Spring 2021

Introduction to L^AT_EX

January 15, 2021

1 Introduction to L^AT_EX

L^AT_EX is a markup language that can be used to create well formatted PDF documents. It is widely used in science and academia. In this homework you will be asked to learn about L^AT_EX, use it to generate a very simple PDF document and submit your source code together with the resulting PDF. Here you can see an example (provided to you) of some L^AT_EX markup (`hw1_template.tex`) and the document it generates (`hw1_template.pdf`).

```
\documentclass{article}

\title{Homework 1}
\author{
{
First Name, Last Name
\and UNI
}

\begin{document}
\maketitle

\section*{Question 1}
Insert answer for question 1 here.
\section*{Question 2}
Insert answer for question 2 here.
\section*{Question 3}
Insert answer for question 3 here.
\section*{Question 4}
Insert answer for question 4 here.
\section*{Question 5}
Insert answer for question 5 here.
\section*{Question 6}
Insert answer for question 6 here.
\section*{Question 7}
Insert answer for question 7 here.
\section*{Question 8}
Insert answer for question 8 here.

\end{document}
```

2 How to compile a .tex file

2.1 Using Overleaf (recommended if you are a beginner)

If you want to avoid installing a T_EX distribution on your computer, you can use Overleaf. It is an online L^AT_EX editor and compiler which also includes very good guides and tutorials. If you want to use Overleaf, you can read their introductory guide here:

https://www.overleaf.com/learn/how-to/Creating_a_document_in_Overleaf

2.2 Installing a T_EX distribution in your local machine

The recommended distributions for each of the major operating systems are:

- TeX Live (<http://www.tug.org/texlive>) is a major TeX distribution for *BSD, GNU/Linux, Mac OS X and Windows.

- MiKTeX (<http://www.miktex.org>) is a Windows-specific distribution.
- MacTeX (<http://www.tug.org/mactex>) is a Mac OS-specific distribution based on TeX Live.

If you need more information about how to install it, you can visit the following website: <https://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/LaTeX/Installation>.

2.3 LaTeXiT

LaTeXiT is a small tool for writing \LaTeX equations and inserting them anywhere. As a last alternative, you can write documents in Word and insert equations that have been generated with LaTeXiT. You can download LaTeXiT here:

<http://www.chachatelier.fr/latexit/>.

Alternatively, you can use computers at the Science and Engineering Library, which have it installed already.

3 Homework submission

In this homework, you will learn how to format mathematical expressions in \LaTeX . For instance, to type the formula

$$f(x) = (x + y)^2$$

The associated \LaTeX syntax is

`\[f(x)=(x+y)^2\]`

You can achieve a similar result using:

`$f(x)=(x+y)^2$`

Or using:

`$$f(x)=(x+y)^2$$`

In this homework, you are expected to submit two files:

- A `.tex` file with the contents of your source code.
- A `.pdf` file with the results.

The resulting PDF should contain the following: a title, your name and UNI, the date on which it was generated, and answers to the questions below. Please use the given template `hw1_template.tex` (under the files section in Canvas) to complete your homework.

Note: Please respect all alignments in all questions.

Question 1

A Pythagorean triple consists of three positive integers a , b , and c , such that

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

Write the condition $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$ in L^AT_EX.

Question 2

Given a quadratic equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ where x is an unknown variable, a , b , and c are constants. The solution to the quadratic equation is called quadratic formula and is given by:

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

Write the quadratic formula in L^AT_EX.

Question 3

Use L^AT_EX to write the following formulas:

$$1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + \cdots + 98 + 99 + 100 = \sum_{x=1}^{100} x$$

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + \cdots + x_n = \sum_{i=1}^n x_i$$

$$x_1 \times x_2 \times x_3 \times \cdots \times x_n = \prod_{i=1}^n x_i$$

$$f(x) = \int_a^b x^2 dx$$

Question 4

This semester, we will learn about functions. Use L^AT_EX to write the following function:

$f : \mathbb{Z} \mapsto \mathbb{N}$ defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x & \text{if } x \geq 0 \\ -2x - 1 & \text{if } x < 0 \end{cases}$$

Question 5

We will learn about set theory in this course. Use L^AT_EX to write the following sets:

$$V = \{x \in \mathbb{Z} | x < 100\} \cap \{x \in \mathbb{Z} | x \text{ is prime}\}$$

$$V \subset W$$

Question 6

We will also learn about Boolean formulas and logic. Use \LaTeX to write the following Boolean formula:

$$((\alpha \rightarrow \beta) \wedge (\beta \rightarrow \gamma)) \rightarrow (\alpha \rightarrow \gamma)$$

Question 7

Consider the following statements about integers:

1. For every x , there is a y , such that $x + y = 0$
2. There is a y , such that for every x , we have $x + y = 0$

In symbols, these statements are written respectively:

1. $\forall x \exists y x + y = 0$
2. $\exists y \forall x x + y = 0$

Use \LaTeX to write these two statements.

Question 8

Use \LaTeX to write the following proof verbatim (as is) including the square, mark of end of proof:

If x is even, then x^2 is even.

Proof. x is an even number.

$\exists a \in \mathbb{Z}$ such that $x = 2a$

$x^2 = (2a)^2 = 4a^2 = 2(2a^2)$

Let $c = 2a^2$, $c \in \mathbb{Z}$

$x^2 = 2c$

Therefore, x^2 is even. □

Question 9

Use \LaTeX to write the following truth table:

x	y	$x \vee y$
TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
TRUE	FALSE	TRUE
FALSE	TRUE	TRUE
FALSE	FALSE	FALSE