CSCI 1112 Algorithms and Data Structures

Lab 6 – More Recursion

Part 1: Merge Sort (15 points)

- a) Download MergeSort.java
- b) Implement the *merge*() method used in *mergeSort*(). Count the number of element-wise comparisons and the number of copy operations. Report the performance in the table below and compare with the performance of insertion sort.
- c) Merge sort can be improved if the algorithm stops before the merge step when the elements of the array are already sorted. If the right-most element in the first subarray is smaller than or equal to the left-most element in the second subarray, then the array is already sorted and there is no need to merge. Implement this step and report the change in counts.

Algorithm	N=10		N=100		N=1000	
	compare	Swap/copy	compare	Swap/copy	compare	Swap/copy
Insertion sort	9	9	99	99	999	999
Merge sort [2.b]	56	34	1225	672	18669	9976
Merge sort [2.c]	46	22	765	159	13623	4518

Part 2: Recursion (5 points)

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a)	Write a recursive method that takes a string of letters and returns all the n! permutations of the string. For example, if the string is "abc", the method should return the following strings:
	abc
	acb
	bac
	bca
	cab
	cba