Department of Veterans Affairs	HIP AND THIGH CONDITIONS DISABILITY BENEFITS QUESTIONNAIRE		
Name of Patient/Veteran	Patient/Veteran's Social Security N	umber	Date of examination:
IMPORTANT - THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS A OF COMPLETING AND/OR SUBMITTING THIS FORI	AFFAIRS (VA) WILL NOT PAY OR R	EIMBURSE ANY E	EXPENSES OR COST INCURRED IN THE PROCESS
Note - The Veteran is applying to the U.S. Department questionnaire as part of their evaluation in processing complete VA's review of the Veteran's application. VA questionnaire will be completed by the Veteran's h	the Veteran's claim. VA may obtain a reserves the right to confirm the auth	dditional medical ir	nformation, including an examination, if necessary, to
Are you completing this Disability Benefits Questionnal	re at the request of:		
Veteran/Claimant			
Third party (please list name(s) of organization(s)	or individual(s))		
Other: please describe			
Are you a VA Healthcare provider? Yes	○ No		
Is the Veteran regularly seen as a patient in your clinic	?		
Was the Veteran examined in person? Yes	○ No		
If no, how was the examination conducted?			
	EVIDENCE REVI	EW	
Evidence reviewed:			
No records were reviewed			
Records reviewed			
Please identify the evidence reviewed (e.g. service treater)	atment records, VA treatment records	s, private treatment	records) and the date range.
	SECTION I - DIAGN	IOSIS	
Note: These are condition(s) for which an evaluation ha			/// or for which the Veteran has requested madi

1A. List the claimed conditions that pertain to this questionnaire:

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from a previous diagnosis for this condition, or if there is a diagnosis of a complication due to the claimed condition, explain your findings and reasons in the remarks section. Date of diagnosis can be the date of the evaluation if the clinician is making the initial diagnosis or an approximate date determined through record review or reported history 1B. Select diagnoses associated with the claimed condition(s) (check all that apply): The Veteran does not have a current diagnosis associated with any claimed conditions listed above. (Explain your findings and reasons in the remarks section) Side affected: ICD Code: Date of diagnosis: O Both Right O Left Left: Osteoarthritis, hip Right: O Right O Both Hip joint replacement ( Left Right: Left: O Both Hip joint resurfacing O Right O Left Right: Left: Trochanteric pain syndrome Right O Left O Both Right: Left: (includes trochanteric bursitis) O Both Femoral acetabular impingement O Right O Left Right: Left: syndrome (includes labral tears) O Both O Left Right Right: Left: Iliopsoas tendinitis O Both Femoral neck stress fracture O Right ( ) Left Right: Left: Avascular necrosis, hip Right ( ) Left O Both Right: Left: Right O Left O Both Right: Left: Ankylosis of hip joint Degenerative arthritis, other than Right ( Left O Both Right: Left: O Both Right O Left Left: Arthritis, gonorrheal Right: Arthritis, pneumococcic ( ) Right ( ) Left O Both Right: Left: O Both O Right Arthritis, streptococcic O Left Right: Left: O Both Arthritis, syphilitic O Right O Left Right: Left: Arthritis, rheumatoid (multi-joints) Right ( Left O Both Right: Left: Post-traumatic arthritis Right Left O Both Right: Left: Arthritis, typhoid Right O Left O Both Right: Left: Other specified forms of arthropathy (excluding gout) (specify) Right ( ) Left O Both Right: Left: O Right O Both O Left Left: Osteoporosis, residuals of Right: Osteomalacia, residuals of Right O Left O Both Right: Left: O Both Right Bones, neoplasm, benign O Left Right: Left: Right O Both Osteitis deformans O Left Right: Left: Gout Right O Left O Both Right: Left: ( ) Right **Bursitis** O Left O Both Right: Left: ( ) Right Myositis O Left O Both Right: Left: O Both O Right O Left Heterotopic ossification Right: Left: Tendinopathy (select one if Right ( Left O Both Right: Left: known) O Both O Right O Left Tendinitis Right: Left: Tendinosis Right ( Left Both Right: Left: O Both Tenosynovitis Right Left: O Left Right:

Note: These are the diagnoses determined during this current evaluation of the claimed condition(s) listed above. If there is no diagnosis, if the diagnosis is different

Inflammatory other types (specify)								
		Righ	t C Le	ft OB	oth		Right:	Left:
Other (s	specify)							
	Other diagnosis #1							
	Side affected:	Right	○ Left	O Both				
	ICD Code:		Date of dia	agnosis:	Right:	Left:		
	Other diagnosis #2							
	Side affected:	Right	○ Left	O Both				
	ICD Code:		Date of dia	agnosis:	Right:	Left:		
	Other diagnosis #3							
	Side affected:	Right	O Left	O Both				
	ICD Code:		Date of dia	agnosis:	Right:	Left		
	If there are additional di	agnoses that	pertain to hi	p and thigh c	onditions, li	ist using above format:		
	e the history (including on					AL HISTORY		
	e Veteran report flare-ups			O Y	_	No	on abovostovistica prosinita	ation and alloyinting footors
severity and	nent the Veteran's descri	pairment he c	ire-ups (16/SI	ences during	es, moludin	y are nequency, durati	on, characteristics, precipita	umy and alleviating factors,
2C. Does the	e Veteran report having a	ny functional	loss or funct	ional impairm	nent of the j	oint or extremity being	evaluated on this questionr	aire, including but not
Yes	er repeated use over time  No	<b>;</b> (						
	ment the Veteran's descri	otion of functi	onal loss or t	functional imp	pairment in	his/her own words.		

## SECTION III - RANGE OF MOTION (ROM) AND FUNCTIONAL LIMITATION

There are several separate parameters requested for describing function of a joint. The question "Does this ROM contribute to a functional loss?" asks if there is a functional loss that can be ascribed to any documented loss of range of motion; and, unlike later questions, does not take into account the numerous other factors to be considered. Subsequent questions take into account additional factors such as pain, fatigue, weakness, lack of endurance, or incoordination. If there is pain noted on examination, it is important to understand whether or not that pain itself contributes to functional loss. Ideally, a claimant would be seen immediately after repetitive use over time or during a flare-up; however, this is not always feasible.

Information regarding joint function on repetitive use is broken up into two subsets. The first subset is based on observed repetitive use, and the second is based on functional loss associated with repeated use over time. The observed repetitive use section initially asks for objective findings after three or more repetitions of range of motion testing. The second subset provides a more global picture of functional loss associated with repetitive use over time. The latter takes into account medical probability of additional functional loss as a global view. This takes into account not only the objective findings noted on the examination, but also the subjective history provided by the claimant, as well as review of the available medical evidence.

Optimally, a description of any additional loss of function should be provided - such as what the degrees of range of motion would be opined to look like after repetitive use over time. However, when this is not feasible, an "as clear as possible" description of that loss should be provided. This same information (minus the three repetitions) is asked to be provided with regards to flare-ups.

Right hip		Left hip		
3A. Initial ROM measurements		3A. Initial ROM measurements		
All normal	Abnormal or outside of normal range	All normal	Abnormal or outside of normal range	
Unable to test	Not indicated	Unable to test	Not indicated	
If "Unable to test" or "Not indicated" pleas	se explain:	If "Unable to test" or "Not indicated" plea	ase explain:	
If ROM is outside of "normal" range, but is other than a hip/thigh condition, such as a please describe:		If ROM is outside of "normal" range, but other than a hip/thigh condition, such as please describe:	t is normal for the Veteran (for reason s age, body habitus, neurologic disease),	
If abnormal, does the range of motion itself contribute to a functional loss?		If abnormal, does the range of motion itself contribute to a functional loss?		
○ Yes ○ No		Yes No		
(if yes, please explain)		(if yes, please explain)		
Note: For any joint condition, examiners s should also test the contralateral joint (un Veteran severe pain or the risk of further expression or wincing on pressure or mar	less medically contraindicated). If testing injury), an explanation must be given belo	cannot be performed or is medically conti		
Can testing be performed?	es O No	Can testing be performed?	Yes No	
If no, provide an explanation:		If no, provide an explanation:	1	
If this is the unclaimed joint, is it:	amaged Oundamaged	If this is the unclaimed joint is it.	Damaged	
		If this is the unclaimed joint, is it:  Damaged Undamaged		
If undamaged, range of motion testing must be conducted.		If undamaged, range of motion testing must be conducted.		

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Active Range of Motion (ROM) - Perform active range of motion and provide the ROM values.	Active Range of Motion (ROM) - Perform active range of motion and provide the ROM values.		
Flexion endpoint (125 degrees) degrees	Flexion endpoint (125 degrees) degrees		
Extension endpoint (30 degrees) degrees	Extension endpoint (30 degrees) degrees		
Abduction endpoint (45 degrees) degrees	Abduction endpoint (45 degrees) degrees		
Adduction endpoint (25 degrees) degrees	Adduction endpoint (25 degrees) degrees		
External rotation endpoint (60 degrees) degrees	External rotation endpoint (60 degrees) degrees		
Internal rotation endpoint (40 degrees) degrees	Internal rotation endpoint (40 degrees) degrees		
If noted on examination, which ROM exhibited pain (select all that apply):	If noted on examination, which ROM exhibited pain (select all that apply):		
Flexion Abduction External Rotation	Flexion Abduction External Rotation		
Extension Adduction Internal Rotation	Extension Adduction Internal Rotation		
If any limitation of motion is specifically attributable to pain, weakness, fatigability, incoordination, or other; please note the degree(s) in which limitation of motion is specifically attributable to the factors identified and describe.	If any limitation of motion is specifically attributable to pain, weakness, fatigability, incoordination, or other; please note the degree(s) in which limitation of motion is specifically attributable to the factors identified and describe.		
Flexion degree endpoint (if different than above)	Flexion degree endpoint (if different than above)		
Extension degree endpoint (if different than above)	Extension degree endpoint (if different than above)		
Abduction degree endpoint (if different than above)	Abduction degree endpoint (if different than above)		
Adduction degree endpoint (if different than above)	Adduction degree endpoint (if different than above)		
External Rotation degree endpoint (if different than above)	External Rotation degree endpoint (if different than above)		
Internal Rotation degree endpoint (if different than above)	Internal Rotation degree endpoint (if different than above)		
Does a limitation in adduction prevent the Veteran from crossing his/her legs?	Does a limitation in adduction prevent the Veteran from crossing his/her legs?		
Yes No	Yes No		
Passive Range of Motion - Perform passive range of motion and provide the ROM values.	Passive Range of Motion - Perform passive range of motion and provide the ROM values.		
Flexion endpoint (125 degree Same as active ROM degrees)	Flexion endpoint (125 degree Same as active ROM degrees)		
Extension endpoint (30 degree Same as active ROM degrees)	Extension endpoint (30 degree Same as active ROM degrees)		
Abduction endpoint (45 degree Same as active ROM degrees)	Abduction endpoint (45 degree Same as active ROM degrees)		
Adduction endpoint (25 degree Same as active ROM degrees)	Adduction endpoint (25 degree Same as active ROM degrees)		
External rotation degree Same as active ROM endpoint (60 degrees)	External rotation degree Same as active ROM endpoint (60 degrees)		
Internal rotation endpoint degree Same as active ROM (40 degrees)	Internal rotation endpoint degree Same as active ROM (40 degrees)		
If noted on examination, which ROM exhibited pain (select all that apply):	If noted on examination, which ROM exhibited pain (select all that apply):		
Flexion Abduction External Rotation	Flexion Abduction External Rotation		
Extension Adduction Internal Rotation	Extension Adduction Internal Rotation		

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If any limitation of motion is specifically attributable to pain, weakness, fatigability, incoordination, or other; please note the degree(s) in which limitation of motion is specifically attributable to the factors identified and describe.	If any limitation of motion is specifically attributable to pain, weakness, fatigability, incoordination, or other; please note the degree(s) in which limitation of motion is specifically attributable to the factors identified and describe.
Flexion degree endpoint (if different than above)	Flexion degree endpoint (if different than above)
Extension degree endpoint (if different than above)	Extension degree endpoint (if different than above)
Abduction degree endpoint (if different than above)	Abduction degree endpoint (if different than above)
Adduction degree endpoint (if different than above)	Adduction degree endpoint (if different than above)
External Rotation degree endpoint (if different than above)	External Rotation degree endpoint (if different than above)
Internal Rotation degree endpoint (if different than above)	Internal Rotation degree endpoint (if different than above)
Does a limitation in passive adduction prevent the Veteran from crossing his/her	Does a limitation in passive adduction prevent the Veteran from crossing his/her
legs?	legs?
Yes No  Is there evidence of pain? Yes No	Yes  ○ No Is there evidence of pain?  ○ Yes  ○ No
If yes check all that apply.	Is there evidence of pain? Yes No  If yes check all that apply.
weight-bearing nonweight-bearing	weight-bearing nonweight-bearing
active motion passive motion	active motion passive motion
on rest/non-movement	on rest/non-movement
causes functional loss (if checked describe in the comments box below)	causes functional loss (if checked describe in the comments box below)
does not result in/cause functional loss	does not result in/cause functional loss
Comments:	Comments:
Is there objective evidence of crepitus? Yes No	Is there objective evidence of crepitus? Yes No
Is there objective evidence of localized tenderness or pain on palpation of the joint or associated soft tissue?	Is there objective evidence of localized tenderness or pain on palpation of the joint or associated soft tissue?
○ Yes ○ No	◯ Yes ◯ No
If yes, please explain. Include location, severity, and relationship to condition(s).	If yes, please explain. Include location, severity, and relationship to condition(s).

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3B. Observed repetitive use ROM	3B. Observed repetitive use ROM		
Is the Veteran able to perform repetitive-use testing with at least three repetitions?	Is the Veteran able to perform repetitive-use testing with at least three repetitions?		
○ Yes ○ No	◯ Yes ◯ No		
If no, please explain:	If no, please explain:		
Is there additional loss of function or range of motion after three repetitions?	Is there additional loss of function or range of motion after three repetitions?		
Yes No	○ Yes ○ No		
If yes, please respond to the following after the completion of the three repetitions:	If yes, please respond to the following after the completion of the three repetitions:		
Flexion endpoint (125 degrees) degrees	Flexion endpoint (125 degrees) degrees		
Extension endpoint (30 degrees) degrees	Extension endpoint (30 degrees) degrees		
Abduction endpoint (45 degrees) degrees	Abduction endpoint (45 degrees) degrees		
Adduction endpoint (25 degrees) degrees	Adduction endpoint (25 degrees) degrees		
External rotation endpoint (60 degrees) degrees	External rotation endpoint (60 degrees) degrees		
Internal rotation endpoint (40 degrees) degrees	Internal rotation endpoint (40 degrees) degrees		
Does limitation in adduction after observed repetitive use prevent the Veteran from crossing his/her legs?	Does limitation in adduction after observed repetitive use prevent the Veteran from crossing his/her legs?		
○ Yes ○ No	Yes No		
Select factors that cause this functional loss: (check all that apply)	Select factors that cause this functional loss: (check all that apply)		
Pain Fatigability Weakness Lack of endurance	Pain Fatigability Weakness Lack of endurance		
Incoordination Other N/A	Incoordination Other N/A		
Note: When pain is associated with movement, the examiner must give a statemen after repeated use over time in terms of additional loss of range of motion. In the examiner must give a statement of motion (in degrees) that reflect frequency, duration, and during flare-ups - even in the contract of the	kam report, the examiner is requested to provide an estimate of decreased range		
3C. Repeated use over time	3C. Repeated use over time		
Is the Veteran being examined immediately after repeated use over time?	Is the Veteran being examined immediately after repeated use over time?		
	Yes No		
Does procured evidence (statements from the Veteran) suggest pain, fatigability, weakness, lack of endurance, or incoordination which significantly limits functional ability with repeated use over time?	Does procured evidence (statements from the Veteran) suggest pain, fatigability, weakness, lack of endurance, or incoordination which significantly limits functional ability with repeated use over time?		
○ Yes ○ No	Yes No		
Select factors that cause this functional loss: (check all that apply)	Select factors that cause this functional loss: (check all that apply)		
Pain Fatigability Weakness Lack of endurance	Pain Fatigability Weakness Lack of endurance		
Incoordination Other N/A	☐ Incoordination ☐ Other ☐ N/A		
Estimate range of motion in degrees for this joint immediately after repeated use over time based on information procured from relevant sources including the lay statements of the Veteran.	Estimate range of motion in degrees for this joint immediately after repeated use over time based on information procured from relevant sources including the lay statements of the Veteran.		
Flexion endpoint (125 degrees) degrees	Flexion endpoint (125 degrees) degrees		
Extension endpoint (30 degrees) degrees	Extension endpoint (30 degrees) degrees		
Abduction endpoint (45 degrees) degrees	Abduction endpoint (45 degrees) degrees		
Adduction endpoint (25 degrees) degrees	Adduction endpoint (25 degrees) degrees		
External rotation endpoint (60 degrees) degrees	External rotation endpoint (60 degrees) degrees		
Internal rotation endpoint (40 degrees) degrees	Internal rotation endpoint (40 degrees) degrees		

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The examiner should provide the estimated range of motion based on a review of all procurable information - to include the Veteran's statement on examination, case-specific evidence (to include medical treatment records when applicable and lay evidence), and the examiner's medical expertise. If, after evaluation of the procurable and assembled data, the examiner determines that it is not feasible to provide this estimate, the examiner should explain why an estimate cannot be provided. The explanation should not be based on an examiner's shortcomings or a general aversion to offering an estimate on issues not directly observed.  Please cite and discuss evidence. (Must be specific to the case and based on all procurable evidence.)	The examiner should provide the estimated range of motion based on a review of all procurable information - to include the Veteran's statement on examination, case-specific evidence (to include medical treatment records when applicable and lay evidence), and the examiner's medical expertise. If, after evaluation of the procurable and assembled data, the examiner determines that it is not feasible to provide this estimate, the examiner should explain why an estimate cannot be provided. The explanation should not be based on an examiner's shortcomings or a general aversion to offering an estimate on issues not directly observed.  Please cite and discuss evidence. (Must be specific to the case and based on all procurable evidence.)		
Does limitation in adduction after repeated use over time prevent the Veteran from crossing his/her legs?	Does limitation in adduction after repeated use over time prevent the Veteran from crossing his/her legs?		
Yes No	Yes No		
3D. Flare-ups	3D. Flare-ups		
Is the examination being conducted during a flare-up?	Is the examination being conducted during a flare-up?		
Yes No	○ Yes ○ No		
Does procured evidence (statements from the Veteran) suggest pain, fatigability, weakness, lack of endurance, or incoordination which significantly limits functional ability with flare-ups?	Does procured evidence (statements from the Veteran) suggest pain, fatigability, weakness, lack of endurance, or incoordination which significantly limits functional ability with flare-ups?		
◯ Yes ◯ No	○ Yes ○ No		
Select factors that cause this functional loss: (check all that apply)	Select factors that cause this functional loss: (check all that apply)		
Pain Fatigability Weakness Lack of endurance	Pain Fatigability Weakness Lack of endurance		
☐ Incoordination ☐ Other ☐ N/A	Incoordination Other N/A		
Estimate range of motion in degrees for this joint during flare-ups based on information procured from relevant sources including the lay statements of the Veteran.	Estimate range of motion in degrees for this joint during flare-ups based on information procured from relevant sources including the lay statements of the Veteran.		
Flexion endpoint (125 degrees) degrees	Flexion endpoint (125 degrees) degrees		
Extension endpoint (30 degrees) degrees	Extension endpoint (30 degrees) degrees		
Abduction endpoint (45 degrees) degrees	Abduction endpoint (45 degrees) degrees		
Adduction endpoint (25 degrees) degrees	Adduction endpoint (25 degrees) degrees		
External rotation endpoint (60 degrees) degrees	External rotation endpoint (60 degrees) degrees		
Internal rotation endpoint (40 degrees) degrees	Internal rotation endpoint (40 degrees) degrees		
The examiner should provide the estimated range of motion based on a review of all procurable information - to include the Veteran's statement on examination, case-specific evidence (to include medical treatment records when applicable and lay evidence), and the examiner's medical expertise. If, after evaluation of the procurable and assembled data, the examiner determines that it is not feasible to provide this estimate, the examiner should explain why an estimate cannot be provided. The explanation should not be based on an examiner's shortcomings or a general aversion to offering an estimate on issues not directly observed.  Please cite and discuss evidence. (Must be specific to the case and based on all procurable evidence.)	The examiner should provide the estimated range of motion based on a review of all procurable information - to include the Veteran's statement on examination, case-specific evidence (to include medical treatment records when applicable and lay evidence), and the examiner's medical expertise. If, after evaluation of the procurable and assembled data, the examiner determines that it is not feasible to provide this estimate, the examiner should explain why an estimate cannot be provided. The explanation should not be based on an examiner's shortcomings or a general aversion to offering an estimate on issues not directly observed.  Please cite and discuss evidence. (Must be specific to the case and based on all procurable evidence.)		

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Does limitation in adduction during flare-ups prevent the Veteran from crossing his/her legs?	Does limitation in adduction during flare-ups prevent the Veteran from crossing his/her legs?		
○ Yes ○ No	Yes No		
3E. Additional factors contributing to disability	3E. Additional factors contributing to disability		
In addition to those addressed above, are there additional contributing factors of disability? Please select all that apply and describe:	In addition to those addressed above, are there additional contributing factors of disability? Please select all that apply and describe:		
None Interference with sitting	None Interference with sitting		
Interference with standing Swelling	Interference with standing Swelling		
Disturbance of locomotion Deformity	Disturbance of locomotion Deformity		
Less movement than normal More movement than normal	Less movement than normal More movement than normal		
Weakened movement Atrophy of disuse	Weakened movement Atrophy of disuse		
Instability of station Other, describe:	Instability of station Other, describe:		
Please describe additional contributing factors of disability:	Please describe additional contributing factors of disability:		
	JSCLE ATROPHY		
RIGHT HIP	LEFT HIP  4A. Does the Veteran have muscle atrophy? Yes No		
4A. Does the Veteran have muscle atrophy? Yes No			
4B. If yes, is the muscle atrophy due to the claimed condition in the diagnosis section?	4B. If yes, is the muscle atrophy due to the claimed condition in the diagnosis section?		
Yes No If no, provide rationale:	Yes No If no, provide rationale:		
4C. For any muscle atrophy due to a diagnosis listed in Section I, indicate specific location of atrophy, providing measurements in centimeters of normal side and corresponding atrophied side, measured at maximum muscle bulk.	4C. For any muscle atrophy due to a diagnosis listed in Section I, indicate specific location of atrophy, providing measurements in centimeters of normal side and corresponding atrophied side, measured at maximum muscle bulk.		
Right lower extremity (specify location of measurement such as "10cm above or below the hip"):	Left lower extremity (specify location of measurement such as "10cm above or below the hip"):		
Circumference of more normal side: cm	Circumference of more normal side: cm		
Circumference of atrophied side: cm	Circumference of atrophied side: cm		
SECTION V - ANKYLOSIS			
RIGHT HIP	LEFT HIP		
Note: Ankylosis is the immobilization of a joint due to disease, injury, or surgical pro-			
5A. Is there ankylosis of the hip and/or thigh? Yes No	5A. Is there ankylosis of the hip and/or thigh? Yes No		
If yes, indicate the severity of ankylosis:	If yes, indicate the severity of ankylosis:		
Unfavorable, extremely unfavorable ankylosis, foot not reaching ground, crutches needed	Unfavorable, extremely unfavorable ankylosis, foot not reaching ground, crutches needed		
Intermediate, between favorable and unfavorable	Intermediate, between favorable and unfavorable		
Favorable, in flexion at an angle between 20 and 40 degrees, and slight abduction or adduction	Favorable, in flexion at an angle between 20 and 40 degrees, and slight abduction or adduction		

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SECTION VI - FEMUR OR F	SECTION VI - FEMUR OR FLAIL HIP JOINT IMPAIRMENT				
RIGHT HIP LEFT HIP					
Note: If impairment of the femur causes an associated knee disability, please complete the additional appropriate questionnaire.					
6A. Does the Veteran have malunion or non union of femur, flail hip joint or leg length discrepancy?  6A. Does the Veteran have malunion or non union of femur, flail hip joint or leg length discrepancy?					
○ Yes ○ No	○ Yes ○ No				
Fracture of shaft or neck (anatomical), with nonunion with loose motion (spiral or oblique fracture)	Fracture of shaft or neck (anatomical), with nonunion with loose motion (spiral or oblique fracture)				
Fracture of shaft or neck (anatomical), resulting in nonunion without loose motion; weight-bearing preserved with aid of brace	Fracture of shaft or neck (anatomical), resulting in nonunion without loose motion; weight-bearing preserved with aid of brace				
Fracture of surgical neck with false joint	Fracture of surgical neck with false joint				
Malunion of the femur	Malunion of the femur				
Flail hip joint	Flail hip joint				
Leg length discrepancy (shortening of any bones of the lower extremity) (If checked, provide length of each lower extremity in inches (to the nearest 1/4 inch) or centimeters measuring from the anterior superior iliac spine to the internal malleolus of the tibia.)	Leg length discrepancy (shortening of any bones of the lower extremity) (If checked, provide length of each lower extremity in inches (to the nearest 1/4 inch) or centimeters measuring from the anterior superior iliac spine to the internal malleolus of the tibia.)				
Measurements: Right leg: cm inch	Measurements: Left leg: cm inch				
For any leg length discrepancy, please describe the relationship to the conditions listed in the diagnosis section above:	For any leg length discrepancy, please describe the relationship to the conditions listed in the diagnosis section above:				
SECTION VII - SUR	GICAL PROCEDURES				
RIGHT HIP	LEFT HIP				
7A. Indicate any surgical procedures that the Veteran has had performed and provide the additional information as requested (check all that apply):	7A. Indicate any surgical procedures that the Veteran has had performed and provide the additional information as requested (check all that apply):				
No surgery	☐ No surgery				
Hip joint resurfacing Date of surgery:	Hip joint resurfacing Date of surgery:				
Total hip joint replacement Date of surgery:	Total hip joint replacement Date of surgery:				
Total hip joint replacement residuals:	Total hip joint replacement residuals:				
None	None				
Moderately severe residuals of weakness, pain or limitation of motion	Moderately severe residuals of weakness, pain or limitation of motion				
Markedly severe residuals of weakness, pain or limitation of motion following implantation of prosthesis	Markedly severe residuals of weakness, pain or limitation of motion following implantation of prosthesis				
Following implantation of prosthesis with painful motion or weakness such as to require the use of crutches	Following implantation of prosthesis with painful motion or weakness such as to require the use of crutches				
Other, describe:	Other, describe:				
Arthroscopic ligament repair Date of surgery:	Arthroscopic ligament repair Date of surgery:				
Other surgery not described (specify Date of surgery: below):	Other surgery not described (specify below):				
Type of surgery:	Type of surgery:				

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Residuals of arthroscopic or other hip surgery	Residuals of ar	throscopic or other hip surge	ery	
Describe residuals:	Describe resi	iduals:		
SECTION VIII - OTHER PERTINENT PHYSICAL FINDIN	GS, COMPLICATIONS, CO	NDITIONS, SIGNS, SYN	IPTOMS, AND SCARS	
8A. Does the Veteran have any other pertinent physical findings, complicabove?	cations, conditions, signs or sym	ptoms related to any condition	ons listed in the diagnosis section	
Yes No If yes, describe (brief summary)				
8B. Does the Veteran have any scars or other disfigurement (of the skin) above?	related to any conditions or to t	he treatment of any conditio	ns listed in the diagnosis section	
Yes No If yes, also complete the appropriate dermat	ological questionnaire.			
SECTION IX - ASSISTIVE DEVICES  9A. Does the Veteran use any assistive devices as a normal mode of locomotion, although occasional locomotion by other methods may be possible?				
Yes No If yes, identify the assistive devices used (ch	_	-	may be possible:	
Wheelchair Frequency of us	e: Occasional	Regular	Constant	
Brace for ambulation Frequency of us	e: Occasional		○ Constant	
Crutches Frequency of us	-	Regular	○ Constant	
Cane(s) Frequency of us	-	Regular	Constant	
	-	-	_	
Walker Frequency of us  Other, Frequency of us	_	Regular Regular	Constant Constant	
describe:	e. Occasional		Oonstant	
9B. If the Veteran uses any assistive devices, specify the condition, indic	cate the side, and identify the ass	sistive device used for each	condition.	

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SECTION X - REMAINING EFFECTIVE FUNCTION OF THE EXTREMITIES  Note: The intention of this section is to permit the examiner to quantify the level of remaining function; it is not intended to inquire whether the Veteran should undergo		
an amputation with fitting of a prosthesis. For example, if the functions of grasping (hand) or propulsion (foot) are as limited as if the Veteran had an amputation and prosthesis, the examiner should check "yes" and describe the diminished functioning. The question simply asks whether the functional loss is to the same degree as if there were an amputation of the affected limb.		
10A. Due to the Veterans hip or thigh condition(s), is there functional impairment of an extremity such that no effective functions remain other than that which would be equally well served by an amputation with prosthesis (functions of the lower extremity include balance and propulsion, etc.)?		
Yes, functioning is so diminished that amputation with prosthesis would equally serve the Veteran No		
If yes, indicate extremities for which this applies:  Right lower  Left lower		
10B. For each checked extremity, identify the condition causing loss of function, describe loss of effective function and provide specific examples (brief summary):		
SECTION XI - DIAGNOSTIC TESTING		
Note: Testing listed below is not indicated for every condition. The diagnosis of degenerative arthritis (osteoarthritis) or post-traumatic arthritis must be confirmed by imaging studies. Once such arthritis has been documented, even if in the past, no further imaging studies are required by VA, even if arthritis has worsened.		
11A. Have imaging studies been performed in conjunction with this examination? Yes No		
11B. If yes, is degenerative or post-traumatic arthritis documented? Yes No		
Indicate side.		
11C. If yes provide type of test or procedure, date and results (brief summary):		
11D. Are there any other significant diagnostic test findings or results related to the claimed condition(s) and/or diagnosis(es), that were reviewed in conjunction with this examination?		
○ Yes ○ No		
If yes, provide type of test or procedure, date and results (brief summary):		

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11E. If any test results are other than normal, indicate			
TE. II drift test results are other than normal, maleure	relationship of abhormal infantys to diagnosed conditi	OII.	
	SECTION XII - FUNCTIONAL IMPACT		
Note: Provide the impact of only the diagnosed condition	on(s), without consideration of the impact of other med	dical conditions or factors, such as age.	
12A. Regardless of the Veteran's current employment occupational task (such as standing, walking, lifting, sit	status, do the conditions listed in the diagnosis sectio ting, etc.)?	n impact his/her ability to perform any type of	
○ Yes ○ No			
If yes, describe the functional impact of e	each condition, providing one or more examples:		
	SECTION XIII - REMARKS		
13A. Remarks (if any - please identify the section to wh	13A. Remarks (if any - please identify the section to which the remark pertains when appropriate).		
SECTION	N XIV - EXAMINER'S CERTIFICATION AND S	SIGNATURE	
CERTIFICATION - To the best of my knowledge, the in	nformation contained herein is accurate, complete and	d current.	
PENALTY: The law provides severe penalties which in knowing it to be false, or for the fraudulent acceptance		mission of any statement or evidence of a material fact,	
14A. Examiner's signature:	14B. Examiner's printed name and title	e (e.g. MD, DO, DDS, DMD, Ph.D, Psy.D, NP, PA-C):	
14C. Examiner's Area of Practice/Specialty (e.g. Cardio	ology, 9Orthopedics, Psychology/Psychiatry, General	Practice): 14D. Date Signed:	
14E. Examiner's phone/fax numbers:	14F. National Provider Identifier (NPI) number:	14G. Medical license number and state:	
14H. Examiner's address:			

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