

**CÓDIGO EQUIPO:** CEIOT-PE11-E96

# Protoss-PE11

## RS485 to Ethernet

### User Manual

V 1.1



### Overview of Characteristic

- ✧ Cortex-M3 MCU with 2MB Flash and 128KB SRAM
- ✧ Use FreeRTOS Operation System
- ✧ Support TCP/UDP/MQTT/HTTP/WebSocket Protocol
- ✧ Support Modbus TCP to RTU, Modbus Master Function
- ✧ Support RS485 To 10/100M Ethernet Conversion, Serial Speed Up to 460800 bps
- ✧ Support 10/100M Ethernet Auto-Negotiation

- ✧ **Support Webpage Easy Configuration or PC IOTService Tool**
- ✧ **Support Security Protocol Such As AES/DES3**
- ✧ **Support Heartbeat and Resister Packet Function**
- ✧ **Support Web page OTA Wireless Upgrade**
- ✧ **Support Industrial Temperature: -40 to +85° C**
- ✧ **Multiple Type of Different Power Input:**
  - **Protoss-PE11-H: 100~240VAC@50~60Hz**
  - **Protoss-PE11-M: 9~48VDC@1A**
- ✧ **Size: 97.60 x 64.95 x 27.50 mm (L x W x H) , C45 rail installation**

## TABLE OF CONTENTS TABLE OF CONTENTS

TABLE OF CONTENTS TABLE OF CONTENTS .....	3
LIST OF FIGURES.....	4
LIST OF TABLES .....	5
HISTORY.....	5
1. PRODUCT OVERVIEW.....	6
1.1. General Description.....	6
1.2. Device Parameters.....	6
1.3. Key Application.....	7
2. HARDWARE INTRODUCTION .....	8
2.1. Protoss-PE11 Pins Definition .....	9
2.2. RS485 Interface .....	10
2.3. RJ45 Interface .....	10
2.4. Mechanical Size .....	11
2.5. Product Installation .....	13
2.6. Order Information .....	13
3. FUNCTION DESCRIPTION .....	14
APPENDIX A: CONTACT INFORMATION .....	15

## LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1. Protoss-PE11 Appearance .....	8
Figure 2. Protoss-PE11 Interface.....	9
Figure 3. RJ45 Pin Defination .....	10
Figure 4. Protoss-PE11 Mechanical Dimension.....	12
Figure 5. Product Installation .....	13
Figure 6. Protoss-PE11 Product Order Information .....	13

LIST OF TABLES

Table1. Protoss-PE11 Technical Specifications .....6

Table2. Protoss-PE11-H Interface Definition.....9

Table3. Protoss-PE11-M Interface Definition .....10

Table4. RJ45 Interface .....11

HISTORY

- Ed. V1.0 02-10-2020 First Version
- Ed. V1.1 03-18-2020 Update RS485 interface

# 1. PRODUCT OVERVIEW

## 1.1. General Description

The Protoss-PE11 provides a RS485 interface to TCP/IP data transfer product. The Protoss-PE11 integrate TCP/IP controller, memory, 10/100M Ethernet transceiver, RS485 and integrates a fully developed TCP/IP network stack and FreeRTOS OS. Protoss-PE11 also includes an embedded web server used to configure device.

The Protoss-PE11 using highly integrated hardware and software platform, it has been optimized for all kinds of applications in the industrial control, smart grid, personal medical application and remote control that have lower data rates, and transmit or receive data on an infrequent basis.

## 1.2. Device Parameters

Table1. Protoss-PE11 Technical Specifications

Item	Parameters
<b>System Information</b>	
Processor/Frequency	Cortex-M3/96MHz
Flash/SDRAM	2MB/128KB
Operating System	FreeRTOS
<b>Ethernet Port</b>	
Port Number	1
Interface Standard	10/100 Base-T Auto-Negotiation
Transformer	Integrated
Network Protocol	IP, TCP, UDP, DHCP, DNS, HTTP Server/Client, ARP, AutoIP, ICMP, Telnet, NTP, Modbus TCP
Security Protocol	AES 128Bit DES3
<b>Serial Port</b>	
Port Number	1 RS485
Data Bits	5,6,7,8

Stop Bit	1,2
Check Bit	None, Even, Odd
Baud Rate	TTL: 600 bps~460800 bps
Flow Control	No Flow Control Software Xon/ Xoff flow control
<b>Software</b>	
Web Pages	Http Web Configuration Customization of HTTP Web Pages
Configuration	Web CLI XML import Telnet IOTService PC Software UART Fast Config
Firmware Upgrade	Webpage, IOTService Tools
<b>Basic Parameter</b>	
Size	97.60mm x 64.95mm x 27.50mm
Operating Temp.	-40 ~ 85°C
Storage Temp.	-45 ~ 105°C, 5 ~ 95% RH(no condensation)
Input Voltage	Protoss-PE11-H: 100~240VAC@50~60Hz Protoss-PE11-M: 9~48VDC@1A
Working Current	~100mA
Power	<400mW

### 1.3. Key Application

The Protoss-PE11 device connects serial device to Ethernet networks using the TCP/IP protocol:

- Remote equipment monitoring
- Asset tracking and telemetry
- Security Application
- Industrial sensors and controls
- Medical devices
- ATM machines
- Data collection devices
- Universal Power Supply (UPS) management units

- Telecommunications equipment
- Data display devices
- Handheld instruments
- Modems
- Time/attendance clocks and terminals

## 2. HARDWARE INTRODUCTION

The Protoss-PE11 unit is a complete solution for serial port device connecting to network. This powerful device supports a 10/100BASE-T Ethernet connection, a reliable and proven operating system stored in flash memory, an embedded web server, a full TCP/IP protocol stack, and standards based (AES) encryption.

Through Ethernet cable connect router with Protoss-PE11 serial server for data transfer, which makes the data transformation very simple.



Figure 1. Protoss-PE11 Appearance



## 2.1. Protoss-PE11 Pins Definition



Figure 2. Protoss-PE11 Interface

Table2. Protoss-PE11-H Interface Definition

Pin	Description	Net name	Signal Type	Comment
1	AC Power Input	L	Power	100~240VAC Input
2	AC Power Input	N	Power	
5		RS485_B-	IO	RS485 B
6	Signal GND	GND	Power	Used for RS485 GND, usually leave it unconnected
7		RS485_A+	IO	RS485 A+
RJ45	Ethernet	RJ45	I/O	

Reload	Restore to factory setting button	Reload	I	Press down for more than 3 seconds and loose to restore factory setting.
Reset	Reset button	Reset	I	Hardware reset button
Net	Network status LED	Net	O	On: Ethernet connection is OK Off: No Ethernet connection
Active	UART Data Transfer	Active	O	Off: No data transfer 0.3s Off -> 0.9s On: UART TX Output 0.3s Off -> 0.3s On: UART RX Receive On: UART bidirection.
Power	Power LED	Power	O	On: Power input OK Off: Power input NG.
Link	Server connection LED	Link	O	On: netp Socket connection OK. Off: no netp Socket connection.

Table3. Protoss-PE11-M Interface Definition

Pin	Description		Signal	Comment
1	DC Power Input	VCC+	Power	9~48VDC@1A Input
2	DC Power Input	GND-	Power	
5		RS485_B -	IO	RS485 B
6	Signal GND	GND	Power	Used for RS485 GND, usually leave it unconnected
7		RS485_A +	IO	RS485 A+
RJ45	Ethernet	RJ45	I/O	
Reload	Restore to factory setting button	Reload	I	Press down for more than 3 seconds and loose to restore factory setting.
Reset	Reset button	Reset	I	Hardware reset button
Net	Network status LED	Net	O	On: Ethernet connection is OK Off: No Ethernet connection

Active	UART Data Transfer	Active	O	Off: No data transfer 0.3s Off -> 0.9s On: UART TX Output 0.3s Off -> 0.3s On: UART RX Receive On: UART bidirection.
Power	Power LED	Power	O	On: Power input OK Off: Power input NG.
Link	Server connection LED	Link	O	On: netp Socket connection OK. Off: no netp Socket connection.

#### <Notes>

I — Input; O — Output; I/O: Digital I/O; Power—Power Supply

## 2.2. RS485 Interface

RS485 use two wire links, A(DATA+), B(DATA-). Connect A(+) to A(+), B(-) to B(-) for communication. Suggest to connect GND together when interference is very severe.

The RS485 interface support maximum 32 RS485 device. The cable maximum length is 1200 meters. Need to add 120Ohm terminal resistor for over 300 meters.

## 2.3. RJ45 Interface

Ethernet port is 10M/100M adaptive, support AUTO MDI/MDIX which means it support direct connecting to PC with Ethernet cable.

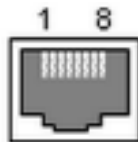


Figure 3. RJ45 Pin Definition

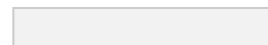


Table4. RJ45 Interface

Pin Number	Name	Description
1	TX+	Transfer Data+
2	TX-	Transfer Data
3	RX+	Receive Data+
4	PHY-VCC	Transformer Tap Voltage
5	PHY-VCC	Transformer Tap Voltage
6	RX-	Receive Data
7	N.C.	None Connect
8	N.C.	None Connect

## 2.4. Mechanical Size

The dimensions of Protoss-PE11 are defined as following picture (mm):



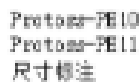


Figure 4. Protoss-PE11 Mechanical Dimension

## 2.5. Product Installation



Figure 5. Product Installation

## 2.6. Order Information

Base on customer detailed requirement, Protoss-PE11 provide different configuration version, Details as below:

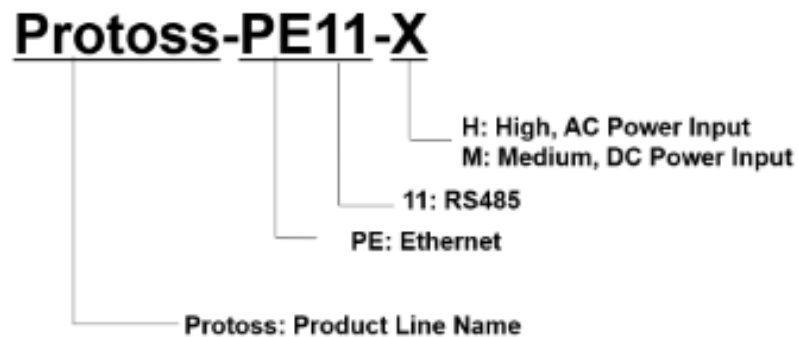


Figure 6. Protoss-PE11 Product Order Information

### 3. FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

Refer to “IOT\_Device\_Series\_Software\_Funtion” document for more detailed function.



## APPENDIX A: CONTACT INFORMATION

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**CÓDIGO EQUIPO:** CEIOT-PE11-E96



Chengdu Ebyte Electronic Technology Co.,Ltd

# Wireless Modem

## User Manual



**E96-DTU (400SL30-485)**

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## Contents

Introduction.....	4
1.1 Brief Introduction.....	4
1.2 Features.....	4
2 Quick Start.....	5
3 Installation Dimensions.....	7
4 Technical Index.....	7
4.1 General Specifications.....	7
4.2 Frequency Range and Number of Channels.....	8
4.3 Transmit Power Level.....	8
4.4 Air Speed Class.....	8
4.5 Sending and Receiving Length and Subcontracting Method.....	8
5 Detailed Function.....	9
5.1 Fixed-point Transmission (Hexadecimal).....	9
5.2 Broadcast Transmission (Hexadecimal).....	10
5.3 Broadcast Address.....	10
5.4 Listening Address.....	10
6 Product selection.....	10
6.1 Transparent Transmission Mode (Mode 0).....	11
6.2 WOR Mode (Mode 1).....	11
6.3 Configuration Mode (Mode 2).....	11
6.4 Deep Sleep Mode (Mode 3).....	12
7 Register Read and Write Control.....	12
7.1 Instruction Format.....	12
7.2 Register Description.....	13
7.3 Factory Default Parameters.....	16
8 Relay Networking Mode Use.....	16
9 Relay Networking Mode Use.....	17
10 Program the Radio.....	18
11 Related Products.....	19
12 Precautions for Use.....	20
13 Important Statement.....	20
Revision history.....	21
About us.....	21

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## 1 Introduction 1.1 Brief Introduction

E96-DTU (400SL30-485) is a wireless data transmission radio station that adopts military-grade LoRa modulation technology. It has a variety of transmission methods. It works in the frequency band (410.125MHz~ 493.125MHz) (default 433.125MHz). The radio provides a transparent RS485 interface. Adopt plastic shell, guide rail type installation structure, support AC 85~265V(110V) voltage input. LoRa spread spectrum technology will bring longer communication distance, and has the advantage of strong anti-interference ability. As a communication medium, wireless data transmission station has a certain scope of application like optical fiber, microwave, and open wire: it provides real-time and reliable data transmission of monitoring signals in private networks under certain special conditions, with low cost, installation and maintenance Convenience, strong diffraction ability, flexible network structure, and long coverage. It is suitable for many and scattered locations and complex geographic environments. It can be connected with PLC, RTU, rain gauge, level gauge and other data terminals.



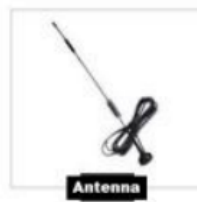
## 1.2 Features

- ★ The latest LoRa technology is adopted, which is farther than traditional LoRa digital radio stations and has more powerful performance;
- ★ With data encryption, the packet length can be set;
- ★ Adopt flame-retardant plastic shell and guide rail type installation structure, which is convenient and efficient to install
- ★ Hidden buttons are used to switch working modes to avoid false triggers, and the equipment is more reliable in operation;
- ★ Simple high-efficiency power supply design, support power supply configuration or line pressure mode, support AC 85~265V(110V) power supply;
- ★ The transmit power is up to 30dBm, and supports multi-level adjustment, and all technical indicators meet industrial standards;
- ★ Support Modbus protocol transmission;
- ★ Support LBT function, the radio station automatically waits for transmission according to the current environmental noise intensity. Greatly improve the communication success rate of the radio station harsh environments;
- ★ Support wireless sending of command data packets, remote configuration or reading radio station parameters;
- ★ Support communication key function, effectively prevent data from being intercepted;

- ★ Multi-level relay networking can be realized, effectively extending the communication distance, and realizing ultra-long-distance communication;
- ★ Using temperature compensation circuit, the frequency stability is better than  $\pm 1.5\text{PPM}$ ;
- ★ Operating temperature range:  $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ , adapt to various harsh working environments, real industrial grade products;

## 2 Quick Start

- ① You need to prepare two E96-DTU (400SL30-485)



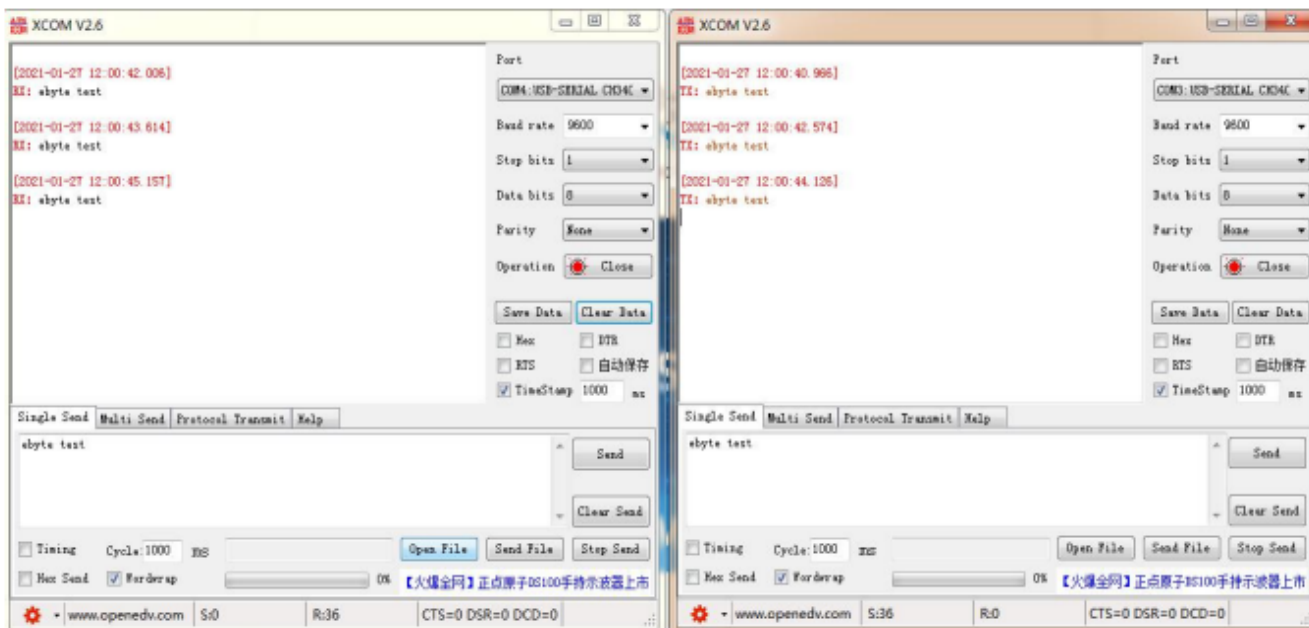
- ② First install the antenna for the digital radio, and then install the power supply. The user selects the power adapter for power supply according to the needs.



- ③ Use USB to RS485 or other methods to connect the computer to the digital radio;



- ④ Start two serial port debugging assistants, select the serial port baud rate to be 9600bps (default), and the check method to be 8N1 to realize serial port transparent transmission;



- ⑤ If the customer needs to switch the working mode, it can be controlled by the Mode button to switch between different working modes (M0 indicator, M1 indicator). Long press the Mode button for about

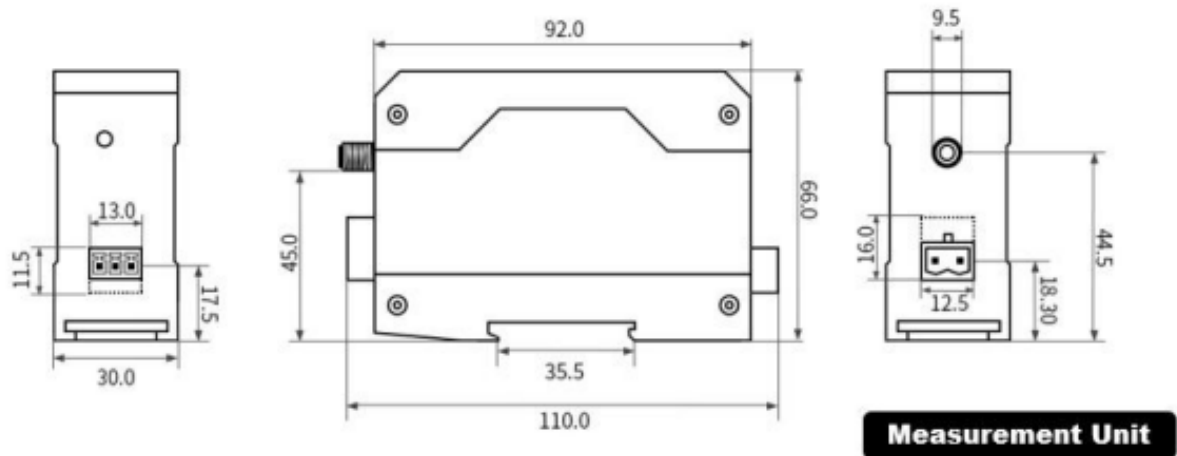
1ms and then release it to switch the mode once. The mode switching details are shown in the table below:

Serial number	Class	M1	M0	Note
mode 1	Transparent transmission mode	Lights off	Lights off	Serial port open, wireless open, transparent transmission (factory default mode), support special command air configuration.
mode 2	WOR mode	Lights off	Light on	Can be defined as WOR sender and WORreceiver, support air wakeup
mode 3	Configuration mode	Light on	Lights off	The user accesses the register through the serial port to control the working status of the radio station. The user can configure the radio station through the upper computer configuration software.
mode 4	Sleep mode	Light on	Light on	The radio goes to sleep

**Note:** The radio has a power-down save mode function (the factory default setting is transparent transmission mode), and the user needs to switch the corresponding mode according to the M1 and M0 indicators (effective immediately).

### 3 Installation Dimensions





## 4 Technical Index

### 4.1 General Specifications

Serial number	Item	Specification	Note
1	Product Size	92*66*30 mm	See installation dimensions for details
2	product weight	95 g	Weight tolerance 5g
3	Operating temperature	-40°C~+85°C	Industrial grad
4	Operating temperature	-40°C~+85°C	Industrial grad
5	Communication	RS485	RS485
6	Baud rate	Factory default 9600	Baud rate range 1200~115200
7	address code	Factory default 0	A total of 65536 address codes

### 4.2 Frequency Range and Number of Channels

Product Model	Default frequency ( MHz)	Frequency Range ( MHz)	Channel spacing ( MHz)	Number of channels
E96-DTU(400SL22-485)	433.125M	410.125~493.125M	1M	84, Half duplex

**Note:** If multiple groups of digital radios are used in the same area to communicate one to one at the sametime, it is recommended that each group of digital radios set a channel spacing of more than 2MHz.

### 4.3 Transmit Power Level

Product Model	30dBm	17dBm	13dBm	10dBm/ 21dBm
E96-DTU(400SL22-485)	Factory default	√	√	√

**Note:** The lower the transmission power, the closer the transmission distance, but the working current will not decrease in the same proportion. It is recommended to use the maximum transmission power.

### 4.4 Air Speed Class

Product Model	Default air rate(bps)	Number of levels	Air speed class(kbps)
E96-DTU(400SL22-485)	Factory default	8	0.3\1.2\2.4\4.8\9.6\19.2\38.4\62.5

**Note:** The higher the air speed setting, the faster the transmission rate and the shorter the transmission distance; therefore, when the speed meets the requirements of use, it is recommended that the airspeed be as low as possible.

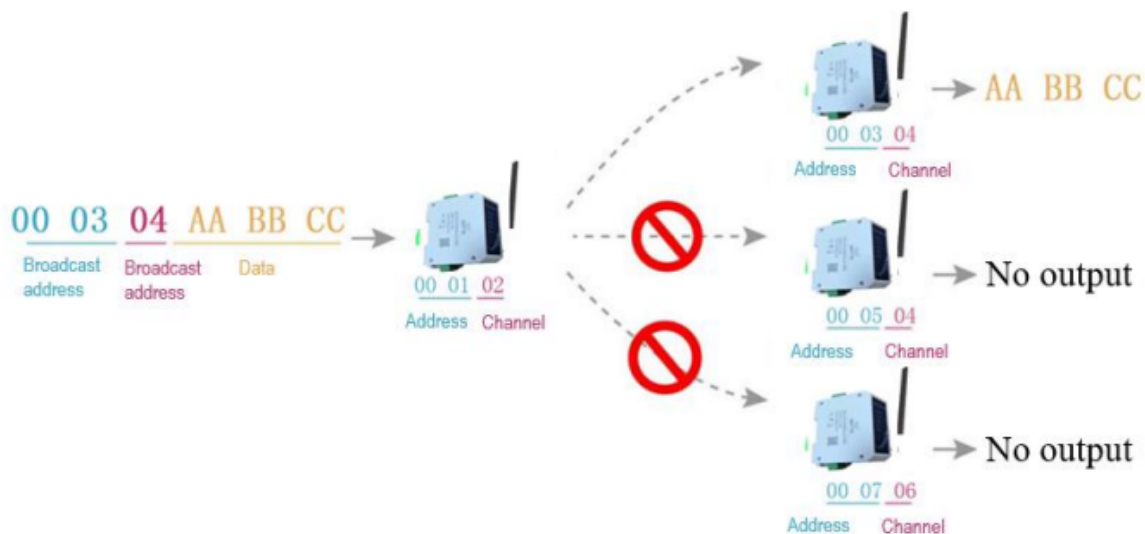
### 4.5 Sending and Receiving Length and Subcontracting Method

Product Model	Cache size	Subcontracting method
E96-DTU(400SL30-485)	1000 bytes	Can be set by instructions to sub-package 32/64/128/240 bytes to send

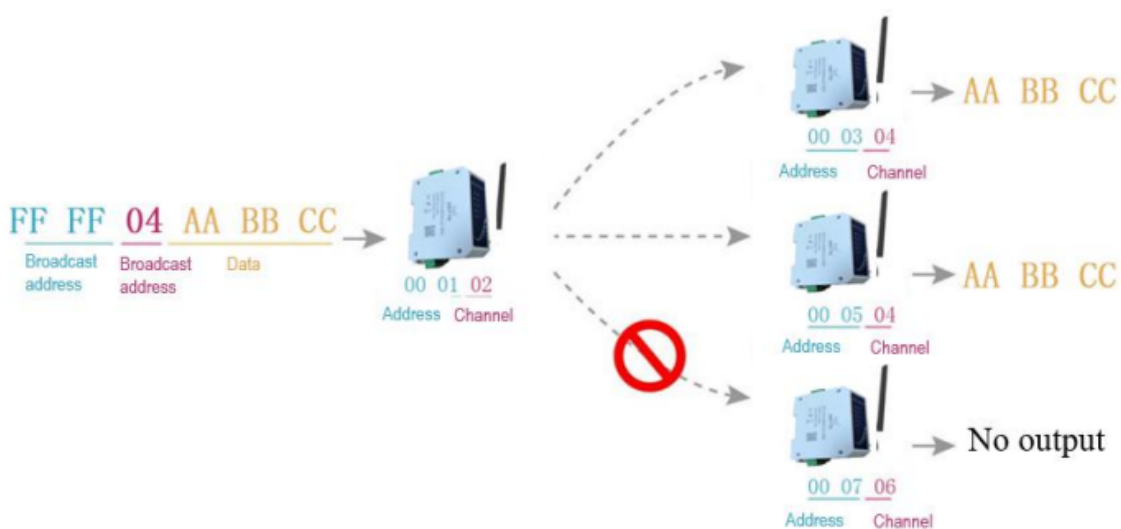
**Note:** 1. If the radio's single received data is greater than the single packet capacity, the excess data will be automatically allocated to the second transmission until the transmission is completed; 2. The single received data of the radio station cannot be larger than the buffer capacity.

## 5 Detailed Function

## 5.1 Fixed-point Transmission (Hexadecimal)



## 5.2 Broadcast Transmission (Hexadecimal)



## 5.3 Broadcast Address

- Example: Set the address of station A to 0xFFFF and the channel to 0x04.
- When station A is used as a transmitter (same mode, transparent transmission mode), all receiving stations under the 0x04 channel can receive data to achieve the purpose of broadcasting.

## 5.4 Listening Address

- Example: Set the address of station A to 0xFFFF and the channel to 0x04.
- When the station A is receiving, it can receive all the data under the 0x04 channel to achieve the purpose of monitoring

## 6 Product selection

E95-DTU has four working modes. When there is no demanding low power consumption, it is recommended to configure the radio to transparent transmission mode (mode 0) if normal communication is required. The default setting of the radio at the factory is transparent transmission mode (mode 0).

Serial number	Category	M1	M0	Annotation
Mode 0	Transparent transmission mode	Lights off	Lights off	Serial port open, wireless open, transparent transmission (factory default mode), support special command air configuration.
Mode 1	WOR mode	Lights off	Light on	Can be defined as WOR sender and WOR receiver, support air wakeup
Mode 2	Configuration mode	Light on	Lights off	The user accesses the register through the serial port to control the working status of the radio station. The user can configure the radio station through the upper computer configuration software.
Mode 3	Deep sleep mode	Light on	Light on	The radio goes to sleep

**Note:** If there is no low power consumption requirement, there is no need to care about WOR mode (mode 1).

### 6.1 Transparent Transmission Mode (Mode 0)

Type	When the M0 indicator light is off and the M1 indicator light is off, the radio is working in mode 0
Emission	The user can input data through the serial port, and the radio will start wireless transmission.

Receive	The radio receiving function is turned on, and the wireless data will be output through the serial port TXD pin after receiving the wireless data.
---------	--

## 6.2 WOR Mode (Mode 1)

Type	When the M0 indicator light is off and the M1 indicator light is off, the radio is working in mode 2
Emission	When defined as the transmitter, the wake-up code for a certain period of time will be automatically added before transmission.
Receive	Data can be received normally, the receiving function is equivalent to mode 0

## 6.3 Configuration Mode (Mode 2)

Type	When the M0 indicator light is off and the M1 indicator light is on, the radio is working in mode 2
Emission	Can be configured wirelessly
Receive	Can be configured wirelessly
Configuration	The user can access the register to configure the working status of the radio

## 6.4 Deep Sleep Mode (Mode 3)

Type	When the M0 indicator light is on and the M1 indicator light is on, the radio is working in mode 3
Emission	Unable to transmit wireless data
Receive	Cannot receive wireless data.

## 7 Register Read and Write Control

### 7.1 Instruction Format

In configuration mode (mode 2: M1 indicator light is on, M0 indicator light is off), the supported command list is as follows (when setting, only 9600, 8N1 format is supported):

Serial number	Instruction format	Detailed description
1	Set register	<p>Command: C0+start address+length+parameter  Response: C1+start address+length+parameter  Example 1: Configure the channel as 0x09  Instruction start address length parameter  Send: C0 05 01 09  Returns: C1 05 01 09  Example 2: Configure the radio address (0x1234), network address (0x00), serial port (9600 8N1), airspeed (1.2K) at the same time  Send: C0 00 04 12 34 00 61  Return: C1 00 04 12 34 00 61</p>
2	Read register	<p>Command: C1+start address+length  Response: C1+start address+length+parameter  Example 1: Read the channel  Instruction start address length parameter  Send: C1 05 01  Returns: C1 05 01 09  Example 2: Read the radio address, network address, serial port, airspeed at the same time  Send: C1 00 04  Return: C1 00 04 12 34 00 61</p>
3	Set up temporary registers	<p>Command: C2 + start address + length + parameters  Response: C1 + start address + length + parameters  Example 1: Configure the channel as 0x09  Instruction start address length parameter  Send: C2 05 01 09  Returns: C1 05 01 09  Example 2: Configure the radio address (0x1234), network address (0x00), serial port (9600 8N1), airspeed (1.2K) at the same time  Send: C2 00 04 12 34 00 61  Return: C1 00 04 12 34 00 61</p>
5	Wireless configuration	<p>Instructions: CF CF + regular instructions  Response: CF CF + regular response  Example 1: The wireless configuration channel is 0x09  Wireless command header command start address length parameter</p>

		Send: CF CF C0 05 01 09 Returns: CF CF C1 05 01 09 Example 2: Wirelessly configure the radio address (0x1234), network address (0x00), serial port (9600 8N1), airspeed (1.2K) at the same time Send: CF CF C0 00 04 12 34 00 61 Return: CF CF C1 00 04 12 34 00 61
6	wrong format	Malformed response FF FF FF

## 7.2 Register Description

Serial number	Read and write	name	description	Remarks
00H	Read/Write	ADDH	ADDH(Default 0)	High byte and low byte of radio address; Note: When the radio station address is equal to FFFF, it can be used as the broadcast and monitor address, that is: the radio station will not perform address filtering at this time
01H	Read/Write	ADDL	ADDL(Default 0)	
02H	Read/Write	NETID	NETID (Default 0)	Network address, used to distinguish networks; When communicating with each other, they should be set to the same.

03H	Read/ Write	REG0	7	6	5	UART Serial port rate (bps)	For two radios that communicate with each other, the serial port baud rate can be different, and the verification method can also be different;  When continuously transmitting large data packets, users need to consider the data congestion caused by the same baud rate, and may even be lost;  It is generally recommended that the baud rate of the two communication parties be the same.
			0	0	0	Serial port baud rate1200	
			0	0	1	Serial port baud rate2400	
			0	1	0	Serial port baud rate4800	
			0	1	1	Serial port baud rate9600 (Default)	
			1	0	0	Serial port baud rate19200	
			1	0	1	Serial port baud rate38400	
			1	1	0	Serial port baud rate57600	
			1	1	1	Serial port baud rate115200	
			4	3		Serial port check digit	The serial port mode of the two communication parties can be different;
			0	0		8N1(Default)	
			0	1		8O1	
			1	0		8E1	
			1	1		8N1 (equivalent to 00)	
			2	1	0	Wireless air rate (bps)	The air rate of both parties must be the same  The higher the air rate, the smaller the delay and the shorter the transmission distance.
			0	0	0	Air speed0.3k	
			0	0	1	Air speed1.2k	
			0	1	0	Air speed2.4k(Default)	
			0	1	1	Air speed4.8k	
			1	0	0	Air speed9.6k	
			1	0	1	Air speed19.2k	
			1	1	0	Air speed38.4k	
			1	1	1	Air speed62.5k	
04H	Read/ Write	REG1	7	6		Subcontracting settings	The data sent by the user is less than the sub-packet length, and the serial port output of the receiving end appears as an uninterrupted continuous output;  If the data sent by the user is larger than the packet length, the serial port of the receiving end will output in packets.
			0	0		240byte(Default)	
			0	1		128byte	
			1	0		64byte	
			1	1		32byte	
			5			RSSI Environmental noise enable	After enabling, you can send commands C0 C1 C2 C3 in transmission mode or WOR sending mode to read registers; Register 0x00: Current environmental noise RSSI; Register 0X01: RSSI when receiving data last time (The current channel noise is: dBm =-RSSI/2); Instruction format: C0 C1 C2 C3 + start address + read length; Return: C1 + address address + read length + read valid value; for example:
			0			Disabled (default)	
			1			Enable	



							send C0 C1 C2 C3 00 01 Return C1 00 01 RSSI	
			4	3	2	Keep		
			1	0	Transmit power		The relationship between power and current is non-linear. At the maximum power, the power supply has the highest efficiency; the current will not decrease in the same proportion as the power decreases.	
			0	0	30dBm(default)			
			0	1	17dBm			
			1	0	13dBm			
			1	1	10dBm / 21dBm			
05H	Read/ Write	REG2	Channel Control (CH) 0-83 respectively represent a total of 84 channels				Actual frequency = 410.125 + CH *1M	
06H	Read/ Write	REG3	7	zEnable RSSI byte			After being enabled, the radio receives wireless data and outputs it through the serial port TXD, followed by an RSSI strength byte.	
			0	Disabled (default)				
			1	Enable				
			6	transfer method			During fixed-point transmission, the radio will recognize the three bytes of serial data as: address high + address low + channel, and use it as a wireless transmission target.	
			0	Transparent transmission (default)				
			1	Fixed-point transmission			After the relay function is enabled, if the target address is not the radio station itself, the radio station will start a forwarding; In order to prevent data return, it is recommended to use it in conjunction with the fixed-point mode; that is, the destination address and the source address are different.	
			5	Relay function				
			0	Disable relay function (default)				
			1	Enable relay function			The maximum stay time of LBT is 2 seconds, and it will be issued forcibly when it reaches 2 seconds.	
			4	LBT enable				
			0	Disabled (default)			Only valid for mode 1;  After the WOR receiver receives the wireless data and outputs it through the serial port, it will wait 1000ms before entering the WOR again. During this period, the user can input the serial data and return it wirelessly;  Each serial port byte will be refreshed for 1000ms;  The user must initiate the first byte within 1000ms.	
			1	Enable				
			3	WOR mode transceiver control				
			0	WOR receiver (default) The radio transceiver is turned on, and when transmitting data, a wake-up code for a certain period of time is added.				
			1	WOR transmitter The radio cannot transmit data and works in WOR monitoring mode. The monitoring period is shown below (WOR period), which can save a lot of power consumption.				
			2	1	0	WOR cycle		Only valid for mode 1;

			0	0	0	500ms	Cycle T= (1+WOR)*500ms, the maximum is 4000ms, the minimum is 500ms;  The longer the WOR monitoring interval period, the lower the average power consumption, but the greater the data delay;  Both sender and receiver must agree (very important)
			0	0	1	1000ms	
			0	1	0	1500ms	
			0	1	1	2000ms	
			1	0	0	2500ms	
			1	0	1	3000ms	
			1	1	0	3500ms	
			1	1	1	4000ms	
07H	Write	CRYPT_H	High byte of key (default 0)				Only write, read returns 0; Used for encryption to avoid interception of wireless data in the air by similar radio stations;  The radio station will use these two bytes as a calculation factor to transform and encrypt the wireless signal in the air.
08H	Write	CRYPT_L	Low byte of key (default 0)				
80H~86H	Read	PID	Product information 7 bytes				Product information 7 bytes

### 7.3 Factory Default Parameters

Product model	Factory default parameter value:C0 00 00 62 00 00						
Radio model	Frequency	Address	Channel	Air rate	Baud rate	Serial format	Transmit power
E96-DTU(400SL22-485 )	433.125 M Hz	0x0000	0x17	2.4kbps	9600	8N1	30dBm(small power)

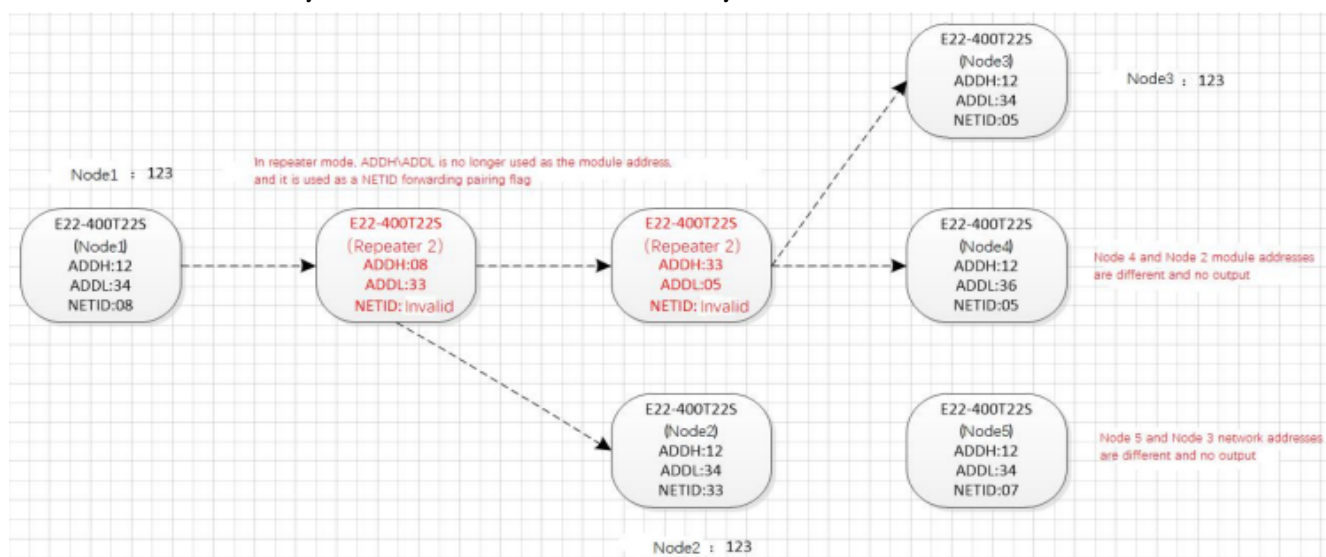
## 8 Relay Networking Mode Use

Serial number	Relay mode description
1	After setting the relay mode through the configuration mode, switch to the normal mode, and the relay starts to work.
2	In the relay mode, ADDH and ADDL are no longer used as the radio address, but correspond to the NETID forwarding pairing respectively. If one of the networks is received, it will be forwarded to the other network. The network ID of the repeater itself is invalid.

3	In the relay mode, the relay station cannot send and receive data, and cannot perform low-power operation
4	When the user enters other modes from Mode 3 (sleep mode) or is in the reset process, the radio will reset the user parameters, during which AUX outputs low level.

## Description of relay networking rules:

1. Forwarding rules, the relay can forward data in both directions between two NETIDs.
2. In the relay mode, ADDH\ADDL is no longer used as a radio address, but as a NETID forwarding pairing. As shown in the figure:
  - ①First level relay "Node 1" NETID is 08. "Node 2" NETID is 33. The ADDH\ADDL of relay 1 are 08 and 33 respectively. So the signal sent by node 1 (08) can be forwarded to node 2 (33) At the same time, node 1 and node 2 have the same address, so the data sent by node 1 can be received by node 2.
  - ②Secondary relay The ADDH\ADDL of relay 2 are 33 and 05 respectively. So relay 2 can forward the data of relay 1 to the network NETID: 05. Therefore, node 3 and node 4 can receive node 1 data. Node 4 normally outputs data, and node 3 has a different address from node 1, so no data is output.
  - ③Two-way relay As shown in the configuration: the data sent by node 1 can be received by nodes 2 and 4, and the data sent by node 2 and 4 can also be received by node



## 9 Relay Networking Mode Use

- The following figure shows the display interface of the E96-DTU (400SL30-485) configuration host computer. The user can switch to the configuration mode through the MODE button, and quickly configure and read the parameters on the host computer.



- In the configuration of the host computer, the radio address, frequency channel, network ID, and key are all displayed in decimal mode. The range of each parameter is:
- Network address: 0~65535
- Frequency channel: 0~83
- Network ID: 0~255
- Key: 0~65535
- When using the host computer to configure the relay mode, the user needs to pay special attention. Since the parameters in the host computer are in decimal display mode, the radio address and network ID need to be converted when filling in the radio station address and network ID. If the network ID input by the transmitting terminal A is 02 and the network ID input by the receiving terminal B is 10, when the relay terminal R sets the radio address, the hexadecimal value 0X020A is converted to the decimal value 522 as the relay terminal R. Radio Address. That is, the radio address value that needs to be filled in by the relay terminal R at this time is 522.

## 10 Program the Radio

Operating mode	M1	M0	注释
Operating mode	Configuration mode	The indicator light is on	Only use the configuration software to program the radio in the current mode

1. Programming can only be carried out in a specific working mode (see the above table). If the programming fails, please confirm whether the working mode of the radio is correct.
2. If you don't need complicated programming to open the E96-DTU (400SL30-485) configuration software, you can modify the relevant parameters.

## 11 Related Products

Product Number	Interface Type	Working Frequency MHz	Transmit Power dBm	Communication Distance km	Features
E95-DTU(400SL22-485)	RS485	410.125 ~ 493.125	22	5	A new generation of LoRa, rail type, RS485, E90-DTU SL series intercommunication, DC power supply
E95-DTU(400SL22-232)	RS232	410.125 ~ 493.125	22	5	A new generation of LoRa, rail type, RS232, E90-DTU SL series intercommunication, DC power supply
E95-DTU(400SL30-485)	RS485	410.125 ~ 493.125	30	10	A new generation of LoRa, rail type, RS485, E90-DTU SL series intercommunication, DC power supply
E95-DTU(400SL30-232)	RS232	410.125 ~ 493.125	30	10	A new generation of LoRa, rail type, RS232, E90-DTU SL series intercommunication, DC power supply
E95-DTU(400SL22P-485)	RS485	410.125 ~ 493.125	22	5	A new generation of LoRa, rail type, RS485, E90-DTU SL series intercommunication, high protection, DC power supply
E95-DTU(400SL22P-232)	RS232	410.125 ~ 493.125	22	5	A new generation of LoRa, rail type, RS232, E90-DTU L series intercommunication, high protection, DC power supply
E95-DTU(400SL30P-485)	RS485	410.125 ~ 493.125	30	10	A new generation of LoRa, rail type, RS485, E90-DTU SL series intercommunication, high protection, DC power supply
E95-DTU(400SL30P-232)	RS232	410.125 ~ 493.125	30	10	A new generation of LoRa, rail type, RS232, E90-DTU SL series intercommunication, high protection, DC power supply
E96-DTU(400SL22-485)	RS485	410.125 ~ 493.125	22	5	A new generation of LoRa, rail type, RS485, E90-DTU SL series intercommunication, AC power supply
E96-DTU(400SL22-485)	RS232	410.125 ~ 493.125	22	5	A new generation of LoRa, rail type, RS232, E90-DTU SL series intercommunication, AC power supply
E96-DTU(400SL30-485)	RS485	410.125 ~ 493.125	30	10	A new generation of LoRa, rail type, RS485, E90-DTU SL series



					intercommunication, AC power supply
E96-DTU(400SL30-232)	RS232	410.125 ~ 493.125	30	10	A new generation of LoRa, rail type, RS232, E90-DTU SL series intercommunication, AC power supply

## 12 Precautions for Use

1. Do not operate this radio in the vicinity of some flammable places (such as coal mines) or explosive dangerous objects(such as detonators for detonation).
2. A suitable DC stabilized power supply should be selected, which requires strong anti-high frequency interference, low ripple, and sufficient load capacity; preferably, it should also have over-current, over-voltage protection and lightning protection functions to ensure data transmission. The radio is working normally.
3. Do not use it in a working environment that exceeds the environmental characteristics of the digital radio, such a high temperature, humidity, low temperature, strong electromagnetic field or dusty environment.
4. Don't let the digital radio station continuously be in full load transmitting state, otherwise the transmitter maybe burnt out.
5. The ground wire of the digital transmission radio station should be well connected with the ground wire of the external equipment (such as PC, PLC, etc.) and the ground wire of the power supply, otherwise the communication interface maybe burnt out; do not plug or unplug the serial port with power on.
6. When testing the digital radio station, you must connect a matching antenna or a 50Ω dummy load, otherwise the transmitter will be easily damaged; if the antenna is connected, the distance between the human body and the antenna should be more than 2 meters to avoid injury. Do not touch the antenna while transmitting.
7. Wireless data transmission stations often have different communication distances in different environments. The Communication distance is often affected by temperature, humidity, obstacle density, obstacle volume, and electromagnetic environment; in order to ensure stable communication, it is recommended to reserve 50 %Or more of the communication distance margin.
8. If the measured communication distance is not ideal, it is recommended to analyze and improve the communication distance from the antenna quality and antenna installation method. You can also contact support@cdebyte.comfor help.
9. When selecting the power supply, in addition to retaining 50% of the current margin as recommended, it shoulda sob noted that its ripple should not exceed 100mV.

## 13 Important Statement

1. Ebyte reserves the right of final interpretation and modification of all contents in this manual.
2. Due to the continuous improvement of the hardware and software of the product, this manual may be changedwithoutprior notice. The latest version of the manual shall prevail.

## Revision history

Version	Date	Description	Issued by
1.0	2020-10-23	Initial version	Li
1.1	2021-02-04	Integrated SL series	ken

## About us

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