1 COMPONENTES COVARIANTES

$$\partial_{\mu} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x^{\mu}} = \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t}, \frac{\partial}{\partial x^{i}}\right)^{T} = \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t}, \frac{\partial}{\partial X_{i}}\right)^{T}$$

$$\partial^{\mu} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{\mu}} = \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t}, \frac{\partial}{\partial x_{i}}\right)^{T} = \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t}, -\frac{\partial}{\partial X_{i}}\right)^{T}$$

2 Equações de Euler-Lagrange

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x^{\mu}} \left(\frac{\mathcal{L}}{\partial \phi_{,\mu}^{r}} \right) - \frac{\mathcal{L}}{\partial \phi^{r}} = 0$$

$$\pi_{r} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{\phi}^{r}}$$

$$\mathcal{H} = \pi_r \dot{\phi}^r - \mathcal{L}$$

3 KLEIN-GORDON

$$\mathcal{L}_0^0 = \partial_\alpha \phi^\dagger \partial^\alpha \phi - \mu \phi^\dagger \phi$$