

$$\text{Energy (eV)} = \frac{12.4}{\lambda(\mu\text{m})}; \lambda = 10^{-8} \text{m}$$

$$m_n < m_p \text{ (effective mass of hole)}$$

$$n_i = N_c e^{-\frac{(E_c - E_f)}{KT}}; N_c \propto T^{3/2}$$

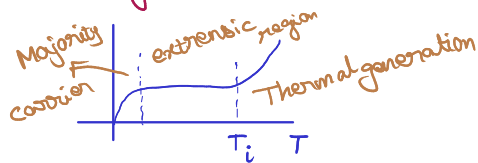
$$n_i \propto T^{3/2} e^{-E_g/2KT}$$

$$E_f = \frac{E_c + E_v}{2} - KT \ln \sqrt{\frac{N_c}{N_v}} = E_i$$

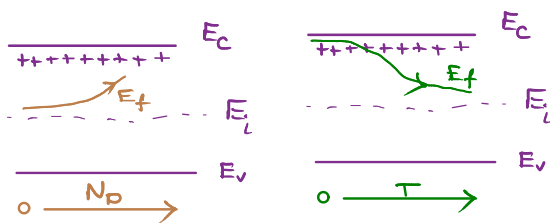
Dilation approximation:

- No interaction between impurities
- crystal structure unaffected

$$\text{Charge balance equation } N_D^+ + p_n = n_n$$



$$n_i^2 = n_n p_n$$

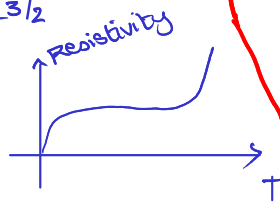
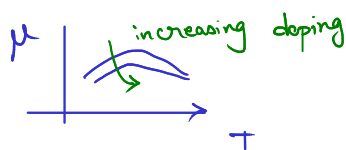


$$E_f = E_c - KT \ln \frac{N_c}{N_d} \rightarrow \text{n type}$$

$$E_f = E_v + KT \ln \frac{N_v}{N_a} \rightarrow \text{p type}$$

Mobility:  $\mu_p = \frac{2\tau_c}{2m_p}, D_p = \frac{kT\tau_{th}}{2}$

$$\frac{D}{\mu} = V_T; \mu \propto T^{3/2}$$



$$\tau_i = \tau(\mu_n + \mu_p) n_i$$

$$J_n = q n \mu_n E + q D_n \frac{dn}{dx} \rightarrow \text{current density}$$

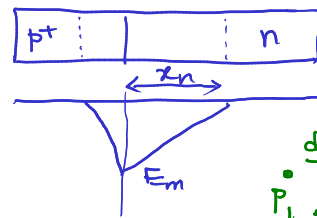
MOS capacitor:

$$V_{Dsat} = V_{GS} - V_T$$

$$g_m = \frac{dI_{Ds}}{dV_{GS}} = \frac{2I_D}{V_{GS} - V_T} \text{ (in saturation)}$$

$$r_d = \frac{dV_{DS}}{dI_{DS}}$$

PN junction diode:



$$E_m = \frac{qN_D x_n}{\epsilon}$$

$$= \frac{qN_A x_p}{\epsilon}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{2qN_{eq}\psi_0}{\epsilon}}$$

$$\psi_0 = \frac{1}{2} E_m x_d = V_T \ln \left( \frac{N_A N_D}{n_i^2} \right)$$

$$x_d = \sqrt{\frac{2\epsilon\psi_0}{qN_{eq}}}$$

$$N_{eq} = \frac{N_A N_D}{N_A + N_D}$$

$$|J_{drift}| = |J_{diffusion}| = \frac{qD_p(p_p - p_n)}{x_d} \text{ (A/cm}^2\text{)}$$

In forward bias:

$$I = I_0 (e^{V/V_T} - 1)$$

$$x_d \propto \sqrt{V_{bias}}$$

$$I_0 = A q n_i^2 \left( \frac{D_p}{N_D L_p} + \frac{D_n}{N_A L_n} \right)$$

$$I_0 \propto n_i^2$$

$I_0$  doubles for 10°C

$$\psi_0 \downarrow 2\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$$

Reverse bias:

$$I = -I_0 \text{ for } V > 3V_T$$

Small signal analysis:

$$C_{dep} = \frac{\epsilon A}{x_d}$$

$$C_{diff} = \frac{I \tau}{V_T} \text{ (F.B.)}$$

$$\tau = \frac{V_T}{I}$$

$$= 0 \text{ (R.B.)}$$

BJT:

$$\alpha = \frac{I_c}{I_E}, \beta = \frac{I_c}{I_B}$$

$W_{BT} \Rightarrow \alpha \downarrow \Rightarrow$  Base width modulation reduces amplification

$$\eta_e = \frac{V_T}{I_E} = \frac{1}{g_m}$$