## LINEAR ALGEBRA (MA20105)

Problems Sheet:

Notation:  $\mathbb{F} = (\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{C})$  will always denote a field and  $\mathbb{F}^n := \mathbb{F} \times \cdots \times \mathbb{F}$  (n times).  $\mathbb{R}$  will denote the field of real numbers  $\mathbb{C}$  will denote the field of complex numbers

## Eigen values, Eigen vectors, characteristic polynomial, diagonalization

1. Find the eigen values and eigen vectors of A thinking A as a matrix from  $\mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$ , also calculate the same while thinking them as a map from  $\mathbb{C}^2 \to \mathbb{C}^2$ .

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- 2. Let  $\mathbb{F}^n$  be a *n*-dimensional vector space over the field F. What is the characteristic polynomial for Identity map and zero map on  $\mathbb{F}^n$ .
- 3. Let A be an  $n \times n$  triangular matrix over the field  $\mathbb{F}$ . Prove that the eigen values of A are the diagonal entries of  $\mathbb{F}$ .
- 4. Let T be a linear map on  $\mathbb{R}^3$  which is represented in the standard ordered basis by the matrix A=

$$\begin{bmatrix} -9 & 4 & 4 \\ -8 & 3 & 4 \\ -16 & 8 & 7 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Prove that A is diagonalizable by exhibiting a basis for  $\mathbb{R}^3$ , each of vector of which is a eigen vector of A.

5. Let A =

$$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & -3 & -2 \\ 4 & -1 & -2 \\ 10 & -5 & -3 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Is A similar over  $\mathbb{R}$  to a diagonal matrix? Is A similar over  $\mathbb{C}$  to a diagonal matrix?