

LINEAR ALGEBRA (MA20105)

Problems Sheet-3:

Notation: \mathbb{R} will always denote the field of real numbers and $\mathbb{R}^n := \mathbb{R} \times \cdots \times \mathbb{R}$ (n times).

Problems related to Linear maps/transformations:

1. Which of the following maps/functions $T : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ are linear map?
 - (i) $T(x_1, x_2) = (1 + x_1, x_2)$;
 - (ii) $T(x_1, x_2) = (x_2, x_1)$;
 - (iii) $T(x_1, x_2) = (x_1^2, x_2)$;
 - (iv) $T(x_1, x_2) = (\sin x_1, x_2)$;
 - (v) $T(x_1, x_2) = (x_1 - x_2, 0)$.
2. Find the range, rank, null space and nullity for the zero map and the identity map on a finite dimensional vector space V .
3. Describe the range and the null space for the differentiation map which is discussed in the class.
4. Describe explicitly (as in Exercise 1.) the linear map $T : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ such that $T(e_1) = (a, b)$ and $T(e_2) = (c, d)$.
5. Let V be the vector space of all $n \times n$ matrices over the field F , and let B be a fixed $n \times n$ matrix. If $T(A) = AB - BA$, then check that T is a linear map from V into V .