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Course	Advanced Data Visualization

Experiment 4

Aim	<p>Create basic charts using R programming language on dataset Crime or Police / Law and Order</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Basic - Bar chart, Pie chart, Histogram, Time line chart, Scatter plot, Bubble plot 2. Write observations from each chart
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1. Importing Libraries

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
```

2. Loading Dataset

```
In [2]: df = pd.read_csv('../Datasets/crime.csv', encoding='ISO-8859-1')
df.head()
```

```
Out[2]:
```

	incident_id	offense_id	offense_code	offense_code_extension	offense_type_id	
0	202268791	202268791299900	2999	0	criminal-mischief-other	
1	2021387586	2021387586299900	2999	0	criminal-mischief-other	
2	2020641486	2020641486299900	2999	0	criminal-mischief-other	
3	2018612468	2018612468299900	2999	0	criminal-mischief-other	
4	2020293614	2020293614299900	2999	0	criminal-mischief-other	

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3. Data Preprocessing

```
In [6]: df.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[6]: incident_id      0
        offense_id      0
        offense_code     0
        offense_type_id  0
        offense_category_id 0
        first_occurrence_date 0
        reported_date     0
        incident_address  0
        geo_x             0
        geo_y             0
        district_id       0
        neighborhood_id   0
        is_crime          0
        is_traffic        0
        victim_count      0
        dtype: int64
```

```
In [4]: # drop columns: offense_code_extension, last_occurrence_date, geo_lon, geo_lat, pre
df.drop(['offense_code_extension', 'last_occurrence_date', 'geo_lon', 'geo_lat', 'pre

# drop rows with missing values
df.dropna(inplace=True)
```

```
In [5]: print(df.shape)
df.head()
```

(370666, 15)

```
Out[5]:
```

	incident_id	offense_id	offense_code	offense_type_id	offense_category_id	first
0	202268791	202268791299900	2999	criminal-mischief-other	public-disorder	2/10
1	2021387586	2021387586299900	2999	criminal-mischief-other	public-disorder	7/7
2	2020641486	2020641486299900	2999	criminal-mischief-other	public-disorder	1
3	2018612468	2018612468299900	2999	criminal-mischief-other	public-disorder	9/6
4	2020293614	2020293614299900	2999	criminal-mischief-other	public-disorder	5/8

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```
In [10]: # Save the file with UTF-8 encoding
df.to_csv("../Datasets/crime_cleaned.csv", encoding="utf-8", index=False)
```

4. R Plots

Following plots are created using R:

- **Bar Plot** - To show the Number of crimes per offense category

- **Pie Chart** - To show the distribution of crimes in the dataset
- **Histogram** - To show the victims count by year
- **Scatter Plot** - To show the no. of crimes by neighborhood
- **Bubble Plot** - To show the no. of victims by crime type
- **Timeline Plot** - To show the no. of crimes by year and month

All plots can be found in the Plots Directory.

5. Conclusion

In this experiment, I learned how to create different types of plots using R. I have created 6 different plots to visualize the dataset using the ggplot2 library in R. I also used the lubridate library to work with dates. I have created a bar plot, pie chart, histogram, scatter plot, bubble plot, and timeline plot. These plots help us to understand the dataset better and find insights from it.