

Using the Chickens and Eggs Model to conduct sensitivity analysis in Python

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Install the packages

```
In [ ]: !pip install pysd
!pip install netCDF4
```

Load the libraries

```
In [28]: import os
import pysd
import itertools
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Set the working directory

```
In [29]: os.chdir("C:/Users/rss188/Desktop/Chicken model/SFD chicken model")
os.getcwd()
```

```
Out[29]: 'C:\\Users\\rss188\\Desktop\\Chicken model\\SFD chicken model'
```

Read the original model and print the results

```
In [30]: model= pysd.read_vensim("C:/Users/rss188/Desktop/Chicken model/SFD chicken model/SFD chicken model V2.mdl")

results = model.run()

print(results.head())
print(results.tail())
```

	FINAL TIME	INITIAL TIME	SAVEPER	TIME STEP	Births	Chickens \
0	50	0	1	1	200.0	1000.0
1	50	0	1	1	200.0	1000.0
2	50	0	1	1	200.0	1000.0
3	50	0	1	1	200.0	1000.0
4	50	0	1	1	200.0	1000.0

	Cross roading	Death risk	Deaths	Egg production	Eggs \
0	1.0	0.2	200.0	200.0	1000.0
1	1.0	0.2	200.0	200.0	1000.0
2	1.0	0.2	200.0	200.0	1000.0
3	1.0	0.2	200.0	200.0	1000.0
4	1.0	0.2	200.0	200.0	1000.0

	Fertility effect	Incubation time	Initial chicken population \
0	0.2	5	1000
1	0.2	5	1000
2	0.2	5	1000
3	0.2	5	1000
4	0.2	5	1000

	Initial number of eggs	Max chicken capacity	Normal death risk \
0	1000	1000	0.2
1	1000	1000	0.2
2	1000	1000	0.2
3	1000	1000	0.2
4	1000	1000	0.2

	Normal fertility rate	Stress
0	0.2	1.0
1	0.2	1.0
2	0.2	1.0
3	0.2	1.0
4	0.2	1.0

	FINAL TIME	INITIAL TIME	SAVEPER	TIME STEP	Births	Chickens \
46	50	0	1	1	200.0	1000.0
47	50	0	1	1	200.0	1000.0
48	50	0	1	1	200.0	1000.0
49	50	0	1	1	200.0	1000.0
50	50	0	1	1	200.0	1000.0

	Cross roading	Death risk	Deaths	Egg production	Eggs \
46	1.0	0.2	200.0	200.0	1000.0
47	1.0	0.2	200.0	200.0	1000.0
48	1.0	0.2	200.0	200.0	1000.0
49	1.0	0.2	200.0	200.0	1000.0
50	1.0	0.2	200.0	200.0	1000.0

	Fertility effect	Incubation time	Initial chicken population \
46	0.2	5	1000
47	0.2	5	1000
48	0.2	5	1000
49	0.2	5	1000
50	0.2	5	1000

	Initial number of eggs	Max chicken capacity	Normal death risk \
46	1000	1000	0.2
47	1000	1000	0.2
48	1000	1000	0.2
49	1000	1000	0.2
50	1000	1000	0.2

	Normal fertility rate	Stress
46	0.2	1.0
47	0.2	1.0
48	0.2	1.0
49	0.2	1.0
50	0.2	1.0

Set new conditions and print the results

```
In [31]: model= pysd.read_vensim("C:/Users/rss188/Desktop/Chicken model/SFD chicken model/SFD chicken model V2.mdl")

params = {'Normal fertility rate': 0.3, 'Normal death risk': 0.2}
return_columns = ['Eggs', 'Chickens', 'Egg production', 'Births', 'Deaths']
return_timestamps = range(51)

results = model.run(params=params, return_columns=return_columns, return_timestamps=return_timestamps, initial_

print(results.head())
print(results.tail())
```

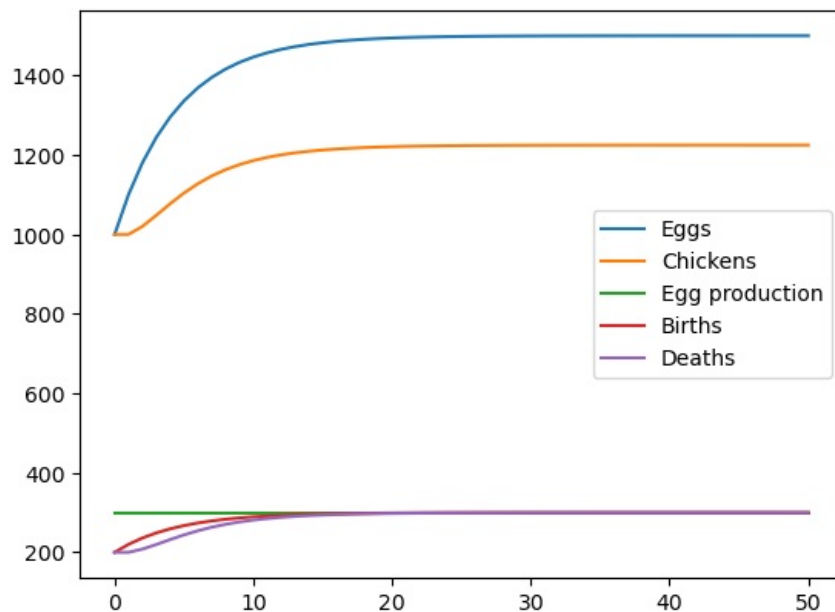
	Eggs	Chickens	Egg production	Births	Deaths
0	1000.0	1000.000000	300.0	200.00	200.000000
1	1100.0	1000.000000	300.0	220.00	200.000000
2	1180.0	1020.000000	300.0	236.00	208.080000
3	1244.0	1047.920000	300.0	248.80	219.627265
4	1295.2	1077.092735	300.0	259.04	232.025752

	Eggs	Chickens	Egg production	Births	Deaths
46	1499.982578	1224.732851	300.0	299.996516	299.994111
47	1499.986062	1224.735255	300.0	299.997212	299.995289
48	1499.988850	1224.737179	300.0	299.997770	299.996231
49	1499.991080	1224.738717	300.0	299.998216	299.996985
50	1499.992864	1224.739948	300.0	299.998573	299.997588

Plot the results from the new conditions

```
In [32]: results.plot()
```

```
Out[32]: <Axes: >
```



First sensitivity analysis (Normal fertility rate)

```
In [33]: Fertility_Rate_Values = np.linspace(start=0.2, stop=1, num=5)

results = pd.DataFrame()

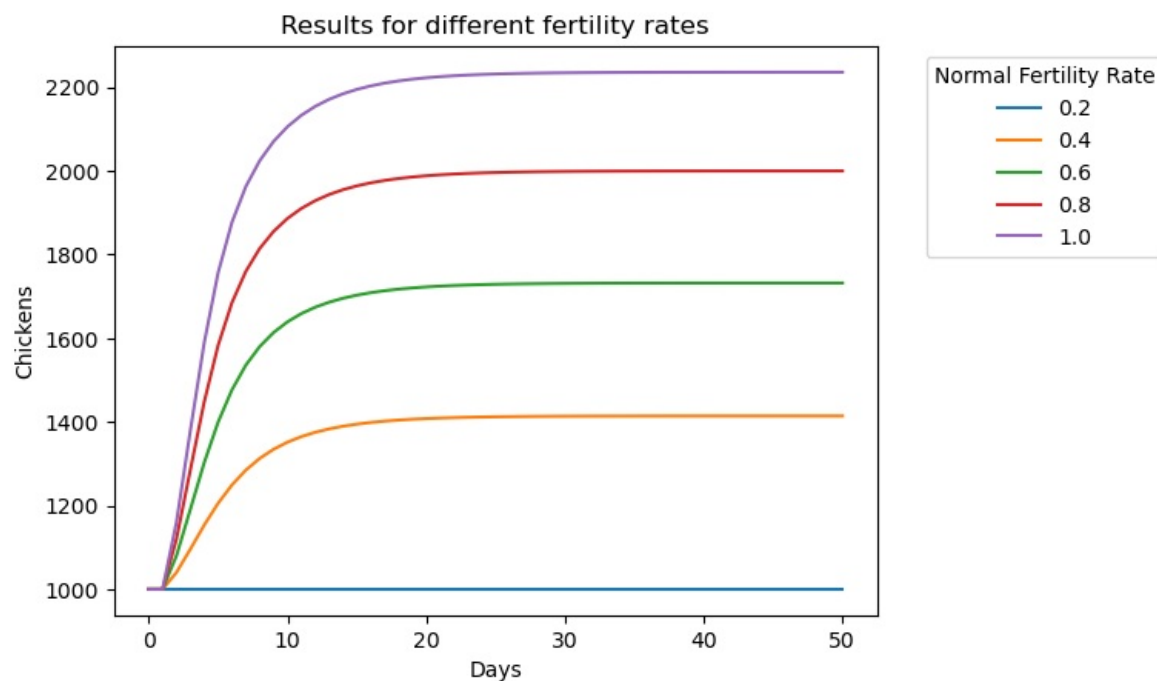
for rate in Fertility_Rate_Values:
    single_run_result = model.run(params={'Normal Fertility Rate': rate})
    results[str(round(rate, 2))] = single_run_result['Chickens']

print(results.head())
```

	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.8	1.0
0	1000.0	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000.000000
1	1000.0	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000.000000
2	1000.0	1040.000000	1080.000000	1120.000000	1160.000000
3	1000.0	1095.680000	1190.720000	1285.120000	1378.880000
4	1000.0	1153.177068	1302.357176	1447.613317	1589.017989

Plot the results from the first sensitivity analysis

```
In [34]: results.plot()
plt.xlabel('Days')
plt.ylabel('Chickens')
plt.title('Results for different fertility rates')
plt.legend(title='Normal Fertility Rate', bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1), loc='upper left')
plt.show()
```



Second sensitivy analysis (Normal fertility rate and Normal death risk)

```
In [35]: Fertility_Rate_Values = np.linspace(start=0.02, stop=1, num=5)
Death_Risk_Values = np.linspace(start=0.02, stop=1, num=5)

parameter_combinations = list(itertools.product(Fertility_Rate_Values, Death_Risk_Values))

results_list = []
run_number = 1 # Initialize run number

for Fertility_Rate, Death_Risk in parameter_combinations:

    single_run_result = model.run(params={'Normal Fertility Rate': Fertility_Rate, 'Normal Death Risk': Death_Risk})

    # Store only necessary data with run number

    results_list.append({
        'Run Number': f'Run {run_number}',
        'Normal Fertility Rate': Fertility_Rate,
        'Normal Death Risk': Death_Risk,
        'Eggs': single_run_result['Eggs'],
        'Chickens': single_run_result['Chickens']
    })

    run_number += 1 # Increment run number for each iteration
    del single_run_result #delete variables that are no longer needed to free up memory

results = pd.DataFrame(results_list)

csv_file_path = r'C:/Users/rss188/Desktop/Chicken model/SFD chicken model/model_results.csv'
results.to_csv(csv_file_path, index=False)

print(results.head())
```

	Run Number	Normal Fertility Rate	Normal Death Risk \
0	Run 1	0.02	0.020
1	Run 2	0.02	0.265
2	Run 3	0.02	0.510
3	Run 4	0.02	0.755
4	Run 5	0.02	1.000

Eggs \

0	0	1000.000000
1		820.000000
2		676...
1	0	1000.000000
1		820.000000
2		676...
2	0	1000.000000
1		820.000000
2		676...
3	0	1000.000000
1		820.000000
2		676...
4	0	1000.000000
1		820.000000
2		676...

Chickens

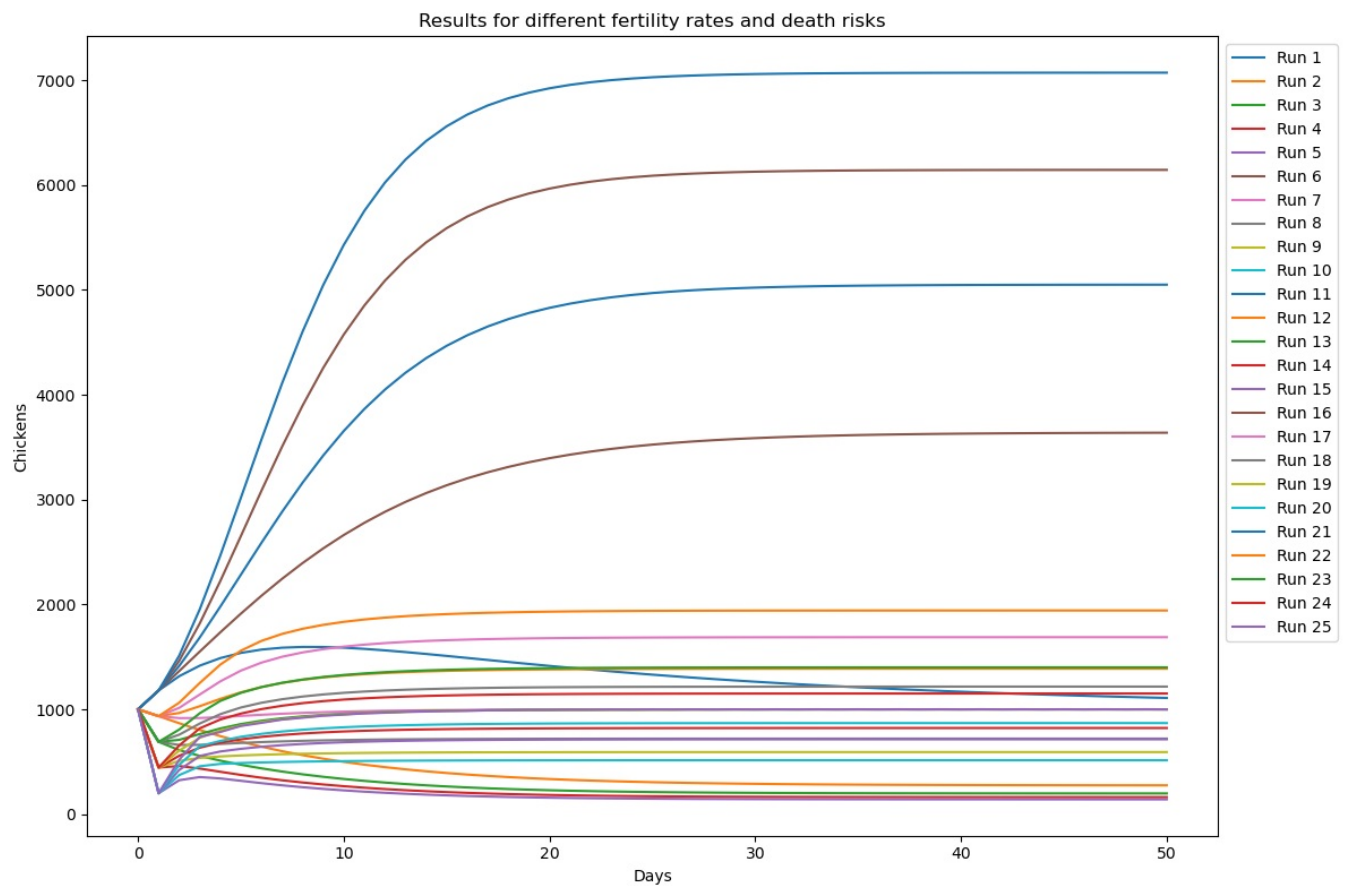
0	0	1000.000000
1		1180.000000
2		1316...
1	0	1000.000000
1		935.000000
2		867...
2	0	1000.000000
1		690.000000
2		611...
3	0	1000.000000
1		445.000000
2		459...
4	0	1000.000000
1		200.000000
2		324...

Plot the results from the second sensitivity analysis

```
In [36]: plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))

for index, row in results.iterrows():
    plt.plot(row['Chickens'], label=row['Run Number'])

plt.xlabel('Days')
plt.ylabel('Chickens')
plt.title('Results for different fertility rates and death risks')
plt.legend(loc='upper left', bbox_to_anchor=(1, 1))
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



Third sensitivy analysis (Normal fertility rate, Normal death risk, Max chicken capacity)

```
In [37]: Fertility_Rate_Values = np.linspace(start=0.02, stop=1, num=5)
Death_Risk_Values = np.linspace(start=0.02, stop=1, num=5)
Chicken_Capacity_Values = np.linspace(start=1000, stop=2000, num=5)

parameter_combinations = list(itertools.product(Fertility_Rate_Values, Death_Risk_Values, Chicken_Capacity_Valu

results_list = []
run_number = 1 # Initialize run number

for Fertility_Rate, Death_Risk, Chicken_Capacity in parameter_combinations:

    single_run_result = model.run(params={'Normal Fertility Rate': Fertility_Rate, 'Normal Death Risk': Death_R

    # Store only necessary data with run number

    results_list.append({
        'Run Number': f'Run {run_number}',
        'Normal Fertility Rate': Fertility_Rate,
        'Normal Death Risk': Death_Risk,
        'Max chicken capacity': Chicken_Capacity,
        'Eggs': single_run_result['Eggs'],
        'Chickens': single_run_result['Chickens']
    })

    run_number += 1 # Increment run number for each iteration
    del single_run_result #delete variables that are no longer needed to free up memory

results = pd.DataFrame(results_list)

csv_file_path = r'C:/Users/rss188/Desktop/Chicken model/SFD chicken model/model_results.csv'
results.to_csv(csv_file_path, index=False)

print(results.head())
```

	Run Number	Normal Fertility Rate	Normal Death Risk	Max chicken capacity \
0	Run 1	0.02	0.02	1000.0
1	Run 2	0.02	0.02	1250.0
2	Run 3	0.02	0.02	1500.0
3	Run 4	0.02	0.02	1750.0
4	Run 5	0.02	0.02	2000.0

Eggs \

0	0	1000.000000
1		820.000000
2		676...
1	0	1000.000000
1		825.000000
2		685...
2	0	1000.000000
1		830.000000
2		694...
3	0	1000.000000
1		835.000000
2		703...
4	0	1000.000000
1		840.000000
2		712...

Chickens

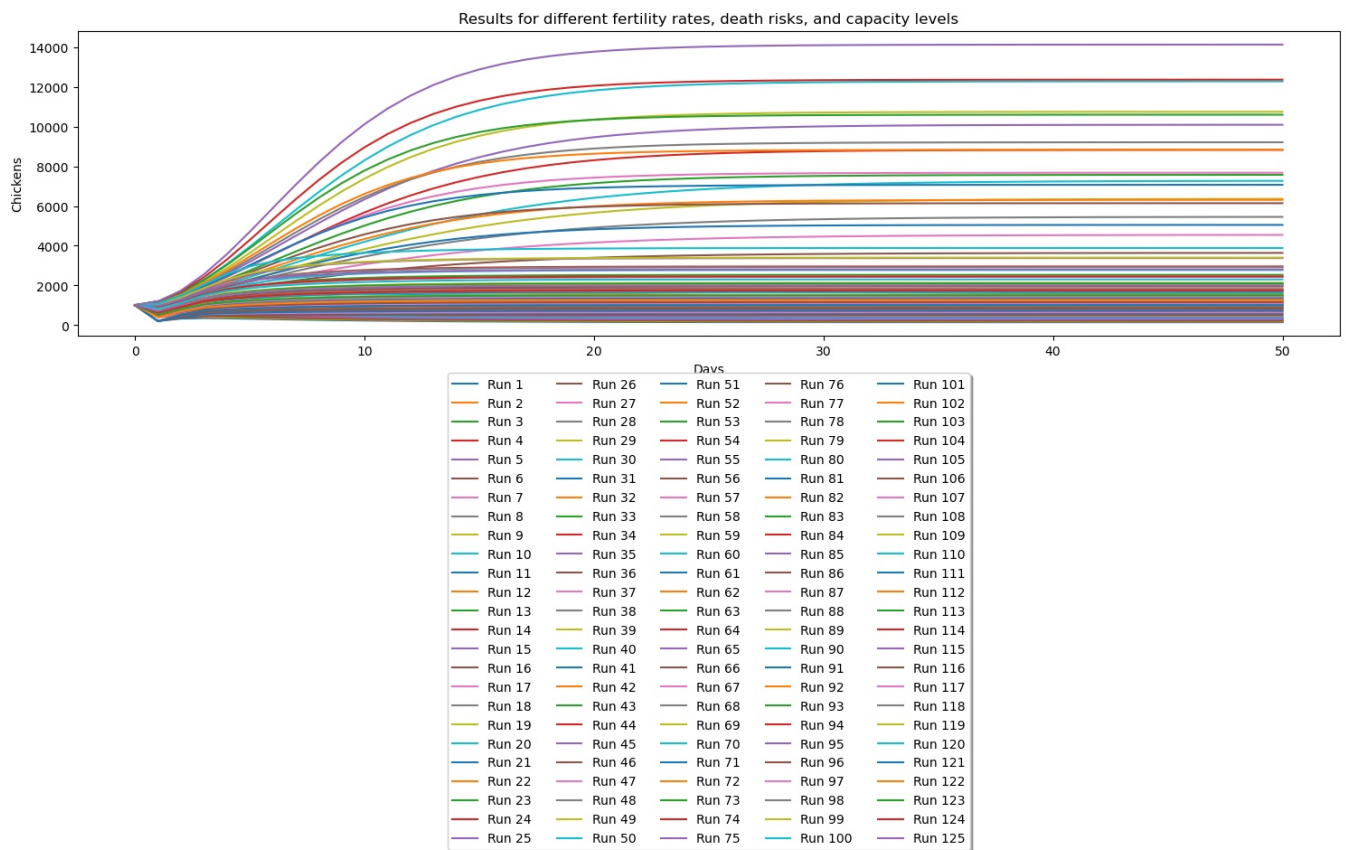
0	0	1000.000000
1		1180.000000
2		1316...
1	0	1000.000000
1		1184.000000
2		1326...
2	0	1000.000000
1		1186.666667
2		1333...
3	0	1000.000000
1		1188.571429
2		1339...
4	0	1000.000000
1		1190.000000
2		1343...

Plot the results from the third sensitivity analysis

```
In [38]: plt.figure(figsize=(15, 10))

for index, row in results.iterrows():
    plt.plot(row['Chickens'], label=row['Run Number'])

plt.xlabel('Days')
plt.ylabel('Chickens')
plt.title('Results for different fertility rates, death risks, and capacity levels')
plt.legend(loc='upper center', bbox_to_anchor=(0.5, -0.1), fancybox=True, shadow=True, ncol=5)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



Fourth sensitiv analysis (Normal fertility rate, Normal death risk, Max chicken capacity, Initial number of eggs, Initial number of chickens)

```
In [39]: Fertility_Rate_Values = np.linspace(start=0.02, stop=1, num=3)
Death_Risk_Values = np.linspace(start=0.02, stop=1, num=3)
Chicken_Capacity_Values= np.linspace(start=1000, stop=2000, num=3)
Initial_Eggs_Values= np.linspace(start=500, stop=1100, num=3)
Initial_Chickens_Values= np.linspace(start=500, stop=1100, num=3)

parameter_combinations = list(itertools.product(Fertility_Rate_Values, Death_Risk_Values, Chicken_Capacity_Valu

results_list = []
run_number = 1 # Initialize run number

for Fertility_Rate, Death_Risk, Chicken_Capacity, Initial_Eggs, Initial_Chickens in parameter_combinations:

    single_run_result = model.run(params={'Normal Fertility Rate': Fertility_Rate, 'Normal Death Risk': Death_R

    # Store only necessary data with run number

    results_list.append({
        'Run Number': f'Run {run_number}',
        'Normal Fertility Rate': Fertility_Rate,
        'Normal Death Risk': Death_Risk,
        'Max chicken capacity': Chicken_Capacity,
        'Initial number of eggs': Initial_Eggs,
        'Initial chicken population': Initial_Chickens,
        'Eggs': single_run_result['Eggs'],
        'Chickens': single_run_result['Chickens']
    })

    run_number += 1 # Increment run number for each iteration
    del single_run_result #delete variables that are no longer needed to free up memory

results = pd.DataFrame(results_list)

csv_file_path = r'C:/Users/rss188/Desktop/Chicken model/SFD chicken model/model_results.csv'
results.to_csv(csv_file_path, index=False)

print(results.head())
```


	Run Number	Normal Fertility Rate	Normal Death Risk	Max chicken capacity \
0	Run 1	0.02	0.02	1000.0
1	Run 2	0.02	0.02	1000.0
2	Run 3	0.02	0.02	1000.0
3	Run 4	0.02	0.02	1000.0
4	Run 5	0.02	0.02	1000.0

	Initial number of eggs	Initial chicken population \
0	500.0	500.0
1	500.0	800.0
2	500.0	1100.0
3	800.0	500.0
4	800.0	800.0

	Eggs \
0 0	500.000000
1	420.000000
2	356.00...
1 0	500.000000
1	420.000000
2	356.00...
2 0	500.000000
1	420.000000
2	356.00...
3 0	800.000000
1	660.000000
2	548.00...
4 0	800.000000
1	660.000000
2	548.00...

	Chickens
0 0	500.000000
1	595.000000
2	671.91...
1 0	800.000000
1	887.200000
2	955...
2 0	1100.000000
1	1175.800000
2	1232...
3 0	500.000000
1	655.000000
2	778...
4 0	800.000000
1	947.200000
2	1061...

Plot the results from the fourth sensitivity analysis

```
In [40]: plt.figure(figsize=(15, 10))

for index, row in results.iterrows():
    plt.plot(row['Chickens'], label=row['Run Number'])

plt.xlabel('Days')
plt.ylabel('Chickens')
plt.title('Results for different fertility rates, death risks, capacity levels, and initial population values')
plt.legend(loc='upper center', bbox_to_anchor=(0.5, -0.1), fancybox=True, shadow=True, ncol=5)
plt.show()
```

Results for different fertility rates, death risks, capacity levels, and initial population values

