Lesson Plan – How Do You Rest?

An accessible lesson about and visit to the "Rest Is Power" exhibition2

Developed by: Rachel Stein

Date: December 2023

Subject: English Language Arts

Grade level: Sixth

School: Reasonably close to Manhattan's Bowery neighborhood, where the gallery is located

Locations:

1. Pre-visit: school classroom

2. <u>Visit</u>: on-site at NYU's Center for Black Visual Culture's gallery, <u>20 Cooper Sq, New York, NY</u>

3. <u>Post-visit</u>: school classroom (split over two days)

Outcomes

Students will

- Practice observation, using descriptive language, and (to a lesser extent) building visual literacy.
- Think about the importance of rest and at least one form of it in their lives.
- Recognize that rest is an act of resistance for Black people.

Materials

<u>Note</u>: Add student-specific assistive technology where appropriate. For example, a student whose IEP states they can use a computer to type instead of writing something out by hand.

Pre-Visit Materials

- LCD projector and teacher laptop
- Lemons (or similar fruit used for the activity)

¹ A social narrative and sensory guide for this one small room (especially one with little of sensory note), likely adds little value, but I want to introduce the concepts and so included templates from the "Sensory Resources Guide For Museum" by NYU's Ability Project.

² Curated by the Center for Black Visual Culture at NYU. It focuses on how Black people's "rest is resistance." It ran from September to October 2023. In this imagined lesson plan, the exhibition is current.

- Printouts
 - Customized <u>Social Narrative Template</u> · <u>Resources Guide For Museums</u>
 - o "How Rest Is An Act Of Resistance For Black People" (Wilson, 2023)

Visit Materials

- Printed Handouts
 - udl-rest-worksheet.pdf
 - Customized Sensory Guide Template · Sensory Resources Guide For Museums
- Clipboards
- Writing implements

Post-Visit Materials

- Student laptops
- Visual component of <u>assessment</u>, if applicable.

Technology

Check all that apply.

Teacher laptop SMART Board LCD projector		Digital camera Document camera Digital microscope	Any assistive technology used by specific students. If applicable. Examples:	
SMART Senteos (class set)		Video camera	✓	iPod or mp3 player(s) FM system
Computers		Scanner		
iPad or tablet	\checkmark	Colour printer		
Webcam		Calculators		

Note: The documents passed Grackle's accessibility audit.

Prior Learning Connections

 "Where I'm From" poems – due to this assignment, students will already be familiar with using descriptive language, discussing personal topics like family, and sharing respectful feedback on other students' work.

Differentiation and Accommodations

This lesson plan is intended to be reasonably widely accessible; however, it assumes that specific accommodations will be made on a case-by-case basis.

English writing skills

- The <u>Assessment</u> intentionally allows a wide range of English writing skill levels. For
 example, it is not prescriptive about vocabulary or even minimum length. Students can
 choose their format (e.g., paragraphs, drawings, etc.) for the second of the two parts.
- Students will spend most of their time at the gallery working independently. If they finish the activity quickly, then they can select another artwork.
- As currently written, this lesson plan does not make specific accommodations for students with <u>emerging English multilingualism</u>. The assignment could be written in any language, but the class discussion and sharing activities would likely need person-specific accommodations for students early in their English language acquisition.

Written word

 The site visit worksheet includes the teacher's example for students who want to refer back to it. While this helps anyone who wants it, it especially aids students with extra needs, such as those with limited hearing or shorter-term memory.

Students with limited sight³

Depending on the student's level of sight and comfort, it might make sense to go through
the exhibition catalog beforehand with the student to select an artwork whose description
resonates with them. During the gallery visit, that student and a sighted student could
work together. If this occurs, and the two students are willing, they should share their
descriptions and experiences crafting it with the class!

Students with limited mobility

- If the student's level of mobility makes it difficult for them to study an artwork in its current configuration, the artist and gallery might allow the student to use a high-quality printout of the work's photo during the lesson.
- The gallery appeared wheelchair accessible.

Neurodivergent students

³ While not applicable for this visit, <u>swell</u> printing seems like an intriguing way to potentially interact with two-dimensional art, especially as three-dimensional printing continues to be more widely accessible. The Guggenheim Museum's <u>Mind's Eye Programs</u> have previously used it.

- Combating Sensory Overload: How Zoos and Museums Are Redefining Inclusion (Cleaver, 2022)
- If applicable, get the gallery's permission before bringing Magic Model clay or similar fidget tools.

Special Concerns

(Classroom management items, medication information, etc.)

• Allergies: Do not use food students are allergic to in the "lemon identification activity."

Assessment

Formative Assessment

The teacher will monitor, without grading, student learning throughout their participation (both verbal and non-verbal). During the independent work time at the gallery, the teacher will circulate.

Summative Assessment

See the "Assignment Details" section of udl-rest-worksheet.pdf.

Procedure

See UDL Guidelines.

Pre-Visit

In-class (45 minutes)

Part one: "Rest Is Power" Social Narrative and an introduction to tomorrow's plan. (5 minutes)

• The larger the site, the more critical we talk through the visit beforehand.

Part two: Lemon identification activity "When Life Hands You a Lemon, Peel It" (15 minutes)

The activity encourages students to look closely at objects and describe what they see. It
further allows students to explore through touch and sight, allowing them to participate in
learning beyond verbal discussion. As stated in the activity description, this activity also

reminds students that "despite outside differences, people are often similar on the inside."

 To simplify and streamline the activity, it may be worthwhile to pass out two or three different types of fruit.

Part three: Read and discuss the Huffington Post article "How Rest Is An Act Of Resistance For Black People" (Wilson, 2023) (25 minutes)

- Rationale: This article is more approachable to sixth graders than the "Curatorial Statement" in the <u>exhibition catalog</u> (p. 6) or the <u>Nap Ministry</u> website. The seven different kinds of rest listed are also helpful for preparing for our visit.
- Note on activity ordering: Students will do the lemon identification activity before this
 because (1) it will allow the students to move around and be silly before needing to be
 serious, and (2) the class will end on this topic, making it easier for students who wish to
 continue to think about and discuss the article do so.

Visit

On-site (60 minutes)

See udl-rest-worksheet.pdf.

Post-Visit

Part one: On the day after the visit, the class will spend the first part of class reflecting on the visit (5–15 minutes).

Part two: On the day the summative assessment is due, students will spend most of the class period sharing their work in small groups.

Acknowledgments

Naturally, this course, Professor <u>Newhouse</u>'s <u>Foundations of Curriculum for Diverse Learners</u>, primarily shaped and informed this lesson plan—not least her lesson plan template. I also want to thank her for providing detailed feedback, which I aimed to incorporate into my post-course revisions.

This lesson was also inspired and informed by Professor Ko's Museum Education
course—and, to a lesser extent, Professor Leou's Using Non-formal Resources to Teach
Science and Sustainability course.

Additional Notes

- <u>UDL How Do You Rest · gSlides</u> also contains general additional advice for class field trips to locations like museums.
- The <u>Guggenheim for All</u> initiative is great for learning more about museum accessibility.

Social Narrative

- Note on terminology: <u>Social Stories and Social Narratives</u>
- "Steps for Implementation: Social Narratives" by the National Professional Development Center on Autism Spectrum Disorders
- Examples: the Met's for <u>families with children with autism</u>; the photo above is from this guide. Also, see <u>related Met visitor resources</u>.

Verbal description

- o <u>Verbal Description Training · Art Beyond Sight</u> Museum Education Institute
- Guide to (one way) to write one–note: this is intended for websites, and so has a
 different use case than the others: <u>A Picture Is Worth 300 Words: Writing Visual
 Descriptions for an Art Museum Web Site · Karlen Communications</u>
- Examples: <u>Verbal Descriptions · MoMA</u>