

AI chatbots with shinychat (R) :: CHEAT SHEET



1. Set up the chatbot UI

Create a **chat UI element** with `chat_ui()`.

3. Handle communication between the user and chatbot

Set up a **reactive listener** that waits for the user to submit a message.

Submit input to the chatbot and **return** asynchronously streaming results.

Append the response to the UI element so the user can see the model's reply.

Create a basic chatbot

```
# app.R
library(shiny)
library(shinychat)

ui <- bslib::page_fluid(
  chat_ui("chat")
)

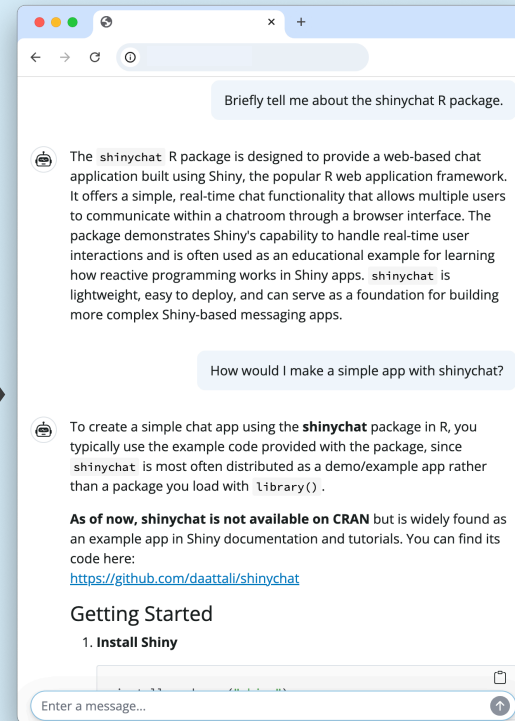
server <- function(input, output, session) {
  chat <- ellmer::chat_openai()

  observeEvent(input$chat_user_input, {
    stream <- chat$stream_async(input$chat_user_input)
    chat_append("chat", stream)
  })
}

shinyApp(ui, server)
```

2. Create a chat

Initialize a **chat** with a `chat_*()` function, like `chat_openai()`.



Save and restore chat state

Bookmark the chat state so the user can return to the conversation if they reload the app.

```
server <- function(input, output, session) {
  chat_client <- ellmer::chat_anthropic()
  chat_restore("chat", chat_client)
  # rest of server function ...
}

shinyApp(ui, server, enableBookmarking = "url")
```

Update the user input

Programmatically update the content in the user-input box and optionally submit it.

```
observeEvent(input$update_value, {
  update_chat_user_input(
    "chat",
    value = "New input"
  )
})
```

To update the placeholder text, use the `placeholder` argument.

To submit the input, use `submit = TRUE`.

Setup

CHOOSE A MODEL PROVIDER

Initialize a chat and specify a model provider with an `ellmer::chat_*` function.

Anthropic Claude: `chat_anthropic()`
AWS Bedrock: `chat_aws_bedrock()`
Azure OpenAI: `chat_azure_openai()`
Databricks: `chat_databricks()`
DeepSeek: `chat_deepseek()`
Google Gemini: `chat_google_gemini()`
Groq: `chat_groq()`
Hugging Face: `chat_huggingface()`
Ollama: `chat_ollama()`
OpenAI: `chat_openai()`
perplexity.ai: `chat_perplexity()`

Use the model argument to specify a model.
e.g.,

```
chat_openai(
  model = "o3"
)
```

Visit <https://ellmer.tidyverse.org/#providers> to see all available providers.

SPECIFY CREDENTIALS

Authenticate with your LLM provider. Many providers require an API key, which you can specify in your **.Renviron** file.

```
##.Renviron
OPENAI_API_KEY=your-key-123
ANTHROPIC_API_KEY=your-key-456
GOOGLE_API_KEY=your-key-789
```

Open .Renviron with `usethis::edit_r_environ()`.

Prompts and messages

ADD A SYSTEM PROMPT

Use a system prompt to tell the chatbot how you'd like it to behave.

```
# prompt.md
You are a helpful assistant who
answers questions briefly...
```

Specify a system prompt using the `system_prompt` argument.

```
chat_*(system_prompt = readLines("prompt.md"))
```

ADD STARTUP MESSAGES AND SUGGESTIONS

Add startup messages or suggestions to the conversation.

```
chat_ui(id = "chat", messages = "**Hello!** How can I help?")
```

Use messages to supply messages that will appear when the chat starts.

Hello! How can I help?

```
chat_ui(
  id = "chat",
  messages = '<span class="suggestion submit">Tell me a joke</span>'
)
```

Use the suggestion and submit CSS classes to suggest inputs to the user and make them clickable.

Tell me a joke

Layouts

CHOOSE A LAYOUT FOR YOUR CHATBOT

Use functions from the `bslib` package to create a layout for your chatbot app.

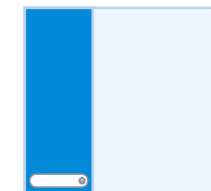
SCREEN-FILLING LAYOUT



```
ui <- page_fillable(
  chat_ui("chat"),
  fillable_mobile = TRUE
)
```

Chat fills the page.

SIDEBAR LAYOUT



```
ui <- page_sidebar(
  sidebar = sidebar(
    chat_ui("chat", height = "100%"),
    style = "height: 100%;"
  ),
  fillable = TRUE
)
```

Chat fills the sidebar.

CARD LAYOUT



```
ui <- page_fillable(
  card(
    chat_ui(id = "chat")
  ),
  fillable_mobile = TRUE
)
```

Chat appears inside a card.

AI chatbots with shinychat (**Python**) :: CHEAT SHEET



1. Set up the chatbot UI

Create and display the **chat interface**.

3. Handle communication between the user and chatbot

Define a callback that runs **when the user submits a message**.

Submit input to the chatbot and **return** asynchronously streaming results.

Append the response to the UI element so the user can see the model's reply.

Create a basic chatbot

```
# app.py
from chatlas import ChatOpenAI
from shiny.express import ui

chat = ui.Chat(id="my_chat")
chat.ui()

chat_client = ChatOpenAI()

@chat.on_user_submit
async def handle_user_input(user_input: str):
    response = await chat_client.stream_async(
        user_input
    )
    await chat.append_message_stream(
        response
    )
```

This cheatsheet uses **Shiny Express**. To see examples for Shiny Core, see <https://shiny.posit.co/py/docs/genai-chatbots.html>.

2. Create a chat

Initialize a **Chat client** with a `Chat*`() function like `ChatOpenAI()`.



Save and restore chat state

Bookmark the chat state so the user can return to the conversation if they reload the app.

```
chat_client = ChatOpenAI()
chat = ui.Chat(id="chat")

chat.enable_bookmarking(
    chat_client,
    bookmark_store="url", # or "server"
    bookmark_on="response", # or None
)
```

Update the user input

Programmatically update the content in the user-input box and optionally submit it.

```
@reactive.effect
@reactive.event(input.update_value)
def _():
    chat.update_user_input(
        value="New input"
    )
```

To update the placeholder text, use the `placeholder` parameter.

To submit the input, use `submit=True`.

Setup

CHOOSE A MODEL PROVIDER

Initialize a chat and specify a model provider with a `chatlas` function.

Anthropic Claude: `ChatAnthropic()`
AWS Bedrock: `ChatBedrockAnthropic()`
Azure OpenAI: `ChatAzureOpenAI()`
Databricks: `ChatDatabricks()`
Google Gemini: `ChatGoogle()`
Groq: `ChatGroq()`
Ollama: `ChatOllama()`
OpenAI: `ChatOpenAI()`
perplexity.ai: `ChatPerplexity()`

You can also use other AI frameworks, like **LangChain** or **Pydantic**, to handle model communication.

Use the `model` parameter to specify a model.
e.g.,
`ChatOpenAI(model="o3")`

Visit <https://posit-dev.github.io/chatlas/reference> to see **all available providers**.

SPECIFY CREDENTIALS

Authenticate with your LLM provider. Many providers require an API key, which you can specify in a `.env` file and load with `dotenv`.

```
# .env
OPENAI_API_KEY=your-key-123
ANTHROPIC_API_KEY=your-key-456
GOOGLE_API_KEY=your-key-789
```

See the provider's Chat function documentation for specifics on authentication.

Prompts and messages

ADD A SYSTEM PROMPT

Use a system prompt to tell the chatbot how you'd like it to behave.

```
# prompt.md
You are a helpful assistant who answers questions briefly...
```

Specify a system prompt using the `system_prompt` parameter.

```
ChatOpenAI(system_prompt=open("prompt.md", "r").read())
```

ADD STARTUP MESSAGES AND SUGGESTIONS

Add startup messages or suggestions to the conversation.

```
chat.ui(messages=["**Hello!** How can I help?"])
```

Use messages to supply messages that will appear when the chat starts.

Hello! How can I help?

```
chat.ui(
    messages=['<span class="suggestion submit">Tell me a joke</span>']
)
```

Use the `suggestion` and `submit` CSS classes to suggest inputs to the user and make them clickable.

Tell me a joke

Layouts

CHOOSE A LAYOUT FOR YOUR CHATBOT

Use functions from the `bslib` package to create a layout for your chatbot app.

SCREEN-FILLING LAYOUT



```
ui.page_opts(
    fillable=True,
    fillable_mobile=True,
)

chat = ui.Chat(id="chat")
chat.ui()
```

Chat fills the page.

SIDEBAR LAYOUT



```
chat = ui.Chat(id="chat")
with ui.sidebar(width=300, style="height:100%"):
    chat.ui(height="100%")

"Main content"
```

Chat fills the sidebar.

CARD LAYOUT



```
ui.page_opts(
    fillable=True,
    fillable_mobile=True
)

chat = ui.Chat(id="chat")
with ui.card():
    chat.ui()
```

Chat appears inside a card that fills the page.