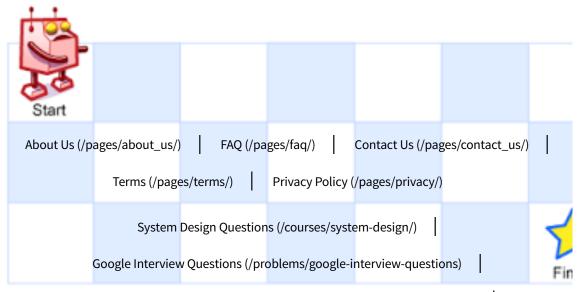
• Programming (/courses/programming) / Math (/courses/programming/topics/math/) / Grid Unique Paths

Grid Unique Paths

Suggest Edit

Bookmark

A robot is located at the top-left corner of an **A x B grid** (marked 'Start' in the diagram below).



Facebook Interview Questions (/problems/facebook-interview-questions)

The robot can any more they down or right at any point in the cross the bottom-right corner of the grid (marked 'Finish' in the diagram below).

Microsoft Interview Questions (/problems/microsoft-interview-questions) How many possible unique paths are there?

Example:

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(http://www.quora.com/What-is-your-reviewof-InterviewBit)

See Expected Output

Notes	All	All Notes (/profile/rsubbu55//notes/?ref=problem-page)		
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feedback.		(http://www.quora.com/What-is-your-review- of-InterviewBit)		

2 of 5 06/20/2017 09:40 AM

Time to Solve: 89 min. / Average Solving Time: 30 min.

Your Score: 169

Max Score: 375



0 × Seek Help monokai C++11 (gcc-4.8)

```
long long unsigned int nCr(int n, int r)
 2
3
        // nCr = n! / ((n-r)! * r!)
4
        r = min(r, n-r);
 5
        long long unsigned ans = 1;
        int tr = 1;
 6
7
        for (int i = n ; i>(n-r); i--) {
8
            ans = ans *i;
9
            ans = ans / tr++;
10
        }
11
        return ans;
12
    }
13
14
    int Solution::uniquePaths(int A, int B) {
15
16
        // Do not write main() function.
17
        // Do not read input, instead use the arguments to the function.
18
        // Do not print the output, instead return values as specified
19
        // Still have a doubt. Checkout www.interviewbit.com/pages/sample_codes/ for more det
20
21
22
        have to take A-1 steps down and B-1 steps right
23
        so total steps = A+B-2
        if we denote taking down is 0 and taking right is 1
24
25
        then the problem reduces to finding number of strings of length A+B-2 where there are
26
        exactly A-1 zeroes and B-1 ones
27
        if we find ways to put B-1 ones then we can fill rest of the zeroes
        so the problem is nCr (A+B-2, B-1)
28
29
        #endif
30
        return nCr(A+B-2, B-1);
    }
31
32
```

Save Submit Test ▲ Reset

Previous Submissions (/courses/1/topics/3/problems/grid-unique-paths/previous_st

Hints

Solution Approach (/courses/1/topics/3/problems/grid-unique-paths/hints/174/)



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