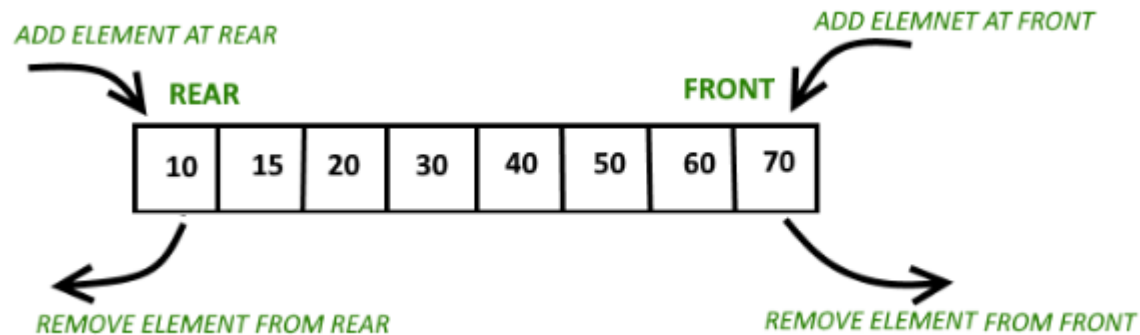


# Double Ended Queue

DEQUE

- Deque or Double Ended Queue is a generalized version of Queue data structure that allows insert and delete at both ends.



## **Operations on Deque:**

Mainly the following four basic operations are performed on queue:

**insetFront():** Adds an item at the front of Deque.

**insertRear():** Adds an item at the rear of Deque.

**deleteFront():** Deletes an item from front of Deque.

**deleteRear():** Deletes an item from rear of Deque

- In addition to above operations, following operations are also supported

**getFront():** Gets the front item from queue.

**getRear():** Gets the last item from queue.

**isEmpty():** Checks whether Deque is empty or not.

**isFull():** Checks whether Deque is full or not.

## Working

1. Create an empty array 'arr' of size 'n'  
initialize front = -1 , rear = -1

## Insert Elements at Rear end

a). First we check deque if Full or Not

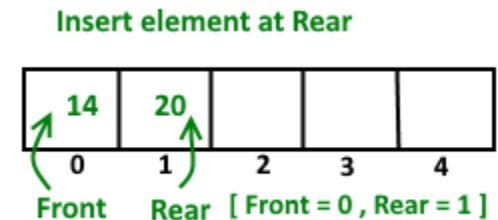
b). IF  $\text{Rear} == \text{Size} - 1$

then reinitialize  $\text{Rear} = 0$  ;

Else increment Rear by '1'

and push current key into  $\text{Arr}[\text{rear}] = \text{key}$

Front remain same.



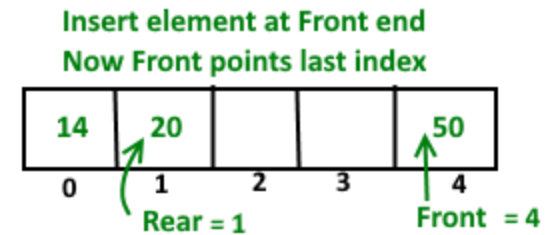
## Insert Elements at Front end

- a). First we check deque if Full or Not
- b). IF  $\text{Front} == 0$  || initial position, move Front to points last index of array

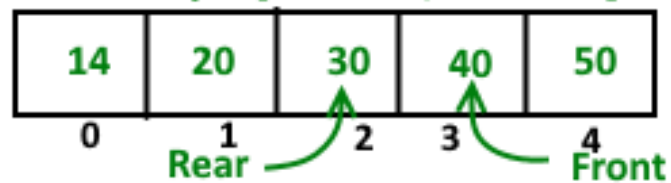
$\text{front} = \text{size} - 1$

Else decremented front by '1' and push  
current key into  $\text{Arr}[\text{Front}] = \text{key}$

Rear remain same.



After Inserting all emelent  
in deque [ Rear : 2 , Front : 3 ]



## Delete Element From Rear end

a). first Check deque is Empty or Not

b). If deque has only one element

front = -1 ; rear = -1 ;

Else IF Rear points to the first index of array

it's means we have to move rear to points

last index [ now first inserted element at

front end become rear end ]

rear = size-1 ;

Else || decrease rear by '1'

rear = rear-1;



## Delete Element From Front end

a). first Check deque is Empty or Not

b). If deque has only one element

$\text{front} = -1$  ;  $\text{rear} = -1$  ;

Else IF front points to the last index of the array

it's means we have no more elements in array so

we move front to points first index of array

$\text{front} = 0$  ;

Else || increment Front by '1'

$\text{front} = \text{front} + 1$ ;

