Group 1: Predicting the Outcomes of Tennis Tournaments

A Monte Carlo Approach

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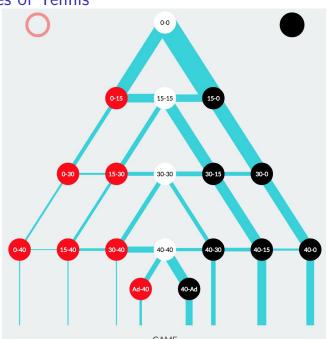
Project

- ▶ Based on a paper by Paul K. Newton and Joseph B. Keller called *Probability of Winning at Tennis 1. Theory and Data*
- Paper discussed how the probability of winning a game, a set, and a match in tennis are computed based on each player's probability of winning a point on a serve
- Based on other papers the conclusion was made to treat serves in tennis as independent identically distributed (iid) random variables
- It is noted that points in tennis are not iid for most purposes. This is not a bad assumption as the divergence from iid is small
- ▶ Both two out of three and three out of five set matches were considered allowing for 13-point tiebreaker in each set if needed

The Rules of Tennis

- ▶ Point: Smallest unit of measurement (Love-15-30-40-game)
- ▶ Game: A game is one when a player reaches 4 points with at least a 2 point advantage
- ▶ Set: A set is won by the player who wins 6 games first
- Advantage Set: If a game score of 6-6 is reached and advantage set rules are used, a player can only win a set with a 2 game lead
- ▶ Matches: Best of 3 sets (for women) or 5 sets (for men)
- ► Tie-break game: If a game score of 6-6 is reached and tie-break set rules are used. In a tie-break game, a player/team must reach 7 points with a two point advantage to win

The Rules of Tennis



Values

Things we need to know:

- ► Empirical probability of winning a rally on serve
- ► Empirical probability of winning a game on serve

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- Empirical probability of winning a rally on serve
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Things we need to calculate:

- Theoretical probability of winning a game on serve
- Theoretical probability of winning a set
- Theoretical probability of winning the tie-breaker
- Theoretical probability of winning a match

Theoretical Probabilities: Rally and Game

$$P(A \text{ Winning a Rally } | \text{ A Served}) = p_A^R = \frac{Points \text{ Won On Serve}}{Points \text{ Served}}$$

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P(A Winning a Game | A Served)
$$1 + 4a^{R} + 10(a^{R})^{2} + 20(a^{R}a^{R})^{3}(a^{R})^{2} = 2a^{R}a^{R} = 1$$

$$= p_A^G = (p_A^R)^4 [1 + 4q_A^R + 10(q_A^R)^2] + 20(p_A^R q_A^R)^3 (p_A^R)^2 [1 - 2p_A^R q_A^R]^{-1}$$

▶ Where Probability A loses a rally given A served:

$$q_A^R = 1 - \frac{\text{Points Won On Serve}}{\text{Points Served}}$$

Theoretical Probabilities: Set

P(A Winnning a Set | A Served)

$$= p_A^S = \sum_{j=0}^4 p_A^S(6,j) + p_A^S(7,5) + p_A^S(6,6)p_A^T$$

Theoretical Probabilities: Set

P(A Winnning a Set | A Served)

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Where, $p_{\Delta}^{S}(i,j)$ is defined recursively as:

$$p_A^S(0,0) = 1$$
, $p_A^S(i,j) = 0$ if $i < 0$ or $j < 0$.

- if i+j-1 is even: $p_A^S(i,j) = p_A^S(i-1,j)p_A^G + p_A^S(i,j-1)q_A^G$
 - \triangleright omit i-1 term if j=6 and i<6
 - ▶ omit j-1 term if i=6 and j<6
- ▶ if i+j -1 is odd: $p_A^S(i,j) = p_A^S(i-1,j)q_B^G + p_A^S(i,j-1)p_B^G$
 - \triangleright omit i-1 term if j=6 and i<6
 - omit j-1 term if i=6 and j<6</p>

Theoretical Probabilities: Tie Breaker

P(A Winning the Tie Breaker | A Served Initially)

$$= p_A^T = \sum_{j=0}^5 p_A^T(7,j) + p_A^T(6,6) p_A^R q_B^R [1 - p_A^R p_B^R - q_A^R q_B^R]^{-1}$$

Theoretical Probabilities: Tie Breaker

P(A Winning the Tie Breaker | A Served Initially)

$$=
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- ▶ if $i + j 1 \mod 4 \equiv 0$ or 3:
 - $p_A^S(i,j) = p_A^T(i-1,j)p_A^R + p_A^T(i,j-1)q_A^R$ omit i-1 term if i=7 and i<7
 - omit j-1 term if i=7 and j<7</p>
 - ▶ if $i + j 1 \mod 4 \equiv 1$ or 2: $p_A^T(i,j) = p_A^T(i-1,j)q_B^R + p_A^T(i,j-1)p_B^R$
 - omit i-1 term if j=7 and i<7</p>

Theoretical Probabilities: Match

Women's (Best of 3):

$$=p_A^M=(p_A^S)^2+2(p_A^S)^2p_B^S$$

Theoretical Probabilities: Match

Women's (Best of 3):

$$= p_A^M = (p_A^S)^2 + 2(p_A^S)^2 p_B^S$$

Men's (Best of 5):

$$= p_A^M = (p_A^S)^3 + 3(p_A^S)^3 p_B^S + 6(p_A^S)^3 (p_B^S)^2$$

Where:

- $ightharpoonup p_A^S = Probability A wins a set given A served$
- ▶ p_B^S = Probabilty B wins a set given B served

Data

Data used in paper:

- ▶ Men and Women semifinalists in the 2002 U.S Open tournament
- Men and Women semifinalists in the 2002 Wimbledon tournament

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Data used in our simulation:

Men and Women semifinalists in the 2019 Wimbledon tournament

Results of Game

Table 1: Data for the Womens Semifinalists in the 2002 U.S. Open Tournament

	P(Win a Rally)	Empirical P(Win a Game)	Paper P(Win a Game)	Our P(Win a Game)
S. Williams	0.69	0.71	0.89	0.89
V. Williams	0.63	0.80	0.79	0.79
L. Davenport	0.65	0.85	0.83	0.83
A. Mauresmo	0.63	0.77	0.79	0.79

Results of Game

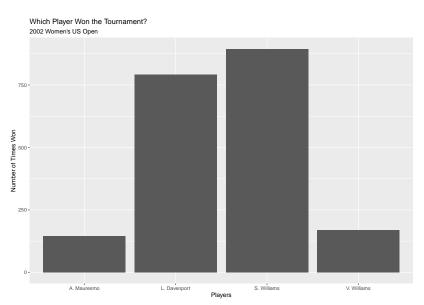
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Table 2: Data for the Mens Semifinalists in the 2002 U.S. Open Tournament

	P(Win a Rally)	Empirical P(Win a Game)	Paper P(Win a Game)	Our P(Win a Game)
P. Sampras	0.73	0.95	0.93	0.93
A. Agassi	0.66	0.87	0.85	0.85
L. Hewitt	0.67	0.85	0.86	0.86
S. Schalken	0.68	0.90	0.88	0.88

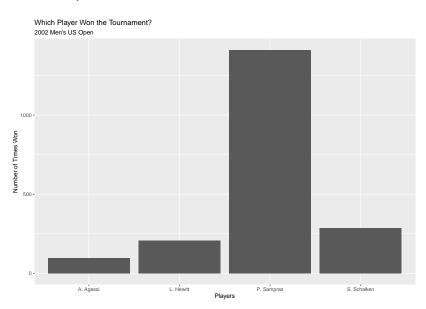
2002 U.S Open: Women



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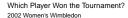
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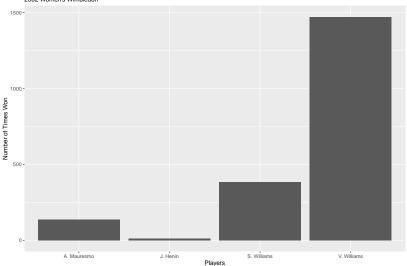


2002 U.S Open: Men



2002 Wimbledon: Women

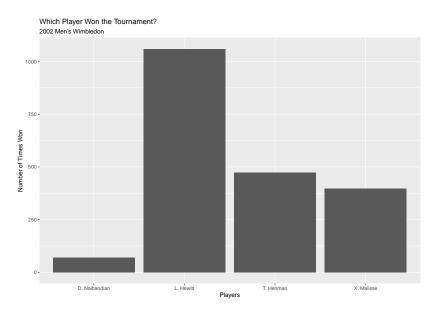




2002 Wimbledon: Women



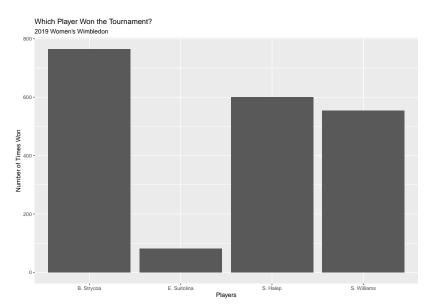
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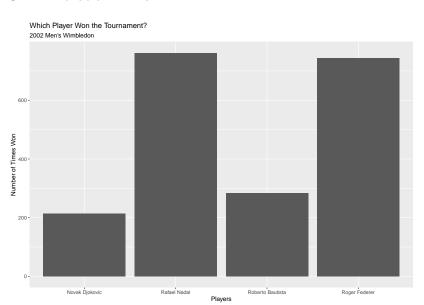
2019 Wimbledon: Women



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