

Homework 2

Due on: Monday, February 17

Problem 1

From integrating out the BRST-auxiliary fields and the quantum vielbein and quantum gravitino, the Weyl ghost, the Lorentz ghosts, and the super-Weyl ghosts, and setting the background fields to their super-flat-space values, $e_{\alpha,back}^a = \delta_a^a$ and $\chi_{\alpha,back}^A = 0$, we found the following field equations for the Weyl ghost c_W , the Lorentz ghosts c^{ab} , and the super-Weyl ghosts γ_{cs}^A

$$b_a{}^\alpha \delta_\alpha^a = 0; \quad b_a{}^\alpha \eta_{\alpha b} - b_b{}^\alpha \eta_{\alpha a} = 0; \quad (\beta^\alpha \rho_\alpha)_A = 0. \quad (1.1)$$

Show that in $+-$ notation this implies

$$b_{++}{}^{++} = 0, \quad b_{--}{}^{--} = 0, \quad \beta_+{}^{++} = 0, \quad \beta_-{}^{--} = 0. \quad (1.2)$$

The quantum action for the spinning string now takes on the following form

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L} = T \left[2\partial_{++}X \cdot \partial_{--}X + \frac{i}{2}\psi_+ \cdot \partial_{--}\psi_+ + \frac{i}{2}\psi_- \cdot \partial_{++}\psi_- \right] \\ + \frac{i}{\pi} \left[b_{++++}\partial_{--}c^{++} + \beta_{++++}\partial_{--}\gamma^+ + (+ \leftrightarrow -) \right]. \end{aligned} \quad (1.3)$$

Problem 2

The classical action (the $d = 1 + 1$ WZ model coupled to external worldsheet supergravity) has 4 bosonic and 4 fermionic local (gauge) symmetries: Einstein, Weyl, local Lorentz, local susy and local super-Weyl (= local conformal susy) invariance. We focus in this problem on Weyl invariance. We normalize Weyl rescalings by $\delta_W h_{\alpha\beta} = \lambda_W h_{\alpha\beta}$. Requiring invariance of the classical action under Weyl rescaling, derive the following transformation rules under Weyl transformations

$$\delta_W e_\alpha^a = \frac{1}{2}\lambda_W e_\alpha^a; \quad \delta_W \psi^A = -\frac{1}{4}\lambda_W \psi^A; \quad \delta_W \chi_\alpha^A = +\frac{1}{4}\lambda_W \chi_\alpha^A; \quad \delta_W X^\mu = 0. \quad (2.1)$$

Did we use any of these transformation laws in the construction of the BRST-invariant quantum action? If so, which one(s)?

Problem 3

Before integrating out any fields, and keeping arbitrary background fields, define the gravitational stress tensor by

$$\frac{\delta}{\delta e_{\alpha,back}^a} S = T_a^\alpha \quad (3.1)$$

and the supercurrent by

$$\frac{\delta}{\delta \chi_{\alpha,back}^A} S = i J_A^\alpha \quad (3.2)$$

Derive the following field equations

$$\frac{\delta}{\delta e_{\alpha,qu}^a} S = d_a^\alpha + T_a^\alpha = 0 \quad (3.3)$$

$$\frac{\delta}{\delta \chi_{\alpha,qu}^A} S = \Delta_A^\alpha + i J_A^\alpha = 0. \quad (3.4)$$

(Recall that Δ is imaginary, so with this definition J is real.) Now set $e_{\alpha,back}^a = \delta_\alpha^a$ and $\chi_{\alpha,back}^A = 0$, and derive the following field equations

$$\frac{\delta}{\delta b_a^a} S = c_W + \partial_\alpha c^\alpha = 0 \quad (\text{with } b_a^a = b_a^\alpha \delta_\alpha^a) \quad (3.5)$$

$$\frac{\delta}{\delta b^{[ab]}} S = c_{[ab]} - \frac{1}{2}(\partial_a c_b - \partial_b c_a) = 0 \quad (\text{with } b^{[ab]} = \frac{1}{2}(b^{ab} - b^{ba})) \quad (3.6)$$

$$\frac{\delta}{\delta \beta_A} S = \gamma_{cs}^A + \frac{1}{2}(\not{\partial} \gamma)^A = 0 \quad (\text{with } \beta_A = \beta_B^\alpha (\rho_\alpha)^B{}_A). \quad (3.7)$$

Problem 4

Using all field equations (so on-shell), derive the expressions for the gravitational stress tensor and the supercurrent, assuming a flat super-background ($e_{\alpha,back}^a = \delta_\alpha^a$ and $\chi_{\alpha,back}^A = 0$).

$$T_{+++}^{(X\psi)} = T \left(\partial_{++} X \cdot \partial_{++} X + \frac{i}{4} \psi_+ \partial_{++} \psi_+ \right) \quad (4.1)$$

$$T_{+++}^{(bc)} = \frac{i}{2\pi} \left[(\partial_{++} b_{+++}) c^{++} + 2 b_{+++} \partial_{++} c^{++} \right] \quad (4.2)$$

$$T_{+++}^{(\beta\gamma)} = \frac{i}{2\pi} \left[\frac{1}{2} (\partial_{++} \beta_{+++}) \gamma^+ + \frac{3}{2} \beta_{+++} \partial_{++} \gamma^+ \right] \quad (4.3)$$

Hint: Use $\bar{\psi} = \psi^T i \rho^0$ with $\rho^0 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\rho^1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$, and $\psi^+ = \psi_-$ but $\psi^- = -\psi_+$.

$$J_{+++}^{(X\psi)} = \frac{1}{\pi l^2} \psi_+ \cdot \partial_{++} X \quad (4.4)$$

$$J_{+++}^{(\text{ghosts})} = -\frac{1}{\pi} b_{+++} \gamma^+ - \frac{i}{2\pi} \left[(\partial_{++} \beta_{+++}) c^{++} + \frac{3}{2} \beta_{+++} \partial_{++} c^{++} \right] \quad (4.5)$$

Check that all parts of T and J are real.