Inferential Statistics

Instacart Market Basket Analysis - Capstone Project I

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Introduction

As per the visual EDA report, it was observed that items that were added first into the cart have high reorder rate and organic, low-fat and gluten-free foods have high reorder rate. This report presents the results of inferential statistics performed to check the significance of above EDA results.

Added to the cart order and Reorder rate

This test was performed to check if there is any relationship between the added to cart order and reorder rate. To perform the test, we have used Z-test as the reordered variable is a binary variable and added to the cart order is a multivariate feature. There were 6 datasets originally (aisles.csv, departments.csv, order_products_prior.csv, order_products_train.csv and products.csv) which were merged into one dataset 'total1.csv'. From the merged dataset, required columns ('order_id', 'add_to_cart_order', 'reordered') were taken and Z-test was performed at 0.05 significance level.

Results:

- 1) There is a significant relationship between added to cart order and reorder rate.
- 2) The p-value obtained was almost equal to 0.

Organic food and Reorder rate

This test was performed to check if there is any relationship between the product name with 'Organic' in it and reorder rate. A new feature (is_organic) was created which has 'True' if 'Organic' was present in the 'product_name' feature. A contingency table was created with reordered as index and is organic as columns.

| is_organic | False | True |
|------------|----------|---------|
| reordered | | |
| 0 | 9978458 | 3885288 |
| 1 | 13184660 | 6770700 |

To perform the test, we have used Fisher exact test at 0.05 significance level as the both the features reordered and is organic are binary features.

Results:

- 1) There is a significant relationship between the product name with 'Organic' in it and reorder rate.
- 2) The p-value obtained was almost equal to 0.

Gluten free food and Reorder rate

This test was performed to check if there is any relationship between the product name with 'Gluten' and 'Free' in it and reorder rate. A new feature (is_glutenfree) was created which has 'True' if 'Gluten' and 'Free' were present in the 'product_name' feature. A contingency table was created with reordered as index and is_glutenfree as columns.

| is_glutenfree | False | True |
|---------------|----------|------|
| reordered | | |
| 0 | 13860335 | 3411 |
| 1 | 19950093 | 5267 |

To perform the test, we have used Fisher exact test at 0.05 significance level as the both the features reordered and is glutenfree are binary features.

Results:

- 1) There is a significant relationship between the product name with 'Gluten' and 'Free' in it and reorder rate.
- 2) The p-value obtained was almost equal to 0.001.

Low fat food and Reorder rate

This test was performed to check if there is any relationship between the product name with 'Low' and 'Fat' in it and reorder rate. A new feature (is_lowfat) was created which has 'True' if 'Low' and 'Fat' were present in the 'product_name' feature. A contingency table was created with reordered as index and is lowfat as columns.

| is_lowfat | False | True |
|-----------|----------|--------|
| reordered | | |
| 0 | 13689203 | 174543 |
| 1 | 19556758 | 398602 |

To perform the test, we have used Fisher exact test at 0.05 significance level as the both the features reordered and is_lowfat are binary features.

Results:

- 1) There is a significant relationship between the product name with 'Low' and 'Fat' in it and reorder rate.
- 2) The p-value obtained was almost equal to 0.