

Plan

Logistics

Review

Sketched Regression

Problem

Project

Regression

$$A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times d} \quad x \in \mathbb{R}^d$$

$$x^* = \operatorname{argmin}_{x \in \mathbb{R}^d} \|Ax - b\|_2^2$$

Problem:

$$\hookrightarrow \text{Show } x^* = (A^T A)^{-1} A^T b$$

$$\hookrightarrow \text{Take } O(nd^2) \text{ time}$$

Faster?

Sketched Regression

$$\tilde{x} = \operatorname{argmin}_{x \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times d}} \|\Pi A x - \Pi b\|_2^2$$

$$\Pi \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n} \quad m \ll d$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \boxed{} \\ A \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \boxed{} \\ x \end{array} = \begin{array}{c} \boxed{} \\ b \end{array} \quad \text{vs} \quad \begin{array}{c} \boxed{} \\ \Pi A \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \boxed{} \\ x \end{array} = \begin{array}{c} \boxed{} \\ \Pi b \end{array}$$

$$m = O(d/\epsilon^2)$$

$$\text{Theorem 1: } \|A\tilde{x} - b\|_2^2 \leq (1+\epsilon) \|A x^* - b\|_2^2 \quad \text{w.p. } 9/10$$

$$\text{Claim: } (1-\epsilon) \|A x - b\|_2^2 \leq \|\Pi A x - \Pi b\|_2^2 \leq (1+\epsilon) \|A x - b\|_2^2 \quad \forall x$$

Proof of Theorem 1:

$$\|A\tilde{x} - b\|_2^2 \leq \frac{1}{1-\epsilon} \|\Pi A\tilde{x} - \Pi b\|_2^2$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{1-\epsilon} \|\Pi A x^* - \Pi b\|_2^2$$

$$\leq \frac{(1+\epsilon)}{1-\epsilon} \|A x^* - \Pi b\|_2^2$$

Distributional JL?

$$m = O\left(\frac{\log 1/\delta}{\epsilon^2}\right)$$

$$(1-\epsilon) \|y\|_2^2 \leq \|\Pi y\|_2^2 \leq (1+\epsilon) \|y\|_2^2 \quad \text{for fixed } y \text{ w.p. } 1-\delta$$

We want it to hold for $Ax=b$ for all $x \in \mathbb{R}^d$

\nwarrow d -dimensional subspace

Goal!!
 \downarrow

Subspace Embedding Theorem

$$m = O\left(\frac{d \log(1/\epsilon) + \log(1/\delta)}{\epsilon^2}\right)$$

$U \subset \mathbb{R}^n$ is d -dim subspace

$$(1-\epsilon) \|y\|_2^2 \leq \|\Pi y\|_2^2 \leq (1+\epsilon) \|y\|_2^2$$

for all $y \in U$ w.p. $1-\delta$

Prove Subspace Embedding

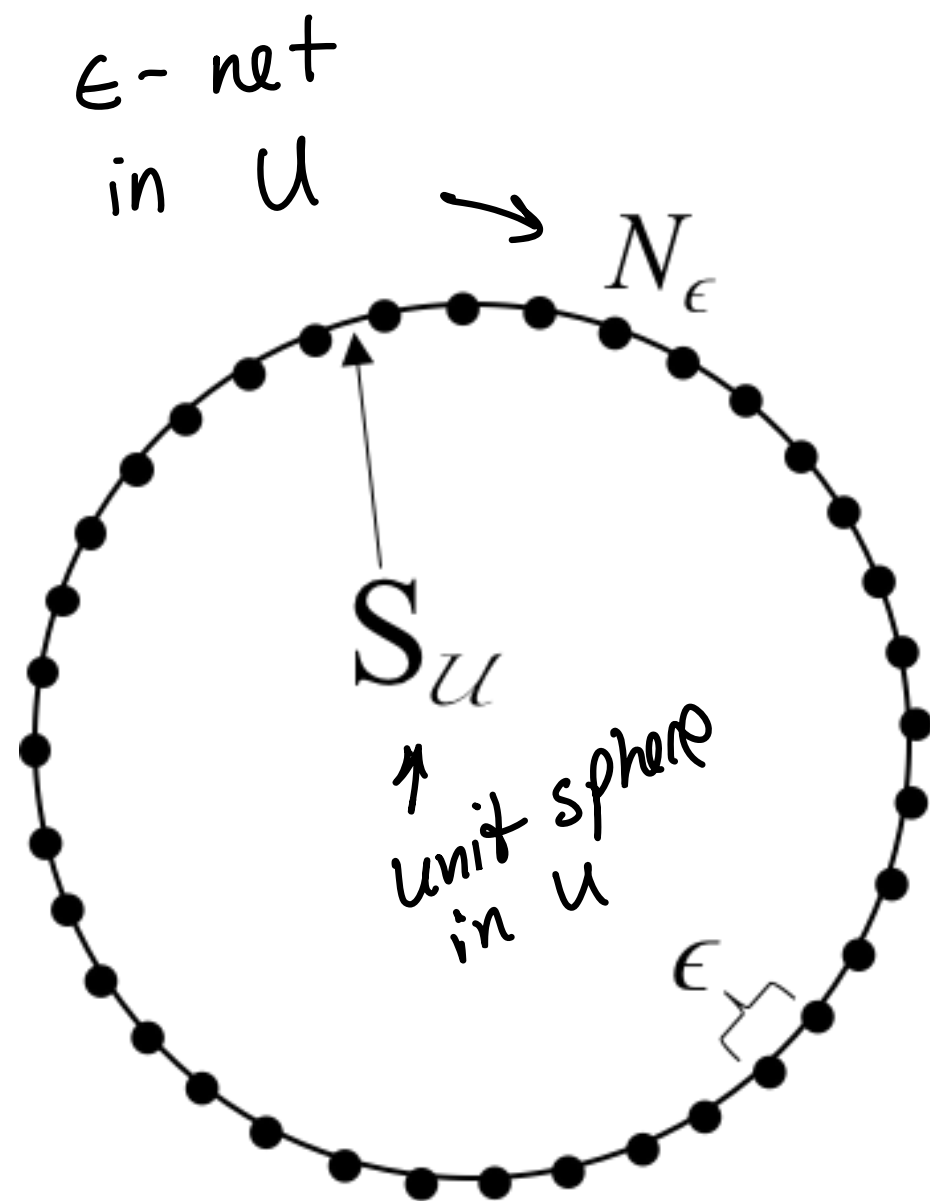
Suffices to prove for w on unit sphere in U

$$(1-\epsilon)\|w\|_2 \leq \|\pi w\|_2 \leq (1+\epsilon)\|w\|_2$$

$$c(1-\epsilon)\|w\|_2 \leq c\|\pi w\|_2 \leq c(1+\epsilon)\|w\|_2$$

$$(1-\epsilon)\|c w\|_2 \leq \|c \pi w\|_2 \leq (1+\epsilon)\|c w\|_2 \quad \leftarrow \text{any scaling}$$

Not too many "different" points on sphere



Goal:

✓ JL Lemma
with union bound

1. $(1-\epsilon) \|w\|_2 \leq \|\pi w\|_2 \leq (1+\epsilon) \|w\|_2$

for all $w \in N_\epsilon$

2. $\min_{w \in N_\epsilon} \|v - w\|_2 \leq \epsilon$

for all $v \in S_U$

3. $|N_\epsilon| \leq \left(\frac{4}{\epsilon}\right)^d$

Set $\delta' = \frac{1}{|\mathcal{N}_\epsilon|} \cdot \delta \approx \left(\frac{\epsilon}{3}\right)^d \delta$ $\log 1/\delta' = d \log \frac{3}{\epsilon} + \log 1/\delta$

$m = O\left(\log \frac{(1/\delta')}{\epsilon^2}\right) = O\left(\frac{d \log 1/\epsilon + \log(1/\delta)}{\epsilon^2}\right)$ in distributional JL

$(1-\epsilon) \|w\|_2^2 \leq \|\Pi w\|_2^2 \leq (1+\epsilon) \|w\|_2^2$ for all $w \in \mathcal{N}_\epsilon$ w.p. $1-\delta$

What about $v \in S_u$ but not \mathcal{N}_ϵ ?

$$w_0 = \operatorname{argmin}_{w \in \mathcal{N}_\epsilon} \|v - w\|_2$$

$$r_0 = v - w_0$$

$$c_1 = \|r_0\|_2$$

$$w_1 = \operatorname{argmin}_{w \in \mathcal{N}_\epsilon} \left\| \frac{r_0}{c_1} - w \right\|_2$$

$$r_1 = v - w_0 - c_1 w_1$$

$$c_2 = \|r_1\|_2$$

$$w_2 = \operatorname{argmin}_{w \in \mathcal{N}_\epsilon} \left\| \frac{r_1}{c_2} - w \right\|_2$$

$$r_2 = v - w_0 - c_1 w_1 - c_2 w_2$$

$$c_3 = \|r_2\|_2$$

⋮

$$\text{Induction: } \|r_i\|_2 < \epsilon^i, \quad \left\| \frac{r_{i-1}}{c_i} - w_i \right\|_2 \leq \epsilon \quad \text{by } \mathcal{N}_\epsilon$$

$$\Rightarrow \|r_i\|_2 = \|r_{i-1} - c_i w_i\|_2 \leq \epsilon c_i = \epsilon \|r_{i-1}\|_2 < \epsilon \epsilon^{i-1} = \epsilon^i$$

$$\|\pi v\|_2$$

$$= \|\pi w_0 + c_1 \pi w_1 + c_2 \pi w_2 + \dots\|_2$$

$$\leq \|\pi w_0\|_2 + c_1 \|\pi w_1\|_2 + c_2 \|\pi w_2\|_2 + \dots$$

$$\leq (1+\epsilon) \|w_0\|_2 + (1+\epsilon) \cdot \epsilon \|w_1\|_2 + (1+\epsilon) \cdot \epsilon^2 \|w_2\|_2 + \dots$$

$$= 1 + 2\epsilon + 2\epsilon^2 + 2\epsilon^3 + \dots$$

$$\leq 1 + \frac{2\epsilon}{1-\epsilon} \leq 1 + 4\epsilon \quad \text{for } \epsilon < 1/2$$

$$\|a+b\|_2 \stackrel{\text{triangle inequality}}{\leq} \|a\|_2 + \|b\|_2$$