ECON 3040 – Intro to Econometrics

Lecture 1 – Course outline, RStudio, "What is Fconometrics?"

Course Description

The principal objective of this course is to provide a basic introduction to econometric theory and its application. Much of the emphasis of the course is on the linear multiple regression model, under standard assumptions. The course begins with a review of probability and statistics, and ordinary least squares (OLS).

Required Textbook

Godwin, R. T., Introduction to Econometrics

Recommended Textbook

Introduction to Econometrics, 3rd Edition Update, by Stock and Watson.

Course Website

Course resources (including lecture notes, past exams, assignments, and computer labs) are available on rtgodwin.com/3040

Evaluation

Assignments: 15% Midterm Exam (Feb. 28): 35% Final Exam: 50%

Assignments

You will use RStudio and work with data in order to complete your assignments.

Midterm and final examination

These will be closed book/closed notes. The final examination will cover all of the material presented in the course.

Grading scale

- A missed assessment will result in make-up work, or reweighting of your grade.
- Nov. 22 is the last day for Voluntary Withdrawal from courses.

Academic Integrity

- All assignments and exams must be completed independently.
- Do not engage in "contract" cheating.
- Do not provide your UM Learn login information to anyone else. This is "personation", a serious form of academic misconduct.

Ignorance is not a defense. Familiarize yourself with section 2.5 of Academic Misconduct Procedures.

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Tentative Course Topics

- Review of Probability
- Review of Statistics
- Linear Regression with One Regressor
- Hypothesis Tests
- Linear Regression with Multiple Regressors
- Hypothesis Tests in Multiple Regression
- Nonlinear Regression Functions
- Heteroskedasticity
- Instrumental Variables

Student Accessibility Services

Students with disabilities should contact Student Accessibility Services to facilitate the implementation of accommodations, and meet with me to discuss the accommodations recommended by Student Accessibility Services.

Academic Supports

Sample Lecture

What is Econometrics?

- Econometrics is a subset of statistics
- Science of testing economic theories
- Used to estimate causal effects
- Used to forecast or predict (not covered in this course)
- Often characterized by "observational data"

Causal Effects

Economic models often suggest that one variable causes another. This often has *policy implications*. The economic models, however, do not provide *quantitative magnitudes* of the causal effects.

For example:

- How would a change in the *price* of alcohol or cigarettes effect the *quantity* consumed?
- If *income* increases, how much of the increase will be *consumed*?
- If an additional *fireplace* is added to a house, how much will the *price* of the house increase?
- How does another year of education change earnings?

Using data to estimate causal effects

An experiment would be best.

- How would you determine the effect of fertilizer on crop yield?
- How would you use an experiment to determine the above four causal effects (on the previous slide)?
- What is the advantage of experiments?

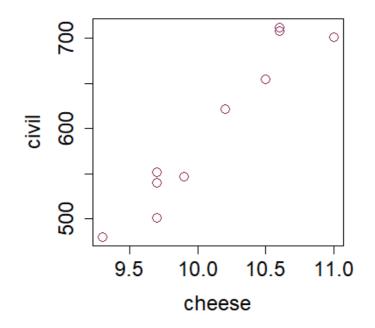
Economic experiments are usually unethical and/or too expensive.

We usually don't have *experimental* data in econometrics – we have *observational* data.

There are issues when dealing with observational data:

- Omitted variables
- Simultaneous causality
- Correlation vs. causation

Civil engineering PhDs awarded, and per-capita consumption of cheese, from 2000-2009 in the U.S. (Spurious correlations, Tyler Vigen)



What is wrong with the above picture?

Objectives of this course

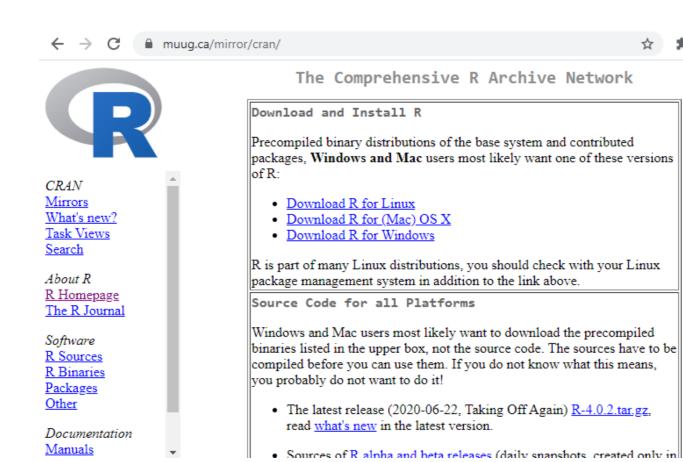
- Learn a method for estimating causal effects (OLS)
- Understand some theoretical properties of OLS
- Learn about hypothesis testing
- Practice OLS using data sets
- Perform your own economics study using data

R and RStudio

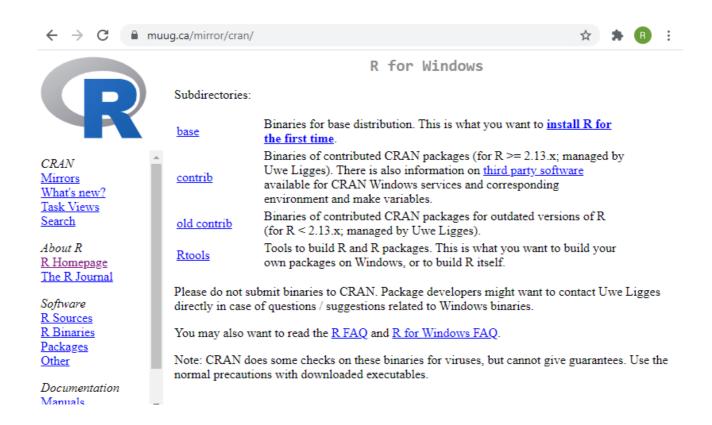
The theory and concepts presented in this course will be illustrated by analysing several data sets. Data analysis will be accomplished through the R Statistical Environment and RStudio. Both are free, and R is fast becoming the best and most widely used statistical software.

First, install R

- Go to https://muug.ca/mirror/cran/
- Choose Windows or Mac



Click "install R for the first time"



- Click "Download R 4.2.2 for Windows" (or Mac)
- Run the ".exe" file
- Click "Next" a bunch of times

Second, install RStudio

- Go to https://rstudio.com/products/rstudio/download/
- Scroll down until you see the download button "Download RStudio Desktop for Windows (Mac)". Click it.

Step 2: Install RStudio Desktop

DOWNLOAD RSTUDIO DESKTOP FOR WINDOWS

Size: 202.76MB | SHA-256: FD8EA4B4 | Version: 2022.12.0+353 | Released: 2022-12-15

- Run the ".exe"
- Keep clicking "next" / "install"
- Find RStudio on your computer and open it. It should look something like this:

