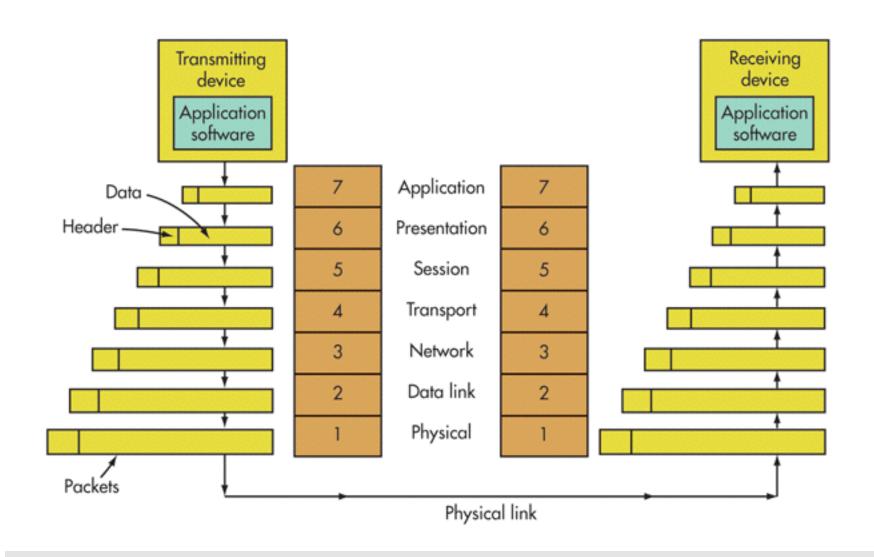
Week 10 Prerequisite Understanding

Data Encapsulation Architecture (OSI Model)

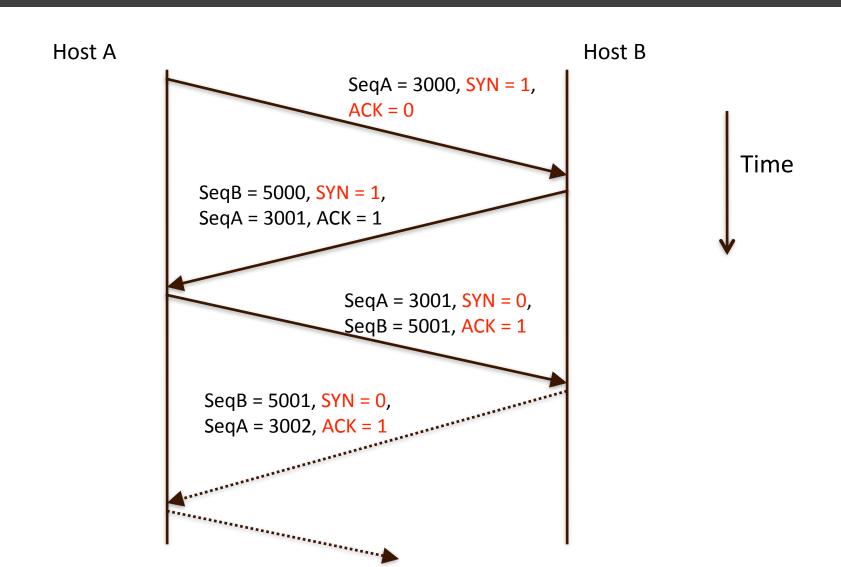


Packet

- Fundamental unit of communication on the Internet
 - IP header
 - Includes 32-bit source address, 32-bit destination address, and 8-bit protocol fields
 - TCP header
 - Includes 16-bit source port, 16-bit destination port, flag bits (SYN, ACK), sequence number, etc.

IP header TCP (UDP) header Application data

Three-Way Handshake in TCP



Three-Way Handshake in TCP

- Sequence numbers are used to keep data in the proper order.
 - Each host starts its own sequence number
- Acknowledgement:
 - B's ACKA acknowledges the receipt of A's segment
 - A's ACKB acknowledges the receipt of B's segment
- The first packet in each direction has the SYN bit
- All subsequent packets have the ACK bit set except for the very first packet for the entire session
 - ACK = 0 only in the very first packet of the entire session



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