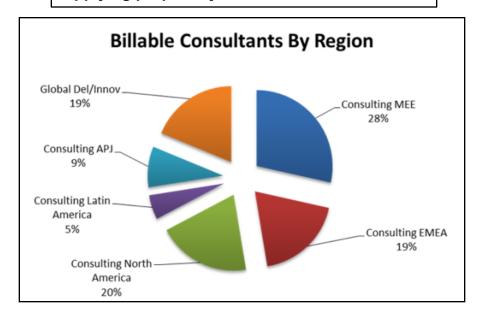
SAP Propensity

SAP Propensity Modeling: SAP Global Lead Platform/MEE Leads

- Project in 2013 for SAP Global Lead Platform—MEE Region to better focus consultants on solutions w/in accounts
- Focus on "market categories" including applications, analytics, database and technology, cloud etc. plus core ERP and education and likelihood to buy
- Piloted on 64 top accounts and rating each account by propensity and likelihood to buy specific SAP solutions

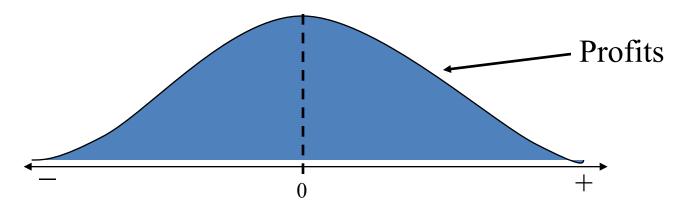
Applying propensity models to the sales funnel



Scoring	Explanation			
	high probability to buy			
	medium probability to buy			
	low probability to buy			
	has the solution already			
*)	no information about solutions			

Linear Regression Assumption

 Linear regression assumes the dependent variable (DV) to be continuous (and normally distributed)



- Often we have variables where there are only two different values
 - Buy (1) vs. no buy (0)
 - Retain (1) vs. lose customer (0)

Customer Retention: Logistic Regression

 With categorical (1/0) dependent variables, linear regression can result in nonsensical estimated probabilities (e.g., probability of retention > 100%)

 A model that allows us to do this is the socalled logistic regression