

MACHINE LEARNING

LAB 3

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DATE: 22/8/25

Mushroom.csv

```
PS C:\Users\rithv\sem5\ML\lab3> python test.py --ID EC_H_PES2UG23CS485_Lab3 --data mushrooms.csv
Running tests with PYTORCH framework
=====
target column: 'class' (last column)
Original dataset info:
Shape: (8124, 23)
Columns: ['cap-shape', 'cap-surface', 'cap-color', 'bruises', 'odor', 'gill-attachment', 'gill-spacing', 'gill-size', 'gill-color', 'stalk-shape',
'stalk-root', 'stalk-surface-above-ring', 'stalk-surface-below-ring', 'stalk-color-above-ring', 'stalk-color-below-ring', 'veil-type', 'veil-color',
'ring-number', 'ring-type', 'spore-print-color', 'population', 'habitat', 'class']

First few rows:

cap-shape: ['x' 'b' 's' 'f' 'k'] -> [5 0 4 2 3]
cap-surface: ['s' 'y' 'f' 'g'] -> [2 3 0 1]
cap-color: ['n' 'y' 'w' 'g' 'e'] -> [4 9 8 3 2]
class: ['p' 'e'] -> [1 0]

Processed dataset shape: torch.Size([8124, 23])
Number of features: 22
Features: ['cap-shape', 'cap-surface', 'cap-color', 'bruises', 'odor', 'gill-attachment', 'gill-spacing', 'gill-size', 'gill-color', 'stalk-shape',
'stalk-root', 'stalk-surface-above-ring', 'stalk-surface-below-ring', 'stalk-color-above-ring', 'stalk-color-below-ring', 'veil-type', 'veil-color',
'ring-number', 'ring-type', 'spore-print-color', 'population', 'habitat']
Target: class
Framework: PYTORCH
Data type: <class 'torch.Tensor'>

=====
DECISION TREE CONSTRUCTION DEMO
=====
Total samples: 8124
Training samples: 6499
Testing samples: 1625

Constructing decision tree using training data...

🌲 Decision tree construction completed using PYTORCH!
```

```

Data type: <class 'torch.Tensor'>

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📊 OVERALL PERFORMANCE METRICS
=====
Accuracy:      1.0000 (100.00%)
Precision (weighted): 1.0000
Recall (weighted):  1.0000
F1-Score (weighted): 1.0000
Precision (macro):  1.0000
Recall (macro):     1.0000
F1-Score (macro):   1.0000

🌲 TREE COMPLEXITY METRICS
=====
Maximum Depth:      4
Total Nodes:        29
Leaf Nodes:         24
Internal Nodes:     5
PS C:\Users\rithv\sem5\ML\lab3>

```

Tictactoe.csv

```

PS C:\Users\rithv\sem5\ML\lab3> python test.py --ID EC_H_PES2UG23CS485_Lab3 --data tictactoe.csv
Running tests with PYTORCH framework
=====
target column: 'Class' (last column)
Original dataset info:
Shape: (958, 10)
Columns: ['top-left-square', 'top-middle-square', 'top-right-square', 'middle-left-square', 'middle-middle-square', 'middle-right-square', 'bottom-left-square', 'bottom-middle-square', 'bottom-right-square', 'Class']

First few rows:

top-left-square: ['x' 'o' 'b'] -> [2 1 0]

top-middle-square: ['x' 'o' 'b'] -> [2 1 0]

top-right-square: ['x' 'o' 'b'] -> [2 1 0]

Class: ['positive' 'negative'] -> [1 0]

Processed dataset shape: torch.Size([958, 10])
Number of features: 9
Features: ['top-left-square', 'top-middle-square', 'top-right-square', 'middle-left-square', 'middle-middle-square', 'middle-right-square', 'bottom-left-square', 'bottom-middle-square', 'bottom-right-square']
Target: Class
Framework: PYTORCH
Data type: <class 'torch.Tensor'>

=====
DECISION TREE CONSTRUCTION DEMO
=====

Total samples: 958
Training samples: 766
Testing samples: 192

Constructing decision tree using training data...

🌲 Decision tree construction completed using PYTORCH!

📊 OVERALL PERFORMANCE METRICS

```

```

Features: ['top-left-square', 'top-middle-square', 'top-right-square', 'middle-left-square', 'middle-middle-square', 'middle-right-square', 'bottom-left-square', 'bottom-middle-square', 'bottom-right-square']
Target: Class
Framework: PYTORCH
Data type: <class 'torch.Tensor'>

=====
DECISION TREE CONSTRUCTION DEMO
=====
Total samples: 958
Training samples: 766
Testing samples: 192

Constructing decision tree using training data...

🌳 Decision tree construction completed using PYTORCH!

📊 OVERALL PERFORMANCE METRICS
=====
Accuracy:          0.8730 (87.30%)
Precision (weighted): 0.8741
Recall (weighted):   0.8730
F1-Score (weighted): 0.8734
Precision (macro):   0.8590
Recall (macro):      0.8638
F1-Score (macro):    0.8613

🌳 TREE COMPLEXITY METRICS
=====
Maximum Depth:      7
Total Nodes:         281
Leaf Nodes:          180
Internal Nodes:      101
PS C:\Users\rithv\sem5\ML\lab3>

```

Nursery.csv

```

PS C:\Users\rithv\sem5\ML\lab3> python test.py --ID EC_H_PES2UG23CS485_Lab3 --data nursery.csv
Running tests with PYTORCH framework
=====
target column: 'class' (last column)
Original dataset info:
Shape: (12960, 9)
Columns: ['parents', 'has_nurs', 'form', 'children', 'housing', 'finance', 'social', 'health', 'class']

First few rows:

parents: ['usual' 'pretentious' 'great_pret'] -> [2 1 0]

has_nurs: ['proper' 'less_proper' 'improper' 'critical' 'very_crit'] -> [3 2 1 0 4]

form: ['complete' 'completed' 'incomplete' 'foster'] -> [0 1 3 2]

class: ['recommend' 'priority' 'not_recom' 'very_recom' 'spec_prior'] -> [2 1 0 4 3]

Processed dataset shape: torch.Size([12960, 9])
Number of features: 8
Features: ['parents', 'has_nurs', 'form', 'children', 'housing', 'finance', 'social', 'health']
Target: class
Framework: PYTORCH
Data type: <class 'torch.Tensor'>

=====
DECISION TREE CONSTRUCTION DEMO
=====
Total samples: 12960
Training samples: 10368
Testing samples: 2592

Constructing decision tree using training data...

🌳 Decision tree construction completed using PYTORCH!

📊 OVERALL PERFORMANCE METRICS

```

```

form: ['complete' 'completed' 'incomplete' 'foster'] -> [0 1 3 2]

class: ['recommend' 'priority' 'not_recom' 'very_recom' 'spec_prior'] -> [2 1 0 4 3]

Processed dataset shape: torch.Size([12960, 9])
Number of features: 8
Features: ['parents', 'has_nurs', 'form', 'children', 'housing', 'finance', 'social', 'health']
Target: class
Framework: PYTORCH
Data type: <class 'torch.Tensor'>

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DECISION TREE CONSTRUCTION DEMO
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Total samples: 12960
Training samples: 10368
Testing samples: 2592

Constructing decision tree using training data...

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📊 OVERALL PERFORMANCE METRICS
=====
Accuracy:          0.9867 (98.67%)
Precision (weighted): 0.9876
Recall (weighted):  0.9867
F1-Score (weighted): 0.9872
Precision (macro):  0.7604
Recall (macro):     0.7654
F1-Score (macro):   0.7628

🌲 TREE COMPLEXITY METRICS
=====
Maximum Depth:      7
Total Nodes:         952
Leaf Nodes:          680
Internal Nodes:      272
PS C:\Users\rithv\sem5\ML\lab3>

```

Tree construction

```

PS C:\Users\rithv\sem5\ML\lab3> python test.py --ID EC_H_PES2UG23CS485_Lab3 --data mushrooms.csv --print-tree
Running tests with PYTORCH framework
=====
target column: 'class' (last column)
Original dataset info:
Shape: (8124, 23)
Columns: ['cap-shape', 'cap-surface', 'cap-color', 'bruises', 'odor', 'gill-attachment', 'gill-spacing', 'gill-size', 'gill-color', 'stalk-shape',
'stalk-root', 'stalk-surface-above-ring', 'stalk-surface-below-ring', 'stalk-color-above-ring', 'stalk-color-below-ring', 'veil-type', 'veil-color',
'ring-number', 'ring-type', 'spore-print-color', 'population', 'habitat', 'class']

First few rows:

cap-shape: ['x' 'b' 's' 'f' 'k'] -> [5 0 4 2 3]

cap-surface: ['s' 'y' 'f' 'g'] -> [2 3 0 1]

cap-color: ['n' 'y' 'w' 'g' 'e'] -> [4 9 8 3 2]

class: ['p' 'e'] -> [1 0]

Processed dataset shape: torch.Size([8124, 23])
Number of features: 22
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'ring-number', 'ring-type', 'spore-print-color', 'population', 'habitat']
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DECISION TREE CONSTRUCTION DEMO
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Total samples: 8124
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```

DECISION TREE STRUCTURE

Root [odor] (gain: 0.9083)

```

├── = 0:
│   └── Class 0
├── = 1:
│   └── Class 1
├── = 2:
│   └── Class 1
├── = 3:
│   └── Class 0
├── = 4:
│   └── Class 1
├── = 5:
│   └── [spore-print-color] (gain: 0.1469)
│       ├── = 0:
│       │   └── Class 0
│       ├── = 1:
│       │   └── Class 0
│       ├── = 2:
│       │   └── Class 0
│       ├── = 3:
│       │   └── Class 0
│       ├── = 4:
│       │   └── Class 0
│       ├── = 5:
│       │   └── Class 1
│       └── = 7:
│           ├── [habitat] (gain: 0.2217)
│           │   ├── = 0:
│           │   │   ├── [gill-size] (gain: 0.7642)
│           │   │   │   ├── = 0:
│           │   │   │   │   └── Class 0
│           │   │   │   └── = 1:
│           │   │   │       └── Class 1
│           │   └── = 1:
│           │       └── Class 0
│           └── = 2:
│               └── [cap-color] (gain: 0.7300)
└── = 6:
    └── Class 1
```

```

├── = 2:
│   ├── [cap-color] (gain: 0.7300)
│   │   ├── = 1:
│   │   │   └── Class 0
│   │   ├── = 4:
│   │   │   └── Class 0
│   │   ├── = 8:
│   │   │   └── Class 1
│   │   └── = 9:
│   │       └── Class 1
│   └── = 4:
│       └── Class 0
├── = 6:
│   └── Class 1
├── = 7:
│   └── Class 1
├── = 8:
│   └── Class 1
└── = 8:
    └── Class 0
```

OVERALL PERFORMANCE METRICS

```

Accuracy: 1.0000 (100.00%)
Precision (weighted): 1.0000
Recall (weighted): 1.0000
F1-Score (weighted): 1.0000
Precision (macro): 1.0000
Recall (macro): 1.0000
F1-Score (macro): 1.0000
```

TREE COMPLEXITY METRICS

```

Maximum Depth: 4
Total Nodes: 29
Leaf Nodes: 24
```

OVERALL PERFORMANCE METRICS

Analysis Requirements:

1. Performance Comparison

DATA SET	ACCURACY	PRECISION	RECALL	F1
Mushroom	100%	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
TicTacToe	87.3%	0.8741	0.8730	0.8734
Nursery	98.67%	0.9876	0.9867	0.9872

Mushroom: Perfect classification (100%).

TicTacToe: Moderate accuracy (~87%), harder because patterns overlap. Nursery: Very high accuracy (~99%), slightly less than Mushroom due to multiple classes.

2. Tree Characteristics Analysis

DATA SET	MAX DEPTH	TOTAL NODES	LEAF NODES	INTERNAL NODES
Mushroom	4	29	24	5
TicTacToe	7	281	180	101
Nursery	7	952	680	272

Mushroom: Very small/simple tree → easy classification.

TicTacToe: Larger tree (281 nodes) because many board positions possible. Nursery:

Largest tree (952 nodes) because dataset is big and has multi-class labels.

3. Dataset-Specific Insights

Mushroom Dataset

- Feature Importance: Root split usually on odour → poisonous vs edible is strongly determined by smell.
- Class Distribution: Balanced (edible vs poisonous).
- Decision Patterns: A few features (odour, spore print, bruises) decide almost all cases.
- Overfitting: No signs, since accuracy = 100% even on test set.

TicTacToe Dataset

- Feature Importance: Early splits involve center and corners (since these are critical for winning).
- Class Distribution: Slightly balanced (positive vs negative).
- Decision Patterns: Multiple long paths because tic-tac-toe has many possible moves.
- Overfitting: Possible (tree is deep with 281 nodes, accuracy < 90%).

Nursery Dataset

- Feature Importance: Attributes like parents, finance, social, health appear early.
- Class Distribution: Imbalanced (e.g., not_recom is majority class, very_recom is rare).
- Decision Patterns: Deep, multi-way splits due to categorical features with many values.

- Overfitting: Not severe; still generalizes well with 98% accuracy.

4. Comparative Analysis

a) Algorithm Performance

- Highest Accuracy: Mushroom (100%) because dataset has very clear, strong features (odour, bruises).
- Dataset Size Effect: Nursery (largest dataset) also gives high accuracy, showing ID3 scales well.
- Number of Features: More features → deeper, more complex tree (e.g., Nursery vs Mushroom).

b) Data Characteristics Impact

- Class Imbalance: Nursery shows lower macro F1 (~ 0.76) because rare classes are harder to classify.
- Feature Types: Binary features (Mushroom) lead to simpler trees; multi-valued features (Nursery, TicTacToe) create deeper trees.

c) Practical Applications

- Mushroom: Food safety, identifying poisonous mushrooms (critical real-world use).
- TicTacToe: Game strategy learning (toy problem for decision-making).
- Nursery: Childcare/education recommendation

systems. Interpretability Advantages:

- Mushroom tree is small → easily explainable.
- Nursery tree is big but still interpretable → shows how different social/financial features affect childcare recommendation.

• TicTacToe tree demonstrates how rules of a game can be encoded. Possible Improvements

- Mushroom: Already perfect → no improvement needed.
- TicTacToe: Use pruning or ensemble methods (e.g., Random Forest) to improve accuracy.
- Nursery: Handle class imbalance with class weights or SMOTE oversampling for rare classes.