UNIT - 9 SPORTS AND MEDICINE

Key Points:

- Concept & definition
- Aims & Scope of Sports Medicine
- Impact of Surfaces& Environment on Athletes
- Sports Injuries:-Classifications, Causes & Preventive Measures
- Management of Injuries

Soft Tissue Injuries

(Abrasion, Contusion, Laceration, Incision, Sprain & Strain)

Bone & Joint Injuries

(Dislocation, Fracture, Stress fracture, Green Stick, Communated, Transverse & Oblique & Impacted)

9.1 Concept of Sports Medicine

- Bio-mechanics related to sports
- Effect of attitude on endurance performance
- Psychological aspect performance
- Nutrition & metabolism in relation to competition & performance
- Recommendations of FISM(the International Federation of Sports Medicine at world level)
- Cardio-respiratory function in relation to performance
- Exercise in Cardio-Vascular disease prevention & rehabilitation

Definition of Sports Medicine:-

"Sports Medicine includes all games & sports & Physical activities, which contribute to the health & welfare of mankind, Sports medicine also includes all kinds of muscles activities & studies related to sports"

9.2 (a) Aims of Sports medicine:-

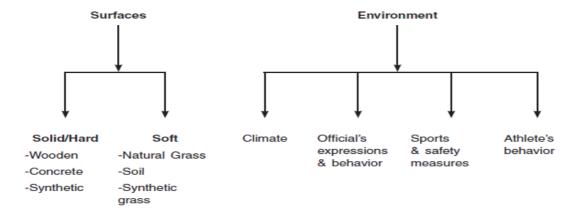
- **A.** To aware the sports person & athlete about the different kinds of injury in respect of different games.
- **B.** To concentrate on the causes of injury
 - Lack of Warming up
 - Lack of Techniques/Skills
 - Environment
 - Psychological factors
 - Physical fitness components
- **C.** To provide adequate medical help -Different methods & equipments of treatment Rehabilitation centres
 - 1. Infra-red rays

- 2. Physiotherapy
- 3. thermal treatment
- 4. Electro therapy
- **D.** To knowledge of kinds of injury & their necessary precaution i.e. Protective Measures

9.2 (b) Scope areas of Sports Medicine:-

- Athlete nutrition
- Prevention of accidents in sports
- New methods of detecting doping
- Methods of prediction of sports talent
- Sports & society
- Scientific promotion of sports & games
- Equipments & facilities
- Playgrounds
- Psychological aspects
- Specific fitness
- Human anatomy & physiology
- Sports & first aid
- Sports injury rehabilitation
- Female & sports
- Sports & hematology
- Study of optional load for different ages
- Swimming pool
- Research

9.3 Impact of Surfaces and Environment on Athletes



9.4A. Sports Injury



Soft Tissues Injury

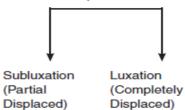
- Contusion
- Strain
- Sprain
- Abrasion
- Incision

Bone Injuries

- Green Stick
- Transverse
- Oblique
- Communated
- Impacted

Joint Injuries

- Shoulder
- Radio humeral
- Injuries-ligament
- Fingers
- Knee Caps



Intrinsic Risk Factor	Extrinsic Risk Factor	
Physical Preparation	 Coaching 	Environmental
 Lack of proper training 	a. Poor techniques	Factors
Fitness label	b. Lack of knowledge	a. Climate
 Improper warming up & 	• Skill	b. Playing Surface
cooling Down	• Rules &	c. Preventive
 Over use of muscles 	Regulations	surfaces
 Muscles imbalance 	 Surrounding 	d. Medical
 Individual variables:- 	 Environment 	facilities
a. Gender and Age	 Equipment 	
b. Nutrition	 Facilities 	
c. Fatigue		
d. Posture deformities		

Prevention of Sports Injuries

- Pre-participation of medical check up
- Proper conditioning
- Avoid De-hydration
- Protective Sports equipments & Gears
- Adequate & effectively maintained facilities
- Sports person's psychological conditions & environment
- Adequate rehabilitation/Injury management
- Proper use of right techniques
- Balanced diet & adequate rest

- Use of proper skills
- Warming up & cooling down

9.5 Management of injuries:-

First aids:-treatment or assistance given to any injured person before the formal treatment is conducted.

F:-first step-observation of injured athlete

I:-impression

R:-rest & relaxation

S:-support-physical & psychological (support of patient)

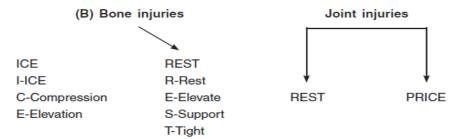
T:-tie-no movement of injured part

Aid:-assistance in distress-accident investigation division

(A) Soft tissue injuries

PRICE TREATMENT

- P-Protect the wound
- R-Rest-No more movement
- I-Ice To stop the bleeding
- C-Compression To stop bleeding
- E-Elevation Heart level



9.6 Rehabilitation:-

- Normal movement
- Treatment
- Physiotherapy
- Massage
- Training & practice
- Strength
- Endurance
- Flexibility
- Speed
- Coordination & agility