Data Handling II (Pictographs)

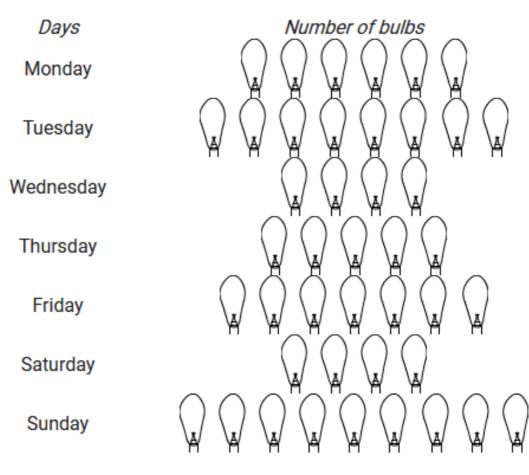
Exercise 22.1

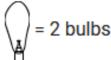
Question: 1

The sale of electric bulbs on different days of a week is shown below:

Observe the pictograph and answer the following questions:

- (i) How many bulbs were sold Friday?
- (ii) On which day maximum numbers of bulbs were sold?
- (iii) If one bulb were sold at the rate of Rs 10, what was the total earning on Sunday?
- (iv) Can you find out the total earning of the week?
- (v) If one big carton can hold 9 bulbs. How many cartons were needed in the given week, more than 7, more than 8 or more than 9?





Solution:

(i) Number of figures of bulbs shown against Friday = 7

Given: 1 figure = 2 bulbs

Therefore, Total number of bulbs sold on Friday = $2 \times 7 = 14$

(ii) Sunday shows the maximum number of figure of bulbs, i.e. 9

Therefore, On Sunday, maximum bulbs were sold.

(iii) Number of figures of bulbs shown against Sunday = 9

Therefore, Total number of bulbs sold on Sunday = $2 \times 9 = 18$

Given, the cost of each bulb = Rs 10

Therefore, Total earning on Sunday = Rs $10 \times 18 = Rs 180$

(iv) Total number of figures of bulbs shown throughout the week

$$= 6 + 8 + 4 + 5 + 7 + 4 + 9 = 43$$

Therefore, Total number of bulbs = $43 \times 2 = 86$

Therefore, Total earning of the week = Rs 10×86 = Rs 860.

(v) Total number of bulbs = 86

Given that one big carton can hold 9 bulbs.

Therefore, for holding 86 bulbs, we need

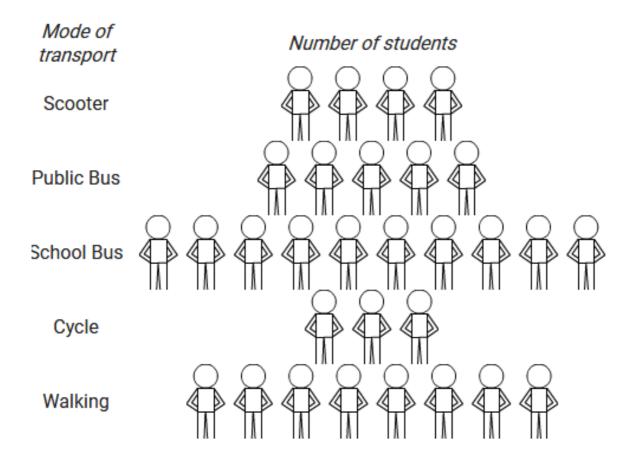
869 = 959 cartons

So, more than 9 cartons are needed.

Question: 2

A survey was carried out in a certain school to find about different modes of transport used by students to travel to school each day. 30 students of class VI were interviewed and the data obtained was displayed in the form of pictographs given below:

Mode of transport Number of students



Look at the above pictograph and answer the following questions:

- (i) Look at the above pictograph and answer the following questions
- (ii) How many students are using cycle or walking as a mode of travel?
- (iii) Which is the most popular mode of travel?

Solution:

(i) Number of students shown traveling to school using cycle = 3

Number of students shown walking to school = 8

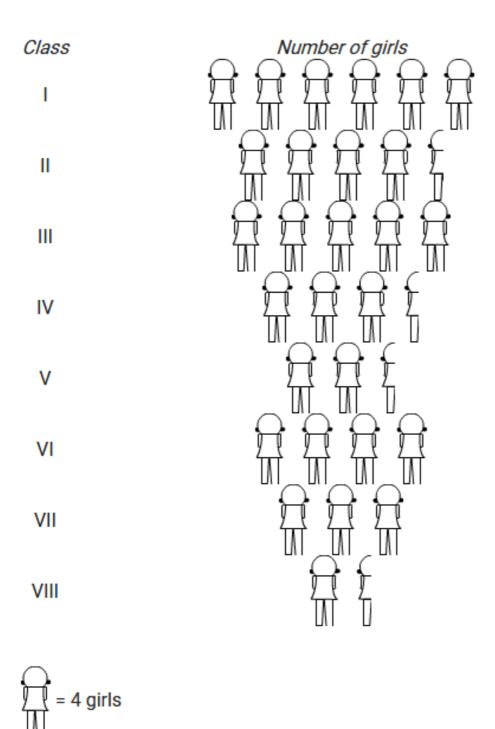
Therefore, Number of students using cycle or walking as a mode of travelling to school = 3 + 8 = 11

(ii) The pictograph shows that the maximum number of students, i.e. 10 are using the school bus as a mode of traveling to school.

Therefore, the most popular mode of travel to school is the school bus.

Question: 3

The number of girl students in each class of co-ed. Middle school is depicted by the following pictograph:



Observe the above pictograph and answer the following questions:

- (i) Which class has the maximum number of girl students?
- (ii) is the number of girls in class VI is less than the number of girls in class V?
- (iii) How many girls are there in VII class?

Solution:

Based on the above pictograph, we can prepare the following chart to determine the number of girl students in each class.

Given, 1 figure = 4 girls

Class	Numbers of girls
I	6 x 4 = 24
II	$4.5 \times 4 = 18$
III	5 x 4 = 20
IV	$3.5 \times 4 = 14$
V	2.5 x 4 = 10
VI	4 x 4 = 16
VII	3 x 4 = 12
VIII	$1.5 \times 4 = 6$

(i) From the chart we can easily say that the maximum number of girls i.e 24 are present in Class I

Therefore, Class I has the maximum number of girls.

(ii) Number of girls in class VI = 16

Number of girls in class V = 10

Therefore, number of girls in class VI is not less than the number of girls in class V

Ans: No

(iii) From the chart, we can say that these are 12 girls in class VII

Question: 4

In a village six fruit merchants sold the following number of fruit baskets in particular season:

Merchant	Number of Fruit Baskets
Rahim	
Lakhan pal	
Anwar	
Martin	建 化 化 化 化 化 化 化 化 化 化 化 化 化 化 化 化 化 化 化
Ranjit singh	
Joseph	



Observe the above pictograph and answer the following questions.

- (i) Which merchant sold the maximum number of baskets?
- (ii) How many fruit baskets were sold by Anwar?
- (iii) The merchants who have sold 600 or more number of baskets are planning to buy a godown for the next season. Can you name them?

Solution:

Given, one figure = 100 fruit baskets

Based on the above pictographs and hints, we can prepare the following charts to ascertain the maximum number of fruit baskets sold by each merchant:

Merchant	Numbers of fruit baskets
Rahim	4 x 100 = 400
Lakhan pal	5.5 x 100 = 550
Anwar	7 x 100 = 700
Martin	9.5 x 100 = 950
Ranjit singh	8 x 100 = 800
Joseph	4.5 x 100 = 450

(i) On the above chart we can see that martin sold the maximum number of baskets i.e. 950 fruits baskets.

Ans: Martin

- (ii) Anwar sold 700 fruit baskets
- (iii) On the above chart we can see that Anwar sold 700 fruit baskets, Martin sold 950 fruit baskets and Ranjit Singh sold 800 fruit baskets. Therefore, Anwar, Martin and Ranjit Singh are the merchants who are planning to buy a godown for the next season.

Question: 5

The pictograph shows different subject books which are kept in a library.

Subject	Number of books
Hindi	
English	
History	
Science	
Maths	



- (i) How many English books are there in the library?
- (ii) How many maths books are there?
- (iii) Which books are maximum in number?
- (iv) Which books are minimum in number?

Given, 1 figure = 100 books

Solution:

Based on the above pictograph and the given data, we can prepare the following chart to ascertain the number of books present in the library for each subject:

Subjects	Numbers of books
Hindi	$5.5 \times 100 = 550$
English	8 × 100 = 800
History	2 × 100 = 200
Science	4 × 100 = 400
Math	$2.5 \times 100 = 250$

- (i) From the above charts, we can say that there are 800 English books in the library.
- (ii) The calculation on the above chart shows that there are 250 Math books in the library.
- (iii) From the above charts, we can say that the English books are maximum in number, as there are 800 books on that subject.

Therefore, English

(iv) From the above chart, we can see that the History books are minimum in number, as there are only 200 books of that subjects

Therefore, History

Exercise 22.2

Question: 1

The following are the details or the number of students in a class of 30 students presents a week.

Day	Number of students present
Monday	24
Tuesday	20
Wednesday	28
Thursday	30
Friday	26
Saturday	22

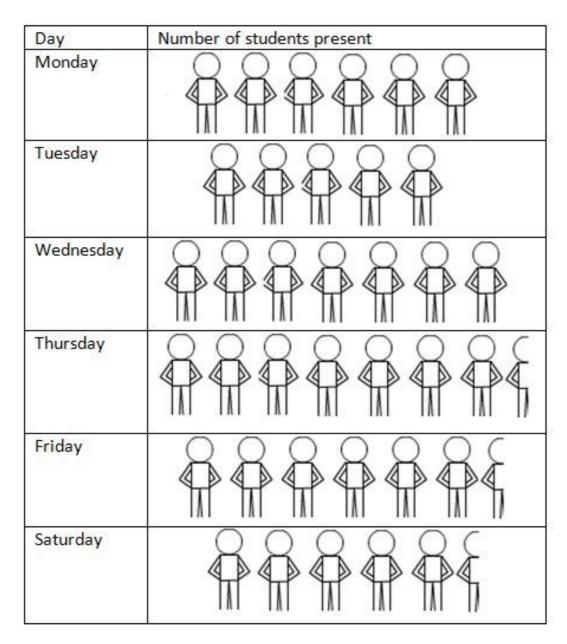
Represent the above data by a pictograph.

Solution:

Let an icon of a student represent 4 students. Then, the number of icons for each day is as follows:

Day	Number of students present
Monday	24 / 4 = 6
Tuesday	20 / 4 = 5
Wednesday	28 / 4 = 7
Thursday	30 / 4 = 7.5
Friday	26 / 4 = 6.5
Saturday	22 / 4 = 5.5

The pictograph representing the above data is as follows:



Question: 2

Total number of students of a school in different years is shown in the following table:

Year	Number of students
1996	400
1998	550
2000	450
2002	600
2006	650

Represent the above data by a pictograph.

- (a) Prepare a pictograph of students using one symbol an icon of a student to represent students and answer the following questions:
- (i) How many symbols represent total number of students in the year 2002?
- (ii) How many symbols represent total number of students for the year 1998?
- (b) Prepare another pictograph of students using any other symbol each represents students. Which pictograph do you find more informative?

Solution:

(a) Let one icon represent 100 students.

Then, the numbers of icons for different years are as follows:

Year	Number of students
1996	400 / 100 = 4
1998	550 / 100 = 5.5
2000	450 / 100 = 4.5
2002	600 / 100 = 6
2006	650 / 100 = 6.5

The pictograph representing the above data is as follows:

Year	Number of students
1996	
1998	88888
2000	
2002	88888
2004	

- (i) 6 icons represent the total number of students in the year 2002.
- (ii) 5 and half icons represent the total number of students in the year 1998.
- (b) Let one icon represent 50 students.

Then, the numbers of icons for different years are as follows:

Year	Number of students
1996	400 / 50 = 8
1998	550 / 50 = 11
2000	450 / 50 = 9
2002	600 / 50 = 12
2006	650 / 50 = 13

Year	Number of students
1996	
1998	
2000	888888
2002	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
2004	

The second pictograph is more informative.

Explanation: in the second pictograph, every icon is complete, therefore more convenient to understand.