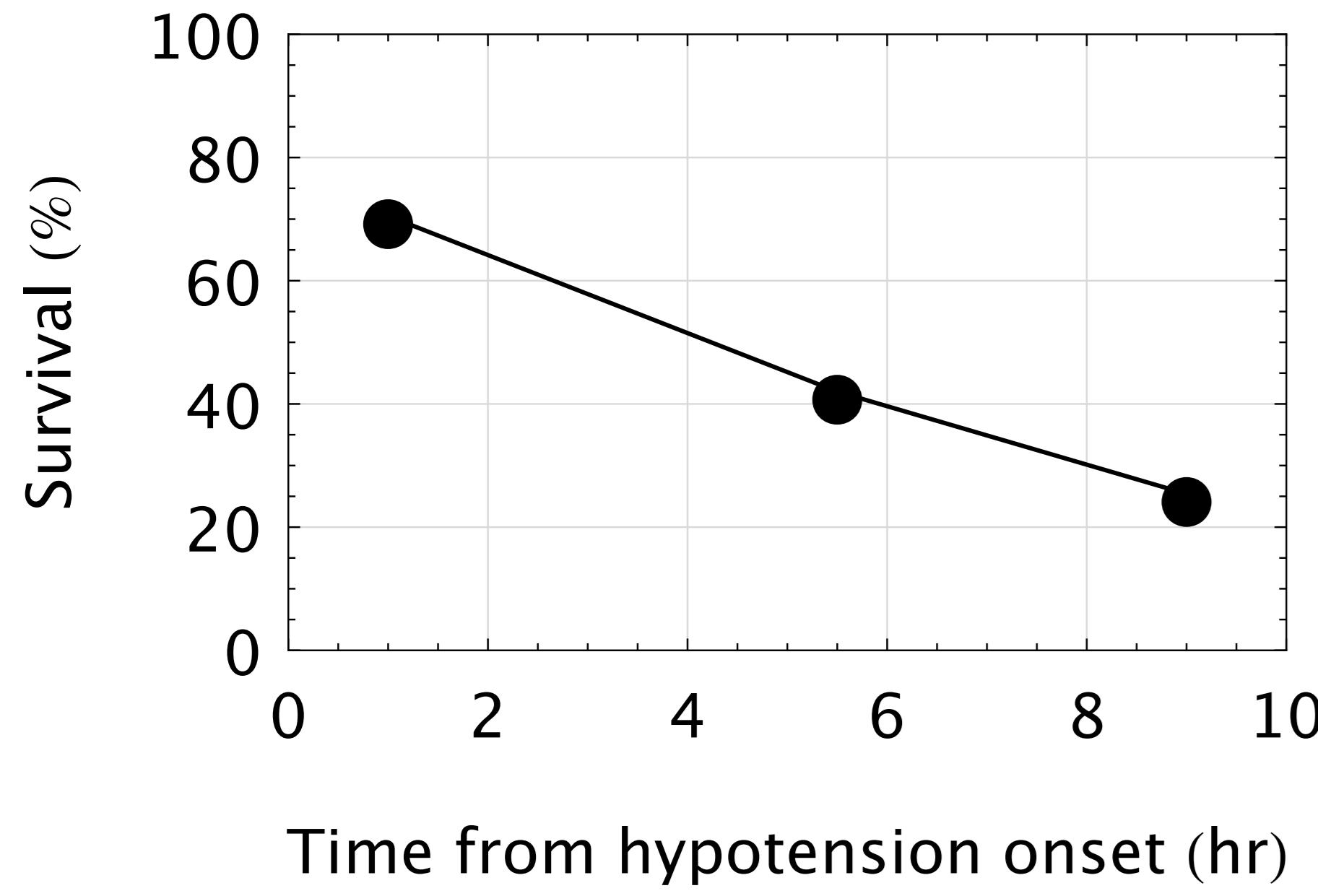


Accelerate Sepsis Diagnosis by Seamless Integration of DNA Purification and qPCR

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① Sepsis

- bloodstream infection
- 25+ pathogen types¹
- delayed/ineffective antimicrobial treatment
→ high mortality risk¹



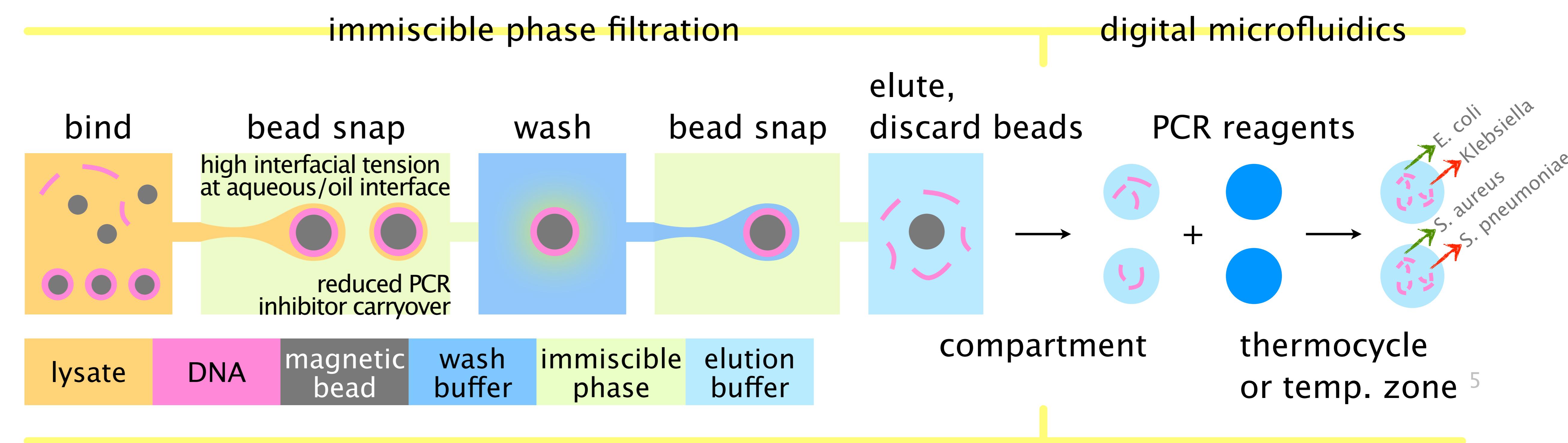
② Traditional workflow

- turnaround: 6 ~ 10 hr²
- hands-on: 3 hr³
- manual sample transfer between instruments
→ time wasted

step	hr
mechanical lysis	0.25
chemical lysis DNA purification	1.75 ~ 2.75
qPCR prep	1
qPCR	1.5
melting curve	0.5

③ Approach

- chemical lysis to qPCR on one chip
- DNA purification by immiscible phase filtration⁴
- followed by qPCR prep, qPCR using digital microfluidics

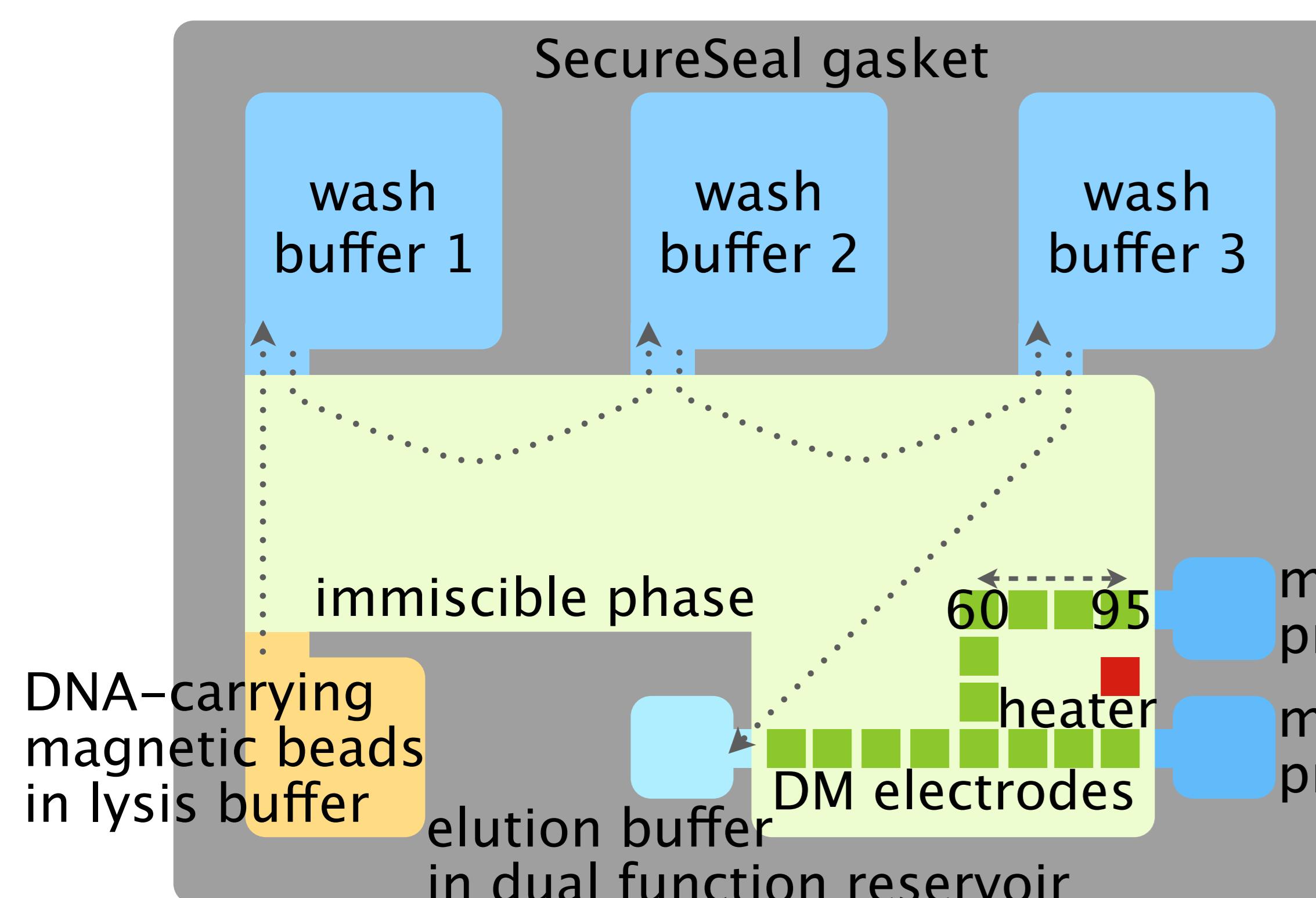


④ Device

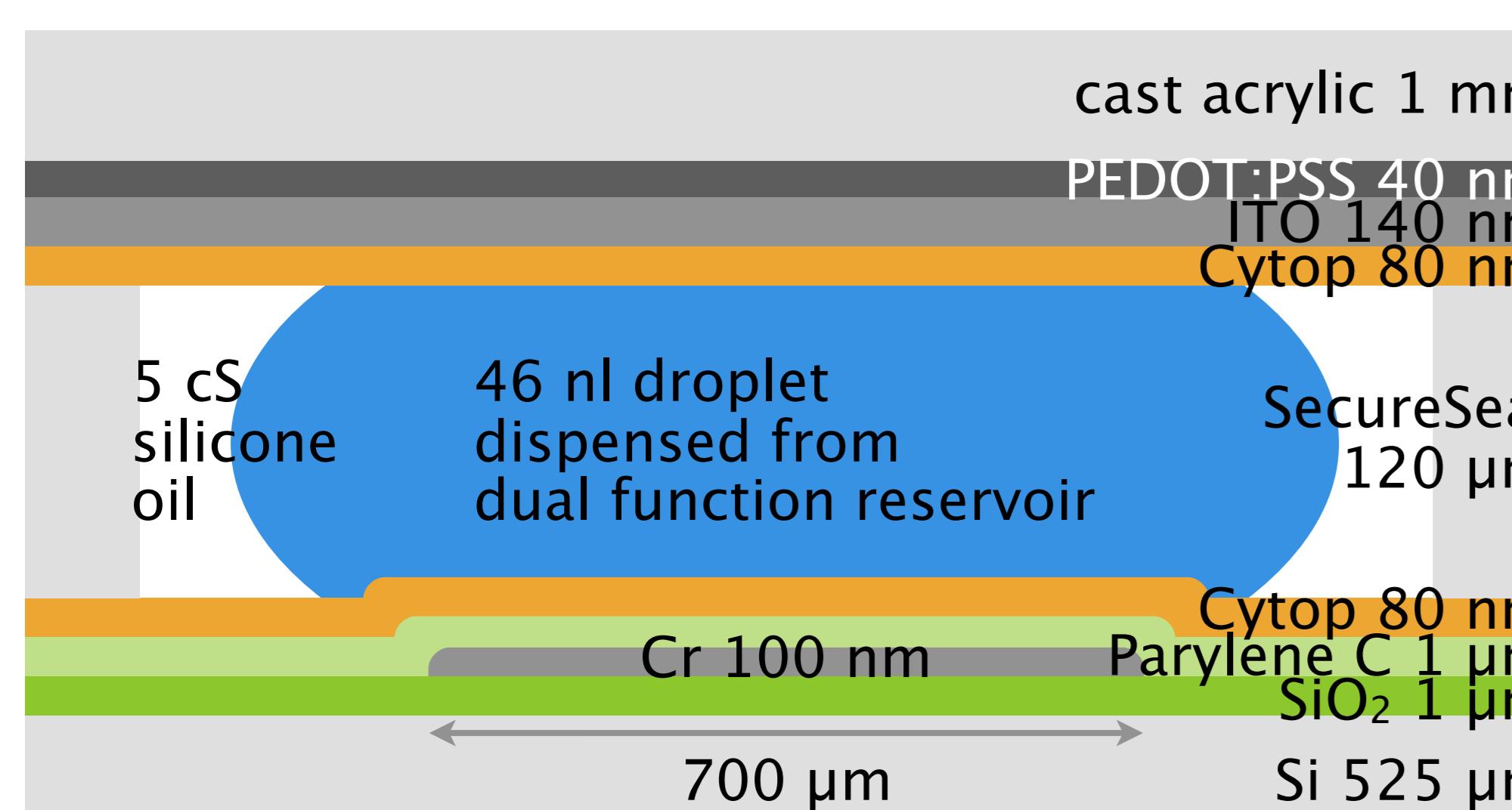
- top-down view

beads transported by an external magnet

droplets transported by digital microfluidic actuation



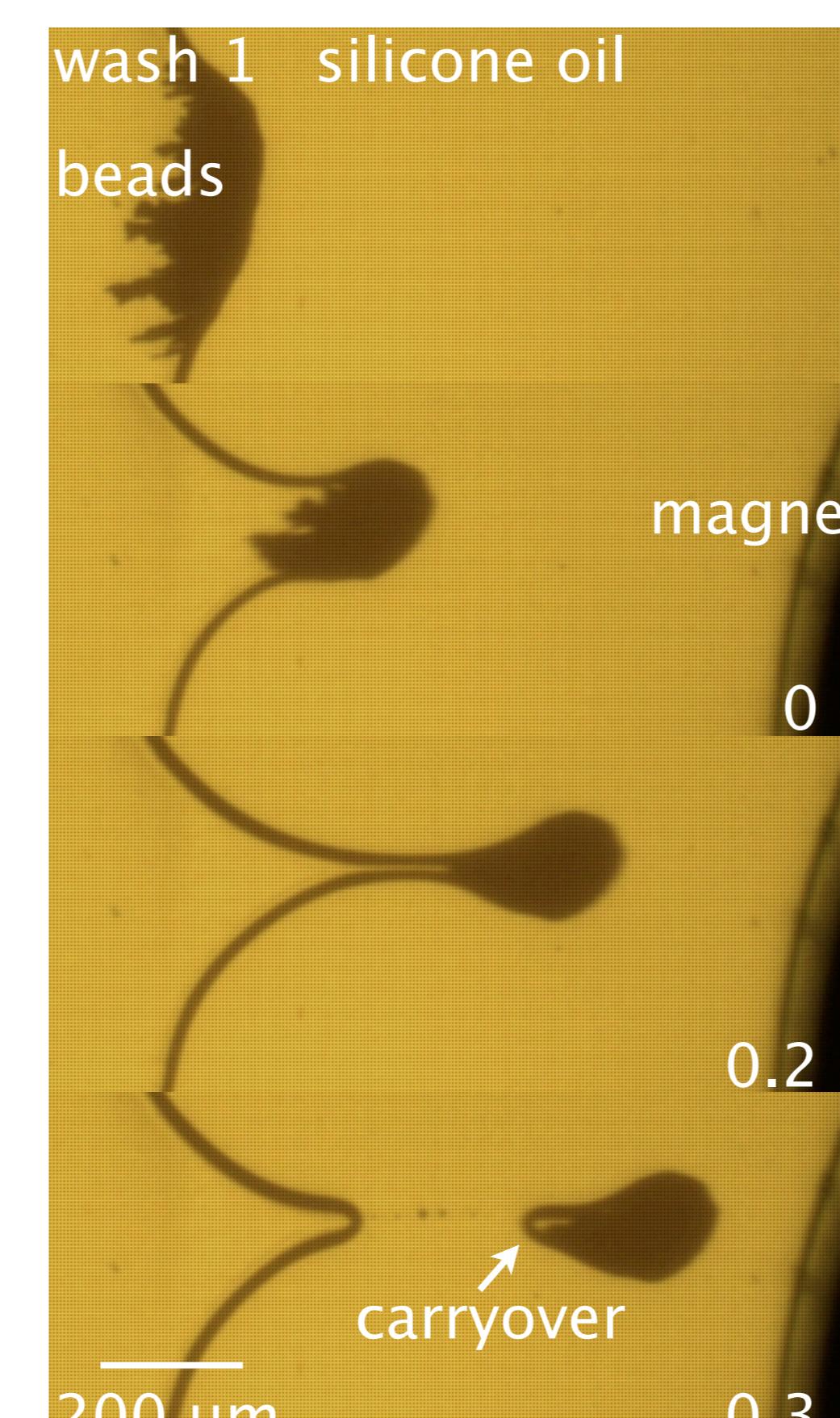
• side view



⑤ Preliminary results

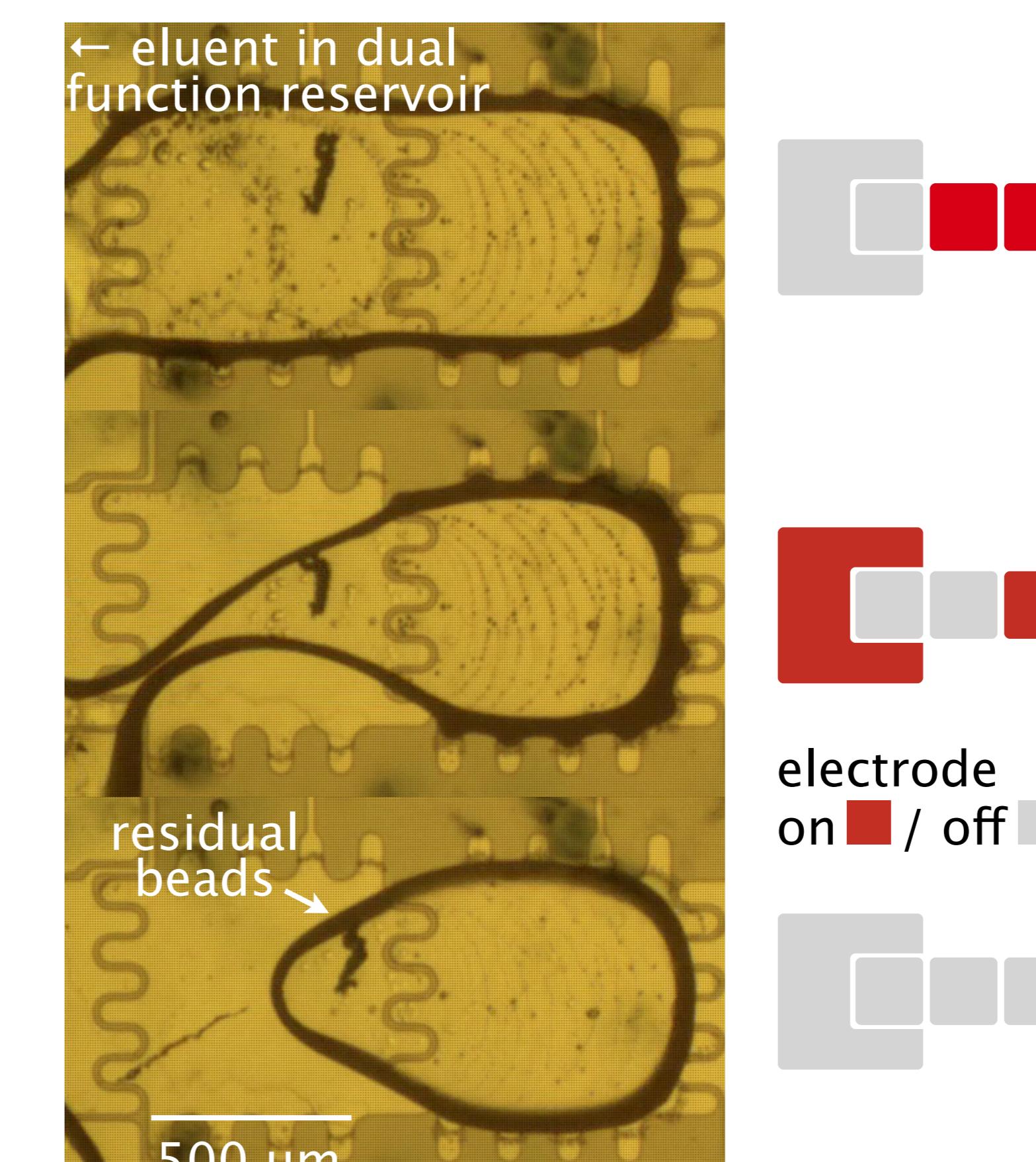
immiscible phase purification

- DNA retention: 47 ~ 88% relative to benchtop protocol
- purification power = [inhibitor in]/[inhibitor out]
40x lower bound
 $10^2 \sim 10^3$ x/wash achievable



eluent compartmentation

- eluent from upstream purification stage
- concentrated dsDNA in droplet: 2.5 ng/μl = 13x [DNA in]
- minimum residual beads



⑥ Significance

- prior immiscible phase filtration demo: 1 qPCR⁶
- integration with digital microfluidics:
 - inline auto qPCR prep
 - eluent compartmentation → multiple qPCR

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