Chap5

Anjali Krishnan and Richard Troise

First, set working directory. 'data' is a table with two columns and same number of rows, and should be numeric. Columns have headers indicating the names of the variables. **User will also input desired variable names in double quotes**

```
data <- read.csv("chap5.csv", header = FALSE, skip = 1)
colnames(data) <- c("Expt", "Control")</pre>
```

We now combine the observations into one long column (score)

```
colnames(data) <- c("V1", "V2")
score=c(data$V1,data$V2)</pre>
```

We generate a second column (group), that identifies the group for each score

```
levels=factor(c(rep("Expt",5),rep("Control",5)))
```

We now form a data frame with the dependent variable and the factors, then print the table.

```
data=data.frame(score=score,group=levels)
knitr::kable(xtable(data))
```

score	group
1	Expt
2	Expt
5	Expt
6	Expt
6	Expt
8	Contro
8	Contro
9	Contro
11	Contro
14	Contro

We now generate the ANOVA table based on the linear model

Control

Expt

```
aov1=aov(score~levels)
print(model.tables(aov(score~levels),type = "means"),digits=3)

## Tables of means
## Grand mean
##
## 7
##
## levels
## levels
```

```
## 10 4
```

summary(aov1)

```
## Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)

## levels 1 90 90 15 0.00472 **

## Residuals 8 48 6

## ---

## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```