

4TB3 Project Development Plan

David Thompson, 400117555

Rohit Saily, 400144124

Raymond Tu, 400137262

February 25, 2020

1 Project Description

1.1 Research Question

How does the compilation time of the P0 Compiler differ between a sequential implementation and a concurrent implementation using Goroutines in Golang?

1.2 Relevant Work

Many compilers forego concurrent compilation of parts of one file for two reasons. First, the concurrency mechanisms provided by the languages that other compilers are coded in have too much overhead. The time it takes to set up tasks to compile the code concurrently exceeds the time that could be saved by compiling concurrently. Next, it is much easier to compile a group of files concurrently, with one instance of the compiler for each file. This keeps each core of the processor occupied, so additional concurrency on top of this may not improve the compilation time much.

However, Go's compiler implements compiling different portions of one file concurrently. <https://golang.org/doc/go1.9>. It is a self-hosted compiler; it itself is written in Go. This means it can benefit from the cheap concurrency that the language provides in order to facilitate the concurrent compilation.

TODO: references

1.3 Developmental Challenges

1.4 Test Plan

We will develop a test suite of example programs which encompass the features of the P0 language. We will pull from the example programs in the notebooks, and write our own. We will also develop syntactically incorrect programs, or programs with type errors, in order to test our error detection and reporting.

Using these programs, we will separately test each of the following components:

- Scanner - Given the source code, is the expected sequence of tokens generated by the scanner?
- Parser - Given the tokens corresponding to the source code, does the generated AST correspond to the expected AST?
- Generators -

We will also perform integration tests, ensuring

In addition to the above, we will unit test the symbol table. The reason for focusing on this component for unit testing is that

1.5 Documentation

For the documentation of our project we will be using GoDoc. GoDoc is similar to documentation generators for other programming languages, for example JavaDoc for Java and Doxygen for Python. GoDoc generates documentation in PDF or HTML format from comments in the source code. Following the standard conventions for GoDoc will provide easily readable source code and good documentation for all methods

implemented in the P0 Compiler. GoDoc is chosen because it is the standard documentation standard for Golang, which is the main programming language we will be using for this project. The conventions for a standard GoDoc comment to generate HTML is easy to read, and alone would already provide readable source code to any viewer. In conclusion, GoDoc is intuitive to use and similar to existing documentation standards we have experience with, which makes it the perfect choice for this project.

GoDoc: <https://blog.golang.org/godoc-documenting-go-code>

2 Resources

2.1 Transcompilation

Python is generally an interpreted language, but Go is compiled before execution. This means that the Go implementation of the P0 compiler would likely run faster, even if no concurrency is used. In order to get a fair comparison between the compilers, a few methods are available.

The existing P0 compiler could be manually rewritten to Go. This method will take a long time, and would leave less time for refining the concurrent Go implementation.

Our preferred route is to transpile the existing Python code to Go instead of manually translating the program. Google offers a Python to Go transpiler called Grumpy.

Another option would be to compile the Python P0 compiler and the concurrent Go P0 compiler to a common language, then compare their run times in that language. This is not ideal, because concurrency works differently between programming languages. Go is known for having very efficient concurrency compared to other languages. As a result, the efficiency of the concurrent Go implementation may be understated. It would be preferable to use one of the previous two alternatives.

2.2 Development

2.3 Testing

For testing for errors in the P0 Compiler in Go, unit testing will be conducted. This unit testing will be done in the standard testing package that is included in Go. This testing package also includes statement-based code coverage checking that will be useful as a metric for how well the code is tested. The difference between this package and other standard unit testing for other languages such as PyTest for Python is that it does not utilize assert statements. Instead an error is thrown after a boolean check coded by the programmer. This will allow the test package to detect multiple errors in the program, because while an assert statement would stop the program after the first error, the test package in Go will instead detect the error and continue running other test cases. In conclusion, using the Go test package we can eliminate errors in the sequential and concurrent implementation in Go before we test the differences in their runtimes and answer the defined research question.

For timing the execution time of the P0 Compiler, we can use a variety of different time libraries included in Python or Go. To be consistent, one timing library will be chosen and used for testing the execution time of both implementations of the P0 Compiler. This will ensure accurate results to draw a conclusion from to answer the research question. How these libraries will be used for testing will be elaborated on in the Test Plan section.

2.4 Poster

L^AT_EX

The golang code to talk about their implementation of a concurrent compiler

3 Division of Labour

4 Weekly Schedule

Week	Deliverables
Week 1	Development Plan and Proposal Setting Development Environment
Week 2	Transcompilation and Beginning of Development
Week 3	Working Prototype
Week 4	Testing and Refinement of Prototype and Documentation
Week 5	Poster Presentation Creation
Week 6	Poster Presentation Creation