

ACCELERATED GSTREAMER USER GUIDE

DA_07303-4.0 | March 18, 2019

Release 32.1



DOCUMENT CHANGE HISTORY

DA_07303-4.0

Version	Date	Authors	Description of Change
v1.0	01 May 2015	NVIDIA	Initial release.
v1.1	30 Jun 2015	mzensius	Added rotation and scaling commands, other new content.
v1.2	03 Nov 2015	emilyh	Changes for 23.1
v1.3	19 Nov 2015	mzensius	Added note for display export.
v1.4	17 Dec 2015	hlang	Updated gst-nvivafilter sample pipelines. Updated steps to build gstreamer manually.
v1.5	08 Jan 2016	kstone	Added nvvidconv interpolation method.
v1.5	29 Jan 2016	hlang	Additional syntax changes for 23.2 release
v2.0	11 May 2016	mzensius	Minor change to nvgstcapture options.
v3.0	11 Aug 2016	mzensius	Versioned for 24.2 release. GStreamer-0.10 content removed. Also Adds Video Cropping example, interpolation methods for video scaling, EGLStream producer example, and an EGL Image transform example.
v3.1	06 Oct 2016	mzensius	Minor updates to video encoder features.
v3.1.1	21 Nov 2016	mzensius	Changed title of document.
V3.2	12 Jan 2017	mzensius	Adds H.264/H.265 encoder documentation. Also corrects the GStreamer-1.0 installation procedure.
3.2	03 Mar 2017	hlang	Update date/moniker for L4T 27.1 release. No other updates.
3.3	13 Jul 2017	mzensius	Minor edit to command syntax, and update of date/moniker for L4T 28.1 release.
3.4	01 Dec 2017	mzensius	Includes support for NVIDIA® Jetson™ TX1, previously documented elsewhere. Also includes Overlay Sink information, and formatting enhancements.
3.5	23 Feb 2018	kstone	Added support for the nvarguscamerasrc plugin. Corrected erroneous path. Reformatted commands for line breaks.
3.5	28 Feb 2018	hlang	Update the GStreamer installation and setup table to add nvcompositor.

3.6	20 April 2018	kstone	Added prerequisites for Video Composition.
3.7	23 July 2018	jsachs	Add steps to be performed when testing Wayland based GST plugin, playing video, or running Wayland based apps on Wayland display server.
3.8	29 August 2018	jsachs	Updates for L4T release 31 & GStreamer version 1.14.
3.9	2 November 2018	Jsachs	Updates for L4T release 31.1. Jetson TX1 and TX2 not supported.
4.0	18 March 2019	jsachs	Updates for L4T release 32.1. Jetson™ TX2 and Jetson Nano™ supported.

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ACCELERATED GSTREAMER USER GUIDE

This document is a user guide for the GStreamer version 1.0 based accelerated solution included in NVIDIA® Tegra® Linux Driver Package (L4T) for NVIDIA® Jetson AGX Xavier $^{\text{\tiny M}}$ devices.

Note

References to GStreamer version 1.0 apply to GStreamer version 1.14.

GSTREAMER-1.0 INSTALLATION AND SETUP

This section describes how to install and configure GStreamer.

To install GStreamer-1.0

▶ Install GStreamer-1.0 on the platform with the following commands:

```
sudo add-apt-repository universe
sudo add-apt-repository multiverse
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install gstreamer1.0-tools gstreamer1.0-alsa \
    gstreamer1.0-plugins-base gstreamer1.0-plugins-good \
    gstreamer1.0-plugins-bad gstreamer1.0-plugins-ugly \
    gstreamer1.0-libav
sudo apt-get install libgstreamer1.0-dev \
    libgstreamer-plugins-base1.0-dev \
    libgstreamer-plugins-good1.0-dev \
    libgstreamer-plugins-bad1.0-dev
```

To check the GStreamer-1.0 version

Check the GStreamer-1.0 version with the following command:

gst-inspect-1.0 --version

GStreamer-1.0 Plugin Reference

Note

The gst-omx plugin is deprecated in Linux for Tegra (L4T) Release 32.1. Use the gst-v412 plugin instead.

GStreamer version 1.0 includes the following gst-omx video decoders:

Video Decoder	Description
omxh265dec	OpenMAX IL H.265 Video decoder
omxh264dec	OpenMAX IL H.264 Video decoder
omxmpeg4videodec	OpenMAX IL MPEG4 Video decoder
omxmpeg2videodec	OpenMAX IL MPEG2 Video decoder
omxvp8dec	OpenMAX IL VP8 Video decoder
omxvp9dec	OpenMAX IL VP9 video decoder

GStreamer version 1.0 includes the following gst-v4l2 video decoders:

Video Encoders	Description
	V4L2 H.265 Video decoder
	V4L2 H.264 Video decoder
nvv4l2decoder	V4L2 VP8 video decoder
Tivv4izuecouei	V4L2 VP9 video decoder
	V4L2 MPEG4 video decoder
	V4L2 MPEG2 video decoder

GStreamer version 1.0 includes the following gst-omx video encoders:

Video Encoders	Description
omxh264enc	OpenMAX IL H.264/AVC video encoder
omxh265enc	OpenMAX IL H.265/AVC video encoder
omxvp8enc	OpenMAX IL VP8 video encoder (supported with NVIDIA® Jetson™ TX2/TX2i and NVIDIA® Jetson Nano™; not supported with NVIDIA® Jetson AGX Xavier™)
omxvp9enc	OpenMAX IL VP9 video encoder (supported with Jetson TX2 and Jetson AGX Xavier; not supported with Jetson Nano)

GStreamer version 1.0 includes the following gst-v4l2 video encoders:

Video Encoders	Description
nvv4l2h264enc	V4I2 H.264 video encoder
nvv4l2h265enc	V4I2 H.265 video encoder
nvv4l2vp8enc	V4I2 VP8 video encoder (supported with Jetson TX2/TX2i and Jetson Nano; not supported with Jetson AGX Xavier)
nvv4l2vp9enc	V4I2 VP9 video encoder (supported with Jetson AGX Xavier and Jetson; not supported with Jetson Nano)

GStreamer version 1.0 includes the following gst-omx video sink:

Video Sink	Description
nvoverlaysink	OpenMAX IL videosink element

GStreamer version 1.0 includes the following EGL image video sink:

Video Sink	Description
nveglglessink	EGL/GLES videosink element, both the X11 and Wayland backends
nv3dsink	EGL/GLES videosink element

GStreamer version 1.0 includes the following DRM video sink:

Video Sink	Description
nvdrmvideosink	DRM videosink element

Note

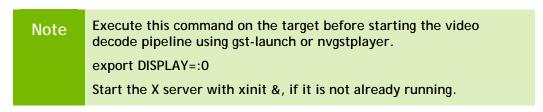
The nvoverlaysink plugin is deprecated in L4T Release 32.1. Use nvdrmvideosink and nv3dsink instead for render pipelines with gst-v412 decoder.

GStreamer version 1.0 includes the following proprietary NVIDIA plugins:

NVIDIA Proprietary Plugin	Description
nvarguscamerasrc	Camera plugin for ARGUS API
nvvidconv	Video format conversion & scaling
nvcompositor	Video compositor
nvegIstreamsrc	Acts as GStreamer Source Component, accepts EGLStream from EGLStream producer
nvvideosink	Video Sink Component. Accepts YUV-I420 format and produces EGLStream (RGBA)
nvegItransform	Video transform element for NVMM to EGLimage (supported with nveglglessink only)

GStreamer version 1.0 includes the following libjpeg based JPEG image video encode/decode plugins:

JPEG	Description	
nvjpegenc	JPEG encoder element	
nvjpegdec	JPEG decoder element	



DECODE EXAMPLES

The examples in this section show how you can perform audio and video decode with GStreamer.

Note

GStreamer version 0.10 support is deprecated in Linux for Tegra (L4T) Release 24.2. Use of GStreamer version 1.0 is recommended for development.

Audio Decode Examples Using gst-launch-1.0

The following examples show how you can perform audio decode using GStreamer-1.0.

AAC Decode (OSS Software Decode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
 qtdemux name=demux demux.audio_0 ! \
 queue ! avdec_aac ! audioconvert ! alsasink -e
```

AMR-WB Decode (OSS Software Decode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
 qtdemux name=demux demux.audio_0 ! queue ! avdec_amrwb ! \
  audioconvert ! alsasink -e
```

AMR-NB Decode (OSS Software Decode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
 qtdemux name=demux demux.audio_0 ! queue ! avdec_amrnb ! \
 audioconvert ! alsasink -e
```

MP3 Decode (OSS Software Decode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp3> ! mpegaudioparse ! \
 avdec_mp3 ! audioconvert ! alsasink -e
```

Note

To route audio over HDMI, set the alsasink property device as follows:

hw:Tegra,3

Video Decode Examples Using gst-launch-1.0

The following examples show how you can perform video decode on GStreamer-1.0.

Video Decode Using gst-omx

The following examples show how you can perform video decode using the gst-omx plugin on GStreamer-1.0.

H.264 Decode (NVIDIA Accelerated Decode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
 qtdemux name=demux demux.video_0 ! queue ! h264parse ! omxh264dec ! \
 nveglglessink -e
```

H.265 Decode (NVIDIA Accelerated Decode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
 qtdemux name=demux demux.video_0 ! queue ! h265parse ! omxh265dec ! \
 nvoverlaysink -e
```

10-bit H.265 Decode (NVIDIA Accelerated Decode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename_10bit.mkv> ! \
 matroskademux ! h265parse ! omxh265dec ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)NV12' ! \
 nvoverlaysink -e
```

12-bit H.265 Decode (NVIDIA Accelerated Decode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename_12bit.mkv> ! \
 matroskademux ! h265parse ! omxh265dec ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)NV12'! \
 nvoverlaysink -e
```

Note

For decode use cases with low memory allocation requirements (e.g. on Jetson Nano), use the enable-low-outbuffer property of the gstomx decoder plugin.

For an example, see the pipeline below.

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
 qtdemux ! h265parse ! omxh265dec enable-low-outbuffer=1 ! \
'video/x- raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)NV12' ! fakesink sync=1 -e
```

Note

To enable max perf mode, use the disable-dvfs property of the gstomx decoder plugin. Expect increased power consumption in max perf mode.

For an example, see the pipeline below.

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
  qtdemux ! h265parse ! omxh265dec disable-dvfs=1 ! \
'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)NV12' ! fakesink sync=1 -e
```

VP8 Decode (NVIDIA Accelerated Decode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
 qtdemux name=demux demux.video_0 ! queue ! omxvp8dec ! \
 nvoverlaysink -e
```

Note

If the primary display is NOT used to render video, use the displayid property of nvoverlaysink.

For example, refer to the pipeline below.

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
  qtdemux name=demux demux.video_0 ! queue ! omxvp8dec ! \
 nvoverlaysink display-id=1 -e
```

VP9 Decode (NVIDIA Accelerated Decode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
 matroskademux name=demux demux.video_0 ! queue ! omxvp9dec ! \
 nvoverlaysink display-id=1 -e
```

MPEG-4 Decode (NVIDIA Accelerated Decode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
  qtdemux name=demux demux.video_0 ! queue ! mpeg4videoparse ! \
  omxmpeg4videodec ! nveglglessink -e
```

MPEG-2 Decode (NVIDIA Accelerated Decode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.ts> ! \
  tsdemux name=demux demux.video_0 ! queue ! mpegvideoparse ! \
  omxmpeg2videodec ! nveglglessink -e
```

Video Decode Using gst-v4l2

The following examples show how you can perform video decode using gst-v4l2 plugin on GStreamer-1.0.

H.264 Decode (NVIDIA Accelerated Decode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename_h264.mp4> ! \
qtdemux ! queue ! h264parse ! nvv4l2decoder ! nv3dsink -e
```

Note

To enable max perf mode, use the enable-max-performance property of the gst-v412 decoder plugin. Expect increased power consumption in max perf mode.

For an example, see the pipeline below.

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename_h264.mp4> ! \
  qtdemux ! queue ! h264parse ! nvv4l2decoder \
  enable-max-performance=1 ! nv3dsink -e
```

H.265 Decode (NVIDIA Accelerated Decode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename_h265.mp4> ! \ qtdemux ! queue ! h265parse ! nvv4l2decoder ! nv3dsink -e
```

10-bit H.265 Decode (NVIDIA Accelerated Decode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename_10bit.mkv> ! \
  matroskademux ! queue ! h265parse ! nvv4l2decoder ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)NV12' ! nv3dsink -e
```

12-bit H.265 Decode (NVIDIA Accelerated Decode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename_12bit.mkv> ! \
 matroskademux ! queue ! h265parse ! nvv412decoder ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)NV12'! nv3dsink -e
```

VP9 Decode (NVIDIA Accelerated Decode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename_vp9.mkv> ! \
 matroskademux ! queue ! nvv4l2decoder ! nv3dsink -e
```

VP8 Decode (NVIDIA Accelerated Decode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename_vp8.mkv> ! \
 matroskademux ! queue ! nvv4l2decoder ! nv3dsink -e
```

MPEG-4 Decode (NVIDIA Accelerated Decode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename_mpeg4.mp4> ! \
 qtdemux ! queue ! mpeg4videoparse ! nvv4l2decoder ! nv3dsink -e
```

MPEG-2 Decode (NVIDIA Accelerated Decode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename_mpeg2.ts> ! \
 tsdemux ! queue ! mpegvideoparse ! nvv4l2decoder ! nv3dsink -e
```

Image Decode Examples Using gst-launch-1.0

The following examples show how you can perform JPEG decode on GStreamer-1.0.

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.jpg> ! nvjpegdec ! \
  imagefreeze! xvimagesink -e
```

FNCODE EXAMPLES

The examples in this section show how you can perform audio and video encode with GStreamer.

Audio Encode Examples Using gst-launch-1.0

The following examples show how you can perform audio encode on GStreamer-1.0.

AAC Encode (OSS Software Encode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 audiotestsrc ! \
  'audio/x-raw, format=(string)S16LE,
 layout=(string)interleaved, rate=(int)44100, channels=(int)2' ! \
 voaacenc ! qtmux ! filesink location=test.mp4 -e
```

AMR-WB Encode (OSS Software Encode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 audiotestsrc ! \
  'audio/x-raw, format=(string)S16LE, layout=(string)interleaved, \
 rate=(int)16000, channels=(int)1' ! voamrwbenc ! qtmux ! \
 filesink location=test.mp4 -e
```

Video Encode Examples Using gst-launch-1.0

The following examples show how you can perform video encode with GStreamer-1.0.

Video Encode Using gst-omx

The following examples show how you can perform video encode using the gst-omx plugin with GStreamer-1.0.

H.264 Encode (NVIDIA Accelerated Encode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc ! \
  'video/x-raw, format=(string)I420, width=(int)640, \
 height=(int)480' ! omxh264enc ! \
  'video/x-h264, stream-format=(string)byte-stream' ! h264parse ! \
 gtmux ! filesink location=test.mp4 -e
```

H.265 Encode (NVIDIA Accelerated Encode)

```
qst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc ! \
  'video/x-raw, format=(string)I420, width=(int)640, \
 height=(int)480' ! omxh265enc ! filesink location=test.h265 -e
```

10-bit H.265 Encode (NVIDIA Accelerated Encode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 nvarguscamerasrc ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)1920, height=(int)1080, \
 format=(string)NV12, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! \
 nvvidconv ! 'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)I420_10LE' !
 omxh265enc ! matroskamux ! filesink location=test_10bit.mkv -e
```

VP8 Encode (NVIDIA Accelerated, Supported with Jetson TX2/TX2i and Jetson Nano)

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc ! \
  'video/x-raw, format=(string)I420, width=(int)640, \
  height=(int)480' ! omxvp8enc ! matroskamux ! \
  filesink location=test.mkv -e
```

VP9 Encode (NVIDIA Accelerated, Supported with Jetson TX2 and Jetson AGX Xavier)

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc ! \
  'video/x-raw, format=(string)I420, width=(int)640, \
  height=(int)480' ! omxvp9enc ! matroskamux ! \
  filesink location=test.mkv -e
```

MPEG-4 Encode (OSS Software Encode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc ! \
  'video/x-raw, format=(string)I420, width=(int)640, \
  height=(int)480' ! avenc_mpeg4 ! qtmux ! \
  filesink location=test.mp4 -e
```

H.263 Encode (OSS Software Encode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc ! \
  'video/x-raw, format=(string)I420, width=(int)704, \
  height=(int)576' ! avenc_h263 ! qtmux ! filesink location=test.mp4 -e
```

Video Encode Using gst-v4l2

The following examples show how you can perform video encode using gst-v4l2 plugin with GStreamer-1.0.

H.264 Encode (NVIDIA Accelerated Encode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 nvarguscamerasrc ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)1920, height=(int)1080, \
  format=(string)NV12, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvv412h264enc ! \
  bitrate-8000000 ! h264parse ! qtmux ! filesink \
  location=<filename_h264.mp4> -e
```

Note

To enable max perf mode, use the maxperf-enable property of the gst-v412 encoder plugin. Expect increased power consumption in max perf mode.

For an example, see the pipeline below.

```
gst-launch-1.0 nvarguscamerasrc ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)1920, height=(int)1080, \
  format=(string)NV12, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvv4l2h264enc \
  maxperf-enable=1 bitrate=8000000 ! h264parse ! qtmux ! filesink \
  location=<filename_h264.mp4> -e
```

H.265 Encode (NVIDIA Accelerated Encode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 nvarguscamerasrc ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)1920, height=(int)1080, \
  format=(string)NV12, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvv4l2h265enc \
  bitrate=8000000 ! h265parse ! qtmux ! filesink \
  location=<filename_h265.mp4> -e
```

VP9 Encode (NVIDIA Accelerated Encode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 nvarguscamerasrc ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)1920, height=(int)1080, \
  format=(string)NV12, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvv4l2vp9enc \
  bitrate=8000000 ! matroskamux ! filesink \
  location=<filename_vp9.mkv> -e
```

VP9 Encode with IVF Headers (NVIDIA Accelerated Encode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 nvarguscamerasrc ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)1920, height=(int)1080, \
  format=(string)NV12, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvv4l2vp9enc \
  enable-headers=1 bitrate=8000000 ! filesink \
  location=<filename_vp9.vp9> -e
```

VP8 Encode (NVIDIA Accelerated Encode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 nvarguscamerasrc ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)1920, height=(int)1080, \
  format=(string)NV12, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvv4l2vp8enc \
  bitrate=8000000 ! matroskamux ! filesink \
  location=<filename_vp8.mkv> -e
```

VP8 Encode with IVF Headers (NVIDIA Accelerated Encode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 nvarguscamerasrc ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)1920, height=(int)1080, \
  format=(string)NV12, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvv412vp8enc \
  enable-headers=1 bitrate=8000000 ! filesink \
  location=<filename_vp8.vp8> -e
```

Image Encode Examples Using gst-launch-1.0

The following examples show how you can perform JPEG encode on GStreamer-1.0 .

Image Encode

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=1 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)640, height=(int)480, \
  format=(string)I420' ! nvjpegenc ! filesink location=test.jpg -e
```

Supported H.264/H.265/VP8/VP9 Encoder Features with GStreamer-1.0

This section describes example gst-launch-1.0 usage for features supported by the NVIDIA accelerated H.264/H.265/VP8/VP9 encoders.

Features Supported Using gst-omx

This section describes example gst-launch-1.0 usage for features supported by the NVIDIA accelerated H.264/H.265/VP8/VP9 gst-omx encoders.

```
Note
```

Display detailed information on omxh264enc or omxh265enc encoder properties with the gst-inspect-1.0 [omxh264enc | omxh265enc | omxvp8enc | omxvp9enc] command.

Set I-Frame Interval

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=200 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
  format=(string)I420' ! omxh264enc iframeinterval=100 ! qtmux ! \
  filesink location=test.mp4 -e
```

Set Temporal-Tradeoff (Rate at Which the Encoder Should Drop Frames)

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=200 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
```

```
format=(string)I420' ! omxh264enc temporal-tradeoff=1 ! qtmux ! \
filesink location=test.mp4 -e
```

Configuring temporal tradeoff causes the encoder to intentionally, periodically, drop input frames. The following modes are supported:

Mode	Description	
0	Disable	
1	Drop 1 in 5 frames	
2	Drop 1 in 3 frames	
3	Drop 1 in 2 frames	
4	Drop 2 in 3 frames	

Set Rate Control Mode

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=200 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
  format=(string)I420' ! omxh264enc control-rate=1 ! qtmux ! \
  filesink location=test.mp4 -e
```

The following modes are supported:

Mode	Description	
0	Disable	
1	Variable bit rate	
2	Constant bit rate	
3	Variable bit rate with frame skip. The encoder skips frames as necessary to meet the target bit rate.	
4	Constant bit rate with frame skip	

Set Peak Bitrate

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=200 is-live=true ! \
  'video/x-raw,width=1280,height=720,format=I420' ! \
  omxh264enc bitrate=6000000 peak-bitrate=6500000 ! qtmux ! \
  filesink location=test.mp4 -e
```

It takes effect only in variable bit rate(control-rate=1) mode. By default, the value is configured as (1.2*bitrate).

Set Quantization Range for I, P and B Frame

The format for the range is the following:

```
"<I_range>:<P_range>:<B_range>"
```

Where <I_range> , <P_range> and <B_range> are each expressed as hyphenated values, as shown in the following example:

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=200 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
 format=(string)I420' ! \
 omxh264enc qp-range="10,30:10,35:10,35" ! qtmux ! \
 filesink location=test.mp4 -e
```

The range of B frames does not take effect if the number of B frames is 0.

Set Hardware Preset Level

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=200 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
 format=(string)I420' ! omxh264enc preset-level=0 ! qtmux ! \
 filesink location=test.mp4 -e
```

The following modes are supported:

Mode	Description	
0	UltraFastPreset	
1	FastPreset Only Integer Pixel (integer-pel) block motion is estimated. For I/P macroblock mode decision, only Intra 16 x 16 cost is compared with Inter modes costs. Supports Intra 16 x 16 and Intra 4 x 4 modes.	
2	MediumPreset Supports up to Half Pixel (half-pel) block motion estimation. For an I/P macroblock mode decision, only Intra 16 x 16 cost is compared with Inter modes costs. Supports Intra 16 x 16 and Intra 4 x 4 modes.	
3	SlowPreset Supports up to Quarter Pixel (Qpel) block motion estimation. For an I/P macroblock mode decision, Intra 4 x 4 as well as Intra 16 x 16 cost is compared with Inter modes costs. Supports Intra 16 x 16 and Intra 4 x 4 modes.	

Set Profile

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=200 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
  format=(string)I420' ! omxh264enc profile=8 ! qtmux ! \
  filesink location=test.mp4 -e
```

From omxh264enc, the following profiles are supported:

Profile	Description
1	Baseline profile
2	Main profile
8	High profile

Set Level

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=200 is-live=true ! \
  'video/x-raw, format=(string)I420, width=(int)256, height=(int)256, \
  framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! omxh264enc bitrate=40000 !\
  'video/x-h264, level=(string)2.2' ! qtmux ! \
  filesink location= test.mp4 -e
```

From omxh264enc, the following levels are supported: 1, 1b, 1.2, 1.3, 2, 2.1, 2.2, 3, 3.1, 3.2, 4, 4.1, 4.2, 5, 5.1, and 5.2.

From omxh265enc, the following levels are supported: main1, main2, main2.1, main3, main3.1, main4, main4.1, main5, high1, high2, high2.1, high3, high3.1, high4, high4.1, and high5.

Set Number of B Frames Between Two Reference Frames

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=200 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
  format=(string)I420' ! omxh264enc num-B-Frames=2 ! qtmux ! \
  filesink location=test.mp4 -e
```

Note

B-frame-encoding is not supported with omxh265enc.

Insert SPS and PPS at IDR

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=200 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
  format=(string)I420' ! omxh264enc insert-sps-pps=1 ! qtmux ! \
  filesink location=test.mp4 -e
```

If enabled, a sequence parameter set (SPS) and a picture parameter set (PPS) are inserted before each IDR frame in the H.264/H.265 stream.

Enable Two-Pass CBR

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=200 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
  format=(string)I420' ! omxh264enc EnableTwopassCBR=1
  control-rate=2 ! qtmux ! filesink location=test.mp4 -e
```

Two-pass CBR must be enabled along with constant bit rate (control-rate=2).

Set Virtual Buffer Size

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=200 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
  format=(string)I420' ! omxh264enc vbv-size=10 ! qtmux ! \
  filesink location=test.mp4 -e
```

If the buffer size of decoder or network bandwidth is limited, configuring virtual buffer size can cause video stream generation to correspond to the limitations according to the following formula:

```
virtual buffer size = vbv-size * (bitrate/fps)
```

Enable Stringent Bitrate

```
gst-launch-1.0 nvarguscamerasrc num-buffers=200 ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM),width=1920,height=1080,
  format=(string)NV12' ! \
  omxh264enc control-rate=2 vbv-size=1 EnableTwopassCBR=true \
  EnableStringentBitrate=true ! qtmux ! filesink location=test.mp4 -e
```

Stringent Bitrate must be enabled along with constant bit rate (control-rate=2), two-pass CBR being enabled, and virtual buffer size being set.

Slice-Header-Spacing with Spacing in Terms of MB

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=200 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
  format=(string)I420' ! \
  omxh264enc slice-header-spacing=200 bit-packetization=0 ! \
  qtmux ! filesink location=test.mp4 -e
```

The parameter bit-packetization=0 configures the network abstraction layer (NAL) packet as macroblock (MB)-based, and slice-header-spacing=200 configures each NAL packet as 200 MB at maximum.

Slice Header Spacing with Spacing in Terms of Number of Bits

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=200 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
  format=(string)I420' ! \
  omxh264enc slice-header-spacing=1024 bit-packetization=1 ! \
  qtmux ! filesink location=test1.mp4 -e
```

The parameter bit-packetization=1 configures the network abstraction layer (NAL) packet as size-based, and slice-header-spacing=1024 configures each NAL packet as 1024 bytes at maximum.

Features Supported Using gst-v4l2

This section describes example gst-launch-1.0 usage for features supported by the NVIDIA accelerated H.264/H.265/VP8/VP9 gst-v412 encoders.

Note

Display detailed information on the nvv4l2h264enc, nvv4l2h265enc, or nvv4l2vp9enc encoder property with the gst-inspect-1.0 [nvv4l2h264enc | nvv4l2vp8enc | nvv4l2vp9enc] command.

Set I-Frame Interval (Supported with H.264/H.265/VP9 Encode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=300 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
  format=(string)I420, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)I420' ! nvv412h264enc \
  iframeinterval=100 ! h264parse ! qtmux ! filesink \
  location=<filename_h264.mp4> -e
```

This property sets encoding Intra Frame occurrence frequency.

Set Rate Control Mode and Bitrate (Supported with H.264/H.265/VP9 Encode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=300 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
  format=(string)I420, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)1420' ! nvv412h264enc \
  control-rate=0 bitrate=30000000 ! h264parse ! qtmux ! filesink \
 location=<filename_h264_VBR.mp4> -e
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=300 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
  format=(string)I420, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)I420' ! nvv4l2h264enc \
 control-rate=1 bitrate=30000000 ! h264parse ! qtmux ! filesink \
  location=<filename_h264_CBR.mp4> -e
```

The following modes are supported:

Mode	Description	
0	Variable bit rate (VBR)	
1	Constant bit rate (CBR)	

Set Quantization Range for I, P and B frame (Supported with H.264/H.265) Encode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=300 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
 format=(string)I420, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)I420' ! nvv4l2h264enc \
 ratecontrol-enable=0 quant-i-frames=30 quant-p-frames=30 \
  quant-b-frames=30 num-B-Frames=1 ! filesink \
 location=<filename_h264.264> -e
```

The range of B frames does not take effect if the number of B frames is 0.

Set Hardware Preset Level (Supported with H.264/H.265/VP9 Encode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=300 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
  format=(string)I420, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)I420' ! nvv4l2h264enc \
 preset-level=4 MeasureEncoderLatency=1 ! 'video/x-h264, \
 stream-format=(string)byte-stream, alignment=(string)au' ! \
 filesink location=<filename h264.264> -e
```

The following modes are supported:

Mode	Description	
0	DisablePreset	
1	UltraFastPreset	
2	FastPreset Only Integer Pixel (integer-pel) block motion is estimated. For I/P macroblock mode decisions, only Intra 16×16 cost is compared with intermode costs. Supports intra 16×16 and intra 4×4 modes.	
3	MediumPreset Supports up to Half Pixel (half-pel) block motion estimation. For I/P macroblock mode decisions, only Intra 16×16 cost is compared with intermode costs. Supports intra 16×16 and intra 4×4 modes.	
4	SlowPreset Supports up to Quarter Pixel (Qpel) block motion estimation. For I/P macroblock mode decisions, intra 4×4 as well as intra 16×16 cost is compared with intermode costs. Supports intra 16×16 and intra 4×4 modes.	

Set Profile (Supported with H.264 Encode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=300 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
  format=(string)I420, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)I420' ! nvv4l2h264enc \
 profile=0 ! 'video/x-h264, stream-format=(string)byte-stream, \
 alignment=(string)au' ! filesink location=<filename_h264.264> -e
```

The following profiles are supported:

Profile	Description
0	Baseline profile
2	Main profile
4	High profile

Insert SPS and PPS at IDR (Supported with H.264 Encode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=300 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
 format=(string)I420, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)1420' ! nvv412h264enc \
 insert-sps-pps=1 ! \
  'video/x-h264, stream-format=(string)byte-stream, \
  alignment=(string)au' ! filesink location=<filename_h264.264> -e
```

If enabled, a sequence parameter set (SPS) and a picture parameter set (PPS) are inserted before each IDR frame in the H.264 stream.

Enable Two-Pass CBR (Supported with H.264/H.265 Encode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=300 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
  format=(string)I420, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)I420' ! nvv412h264enc \
  control-rate=1 bitrate=10000000 EnableTwopassCBR=1 ! \
  'video/x-h264, stream-format=(string)byte-stream, \
  alignment=(string)au' ! filesink location=<filename_h264.264> -e
```

Two-pass CBR must be enabled along with constant bit rate (control-rate=1).

Note

For multi-instance encode with two-pass CBR enabled, enable max perf mode by using the maxperf-enable property of the gst-v4l2 encoder to achieve best performance. Expect increased power consumption in max perf mode.

Slice-Header-Spacing with Spacing in Terms of MB (Supported with H.264/H.265 Encode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=300 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
  format=(string)I420, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)I420' ! nvv4l2h264enc \
  slice-header-spacing=8 bit-packetization=0 ! 'video/x-h264, \
  stream-format=(string)byte-stream, alignment=(string)au' ! \
  filesink location=<filename_h264.264> -e
```

The parameter bit-packetization=0 configures the network abstraction layer (NAL) packet as macroblock (MB)-based, and slice-header-spacing=8 configures each NAL packet as 8 MB at maximum.

Slice Header Spacing with Spacing in Terms of Number of Bits (Supported with H.264/H.265 Encode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=300 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
  format=(string)I420, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)I420' ! nvv412h264enc \
  slice-header-spacing=1400 bit-packetization=1 ! 'video/x-h264, \
  stream-format=(string)byte-stream, alignment=(string)au' ! \
  filesink location=<filename_h264.264> -e
```

The parameter bit-packetization=1 configures the network abstraction layer (NAL) packet as size-based, and slice-header-spacing=1400 configures each NAL packet as 1400 bytes at maximum.

Enable Cabac-Entropy-Coding (Supported with H.264 Encode for Main or High Profile)

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=300 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
  format=(string)I420, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)I420' ! nvv412h264enc \
 profile=2 cabac-entropy-coding=1 ! 'video/x-h264, \
  stream-format=(string)byte-stream, alignment=(string)au' ! \
  filesink location=<filename_h264.264> -e
```

The following entropy coding types are supported:

Entropy Coding Type	Description
0	CAVLC
1	CABAC

Set Number of B Frames Between Two Reference Frames (Supported with H.264 Encode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=300 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
 format=(string)I420, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)I420' ! nvv4l2h264enc \
 num-B-Frames=1 ! 'video/x-h264, stream-format=(string)byte-stream, \
 alignment=(string)au' ! filesink location=<filename_h264.264> -e
```

This property sets the number of B frames between two reference frames.

Note

For multi-instance encode with num-B-Frames=2, enable max perf mode by specifying the maxperf-enable property of the gst-v412 encoder for best performance. Expect increased power consumption in max perf mode.

Set gp-range (Supported with H.264/H.265 Encode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=300 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
  format=(string)I420, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)I420' ! nvv412h264enc \
  qp-range="24,24:28,28:30,30" num-B-Frames=1 ! 'video/x-h264, \
  stream-format=(string)byte-stream, alignment=(string)au' ! filesink \
  location=<filename_h264.264> -e
```

This property sets qunatization range for P, I and B frames.

Enable MVBufferMeta (Supported with H.264/H.265 Encode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=300 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
  format=(string)I420, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)I420' ! nvv4l2h264enc \
  EnableMVBufferMeta=1 ! 'video/x-h264, \
  stream-format=(string)byte-stream, alignment=(string)au' ! \
  filesink location=<filename_h264.264> -e
```

This property enables motion vector metadata for encoding.

Insert AUD (Supported with H.264/H.265 Encode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=300 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
  format=(string)I420, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)I420' ! nvv412h264enc \
  insert-aud=1 ! 'video/x-h264, stream-format=(string)byte-stream, \
  alignment=(string)au' ! filesink location=<filename_h264.264> -e
```

This property inserts an H.264/H.265 Access Unit Delimiter (AUD).

Insert VUI (Supported with H.264/H.265 Encode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc num-buffers=300 ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
  format=(string)I420, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)I420' ! nvv412h264enc \
  insert-vui=1 ! 'video/x-h264, stream-format=(string)byte-stream, \
  alignment=(string)au' ! filesink location=<filename_h264.264> -e
```

This property inserts H.264/H.265 Video Usability Information (VUI) in SPS.

CAMERA CAPTURE WITH GSTREAMER-1.0

For nvgstcapture-1.0 usage information enter the following command:

```
nvqstcapture-1.0 --help
```

Note

nvgstcapture-1.0 application default only supports ARGUS API using nvarguscamerasrc plugin. Legacy nvcamerasrc plugin support is deprecated.

For more information, see <u>Nvgstcapture-1.0 Option Reference</u> in this guide.

Capture using nvarguscamerasrc and preview display with overlaysink:

```
gst-launch-1.0 nvarguscamerasrc ! 'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), \
 width=(int)1920, height=(int)1080, format=(string)NV12, \
 framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvoverlaysink -e
```

Note

For multi-instance encode with num-B-Frames=2, enable max perf mode by specifying the maxperf-enable property of the gst-v412 encoder for best performance. Expect increased power consumption in max perf mode.

```
gst-launch-1.0 nvarguscamerasrc maxperf=1 ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)1920, height=(int)1080, \
 format=(string)NV12, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvv4l2h265enc \
 control-rate=1 bitrate=8000000 ! 'video/x-h265, \
 stream-format=(string)byte-stream' ! h265parse ! qtmux ! filesink \
 location=test.mp4 -e
```

The nvgstcapture-1.0 application uses the v412src plugin to capture still images and video.

The following table shows USB camera support.

USB Camera Support	Feature
	Preview display
YUV	Image capture (VGA, 640 x 480)
	Video capture (480p, 720p, H.264/H.265/VP8/VP9 encode)

raw-yuv Capture (1420 Format) and Preview Display with xvimagesink

```
gst-launch-1.0 v4l2src device="/dev/video0" ! \
  "video/x-raw, width=640, height=480, format=(string)YUY2" ! \
  xvimagesink -e
```

VIDEO PLAYBACK WITH GSTREAMER-1.0

For nvgstplayer-1.0 usage information enter the following command:

```
nvgstplayer-1.0 --help
```

Video can be output to HD displays using the HDMI connector on the platform. The GStreamer-1.0 application supports currently the following video sinks:

Note

The nvoverlaysink plugin is deprecated in L4T Release 32.1. Use the nvdrmvideosink plugin for development.

Overlay Sink (Video playback on overlay in full-screen mode)

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
qtdemux name=demux ! h264parse ! omxh264dec ! nvoverlaysink -e
```

Overlay Sink (Video playback using overlay parameters)

Note:

The following steps are required to use the "overlay" property on Jetson-TX2.

1. Set win_mask with the following commands:

```
# sudo -s
# cd /sys/class/graphics/fb0
#
                   // display setting.
# echo 0x0 > device/win_mask
#
                   // Clears current window setting.
#
                    // window setting.
# echo 0x3f > device/win_mask
#
                   // Assigns all 6 overlay windows
#
                   // in display controller to
# // display 0 (fb0).
# echo 0 > blank // Unblank display.
2. Stop X11 using following command:
```

```
$ sudo systemctl stop gdm
$ sudo loginctl terminate-seat seat0
```

For more introduction about the overlay windows in the display controller, please refer to the *TX2 Technical Reference Manual* (TRM).

To use all 6 overlays X11 must be disabled, since it occupies one window. Disabling X11 also helps avoid memory bandwidth contention when using a non X11 overlay.

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename_1080p.mp4> ! \
  qtdemux ! h264parse ! omxh264dec \
  nvoverlaysink overlay-x=100 overlay-y=100 overlay-w=640 \
  overlay-h=480 overlay=1 \
  overlay-depth=0 & gst-launch-1.0 filesrc \
  location=<filename_1080p.mp4> ! qtdemux ! h264parse ! omxh264dec ! \
  nvoverlaysink overlay-x=250 overlay-y=250 overlay-w=640 \
  overlay-h=480 overlay=2 overlay-depth=1 -e

gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename_1080p.mp4> ! \
  qtdemux ! h264parse ! omxh264dec \
  nvoverlaysink overlay-x=100 overlay-y=100 overlay-w=640 \
  overlay-h=480 overlay=1 overlay-depth=2 & gst-launch-1.0 filesrc \
  location=<filename_1080p.mp4> ! qtdemux ! h264parse ! omxh264dec ! \
  nvoverlaysink overlay-x=250 overlay-y=250 overlay-w=640 \
  overlay-h=480 overlay=2 overlay-depth=1 -e
```

nveglglessink (Windowed video playback, NVIDIA EGL/GLES videosink using default X11 backend)

Use the following command to start the GStreamer pipeline using nveglglesink with the default X11 backend:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
qtdemux name=demux ! h264parse ! omxh264dec ! nveglglessink -e
```

This nvgstplayer-1.0 application supports specific window position and dimensions for windowed playback:

```
nvgstplayer-1.0 -i <filename> --window-x=300 --window-y=300 \
    --window-width=500 --window-height=500
```

nveglglessink (Windowed video playback, NVIDIA EGL/GLES videosink using Wayland backend)

You can also use nveglglsink with the Wayland backend, instead of the default X11 backend.

Ubuntu 16.04 does not support the Wayland display server. That is, there is no UI support to switch to Wayland from Xorg. You must start the Wayland server (Weston) using the target's shell before performing any Weston based operation.

To start Weston:

The following steps are required before you first run the GStreamer pipeline with the Wayland backend. They are not required on subsequent runs.

1. Stop the display manager:

```
sudo systemctl stop gdm
sudo loginctl terminate-seat seat0
```

2. Unset the DISPLAY environment variable:

```
unset DISPLAY
```

3. Create a temporary xdg directory:

```
mkdir /tmp/xdg
chmod 700 /tmp/xdg
```

4. Start the Weston compositor:

```
sudo XDG_RUNTIME_DIR=/tmp/xdg weston --idle-time=0 &
```

To run the GStreamer pipeline with the Wayland backend:

Use the following command to start the GStreamer pipeline using nveglglesink with the Wayland backend:

```
sudo XDG_RUNTIME_DIR=/tmp/xdg gst-launch-1.0 filesrc \
  location=<filename.mp4> ! qtdemux name=demux ! h264parse ! \
  omxh264dec ! nveglglessink winsys=wayland
```

DRM Video Sink (Video playback using DRM)

This sink element uses DRM to render video on connected displays.

1. Stop the display manager:

```
sudo systemctl stop gdm
sudo loginctl terminate-seat seat0
```

2. Enter this command to start the GStreamer pipeline using nvdrmvideosink:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
  qtdemux! queue ! h264parse !nvv4l2decoder ! nvdrmvideosink -e
```

Properties

nvdrmvideosink supports the following properties:

Property name	Description	
conn_id	Set connector ID for display.	
plane_id	Set plane ID.	
set_mode	Set default mode (resolution) for playback.	

The following command illustrates the use of these properties:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
  qtdemux! queue ! h264parse ! ! nvv4l2decoder ! nvdrmvideosink \
  conn_id=0 plane_id=1 set_mode=0 -e
```

nv3dsink Video Sink (Video playback using 3D graphics API)

This video sink element works with NVMM buffers and renders using the 3D graphics rendering API. It performs better than nveglglessink with NVMM buffers.

The following command starts the gstreamer pipeline using nv3dsink:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \ qtdemux ! queue ! h264parse ! nvv4l2decoder ! nv3dsink -e
```

VIDEO FORMAT CONVERSION WITH GSTREAMER-1.0

The NVIDIA proprietary nvvidconv GStreamer-1.0 plugin allows conversion between OSS (raw) video formats and NVIDIA video formats. The nvvidconv plugin currently supports the format conversions described in this section

raw-yuv Input Formats

Currently nvvidconv supports the I420, UYVY, YUY2, YVYU, NV12, BGRx, and RGBA raw-yuv input formats.

Using the gst-omx encoder:

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc ! 'video/x-raw, format=(string)UYVY, \
  width=(int)1280, height=(int)720' ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)I420' ! omxh264enc ! \
  'video/x-h264, stream-format=(string)byte-stream' ! h264parse ! \
  qtmux ! filesink location=test.mp4 -e

Using the gst-v412 encoder:
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc ! 'video/x-raw, format=(string)UYVY, \
  width=(int)1280, height=(int)720' ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)I420' ! \
  nvv412h264enc ! 'video/x-h264, \
  stream-format=(string)byte-stream' ! h264parse ! \
  qtmux ! filesink location=test.mp4 -e
```

raw-yuv Output Formats

Currently nvvidconv supports the I420, UYVY, YUY2, YVYU, NV12, BGRx, and RGBA raw-yuv output formats.

Using the gst-omx decoder:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=640x480_30p.mp4 ! qtdemux ! queue !
    h264parse ! omxh264dec ! nvvidconv ! \
    'video/x-raw, format=(string)UYVY' ! videoconvert ! xvimagesink -e
```

▶ Using the gst-v412 decoder:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=640x480_30p.mp4 ! qtdemux ! \
  queue ! h264parse ! nvv4l2decoder ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw, format=(string)UYVY' ! videoconvert ! xvimagesink -e
```

NVIDIA INPUT AND OUTPUT FORMATS

Currently e supports NVIDIA input and output formats for format conversion as described in the following table:

Input Format	Output Format
NV12	NV12
I420 I420_10LE I420_12LE P010_10LE	I420 I420_10LE
UYVY YUY2	UYVY YUY2

Input Format	Output Format
YVYU	YVYU
BGRx	BGRx
RGBA	RGBA

Uses these commands to convert between NVIDIA formats:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=1280x720_30p.mp4 ! qtdemux ! \
  h264parse ! omxh264dec ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)RGBA' ! nvoverlaysink -e
qst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=1280x720 30p.mp4 ! qtdemux ! \
  h264parse ! nvv4l2decoder ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)RGBA' ! nvdrmvideosink -e
gst-launch-1.0 nvarguscamerasrc ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)1920, height=(int)1080, \
  format=(string)NV12, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)I420' ! omxh264enc ! \
  qtmux ! filesink location=test.mp4 -e
gst-launch-1.0 nvarguscamerasrc ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)1920, height=(int)1080, \
  format=(string)NV12, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)1420' ! nvv412h264enc ! \
h264parse ! qtmux ! filesink location=test.mp4 -e
```

VIDEO SCALING WITH GSTREAMER-1.0

The NVIDIA proprietary nvvidconv GStreamer-1.0 plugin also allows you to perform video scaling. The nvvidconv plugin currently supports scaling with the format conversions described in this section.

raw-yuv Input Formats

Currently nvvidconv supports the I420, UYVY, YUY2, YVYU, NV12, BGRx, and RGBA raw-yuv input formats for scaling.

Using the gst-omx encoder:

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc ! \
  'video/x-raw, format=(string)I420, width=(int)1280, \
 height=(int)720' ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)640, height=(int)480, \
 format=(string)I420' ! omxh264enc ! \
  'video/x-h264, stream-format=(string)byte-stream' ! h264parse ! \
 gtmux ! filesink location=test.mp4 -e
```

Using the gst-v412 encoder:

```
gst-launch-1.0 videotestsrc ! \
  'video/x-raw, format=(string)I420, width=(int)1280, \
 height=(int)720' ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)640, height=(int)480, \
 format=(string)I420' ! nvv4l2h264enc ! \
  'video/x-h264, stream-format=(string)byte-stream' ! h264parse ! \
 qtmux ! filesink location=test.mp4 -e
```

raw-yuv Output Formats

Currently nvvidconv supports the I420, UYVY, YUY2, YVYU, NV12, BGRx, and RGBA raw-yuv output formats for scaling.

▶ Using the gst-omx decoder:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=1280x720_30p.mp4 ! qtdemux ! queue !
 h264parse ! omxh264dec ! nvvidconv ! \
 'video/x-raw, format=(string)I420, width=640, height=480' ! \
 xvimagesink -e
```

▶ Using the gst-v412 decoder:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=1280x720_30p.mp4 ! qtdemux ! \
  queue ! h264parse ! nvv4l2decoder ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw, format=(string)I420, width=640, height=480' ! \
  xvimagesink -e
```

NVIDIA Input and Output Formats

Currently nvvidconv supports the NVIDIA input and output formats for scaling described in the following table:

Input Format	Output Format
NV12	NV12

Input Format	Output Format
1420	
I420_10LE	1420
I420_12LE	I420_10LE
P010_10LE	
UYVY	UYVY
YUY2	YUY2
YVYU	YVYU
BGRx	BGRx
RGBA	RGBA

To scale between NVIDIA formats

Using the gst-omx pipeline:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=1280x720_30p.mp4 ! qtdemux ! \
h264parse ! omxh264dec ! nvvidconv ! \
'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)640, height=(int)480, \
format=(string)NV12' ! nvoverlaysink -e
```

▶ Using the gst-v412 decoder:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=1280x720_30p.mp4 ! qtdemux ! \
h264parse ! nvv4l2decoder ! nvvidconv ! \
'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)640, height=(int)480, \
format=(string)NV12' ! nv3dsink -e
```

Using the gst-omx pipeline:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=1280x720_30p.mp4 ! qtdemux ! \
h264parse ! omxh264dec ! nvvidconv ! \
'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)640, height=(int)480, \
format=(string)RGBA' ! nvoverlaysink -e
```

▶ Using the gst-v412 decoder:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=1280x720_30p.mp4 ! qtdemux ! \
   h264parse ! nvv4l2decoder ! nvvidconv ! \
   'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)640, height=(int)480, \
   format=(string)NV12' ! nvdrmvideosink -e
```

▶ Using the gst-omx pipeline:

```
gst-launch-1.0 nvarguscamerasrc ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)1920, height=(int)1080, \
  format=(string)NV12, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvvidconv ! \
```

```
'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)640, height=(int)480, \
format=(string)NV12' ! omxh264enc ! \
qtmux ! filesink location=test.mp4 -e
```

▶ Using the gst-v412 encoder:

```
gst-launch-1.0 nvarguscamerasrc ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)1920, height=(int)1080, \
  format=(string)NV12, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)640, height=(int)480, \
  format=(string)NV12' ! nvv4l2h264enc ! h264parse ! \
  qtmux ! filesink location=test.mp4 -e
```

VIDEO CROPPING WITH GSTREAMER-1.0

The NVIDIA proprietary nvvidconv GStreamer-1.0 plugin also allows you to perform video cropping.

To crop video

Using the gst-omx decoder:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename_1080p.mp4> ! qtdemux ! \
h264parse ! omxh264dec ! \
nvvidconv left=400 right=1520 top=200 bottom=880 ! \
nvoverlaysink display-id=1 -e
```

▶ Using the gst-v412 decoder:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename_1080p.mp4> ! qtdemux ! \
  h264parse ! nvv4l2decoder ! \
  nvvidconv left=400 right=1520 top=200 bottom=880 ! nv3dsink -e
```

VIDEO TRANSCODE WITH GSTREAMER-1.0

You can perform video transcoding between the following video formats.

H.264 Decode to VP9 Encode (NVIDIA Accelerated Decode to NVIDIA-Accelerated Encode)

▶ Using the gst-omx pipeline:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
   qtdemux name=demux demux.video_0 ! queue ! h264parse ! omxh264dec
! \
```

```
omxvp9enc bitrate=20000000 ! matroskamux name=mux ! \filesink location=<Transcoded_filename.mkv> -e
```

▶ Using the gst-v412 pipeline:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename_1080p.mp4> ! qtdemux ! \
  h264parse ! nvv4l2decoder ! \
  nvvidconv left=400 right=1520 top=200 bottom=880 ! nv3dsink -e
```

H.265 Decode to VP9 Encode (NVIDIA Accelerated Decode to NVIDIA-Accelerated Encode)

Using the gst-omx-pipeline:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
  qtdemux name=demux demux.video_0 ! queue ! h265parse ! \
  omxh265dec ! omxvp9enc bitrate=20000000 ! matroskamux name=mux ! \
  filesink location=<Transcoded_filename.mkv> -e
```

► Using the gst-v412 pipeline:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
  qtdemux name=demux demux.video_0 ! queue ! h265parse !
nvv4l2decoder \ ! nvv4l2vp9enc bitrate=20000000 ! queue !
matroskamux name=mux ! \
  filesink location=<Transcoded_filename.mkv> -e
```

VP8 Decode to H.264 Encode (NVIDIA Accelerated Decode to NVIDIA-Accelerated Encode)

▶ Using the gst-omx-pipeline:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.webm> ! \
  matroskademux name=demux demux.video_0 ! queue ! omxvp8dec ! \
  omxh264enc bitrate=20000000 ! qtmux name=mux ! \
  filesink location=<Transcoded_filename.mp4> -e
```

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mebm> ! \
  matroskademux name=demux demux.video_0 ! queue ! nvv4l2decoder ! \
  nvv4l2h264enc bitrate=20000000 ! h264parse ! queue ! \
  qtmux name=mux \ ! filesink location=<Transcoded_filename.mp4> -e
```

VP9 Decode to H.265 Encode (NVIDIA Accelerated Decode to NVIDIA-Accelerated Encode)

▶ Using the gst-omx-pipeline:

```
qst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.webm> ! \
  matroskademux name=demux demux.video_0 ! queue ! omxvp9dec ! \
  omxh265enc bitrate=20000000 ! qtmux name=mux ! \
  filesink location=<Transcoded filename.mp4> -e
```

▶ Using the gst-v412 pipeline:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.webm> ! \
 matroskademux name=demux demux.video_0 ! queue ! nvv412decoder ! \
 nvv4l2h265enc bitrate=20000000 ! h265parse ! queue ! \
 qtmux name=mux \ ! filesink location=<Transcoded filename.mp4> -e
```

MPEG-4 Decode to VP9 Encode (NVIDIA Accelerated Decode to NVIDIA-Accelerated Encode)

Using the gst-omx-pipeline:

```
qst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
  qtdemux name=demux demux.video_0 ! queue ! mpeg4videoparse ! \
  omxmpeq4videodec ! omxvp9enc bitrate=20000000 ! matroskamux \
 name=mux ! filesink location=<Transcoded_filename.mkv> -e
```

▶ Using the gst-v412 pipeline:

```
qst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
  qtdemux name=demux demux.video_0 ! queue ! mpeg4videoparse ! \
  nvv4l2decoder ! nvv4l2vp9enc bitrate=20000000 ! queue ! \
  matroskamux \
                 name=mux ! filesink \
  location=<Transcoded_filename.mkv> -e
```

MPEG-4 Decode to H.264 Encode (NVIDIA Accelerated Decode to NVIDIA-Accelerated Encode)

▶ Using the gst-omx-pipeline:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
  qtdemux name=demux demux.video 0 ! queue ! mpeq4videoparse ! \
  omxmpeg4videodec ! omxh264enc bitrate=20000000 ! \
  qtmux name=mux ! filesink location=<Transcoded_filename.mp4> -e
```

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
  qtdemux name=demux demux.video_0 ! queue ! mpeg4videoparse ! \
  nvv4l2decoder ! nvv4l2h264enc bitrate=20000000 ! h264parse ! \
  queue ! qtmux name=mux ! filesink \
  location=<Transcoded_filename.mp4> -e
```

H.264 Decode to VP8 Encode (NVIDIA Accelerated Decode to NVIDIA-Accelerated Encode)

Using the gst-omx-pipeline:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
  qtdemux name=demux demux.video_0 ! queue ! h264parse ! \
  omxh264dec ! omxvp8enc bitrate=20000000 ! queue ! \
  matroskamux name=mux ! \
  filesink location=<Transcoded filename.mkv> -e
```

▶ Using the gst-v412 pipeline:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
 qtdemux name=demux demux.video_0 ! queue ! h264parse ! \
 nvv4l2decoder \ ! nvv4l2vp8enc bitrate=20000000 ! queue ! \
 matroskamux name=mux ! \
  filesink location=<Transcoded filename.mkv> -e
```

H.265 Decode to VP8 Encode (NVIDIA Accelerated Decode to NVIDIA-Accelerated Encode)

▶ Using the gst-omx-pipeline:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
 qtdemux name=demux demux.video_0 ! queue ! h265parse ! \
  omxh265dec ! \ omxvp8enc bitrate=20000000 ! queue ! \
 matroskamux name=mux ! \
  filesink location=<Transcoded filename.mkv> -e
```

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
 qtdemux name=demux demux.video_0 ! queue ! h265parse ! \
 nvv4l2decoder \ ! nvv4l2vp8enc bitrate=20000000 ! queue ! \
 matroskamux name=mux ! \
  filesink location=<Transcoded_filename.mkv> -e
```

VP8 Decode to MPEG-4 Encode (NVIDIA Accelerated Decode to OSS Software Encode)

▶ Using the gst-omx-pipeline:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mkv> ! \
  matroskademux name=demux demux.video_0 ! queue ! omxvp8dec ! \
  nvvidconv ! avenc_mpeg4 bitrate=4000000 ! queue ! \
  qtmux name=mux ! filesink location=<Transcoded filename.mp4> -e
```

▶ Using the gst-v412 pipeline:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mkv> ! \
 matroskademux name=demux demux.video_0 ! queue ! nvv4l2decoder ! \
 nvvidconv ! avenc mpeq4 bitrate=4000000 ! queue ! \
  qtmux name=mux ! filesink location=<Transcoded filename.mp4> -e
```

VP9 Decode to MPEG-4 Encode (NVIDIA Accelerated Decode to OSS Software Encode)

▶ Using the gst-omx-pipeline:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mkv> ! \
 matroskademux name=demux demux.video 0 ! queue ! omxvp9dec ! \
 nvvidconv ! avenc_mpeg4 bitrate=4000000 ! qtmux name=mux ! \
  filesink location=<Transcoded_filename.mp4> -e
```

▶ Using the gst-v412 pipeline:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mkv> ! \
  matroskademux name=demux demux.video_0 ! queue ! nvv4l2decoder ! \
  nvvidconv ! avenc_mpeg4 bitrate=4000000 ! qtmux name=mux ! \
  filesink location=<Transcoded filename.mp4> -e
```

H.264 Decode to Theora Encode (NVIDIA Accelerated Decode to OSS Software Encode)

Using the gst-omx-pipeline:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
  qtdemux name=demux demux.video 0 ! queue ! h264parse ! \
  omxh264dec ! nvvidconv ! theoraenc bitrate=4000000 ! \
 oggmux name=mux ! filesink location=<Transcoded_filename.ogg> -e
```

▶ Using the gst-v412 pipeline:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
  qtdemux name=demux demux.video_0 ! queue ! h264parse ! \
  nvv4l2decoder \ ! nvvidconv ! theoraenc bitrate=4000000 ! \
  oggmux name=mux ! filesink location=<Transcoded_filename.ogg> -e
```

H.264 Decode to H.263 Encode (NVIDIA Accelerated Decode to OSS Software Encode)

Using the gst-omx-pipeline:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
  qtdemux name=demux demux.video_0 ! queue ! h264parse ! \
  omxh264dec ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)704, height=(int)576, \
  format=(string)I420' ! avenc_h263 bitrate=4000000 ! qtmux ! \
  filesink location=<Transcoded_filename.mp4> -e
```

▶ Using the gst-v412 pipeline:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
  qtdemux name=demux demux.video_0 ! queue ! h264parse ! \
  nvv4l2decoder \ ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw, width=(int)704, height=(int)576, \
  format=(string)I420' ! avenc_h263 bitrate=4000000 ! qtmux ! \
  filesink location=<Transcoded_filename.mp4> -e
```

CUDA VIDEO POST-PROCESSING WITH GSTREAMER-1.0

This section describes GStreamer-1.0 plugins for NVIDIA® CUDA® post-processing operations.

gst-videocuda

This GStreamer-1.0 plugin performs CUDA post-processing operations on decoder-provided EGL images and render video using nveglglessink.

The following are sample pipeline creation and application usage commands.

Sample decode pipeline

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename_h264_1080p.mp4> ! \
 qtdemux name=demux ! h264parse ! omxh264dec ! videocuda !\
 nveglglessink max-lateness=-1 -e
```

Sample decode command

```
nvgstplayer-1.0 -i <filename_h264_1080p.mp4> --svd="omxh264dec" \
  --svc="videocuda" --svs="nveglglessink # max-lateness=-1" \
 --disable-vnative --no-audio --window-x=0 --window-y=0 \
 --window-width=960 --window-height=540
```

gst-nvivafilter

This NVIDIA proprietary GStreamer-1.0 plugin performs pre/post and CUDA postprocessing operations on CSI camera captured or decoded frames, and renders video using overlay video sink or video encode.

Sample decode pipeline

Using the gst-omx-decoder:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! qtdemux ! \
 h264parse ! omxh264dec ! nvivafilter cuda-process=true \
  customer-lib-name="libnvsample_cudaprocess.so" ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)NV12' ! nvoverlaysink -e
```

▶ Using the gst-v412 decoder:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! qtdemux ! queue ! \
 h264parse ! nvv4l2decoder ! nvivafilter cuda-process=true \
  customer-lib-name="libnvsample_cudaprocess.so" ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)NV12' ! nvdrmvideosink -
e
```

Sample CSI Camera pipeline

```
gst-launch-1.0 nvarguscamerasrc ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)3840, height=(int)2160, \
  format=(string)NV12, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! \
 nvivafilter cuda-process=true \
  customer-lib-name="libnvsample_cudaprocess.so" ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)NV12' ! nvoverlaysink -e
```

Note

See the nvsample cudaprocess src.tbz2 package for the libnvsample_cudaprocess.so library sources. A sample CUDA implementation of libnvsample_cudaprocess.so can be replaced by a custom CUDA implementation.

VIDEO ROTATION WITH GSTREAMER-1.0

The NVIDIA proprietary nvvidconv GStreamer-1.0 plugin also allows you to perform video rotation operations.

The following table shows the supported values for the nvvidconv flip-method property.

Flip Method	Property value
Identity - no rotation (default)	0
Counterclockwise - 90 degrees	1
Rotate - 180 degrees	2
Clockwise - 90 degrees	3
Horizontal flip	4
Upper right diagonal flip	5
Vertical flip	6
Upper-left diagonal	7

Note

Get information on the nvvidconv flip-method property with the gst-inspect-1.0 nvvidconv command.

To rotate video 90 degrees counterclockwise

To rotate video 90 degrees in a counterclockwise direction, enter the following command.

With the gst-omx-decoder:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
  qtdemux name=demux ! h264parse ! omxh264dec ! \
  nvvidconv flip-method=1 ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)I420'! nvoverlaysink -e
```

► With the gst-v412 decoder:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! \
  qtdemux name=demux ! h264parse ! nvv4l2decoder ! \
  nvvidconv flip-method=1 ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)I420' ! \
  nvdrmvideosink -e
```

To rotate video 90 degrees clockwise

To rotate video 90 degrees in a clockwise direction, enter the following command:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename.mp4> ! qtdemux name=demux ! \
h264parse ! omxh264dec ! nvvidconv flip-method=3 ! \
'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)I420' ! \
omxh264enc ! qtmux ! filesink location=test.mp4 -e
```

To rotate 180 degrees

To rotate video 180 degrees, enter the following command:

```
gst-launch-1.0 nvarguscamerasrc! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)1920, height=(int)1080, \
  format=(string)NV12, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! \
  nvvidconv flip-method=2 ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)I420' ! nvoverlaysink -e
```

To scale and rotate video 90 degrees counterclockwise

To scale and rotate video 90 degrees counterclockwise, enter the following command:

Using the gst-omx-decoder:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename_1080p.mp4> ! qtdemux ! \
h264parse ! omxh264dec ! nvvidconv flip-method=1 ! \
'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)480, height=(int)640, \
format=(string)I420' ! nvoverlaysink -e
```

▶ Using the gst-v412 decoder:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename_1080p.mp4> ! qtdemux ! \
h264parse ! nvv4l2decoder ! nvvidconv flip-method=1 ! \
'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)480, height=(int)640, \
format=(string)I420' ! nvdrmvideosink -e
```

To scale and rotate video 90 degrees clockwise

To scale and rotate video 90 degrees clockwise, enter the following command:

```
gst-launch-1.0 nvarguscamerasrc ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)1920, height=(int)1080, \
 format=(string)NV12, framerate=(fraction)30/1' ! \
 nvvidconv flip-method=3 ! 'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), \
 width=(int)480, height=(int)640, format=(string)I420' ! \
 nvoverlaysink -e
```

To scale and rotate video 180 degrees

To scale and rotate video 180 degrees, enter the following command:

Using the gst-omx decoder:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename_1080p.mp4> ! \
  qtdemux ! h264parse ! omxh264dec ! nvvidconv flip-method=2 ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)640, height=(int)480, \
  format=(string)I420' ! nvoverlaysink -e
```

▶ Using the gst-v412 decoder:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename_1080p.mp4> ! \
 qtdemux ! h264parse ! nvv4l2decoder ! nvvidconv flip-method=2 ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)640, height=(int)480, \
  format=(string)I420' ! nvdrmvideosink -e
```

VIDEO COMPOSITION WITH GSTREAMER-1.0

With the NVIDIA proprietary nvcompositor GStreamer-1.0 plugin, you can perform video composition operations on gst-omx video decoded streams.

Note

nvcompositor supports video decode (gst-omx) with the overlay render pipeline for gst-1.14.

Prerequisites

▶ Install the following dependent GStreamer package.

```
$ sudo apt-get install gstreamer1.0-plugins-bad
```

► Clear the registry cache file, in case there is an issue with gst-inspect-1.0 nvcompositor.

```
$ rm .cache/gstreamer-1.0/registry.aarch64.bin
```

To composite different formats decoded streams

Enter the following command:

```
gst-launch-1.0 nvcompositor \
  name=comp sink_0::xpos=0 sink_0::ypos=0 sink_0::width=1920 \
  sink_0::height=1080 sink_1::xpos=0 sink_1::ypos=0 \
  sink_1::width=1600 sink_1::height=1024 sink_2::xpos=0 \
  sink_2::ypos=0 sink_2::width=1366 sink_2::height=768 \
  sink_3::xpos=0 sink_3::ypos=0 sink_3::width=1024 \
  sink_3::height=576 ! nvoverlaysink display-id=1 \
  filesrc location=<filename_h264_1080p_30fps.mp4> ! qtdemux ! \
  h264parse ! omxh264dec ! comp. filesrc \
  location=< filename_h265_1080p_30fps.mp4> ! qtdemux ! h265parse ! \
  omxh265dec ! comp. filesrc \
  location=< filename_vp8_1080p_30fps.webm> matroskademux ! \
  omxvp8dec ! \
  comp. filesrc location=<filename_vp9_1080p_30fps.webm> ! \
  matroskademux ! omxvp9dec ! comp. -e
```

INTERPOLATION METHODS FOR VIDEO SCALING

The NVIDIA proprietary nvvidconv GStreamer-1.0 plugin allows you to choose the interpolation method used for scaling.

The following table shows the supported values for the nvvidconv interpolation-method property.

Interpolation Method	Property Value
Nearest	0
Bilinear	1
5-tap	2
10-tap	3
Smart (default)	4
Nicest	5

Note

Get information on the nvvidconv interpolation-method property with the gst-inspect-1.0 nvvidconv command.

To use bilinear interpolation method for scaling

Enter the following command:

▶ Using the gst-omx pipeline:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename_1080p.mp4>! \
  qtdemux name=demux ! h264parse ! omxh264dec ! \
  nvvidconv interpolation-method=1 ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)I420, width=1280, \
  height=720' ! nvoverlaysink -e
```

▶ Using the gst-v412 pipeline:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename_1080p.mp4>! \
  qtdemux name=demux ! h264parse ! nvv4l2decoder ! \
  nvvidconv interpolation-method=1 ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), format=(string)I420, width=1280, \
  height=720' ! nvdrmvideosink -e
```

EGLSTREAM PRODUCER EXAMPLE

The NVIDIA-proprietary nveglstreamsrc and nvvideosink GStreamer-1.0 plugins allow simulation of an EGLStream producer pipeline (for preview only.)

To simulate an EGLStream producer pipeline

Enter the following command:

```
nvgstcapture-1.0 --camsrc=3
```

EGL IMAGE TRANSFORM EXAMPLE

The NVIDIA proprietary nvegltransform GStreamer-1.0 plugin allows simulation of an EGLImage transform pipeline.

To simulate an EGL Image transform pipeline

Enter the following command:

▶ Using the gst-omx pipeline:

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename_h264_1080p.mp4> ! \
  qtdemux ! h264parse ! omxh264dec ! nvvidconv ! \
  'video/x-raw(memory:NVMM), width=(int)1280, height=(int)720, \
  format=(string)NV12' ! nvegltransform ! nveglglessink -e
```

```
gst-launch-1.0 filesrc location=<filename_h264_1080p.mp4> ! \
  qtdemux ! h264parse ! nvv4l2decoder ! nvegltransform !
nveglglessink -e
```

GSTREAMER BUILD INSTRUCTIONS

This release contains the gst-install script to install a specific GStreamer version. This section provides a procedure for building current versions of GStreamer.

To build GStreamer using gst-install

1. Execute the following command:

```
gst-install [--prefix=<install_path>] [--version=<version>]
```

Where <install_path> is the location where you are installing GStreamer and <version> is the GStreamer version. For example:

```
gst-install --prefix=/home/ubuntu/gst-1.15.2 --version=1.15.2
```

2. Export environment variables with the following command:

```
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=<install_path>/lib/aarch64-linux-gnu
export PATH=<install_path>/bin:$PATH
```

Where <install_path> is the location where you are installing GStreamer. For example:

```
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/home/ubuntu/gst-1.15.2/lib/aarch64-linux-gnu export PATH=/home/ubuntu/gst-1.15.2/bin:$PATH
```

To build GStreamer manually

1. Download the latest version of gstreamer available at:

```
http://gstreamer.freedesktop.org/src/
```

The following are the files you need from version 1.15.2:

- gstreamer-1.15.2.tar.xz
- gst-plugins-base-1.15.2.tar.xz
- gst-plugins-good-1.15.2.tar.xz
- gst-plugins-bad-1.15.2.tar.xz
- gst-plugins-ugly-1.15.2.tar.xz
- 2. Install needed packages with the following command:

```
sudo apt-get install build-essential dpkg-dev flex bison \
  autotools-dev automake liborc-dev autopoint libtool \
  gtk-doc-tools libgstreamer1.0-dev
```

- 3. In the ~/ directory, create a gst_<version> directory, where <version> is the version number of gstreamer you are building.
- 4. Copy the downloaded tar.xz files to the gst_<version> directory.
- 5. Uncompress the tar.xz files in the gst_<version> directory.
- 6. Set the PKG_CONFIG_PATH environment variable with the following command:

```
export PKG_CONFIG_PATH=/home/ubuntu/gst_1.15.2/out/lib/pkgconfig
```

7. Build gstreamer (in this example, gstreamer-1.15.2) with the following commands:

```
./configure --prefix=/home/ubuntu/gst_1.15.2/out
make
make install
```

8. Build gst-plugins-base-1. 15.2 with the following commands:

```
sudo apt-get install libxv-dev libasound2-dev libtheora-dev \
   libogg-dev libvorbis-dev
./configure --prefix=/home/ubuntu/gst_1.15.2/out
make
make install
```

9. Build gst-plugins-good-1.15.2 with the following commands:

```
sudo apt-get install libbz2-dev libv41-dev libvpx-dev \
   libjack-jackd2-dev libsoup2.4-dev libpulse-dev
./configure --prefix=/home/ubuntu/gst_1.15.2/out
```

```
make install
```

10. Obtain and build gst-plugins-bad-1.15.2 with the following commands:

```
sudo apt-get install faad libfaad-dev libfaac-dev
./configure --prefix=/home/ubuntu/gst_1.15.2/out
make
make install
```

11. Obtain and build gst-plugins-ugly-1.15.2 with the following commands:

```
sudo apt-get install libx264-dev libmad0-dev
./configure --prefix=/home/ubuntu/gst_1.15.2/out
make
make install
```

12. Set the LD_LIBRARY_PATH environment variable with the following command:

```
export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/home/ubuntu/gst_1.15.2/out/lib/
```

13. Copy the nvidia gstreamer-1.0 libraries to the gst_1.15.2 plugin directory using the following command:

```
cd /usr/lib/aarch64-linux-gnu/gstreamer-1.0/
cp libgstnv* libgstomx.so \
   ~/gst_1.15.2/out/lib/gstreamer-1.0/
```

The nvidia gstreamer-1.0 libraries include:

```
libgstnvarguscamera.so
libgstnvdrmvideosink.so
libgstnveglglessink.so
libgstnveglstreamsrc.so
libgstnvegltransform.so
libgstnvivafilter.so
libgstnvjpeg.so
libgstnvideonv.so
libgstnvvideov.so
libgstnvvideosink.so
libgstnvvideosink.so
libgstnvvideosinks.so
libgstnvvideosinks.so
libgstnvvideosinks.so
```

NVGSTCAPTURE-1.0 REFERENCE

This section describes the nvgstcapture-1.0 application.

Note:

By default, the nvgstcapture-1.0 application only supports the ARGUS API using the nvarguscamerasrc plugin. The legacy nvcamerasrc plugin is no longer supported.

COMMAND LINE SWITCHES

The nvgstcapture-1.0 application can display information about its own command line switches. To display command line switch information, run the application with one of these command line switches:

"Help" Command Line Switches	
Option Description	
-h help	Show help switches.
help-all	Show all help switches.
help-gst	Show GStreamer switches.

This table describes the application's other command-line switches.

Other Command Line Switches		
Option Description Notes Examples		
prev_res	Preview width and height.	Range: 2 to 8 (3840x2160) prev_res=3
cus-prev-res	Custom preview width and height for CSI only.	cus-prev-res=1920x1080

Other Command Line Switches		
Option	Description	Notes Examples
image_res	Image width and height,	Range: 2 to 12 (5632x4224)image_res=3
video-res	Video width and height.	Range: 2 to 9 (3896x2192) video-res=3
camsrc	Camera source to use	0=V4L2 1=csi[default] 2=videotest 3=eglstream
-m,mode	Capture mode.	1-Still 2-Video
-v,video_enc	Video encoder type.	0=h264[HW] 1=vp8[HW, not supported on Jetson AGX Xavier] 2=h265[HW] 3=vp9[HW]
-p,hw-enc-path	Framework Type.	0=OMX 1=V4L2
-b,enc-bitrate	Video encoding Bit-rate (in bytes)	enc-bitrate=4000000
enc-controlrate	Video encoding bit-rate control method.	0 = Disable 1 = variable (Default) 2 = constant enc-controlrate=1
enc-EnableTwopassCBR	Enable two pass CBR while encoding.	0 = Disable 1 = Enable enc-EnableTwopassCBR=1
enc-profile	Video encoder profile (only for H.264).	0-Baseline 1-Main 2-High
-j,image_enc	Image encoder type.	0-jpeg_SW[jpegenc] 1-jpeg_HW[nvjpegenc]
-k,file_type	Container file type.	0-MP4 1-3GP 2-MKV
file-name	Captured file name. nvcamtest is used by default.	
color-format	Color format to use.	0=I420 1=NV12[For CSI only and default for CSI] 2=YUY2[For V4L2 only, default for V4L2]
orientation	Camera sensor orientation value.	

Other Command Line Switches		
Option	Description	Notes Examples
eglConfig	EGL window Coordinates (x_pos y_pos) in that order.	eglConfig="50 100"
-w,whitebalance	Capture whitebalance value.	
timeout	Capture timeout value.	
saturation	Camera saturation value.	
sensor-id	Camera Sensor ID value.	
display-id	[For nvoverlaysink only] Display ID value.	
overlayConfig	Overlay Configuration Options index and coordinates in (index, x_pos, y_pos, width, height) order.	overlayConfig="0, 0, 0, 1280, 720"
cap-dev-node	Video capture device node.	0=/dev/video0[default] 1=/dev/video1
		2=/dev/video2
		cap-dev-node=0
SVS	[For USB] (=) chain for video preview. [For CSI only] use nvoverlaysink or nvdrmvideosink.	
exposuretimerange	Property to adjust exposure time range in nanoseconds.	exposuretimerange="34000 358733000"
gainrange	Property to adjust gain range	gainrange="1 16
ispdigitalgainrange	Property to adjust digital gain range.	ispdigitalgainrange="1 8" Range value from 1 to 256
aelock	Enable AE Lock.	Default is disabled.
awblock	Enable AWB Lock.	Default is disabled.
exposurecompensation	Property to adjust exposure compensation.	Range value from -2.0 to 2.0exposurecompensation=0.5
aeantibanding	Property to set the auto exposure antibanding mode.	Range value from 0 to 3aeantibanding=2
tnr-mode	Property to select temporal noise reduction mode.	tnr-mode=2
tnr-strength	Property to adjust temporal noise reduction strength.	tnr-strength=0.5
ee-mode	Property to select edge enhancement mode.	ee-mode=2
ee-strength	Property to adjust edge enhancement strength.	ee-strength=0.5

CSI CAMERA SUPPORTED RESOLUTIONS

CSI camera supports the following image resolutions for Nvarguscamera:

- ▶ 640x480
- ▶ 1280x720
- ▶ 1920x1080
- ▶ 2104x1560
- ▶ 2592x1944
- ▶ 2616x1472
- ▶ 3840x2160
- ▶ 3896x2192
- ▶ 4208x3120
- ► 5632x3168
- ▶ 5632x4224

CSI CAMERA RUNTIME COMMANDS

Options for Nvarguscamera

CSI camera runtime commands options for Nvarguscamera are described in the following table.

Command	Description	Notes
h	Help	_
q	Quit	_
mo: <value></value>	Set capture mode	1-image 2-video
gmo	Get capture mode	_
so: <val></val>	Set sensor orientation	0-none 1-Rotate counter-clockwise 90 degrees 2-Rotate 180 degrees 3-Rotate clockwise 90 degrees
gso	Get sensor orientation	_
wb: <value></value>	Set white balance mode	0-off 1-auto 2-incandescent 3-fluorescent 4-warm-fluorescent 5-daylight 6-cloudy-daylight 7-twilight 8-shade 9-manual

Command	Description	Notes
gwb	Get white balance mode	_
st: <value></value>	Set saturation	0-2, e.g., st:1.25
gst	Get saturation	_
j	Capture one image.	_
jx <delay></delay>	Capture after a delay of <delay>, e.g., jx5000 to capture after a 5-second delay</delay>	_
j: <value></value>	Capture <count> number of images in succession, e.g., j:6 to capture 6 images.</count>	_
0	Stop recording video	_
1	Start recording video	_
2	Video snapshot (while recording video)	_
gpcr	Get preview resolution	_
gicr	Get image capture resolution	_
gvcr	Get video capture resolution	_

USB CAMERA RUNTIME COMMANDS

USB Camera Runtime Commands

USB camera runtime commands are described in the following table.

Command	Description	Notes
h	Help	_
q	Quit	_
mo: <value></value>	Set capture mode	1-image 2-video
gmo	Get capture mode	_
j	Capture one image.	_
jx <delay></delay>	Capture after a delay of <delay>, e.g., jx5000 to capture after a 5-second delay</delay>	_
j: <value></value>	Capture <count> number of images in succession, e.g., j:6 to capture 6 images.</count>	_
1	Start recording video	_
0	Stop recording video	_

Command	Description	Notes
pcr: <value></value>	Set preview resolution	0-176x144 1-320x240 2-640x480 3-1280x720
gpcr	Get preview resolution	_
gicr	Get image capture resolution	_
gvcr	Get video capture resolution	_
br: <value></value>	Set encoding bit rate (in bytes)	e.g., br:4000000
gbr	Get encoding bit rate	_
cdn: <value></value>	Set capture device node	0-/dev/video0 1-/dev/video1 2-/dev/video2
gcdn	Get capture device node	_

Runtime Video Encoder Configuration Options

The following table describes runtime video encoder configuration options supported for Nvarguscamera.

Command	Description	Notes
br: <val></val>	Sets encoding bit-rate (in bytes)	Example: br:4000000
gbr	Gets encoding bit-rate (in bytes)	_
ep: <val></val>	Sets encoding profile (for H.264 only)	Example: ep:1 (0): Baseline (1): Main (2): High
gep	Gets encoding profile (for H.264 only)	_
Enter 'f'	Forces IDR frame on video encoder (for H.264 only)	_

NOTES

- ► The nvgstcapture-1.0 application generates image and video output files in the same directory as the application itself.
- ▶ Filenames for image and video content are in the formats, respectively:
 - nvcamtest_<pid>_<sensor_id>_<counter>.jpg
 - nvcamtest_<pid>_<sensor_id>_<counter>.mp4

Where:

- <pid> is the process ID.
- <sensor_id> is the sensor ID.
- <counter> is a counter starting from 0 every time you run the application.

Rename or move files between runs to avoid overwriting results you want to save.

- ► The nvgstcapture-1.0 application supports native capture(video only) mode by default.
- ▶ Advance features, like setting zoom, brightness, exposure, and whitebalance levels, are not supported for USB camera.

NVGSTPLAYER-1.0 REFERENCE

This section describes the operation of the the nvgstplayer-1.0 application.

NVGSTPLAYER COMMAND LINE SWITCHES

Note:

To list supported options, enter the command:

nvgstplayer-1.0 --help

This table describes nvgstplayer-1.0 command-line switches:

Switch	Description
-u <path>urifile <path></path></path>	Path of the file containing the URIs.
-l <uri>uri <uri></uri></uri>	Input URI.
-e <path>elemfile <path></path></path>	Element(s) (Properties) file.
-x cxpr	Command sequence expression.
-n <n> loop <n></n></n>	Number of times to play the media.
-c <n>audio-track <n></n></n>	If a stream has multiple audio tracks, specifies the track number to play.
-v <n>video-track <n></n></n>	If a stream has multiple video tracks, specifies the track number to play.
-a <seconds>start <seconds></seconds></seconds>	Start of the segment in media in seconds.

Switch	Description				
-d <seconds> duration <seconds></seconds></seconds>	Play duration of the segment in media in seconds.				
no-sync	Disable AV sync.				
disable-dpms	Unconditionally disable DPMS/ScreenBlanking during operation; re-enable on exit.				
stealth	Operate in stealth mode, staying alive even when no media is playing.				
bg	Operate in background mode, ignoring keyboard input.				
use-playbin	Use Playbin.				
no-audio	Disable audio.				
no-video	Disable video.				
disable-anative	Disable native audio rendering.				
disable-vnative	Disable native video rendering.				
use-buffering	Use buffering.				
-I <percent> low-percent <percent></percent></percent>	Low threshold for buffering to start, in percent.				
-j <percent> high-percent <percent></percent></percent>	High threshold for buffering to finish, in percent.				
loop-forever	Play the URI(s) in an endless loop.				
-t <seconds>max-size-time <seconds></seconds></seconds>	Maximum time in queue, in seconds (0=automatic).				
-y <n> max-size-bytes <n></n></n>	Maximum amount of memory in the queue, in bytes (0=automatic).				
-b <n>max-size-buffers <n></n></n>	Maximum number of buffers in the queue (0=automatic).				
window-x <n></n>	X coordinate for player window (for non-overlay rendering).				
window-y <n></n>	Y coordinate for player window (for non-overlay rendering).				
window-width <n></n>	Window width (for non-overlay rendering).				
window-height <n></n>	Window height (for non-overlay rendering).				
disable-fullscreen	Play video in non-full-screen mode (for nveglglessink).				
-k <seconds>image-display-time <seconds></seconds></seconds>	Image display time, in seconds.				
show-tags	Shows tags (metadata), if available.				
stats	Shows stream statistics, if enabled.				
stats-file	File to dump stream statistics, if enabled.				

Switch	Description			
svd	(=) chain for video decoding.			
sad	(=) chain for audio decoding.			
SVC	(=) chain for video postprocessing.			
sac	(=) chain for audio postprocessing.			
SVS	(=) chain for video rendering.			
sas	(=) chain for audio rendering.			
shttp	(=) chain for http source.			
srtsp	(=) chain for rtsp source.			
sudp	(=) chain for udp source.			
sfsrc	(=) chain for file source.			

NVGSTPLAYER RUNTIME COMMANDS

This table describes nvgstplayer runtime commands.

Command	Description Example
h	Help
q	Quit
Up Arrow	Go to next track.
С	Restart current track.
Down Arrow	Go to previous track.
spos	Query for position (time from start).
sdur	Query for duration.
s <n></n>	Seek to <n> seconds from start. e.g. s5.120</n>
v <pct></pct>	Seek to <pct> percent of the duration. e.g. v54</pct>
f <val></val>	Shift <n> seconds relative to current position. e.g. f23.901</n>
Left Arrow <	Seek backward 10 seconds.
Right Arrow >	Seek forward 10 seconds.

Command	Description Example
р	Pause playback.
r	Start/resume playback.
Z	Stop playback.
i: <uri></uri>	Enter a single URI.

VIDEO ENCODER FEATURES

The GStreamer-1.0-based gst-omx video encoders support the following features, respectively:

Video Encoder Feature	H264enc	H265enc	Vp8enc	Vp9enc
profile (Baseline / Main / High)	√ (all)	√ (Main)	✓	✓
level	✓	✓	_	_
bitrate	✓	✓	✓	✓
peak bitrate	✓	✓	_	_
stringent bitrate	✓	✓	_	_
insert-spsppsatidr	✓	✓	✓	✓
control-rate	✓	✓	✓	✓
iframeinterval	✓	✓	✓	✓
qp-range	✓	✓	✓	✓
temporal-tradeoff	✓	✓	✓	✓
bit-packetization	✓	✓	✓	✓
preset-level	✓	✓	✓	✓
low-latency	✓	✓	✓	✓
slice-header spacing	✓	✓	_	_
force-IDR	✓	✓	✓	✓
vbv-size	✓	✓	✓	✓
sliceintrarefreshenable	✓	✓	_	_
sliceintrarefreshinterval	✓	✓	_	_
EnableTwoPassCBR	✓	✓	✓	✓
num-B-Frames	✓	_	_	_

The GStreamer-1.0-based gst-v4l2 video encoders support the following features, respectively:

Video Encoder Feature	H264enc	H265enc	Vp8enc	Vp9enc
profile (Baseline / Main / High)	✓ (all)	✓ (Main)	✓	✓
control-rate	✓	✓	✓	✓
bitrate	✓	✓	✓	✓
insert-spsppsatidr	✓	_	_	_
profile	✓	_	_	_
quantization range for I, P and B frame	✓	✓	_	_
iframeinterval	✓	✓	✓	✓
qp-range	✓	✓	_	_
bit-packetization	✓	✓	_	_
preset-level	✓	✓	✓	✓
slice-header spacing	✓	✓	_	_
force-IDR	✓	✓	✓	✓
EnableTwoPassCBR	✓	✓	_	_
Enable cabac-entropy-coding	✓	_	_	_
Enable MVBufferMeta	✓	✓	_	_
Insert aud	✓	✓	_	_
Insert vui	✓	✓	_	_
num-B-Frames	✓			

SUPPORTED CAMERAS

This section describes the supported cameras.

CSI CAMERAS

- ► NVIDIA® Jetson NanoTM, NVIDIA® Jetson AGX XavierTM, and NVIDIA® JetsonTM TX2 can capture camera images via CSI interface.
- ▶ Jetson Nano, Jetson AGX Xavier, and Jetson TX2 all support both YUV and RAW Bayer capture data.
- ► GStreamer supports simultaneous capture from multiple CSI cameras. Suppoert is validated using the nvgstcapture application.
- ► Capture is validated for SDR, PWL HDR and DOL HDR modes for various sensors using the nvgstcapture application.

USB 2.0 CAMERAS

The following camera has been validated on Tegra platforms running L4T with USB 2.0 ports. This camera is UVC compliant.

▶ Logitech C920

http://www.logitech.com/en-in/product/hd-pro-webcam-c920

INDUSTRIAL CAMERA DETAILS

The following USB 3.0 industrial camera is validated on Jetson AGX Xavier under L4T:

► See3CAM CU130

http://www.e-consystems.com/UltraHD-USB-Camera.asp

- USB 3.0
- UVC compliant
- 3840 x 2160 at 30 FPS | 4224 x 3156 at 13 FPS
- Purpose Embedded Navigation
- Test using the nvgstcapture app.
- Issues encountered:
 - FPS cannot be fixed. Changes based on exposure.
 - FPS cannot be changed. Needs payment to vendor to get the support added to their firmware.

Notice

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