Week 4 Exercises

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Please complete all exercises below. You may use any library that we have covered in class. The data we will be using comes from the tidyr package, so you must use that.

1) Examine the who and population data sets that come with the tidyr library. the who data is not tidy, you will need to reshape the new_sp_m014 to newrel_f65 columns to long format retaining country, iso2, iso3, and year. The data in the columns you are reshaping contains patterns described in the details section below. You will need to assign three columns: diagnosis, gender, and age to the patterns described in the details.

Your tidy data should look like the following: country iso2 iso3 year diagnosis gender age count 1 Afghanistan AF AFG 1980 sp m 014 NA 2 Afghanistan AF AFG 1980 sp m 1524 NA 3 Afghanistan AF AFG 1980 sp m 2534 NA 4 Afghanistan AF AFG 1980 sp m 3544 NA 5 Afghanistan AF AFG 1980 sp m 4554 NA 6 Afghanistan AF AFG 1980 sp m 5564 NA

Details The data uses the original codes given by the World Health Organization. The column names for columns five through 60 are made by combining new_ to a code for method of diagnosis (rel = relapse, sn = negative pulmonary smear, sp = positive pulmonary smear, ep = extrapulmonary) to a code for gender (f = female, m = male) to a code for age group (014 = 0-14 yrs of age, 1524 = 15-24 years of age, 2534 = 25 to 34 years of age, 3544 = 35 to 44 years of age, 4554 = 45 to 54 years of age, 5564 = 55 to 64 years of age, 65 = 65 years of age or older).

Note: use data(who) and data(population) to load the data into your environment. Use the arguments cols, names_to, names_pattern, and values_to. Your regex should be = $("new_?(.)_(.)(.)")$

https://tidyr.tidyverse.org/reference/who.html

library(dplyr)

```
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'

## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
## filter, lag

## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
```

```
library(tidyr)
library(ggplot2)

data(who)
data(population)

who <- who %>%
    pivot_longer(
    cols = new_sp_m014:newrel_f65,
    names_to = c('diagnostic', 'gender', 'age'),
    names_pattern = "new_?(.*)_(.)(.*)",
    values_to = 'count'
)

tail(who)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 8
##
     country iso2 iso3
                            year diagnostic gender age
##
              <chr> <chr> <dbl> <chr>
                                             <chr>
                                                    <chr> <dbl>
     <chr>>
## 1 Zimbabwe ZW
                     ZWE
                            2013 rel
                                             f
                                                     1524
                                                            2069
## 2 Zimbabwe ZW
                     ZWE
                            2013 rel
                                             f
                                                    2534
                                                            4649
## 3 Zimbabwe ZW
                     ZWE
                            2013 rel
                                             f
                                                    3544
                                                            3526
## 4 Zimbabwe ZW
                                             f
                                                    4554
                                                            1453
                     ZWE
                            2013 rel
## 5 Zimbabwe ZW
                     ZWE
                            2013 rel
                                             f
                                                    5564
                                                             811
## 6 Zimbabwe ZW
                     ZWE
                                             f
                                                             725
                            2013 rel
                                                    65
```

2) There are two common keys between the data sets, with who as the left table, join the population data by country and year so that the population is available within the who dataset.

```
who <- who %>%
  left_join(population, by= c('country', 'year'))
tail(who)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 9
##
     country iso2
                    iso3
                            year diagnostic gender age
                                                           count population
##
     <chr>>
              <chr> <chr> <dbl> <chr>
                                             <chr>
                                                    <chr> <dbl>
                                                                       <dbl>
## 1 Zimbabwe ZW
                     ZWE
                            2013 rel
                                             f
                                                     1524
                                                            2069
                                                                   14149648
## 2 Zimbabwe ZW
                     ZWE
                            2013 rel
                                             f
                                                    2534
                                                            4649
                                                                   14149648
## 3 Zimbabwe ZW
                     ZWE
                            2013 rel
                                             f
                                                    3544
                                                            3526
                                                                   14149648
## 4 Zimbabwe ZW
                                             f
                     ZWE
                            2013 rel
                                                    4554
                                                            1453
                                                                   14149648
## 5 Zimbabwe ZW
                     ZWE
                            2013 rel
                                             f
                                                    5564
                                                             811
                                                                   14149648
## 6 Zimbabwe ZW
                     ZWE
                            2013 rel
                                             f
                                                    65
                                                             725
                                                                    14149648
```

3) Split the age column into two columns, min age and max age. Notice that there is no character separator. Check the documentation with ?separate to understand other ways to separate the age column. Keep in mind that 0 to 14 is coded as 014 (3 characters) and the other age groups are coded with 4 characters. 65 only has two characters, but we will ignore that until the next prolem.

```
## Warning: Expected 2 pieces. Missing pieces filled with 'NA' in 57920 rows [7, 14, 21, ## 28, 35, 42, 49, 56, 63, 70, 77, 84, 91, 98, 105, 112, 119, 126, 133, 140, ...].
```

```
tail(who, n=10)
```

```
##
   # A tibble: 10 x 10
##
                               year diagnostic gender min_age max_age count population
       country
                iso2
                       iso3
##
                 <chr>
       <chr>
                       <chr>
                              <dbl> <chr>
                                                 <chr>>
                                                         <chr>>
                                                                  <chr>>
                                                                           <dbl>
                                                                                       <dbl>
                       ZWE
                                                                            2349
                                                                                    14149648
##
    1 Zimbabwe ZW
                               2013 rel
                                                 m
                                                         45
                                                                  54
##
    2 Zimbabwe ZW
                       ZWE
                               2013 rel
                                                         55
                                                                  64
                                                                            1206
                                                                                    14149648
                                                 m
    3 Zimbabwe ZW
                       ZWE
                               2013 rel
                                                 m
                                                         65
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                            1208
                                                                                    14149648
##
    4 Zimbabwe ZW
                       ZWE
                                                 f
                                                                            1252
                               2013 rel
                                                         0
                                                                  14
                                                                                    14149648
                               2013 rel
##
    5 Zimbabwe ZW
                       ZWE
                                                 f
                                                         15
                                                                  24
                                                                            2069
                                                                                    14149648
##
    6 Zimbabwe ZW
                       ZWE
                                                 f
                                                                                    14149648
                               2013 rel
                                                         25
                                                                  34
                                                                            4649
    7 Zimbabwe ZW
                       ZWE
                               2013 rel
                                                 f
                                                         35
                                                                  44
                                                                            3526
                                                                                    14149648
    8 Zimbabwe ZW
##
                       ZWE
                               2013 rel
                                                 f
                                                         45
                                                                  54
                                                                            1453
                                                                                    14149648
                               2013 rel
##
    9 Zimbabwe ZW
                       ZWE
                                                 f
                                                         55
                                                                  64
                                                                             811
                                                                                    14149648
## 10 Zimbabwe ZW
                       ZWE
                               2013 rel
                                                 f
                                                         65
                                                                  <NA>
                                                                             725
                                                                                    14149648
```

4) Since we ignored the 65+ group in the previous problem we will fix it here. If you examine the data you will notice that 65 was placed into the max_age column and there is no value for min_age for those records. To fix this use mutate() in order to replace the blank value in the min_age column with the value from the max_age column and another mutate to replace the 65 in the max column with an Inf. Be sure to keep the variables as character vectors.

```
#Note that, the 'looking forward' syntax in exercise 3 already put 65+ age
#in the min_age column, and max as NA.
#Below only mutate to replace max_age from NA to Inf

who <- who %>%
    mutate_at(8, ~replace_na(., 'Inf'))
tail(who, n=10)
```

```
## # A tibble: 10 x 10
##
      country
                iso2
                       iso3
                               year diagnostic gender min_age max_age count population
##
      <chr>
                <chr> <chr> <dbl> <chr>
                                                        <chr>
                                                                 <chr>
                                                 <chr>>
                                                                          <dbl>
                                                                                       <dbl>
    1 Zimbabwe ZW
                       ZWE
                               2013 rel
                                                        45
                                                                 54
                                                                           2349
                                                                                   14149648
##
                                                 m
                                                                 64
##
    2 Zimbabwe ZW
                       ZWE
                               2013 rel
                                                        55
                                                                           1206
                                                                                   14149648
                                                 m
    3 Zimbabwe ZW
                       ZWE
                               2013 rel
                                                 m
                                                        65
                                                                 Inf
                                                                           1208
                                                                                   14149648
##
    4 Zimbabwe ZW
                       ZWE
                               2013 rel
                                                 f
                                                        0
                                                                 14
                                                                           1252
                                                                                   14149648
    5 Zimbabwe ZW
                       ZWE
##
                               2013 rel
                                                 f
                                                        15
                                                                 24
                                                                           2069
                                                                                   14149648
##
    6 Zimbabwe ZW
                       ZWE
                                                 f
                                                        25
                                                                 34
                                                                                   14149648
                               2013 rel
                                                                           4649
    7 Zimbabwe ZW
                       ZWE
                               2013 rel
                                                 f
                                                        35
                                                                 44
                                                                           3526
                                                                                   14149648
    8 Zimbabwe ZW
                                                 f
##
                       ZWE
                               2013 rel
                                                        45
                                                                 54
                                                                           1453
                                                                                   14149648
    9 Zimbabwe ZW
                       ZWE
                               2013 rel
                                                 f
                                                        55
                                                                 64
                                                                            811
                                                                                   14149648
## 10 Zimbabwe ZW
                       ZWE
                               2013 rel
                                                 f
                                                        65
                                                                 Inf
                                                                            725
                                                                                   14149648
```

5) Find the count per diagnosis for males and females.

See ?sum for a hint on resolving NA values.

```
summary_counts <- who %>%
 group_by(diagnostic, gender) %>%
 summarise(events = sum(count, na.rm = TRUE)
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'diagnostic'. You can override using the
## '.groups' argument.
print(summary counts)
## # A tibble: 8 x 3
## # Groups: diagnostic [4]
## diagnostic gender events
##
    <chr>
            <chr>
                        <dbl>
## 1 ep
              f
                       941880
## 2 ep
             m
                      1044299
            f
## 3 rel
                     1201596
            m
## 4 rel
                      2018976
             f
## 5 sn
                      2439139
## 6 sn
             m
                      3840388
## 7 sp
             f
                     11324409
```

6) Now create a plot using ggplot and geom_col where your x axis is gender, your y axis represents the counts, and facet by diagnosis. Be sure to give your plot a title and resolve the axis labels.

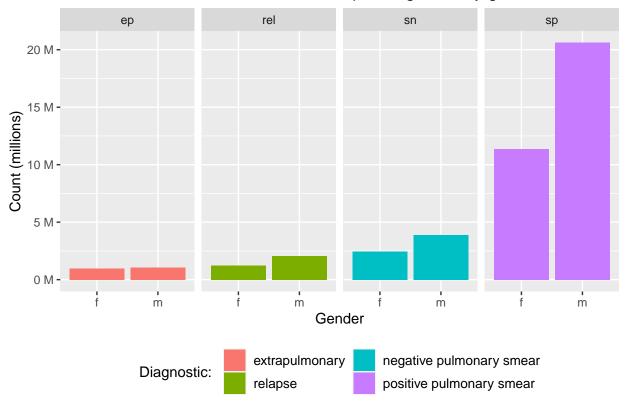
20586831

m

8 sp

Warning: Removed 329394 rows containing missing values ('position_stack()').

Number of TB events found per diagnostic by gender



7) Find the percentage of population by year, gender, and diagnosis. Be sure to remove rows containing NA values.

```
# remove NA row, give answer in %
#First, remove NA rows for count and population in a new df called "filter_df"
filter_df <- filter(who, population !=is.na(population), count !=is.na(count))
print(filter_df)</pre>
```

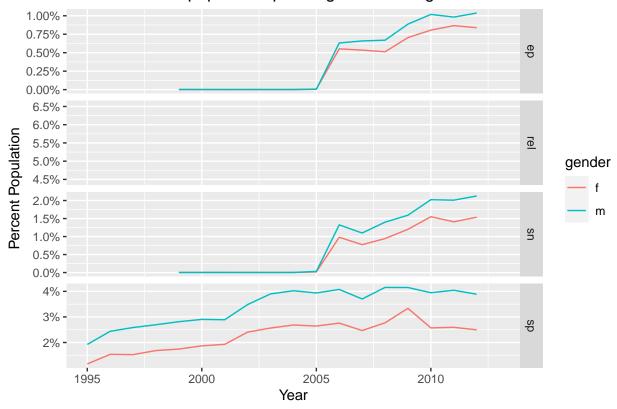
```
## # A tibble: 64,420 x 10
##
      country iso2 iso3
                              year diagnostic gender min_age max_age count population
##
      <chr>
                <chr> <chr> <dbl> <chr>
                                               <chr>>
                                                      <chr>
                                                               <chr>>
                                                                        <dbl>
                                                                                   <dbl>
    1 Afghani~ AF
                                                                           10
                                                                                19021226
##
                      AFG
                              1997 sp
                                                      15
                                                               24
   2 Afghani~ AF
                                                                                19021226
##
                      AFG
                                                      25
                                                               34
                                                                            6
                              1997 sp
    3 Afghani~ AF
##
                      AFG
                              1997 sp
                                                      35
                                                               44
                                                                            3
                                                                                19021226
                                               \mathbf{m}
    4 Afghani~ AF
                      AFG
                                                               54
                                                                            5
                                                                                19021226
##
                              1997 sp
                                               m
                                                      45
##
   5 Afghani~ AF
                      AFG
                                                      55
                                                               64
                                                                            2
                                                                                19021226
                              1997 sp
                                               m
   6 Afghani~ AF
                      AFG
                              1997 sp
                                               f
                                                      0
                                                               14
                                                                            5
                                                                                19021226
   7 Afghani~ AF
                      AFG
                                                               24
                                                                                19021226
##
                              1997 sp
                                               f
                                                      15
                                                                           38
    8 Afghani~ AF
                      AFG
                              1997 sp
                                               f
                                                      25
                                                               34
                                                                           36
                                                                                19021226
##
  9 Afghani~ AF
                      AFG
                                               f
                                                      35
                                                               44
                                                                           14
                                                                                19021226
                              1997 sp
## 10 Afghani~ AF
                      AFG
                              1997 sp
                                                      45
                                                               54
                                                                            8
                                                                                19021226
## # i 64,410 more rows
```

```
pct_df <- filter_df %>%
  group_by(year, gender, diagnostic) %>%
  summarise(ratio_pop = sum(count / population)) %>%
  mutate(pct_pop_format = percent(ratio_pop, scale = 100, accuracy = 0.001))
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'year', 'gender'. You can override using
## the '.groups' argument.
print(pct_df)
## # A tibble: 94 x 5
              year, gender [38]
## # Groups:
      year gender diagnostic ratio_pop pct_pop_format
##
##
      <dbl> <chr> <chr>
                                  <dbl> <chr>
##
   1 1995 f
                                        1.161%
                              0.0116
                   sp
##
  2 1995 m
                              0.0192
                                        1.923%
                   sp
  3 1996 f
##
                              0.0154
                                        1.537%
                   sp
## 4 1996 m
                  sp
                              0.0244
                                       2.438%
## 5 1997 f
                              0.0153
                                       1.526%
                  sp
  6 1997 m
                              0.0259
                                       2.585%
##
                  sp
## 7 1998 f
                              0.0169
                                        1.685%
                   sp
## 8 1998 m
                              0.0270
                                        2.695%
                   sp
## 9 1999 f
                   ер
                              0.0000197 0.002%
## 10 1999 f
                   sn
                              0.0000263 0.003%
## # i 84 more rows
```

8) Create a line plot in ggplot where your x axis contains the year and y axis contains the percent of world population. Facet this plot by diagnosis with each plot stacked vertically. You should have a line for each gender within each facet. Be sure to format your y axis and give your plot a title.

```
## 'geom_line()': Each group consists of only one observation.
## i Do you need to adjust the group aesthetic?
```

Percent of population per diagnostic through time



Notice the graph of 'rel' diagnostic group has only 1 data point,
so, there is no line on the graph. Free Y scale for easy visualization.

9) Now unite the min and max age variables into a new variable named age_range. Use a '-' as the separator.

```
filter_df <- filter_df %>%
  unite(col = 'age_range', 'min_age':'max_age', sep ='-')
tail(filter_df)
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 9
##
     country
              iso2
                     iso3
                             year diagnostic gender age_range count population
##
     <chr>
               <chr> <chr> <dbl> <chr>
                                              <chr>
                                                      <chr>
                                                                 <dbl>
                                                                             <dbl>
## 1 Zimbabwe ZW
                     ZWE
                             2013 rel
                                              f
                                                      15 - 24
                                                                  2069
                                                                         14149648
                             2013 rel
## 2 Zimbabwe ZW
                     ZWE
                                              f
                                                      25 - 34
                                                                  4649
                                                                         14149648
## 3 Zimbabwe ZW
                     ZWE
                             2013 rel
                                              f
                                                      35-44
                                                                  3526
                                                                         14149648
                                                      45-54
## 4 Zimbabwe ZW
                     ZWE
                             2013 rel
                                              f
                                                                  1453
                                                                         14149648
## 5 Zimbabwe ZW
                     ZWE
                             2013 rel
                                              f
                                                      55-64
                                                                   811
                                                                         14149648
## 6 Zimbabwe ZW
                     ZWE
                                              f
                                                      65-Inf
                                                                   725
                                                                         14149648
                             2013 rel
```

10) Find the percentage contribution of each age group by diagnosis. You will first need to find the count of all diagnoses then find the count of all diagnoses by age group. Join the former to the later and calculate the percent of each age group. Plot these as a geom_col where the x axis is the diagnosis, y axis is the percent of total, and faceted by age group.

```
# Total count per diagnostic and join by diagnostic to find % contribution
# by age_range
ttcount_diag <- filter_df %>%
  group_by(diagnostic) %>%
  summarise(ttcount_diag = sum(count))
pct_age <- filter_df %>%
 left_join(ttcount_diag, by = 'diagnostic') %>%
  group_by(age_range, diagnostic) %>%
 summarise(pct_age_diag = sum(count / ttcount_diag))
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'age_range'. You can override using the
## '.groups' argument.
print(pct_age)
## # A tibble: 28 x 3
## # Groups: age_range [7]
     age_range diagnostic pct_age_diag
             <chr>
##
                                 <dbl>
      <chr>
                                0.126
## 1 0-14
              ер
## 2 0-14
             rel
                               0.0634
## 3 0-14
              sn
                               0.0997
## 4 0-14
                               0.0197
              sp
## 5 15-24
                               0.158
             ер
## 6 15-24 rel
                               0.150
## 7 15-24
              sn
                               0.151
## 8 15-24
              sp
                               0.185
## 9 25-34
                               0.201
              ер
## 10 25-34
                               0.204
               rel
## # i 18 more rows
#### Replace '65-Inf' with '65+' for graph label
library(stringr)
pct_age$age_range <- str_replace(pct_age$age_range,"65-Inf", "65+")</pre>
#### Load viridis color palettes and plot
library(viridis)
## Loading required package: viridisLite
## Attaching package: 'viridis'
## The following object is masked from 'package:scales':
##
##
      viridis_pal
```

Percent of each age group contributed to each diagnostic

