API Integration Report

***** Introduction

This report outlines the integration process of **Sanity CMS API** with a **Next.js** project. It covers schema structure, data fetching using **GROQ queries**, and dynamic rendering in the frontend for seamless product management.

▶ Product Schema

The following schema defines the structure of the **Product** document in **Sanity CMS:**

```
import { defineField, defineType } from "sanity";
export const product - defineType({
 name: "product",
 title: "Product"
  type: "document",
  fields: [
   defineField({
      name: "image",
      title: "mm Image",
     type: "image",
     options: { hotspot: true },
    }),
   defineField({
     name: "title",
type: "string",
      title: " Post Title",
      description: "Title of the post",
     validation: (Rule) -> Rule.required(),
    }),
    defineField({
      mame: "slug",
      type: "slug",
     title: "♂ Slug",
      options: { source: "title", maxLength: 96 },
      validation: (Rule) -> Rule.required(),
    }),
   defineField({
     name: "description",
type: "string",
      title: " Description",
      description: "Add a brief two-line description of the product here.",
      validation: (Rule) -> Rule.required(),
    3),
    defineField({
      mame: "price",
      type: "number",
     title: " $ Price",
      validation: (Rule) -> Rule.required(),
    }),
    defineField({
     name: "discountPrice",
      type: "number",
     title: " T Discount Price",
    }),
    defineField({
      name: "colors",
      type: "array",
     title: "@ Colors",
     of: [{ type: "string" }],
     description: "Available colors (e.g., blue, green, orange, etc.).",
     validation: (Rule) -> Rule.unique().error("Each color must be unique."),
    3),
    defineField({
      mame: "sizes",
     of: [{ type: "string" }],
      description: "Available sizes (e.g., small, medium, large, etc.).",
      validation: (Rule) => Rule.unique().error("Each size must be unique."),
   3),
 ],
});
export default product;
```

Q Fetching Data with GROQ Queries

GROQ (**Graph-Relational Object Queries**) is used to fetch data from **Sanity CMS**.

1. Fetch All Products

```
import { createClient } from "next-sanity";
const client = createClient({
  projectId: "<your_project_id>",
 dataset: "production",
 useCdn: true,
});
export async function getProducts() {
  const query = `*[_type == "product"]{
    title,
    slug,
    description,
   price,
   discountPrice,
   colors,
    sizes,
    "imageUrl": image.asset->url
 return await client.fetch(query);
```

2. Fetch a Single Product by Slug

```
export async function getProductBySlug(slug) {
  const query = `*[_type == "product" && slug.current == $slug][0]{
    title,
    description,
    price,
    discountPrice,
    colors,
    sizes,
    "imageUrl": image.asset->url
  }`;
  return await client.fetch(query, { slug });
}
```

Conclusion

- Sanity CMS manages product data efficiently, offering flexibility for content updates.
- **GROQ queries** enable seamless, structured data fetching, enhancing performance.

Security Best Practices

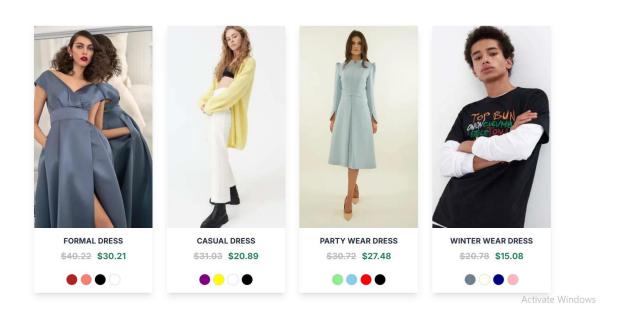
- Secure API Keys: Store sensitive data in environment variables (.env.local).
- Role-Based Access: Limit read/write permissions based on user roles in Sanity settings.

- Static Site Generation (SSG): Use getStaticProps to prerender pages at build time.
- Incremental Static Regeneration (ISR): Automatically update static pages without full redeployment.

Error Handling

- Try-Catch Blocks: Gracefully handle API errors with fallback UIs.
- Validation Checks: Ensure data completeness before rendering to prevent UI breaks

PRODUCT DISPLAY LISTNING ON BROWSER



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