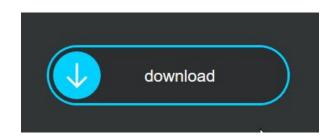
Web development basics

JS basics

Introduction to JavaScript

JavaScript is a programming language that allows you to add interactivity and dynamic behavior to websites. It can be used to create things like responsive navigation menus, image sliders, and form validation. It runs in the user's browser, allowing you to make web pages dynamic and interactive without having to refresh the page.





Syntax and language structure

```
import resolveAfter50ms from './resolve'
async function add(x) {
  if (x < 0) throw new Error('The number must be positive');
  var a = resolveAfter50ms(60);
  var b = resolveAfter50ms(30);
  return x + await a + await b;
}
add(10).then(result => {
  // res
})
```

JavaScript is a high-level, interpreted language. It uses a C-style syntax, which means that it uses curly braces, semi-colons, and similar structure. It is also an object-oriented language, which means that it is based on the concept of objects, which have properties and methods.

Variables in JavaScript

A JavaScript program typically starts with a declaration of variables, which are used to store data. Variables are declared using the keyword "var", "let" or "const" followed by the variable name and an assignment operator (=) to assign a value.

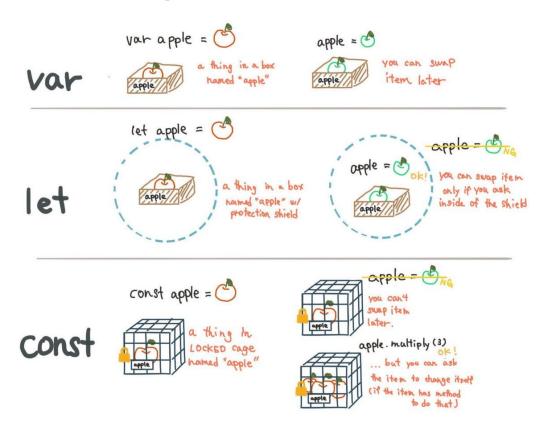
```
let name = "John";
const age = 30;
```

```
varible identifier

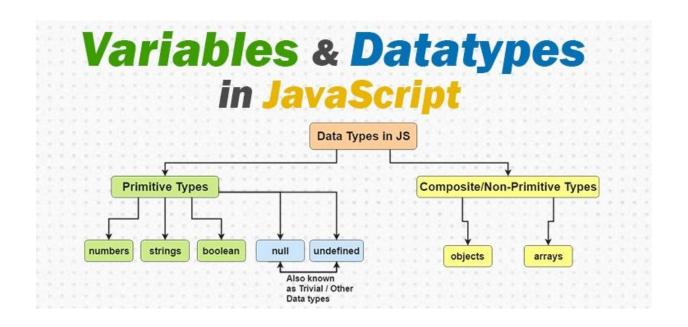
var name = 'James Bond';

start with assignment value operator
```

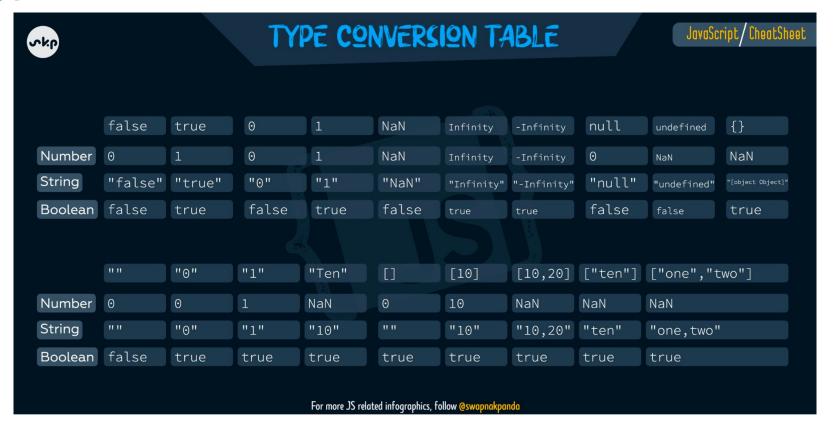
Variables in JavaScript 2



Datatypes



Type conversion



Logical operands

Relational Operators

Operators	Meaning	Example	Result
<	Less than	5<2	False
>	Greater than	5>2	True
<=	Less than or equal to	5<=2	False
>=	Greater than or equal to	5>=2	True
==	Equal to	5==2	False
! =	Not equal to	5! =2	True
===	Equal value and same type	5 === 5	True
		5 === "5"	False
! ==	Not Equal value or Not	5!==5	False
	same type	5!=="5"	True

Classwork - variables

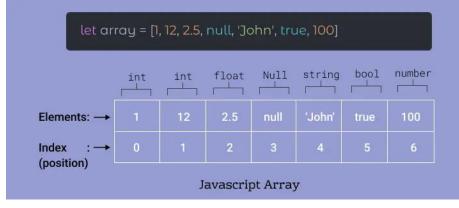
Task: Declare a variable in JavaScript called "name" and assign it the value of your first name. Then, declare a variable called "age" and assign it your current age. Finally, use console.log to print out a sentence that says "My name is [name] and I am [age] years old."

Expected Output: "My name is John and I am 30 years old."

Classwork - variables (solution)

```
let name = "John";
let age = 30;
console.log("My name is " + name + " and I am " + age + " years old.");
```

Arrays in JavaScript



JavaScript arrays and objects are both used to store collections of data.

An array is a list of values that are organized **in a specific order**. Each value in an array is called an element, and each element has a numerical index that can be used to access it. For example, if you have an array called "fruits" that contains the elements "apple", "banana", and "orange", you could access the "banana" element by referring to fruits[1], since it is the second element in the array (**indexes start at 0**).

Objects in JavaScript

An **object** is a collection of **key-value** pairs, where each key is a string and each value can be any type of data. Objects are similar to arrays in that they can store collections of data, but the data is organized differently. Instead of using numerical indexes to access the data, you use the keys. For example, if you have an object called "person" that has properties like "name", "age", and "address", you could access the "name" **property** by referring to person.name

```
const list = [

aname: 'Michael Scott',
company: 'Dunder Mufflin',
designation: 'Regional Manager',
show: 'The Office'

aname: 'Barney Stinson',
company: 'Golaith National Bank',
designation: 'Please',
show: 'How I met your mother'

aname: 'Jake Peralta',
company: 'NYPD',
designation: 'Detective',
show: 'Brooklyn 99'

},

}
```

Classwork - objects

Task: Create an object, that describes you or anything else you can imaging. Object should be nested and contain another object inside.

Conditional Statements (if-else)

A conditional statement in JavaScript is used to make decisions in code. It allows you to perform different actions based on different conditions. The most common type of conditional statement is the if-else statement.

```
Statement Statement

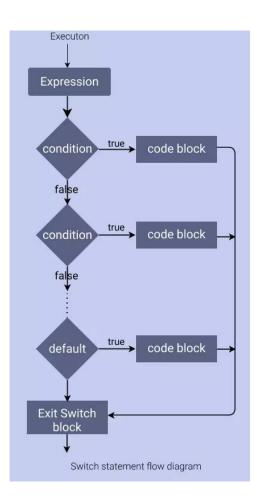
Rest of code
```

```
if (condition1) {
  // code to be executed if condition1 is true
} else if (condition2) {
  // code to be executed if condition1 is false and condition2 is true
} else {
  // code to be executed if both condition1 and condition2 are false
}
```

Conditional Statements (switch)

You can also use a switch statement, it's used when you want to test a value against multiple conditions:

```
switch (expression) {
   case value1:
     // code to be executed if expression === value1
     break;
   case value2:
     // code to be executed if expression === value2
     break;
   default:
     // code to be executed if expression is not equal to any of the values
}
```



Homework

Create condition statements (using both, if and switch), that based on the variable "day" prints out day of the week.

Example - if day = 5, console output = Friday