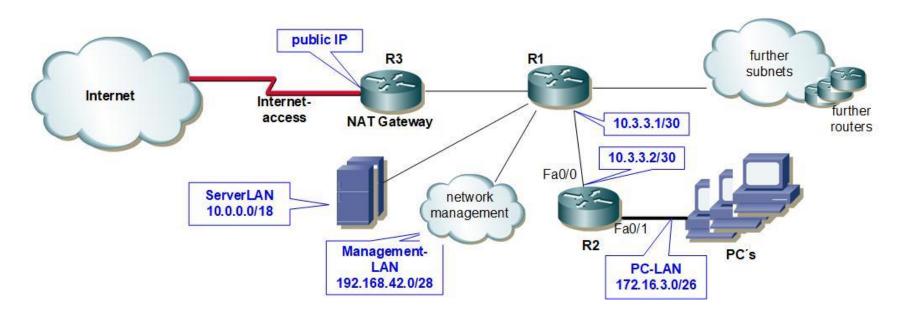
## Übungen zu Kapitel 5: Netzsicherheit – ACL – NAT

## **Aufgabe: ACL Challenge**

You are the administrator of the network below. It consists of a ServerLAN, a ManagementLAN, a PC-LAN and further, unknown subnets. Since the PC-LAN experienced security issues lately, you want to implement an ACL on router R2, interface Fa0/0. This ACL shall filter all incoming traffic according to the following rules. Please write down the ACL needed to accomplish this. READ CAREFULLY!

- 1. The PC's can ping everything (but cannot be ping'ed themselves)
- The PC's can surf the internet (WWW) and send/receive e-mail using the protocols SMTP and IMAP. Those internet services can use both the plaintext and the encrypted version of the respective protocls.
- 3. Between the ServerLAN and the PC-LAN any connections shall be possible.
- 4. The network management station 192.168.42.12 must be able to ping R2 and configure R2 using telnet, ssh and snmp (in only 3 lines!)
- 5. All routers in the network can exchange routing information using OSPF (optional also BGP and RIPv2)
- 6. The network management stations at 192.168.42.12 and 192.168.42.14 (in the management LAN) must be able to access all the PC's in the PC-Lan via SSH (one ACL-line should be sufficient for this)
- 7. all other communication shall be blocked. Attempts shall be logged.



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Bestimmen Sie die Konfiguration einer ACL für Router R2, Interface Fa0/0 in eingehender Richtung (in).

(Betrachten Sie nur dieses Interface und diese Richtung auf Router R2. Alle übrigen notwendigen Paketfilterregeln werden hier nicht abgefragt.):

**Example:** 

**#PC-LAN network: 172.16.3.0** 

#Wildcard mask was calculated by subtracting inverse value of subnet mask from 255.255.255.255 which is achieved as 0.0.0.63

## **Configuration:**

Router(config)# hostname R2 R2(config)# interface f0/0

## ######Extended named ACL#######

R2(config)# ip access-list extended in

2.1

R2(config-ext-nacl)# permit tcp any 172.16.3.0 0.0.0.63 eq 80 or eq www (PCs' can surf internet)
R2(config-ext-nacl)# permit tcp any 172.16.3.0 0.0.0.63 eq 443 (PCs' can surf internet with secure connection)

2.2

R2(config-ext-nacl)# permit tcp any 172.16.3.0 0.0.0.63 eq 587 (SMTP port with encryption from user to e-mail server)

R2(config-ext-nacl)# permit tcp any 172.16.3.0 0.0.0.63 eq 143 (IMAP port with insecurity from user to e-mail server)

R2(config-ext-nacl)# permit tcp any 172.16.3.0 0.0.0.63 eq 993 (IMAP port with encryption/security from user to e-mail server)

3.

R2(config-ext-nacl)# permit ip 10.0.0.0 0.0.63.255 172.16.3.0 0.0.0.63 (From SERVER LAN to PC LAN where any connections are possible)

```
4.

R2(config-ext-nacl)# permit icmp host 192.168.42.12 host 10.3.3.2 (From network management station to R2 router)

R2(config-ext-nacl)# permit tcp host 192.168.42.12 host 10.3.3.2 eq 23 (Telnet port:23 is used from network management station to R2 router)

R2(config-ext-nacl)# permit tcp host 192.168.42.12 host 10.3.3.2 eq 22 (SSH port:22 is used from network management station to R2 router)

R2(config-ext-nacl)# permit udp host 192.168.42.12 host 10.3.3.2 eq 161 (SNMP port:161 is used from network management station to R2 router)

5.

R2(config-ext-nacl)# permit ip 10.3.3.0 0.0.0.3 10.3.3.0 0.0.0.3 eq 89 (All routers exchange info using 'ospf' where ospf:89)
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6.

R2(config-ext-nacl)# permit tcp 192.168.42.0 0.0.0.15 172.16.3.0 0.0.0.63 eq 22 ( From network management station to PC-LAN using SSH:22)

R2(config-ext-nacl)# deny ip any any log (all other communications are being blocked by attempting log)

**R2(config-ext-nacl)**# permit tcp 10.3.3.0 0.0.0.3 10.3.3.0 0.0.0.3 eq 179 (All routers exchange info using 'bgp' where bgp:179) **R2(config-ext-nacl)**# permit udp 10.3.3.0 0.0.0.3 10.3.3.0 0.0.0.3 eq 520 (All routers exchange info using 'RIP' where RIP: 520)