

Online Voting System

Presentation - Group 4

Information Security 2023-2024

Demo

<https://localhost:3001>

Voter Authentication



Why Itsme?

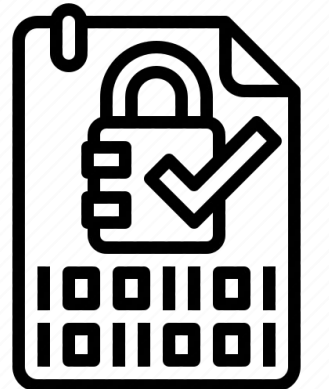
- Passwordless login (Social Engineering Attacks)



- HTTPS (TLS) -> OV or EV (no DV)

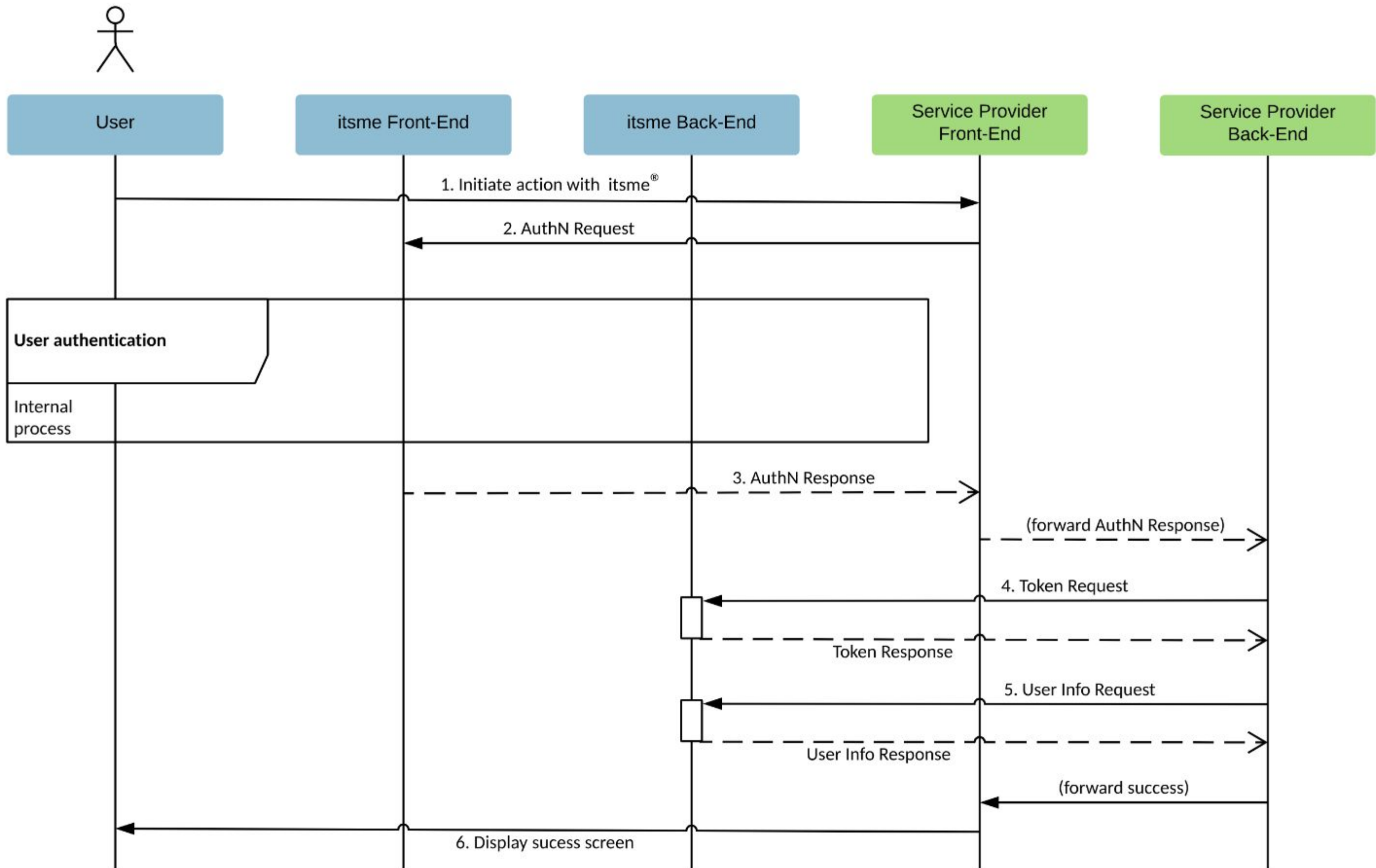


- Use of Asymmetric Encryption (Backend & itsme)



~~RSA-512~~

RSA-2048 ✓



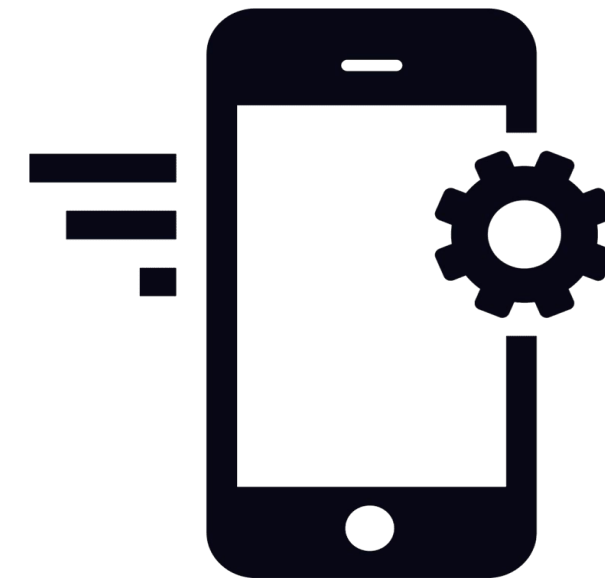
Limitations of itsme

→ Limited to Belgian citizens



→ Accessibility

- Dependence on Smartphones
- Difficulty of Setup



Website Authentication & Non-repudiation

Website Authentication

Welcome Ruben

Personal token: fb2ab841

- Extension
 - Unique code per voter sent in invitation letter
 - Code shown after user authentication

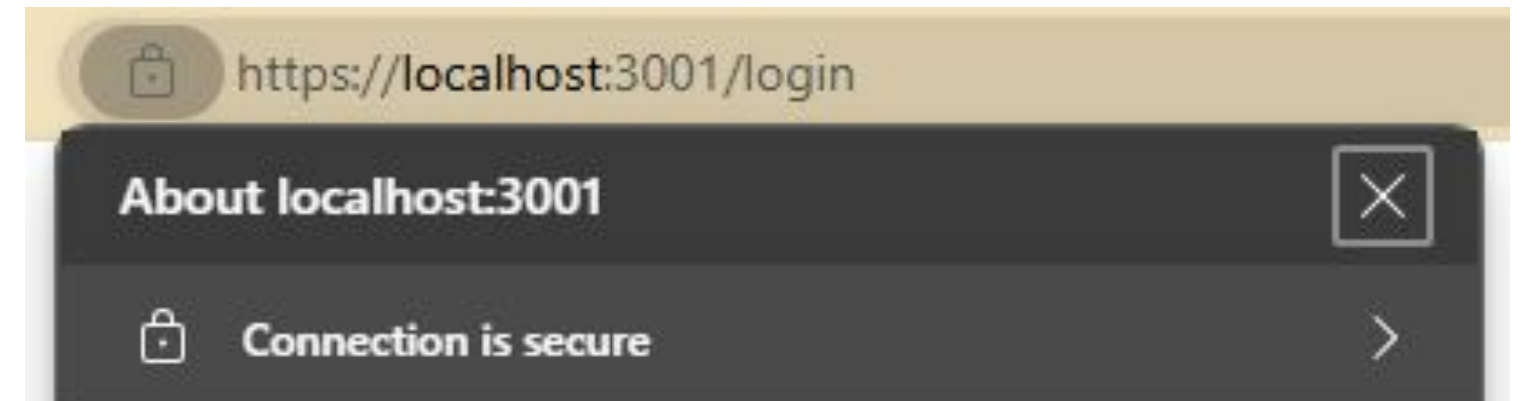
Non-Repudiation

- Compulsory voting
 - Voters need to be able to prove they voted
- Send Digitally Signed proof document to voters
 - Private / public key pair
 - (EC)DSA

Data Transmission

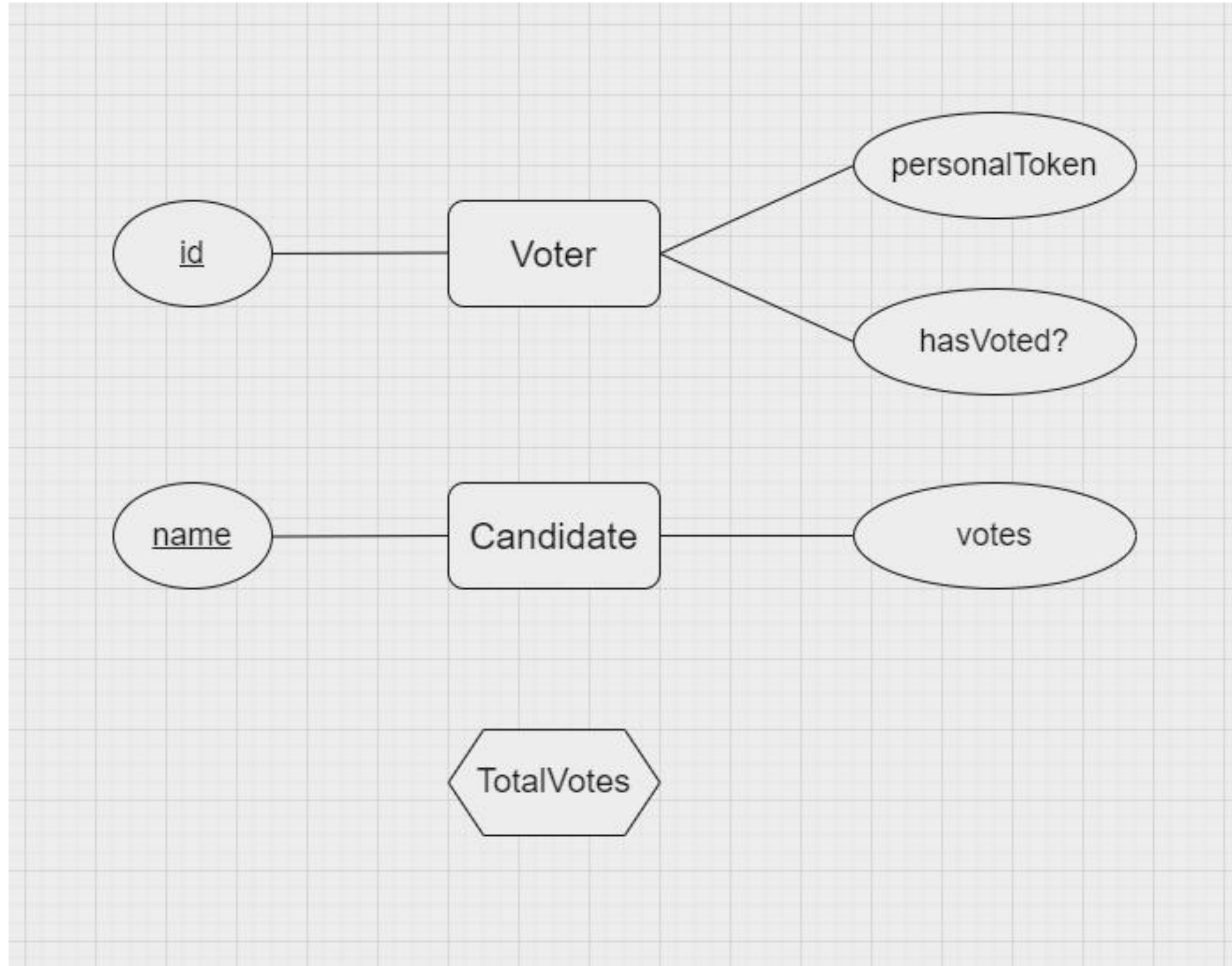
Data Transmission

- “Just use TLS”
- Authentication, Confidentiality, Integrity
- Added measure: constant-size messages
 - Prevents side-channel attack



Data Storage

EER-diagram





- ACID / access control / TDE / TLS
- Anonymity
- WAL

Remaining Security Issues

Remaining Security Issues

- Stolen device with hacker knowing password
- Privacy during voting
- Physical interference with (central) counting server(s)
- Large scale DDoS attacks
- The problems coming with all of the used technologies