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Assignment 13

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Download the latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/rubeenaafreen20/EE5609/tree/master/Assignment13

1 Problem

Suppose that **A** is a 2×2 matrix with real entries which is symmetric ($\mathbf{A}^t = \mathbf{A}$). Prove that **A** is similar over \mathbb{R} to a diagonal matrix.

2 Solution

Given	A is a 2×2 matrix with real entries and A is symmetric $(\mathbf{A}^t = \mathbf{A})$
To Prove	${f A}$ is similar to diagonal matrix over ${\Bbb R}$
Theory	A is similar to diagonal matrix Λ if \exists an invertible matrix P such that: $\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{P}\Lambda\mathbf{P}^{-1}$
Proof	Let $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} a & c \\ c & b \end{pmatrix}, a, b, c \in \mathbb{R}$ Characteristic polynomial: $p(t) = \mathbf{A} - \lambda \mathbf{I} $ $p(t) = \begin{vmatrix} a - t & c \\ c & b - t \end{vmatrix}$ $\Rightarrow p(t) = t^2 - (a + b)t + ab - c^2 = 0$ Roots of p(t) are eigenvalues of \mathbf{A} Discriminant of $p(t)$ is given by $(a + b)^2 - 4(ab - c^2) = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab + c^2$ $= (a - b)^2 + 4c^2 > 0$ We observe that the above equation has positive discriminant, hence λ has real values

Eigen vectors are obtained by:

$$(\mathbf{A} - \lambda \mathbf{I}) \mathbf{X} = 0$$

Since, eigen values are real

 \implies eigen vectors v_1 and v_2 are linearly independent.

Let
$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{v_1} & \mathbf{v_2} \end{pmatrix}$$

 $\implies \mathbf{AP} = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_1 \mathbf{v_1} & \lambda_2 \mathbf{v_2} \end{pmatrix}$
 $\implies \mathbf{AP} = \mathbf{P}\boldsymbol{\Lambda},$
where $\boldsymbol{\Lambda} = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_1 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda_2 \end{pmatrix}$
 $\implies \mathbf{A} = \mathbf{P}\boldsymbol{\Lambda}\mathbf{P}^{-1}$

Therefore, ${\bf A}$ is similar to diagonal matrix ${\bf \Lambda}$ Hence, Proved.