

Assignment 16

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Download the latex-tikz codes from

<https://github.com/rubeenaafreen20/EE5609/tree/master/Assignment16>

1 PROBLEM

True or False? If a diagonalizable operator has only the characteristic values 0 and 1, it is a projection.

2 DEFINITIONS

Diagonalizable Operator	<p>For a linear operator $\mathbf{T}: \mathbf{V} \longrightarrow \mathbf{V}$, \mathbf{T} is a diagonalizable operator if \exists some basis for \mathbf{V} such that the matrix representing \mathbf{T} is a diagonal matrix i.e.</p> $\mathbf{T}(\mathbf{X}) = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{X},$ $\implies \mathbf{A} \text{ is a diagonalizable matrix}$
Properties of Projection	<p>If $n \times n$ matrix \mathbf{A} is projection matrix, then</p> $\mathbf{A}^2 = \mathbf{A}$

TABLE 1: Definitions

3 SOLUTION

Diagonalizability	<p>Let \mathbf{A} be $n \times n$ matrix. Given that \mathbf{A} is diagonalizable, it can be expressed as,</p> $\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{P}\mathbf{\Lambda}\mathbf{P}^{-1}$ $\implies \mathbf{A}\mathbf{P} = \mathbf{P}\mathbf{\Lambda} \quad \dots(1)$ <p>where, $\mathbf{\Lambda} = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_1 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda_2 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \dots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & \lambda_n \end{pmatrix}$</p>
Eigen values	<p>Given that \mathbf{A} has eigen values 0 and 1 $\implies \mathbf{\Lambda}$ has diagonal entries of 0s and 1s only</p> $\implies \lambda_i = 0 \text{ or } 1, \quad i = 0, 1, \dots, n$ $\implies \lambda_i^2 = 0 \text{ or } 1$ $\implies \lambda_i^2 = \lambda_i$ $\implies \mathbf{\Lambda}^2 = \mathbf{\Lambda}\mathbf{\Lambda} = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_1^2 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda_2^2 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \dots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & \lambda_n^2 \end{pmatrix} = \mathbf{\Lambda} \quad \dots(2)$
Projection	$\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{P}\mathbf{\Lambda}\mathbf{P}^{-1}$ $\implies \mathbf{A}\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{A}\mathbf{P}\mathbf{\Lambda}\mathbf{P}^{-1}$ $\implies \mathbf{A}^2 = (\mathbf{A}\mathbf{P})\mathbf{\Lambda}\mathbf{P}^{-1}$ <p>From (1),</p> $\implies \mathbf{A}^2 = \mathbf{P}\mathbf{\Lambda}\mathbf{\Lambda}\mathbf{P}^{-1}$ $= \mathbf{P}\mathbf{\Lambda}^2\mathbf{P}^{-1}$ <p>From (2),</p> $\implies \mathbf{A}^2 = \mathbf{P}\mathbf{\Lambda}\mathbf{P}^{-1}$ $= \mathbf{A}$ <p>Therefore,</p> $\mathbf{A}^2 = \mathbf{A}$ <p>Hence, \mathbf{A} is a projection matrix</p>
Conclusion	Given statement is True

TABLE 2: Checking for projection matrix