

# Assignment 4

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The link to the solution is

<https://github.com/rubeenaafreen20/EE5609/tree/master/Assignment4>

where

**Abstract**—This documents solves a problem based on conics.

## 1 PROBLEM

Find the points on the curve  $\mathbf{x}^T \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{9} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{16} \end{pmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 1$  at which the tangents are

- parallel to x-axis
- parallel to y-axis

## 2 SOLUTION

General equation of conics is

$$\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{V} \mathbf{x} + 2\mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{x} + f = 0 \quad (2.0.1)$$

Comparing with the equation given,

$$\mathbf{V} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{9} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{16} \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.2)$$

$$\mathbf{u} = \mathbf{0} \quad (2.0.3)$$

$$f = -1 \quad (2.0.4)$$

$$|\mathbf{v}| = \left| \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{9} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{16} \end{pmatrix} \right| > 0 \quad (2.0.5)$$

$\therefore |\mathbf{V}| > 0$ , the given equation is of ellipse.

a) The tangents are parallel to the x-axis, hence, their direction and normal vectors,  $\mathbf{m}_1$  and  $\mathbf{n}_1$  are respectively,

$$\mathbf{m}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.6)$$

$$\mathbf{n}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.7)$$

For an ellipse, given the normal vector  $\mathbf{n}$ , the tangent points of contact to the ellipse are given by

$$\mathbf{q} = \mathbf{V}^{-1}(\kappa \mathbf{n} - \mathbf{u}) = \mathbf{V}^{-1} \kappa \mathbf{n} \quad (2.0.8)$$

$$\kappa = \pm \sqrt{\frac{\mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{V}^{-1} \mathbf{u} - f}{\mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{V}^{-1} \mathbf{n}}} \quad (2.0.9)$$

$$= \pm \sqrt{\frac{-f}{\mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{V}^{-1} \mathbf{n}}} \quad (2.0.10)$$

$$\mathbf{V}^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 0 \\ 0 & 16 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.11)$$

$$\kappa_1 = \pm \sqrt{\frac{-(-1)}{(0 \ 1) \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 0 \\ 0 & 16 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}}} \quad (2.0.12)$$

$$\Rightarrow \kappa_1 = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1}{16}} \quad (2.0.13)$$

$$\Rightarrow \kappa_1 = \pm \frac{1}{4} \quad (2.0.14)$$

From (2.0.8), the point of contact  $\mathbf{q}_i$  are,

$$\mathbf{q}_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 0 \\ 0 & 16 \end{pmatrix} \frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.15)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 0 \\ 0 & 16 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.16)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.17)$$

$$\mathbf{q}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 0 \\ 0 & 16 \end{pmatrix} \left(-\frac{1}{4}\right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.18)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 0 \\ 0 & 16 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -\frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.19)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.20)$$

b) The tangents are parallel to the y-axis, hence, their direction and normal vectors,  $\mathbf{m}_2$  and  $\mathbf{n}_2$  are respectively,

$$\mathbf{m}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.21)$$

$$\mathbf{n}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.22)$$

Using equation (2.0.9), the values of  $\kappa$  for this case are

$$\kappa_2 = \pm \sqrt{\frac{-(-1)}{(1 \ 0) \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 0 \\ 0 & 16 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}}} \quad (2.0.23)$$

$$\Rightarrow \kappa_2 = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1}{9}} \quad (2.0.24)$$

$$\Rightarrow \kappa_2 = \pm \frac{1}{3} \quad (2.0.25)$$

and from (2.0.8) , the point of contact  $\mathbf{q}_i$  are,

$$\mathbf{q}_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 0 \\ 0 & 16 \end{pmatrix} \frac{1}{3} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.26)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 0 \\ 0 & 16 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{3} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.27)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.28)$$

$$\mathbf{q}_4 = \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 0 \\ 0 & 16 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{3} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.29)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 0 \\ 0 & 16 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{3} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.30)$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.31)$$

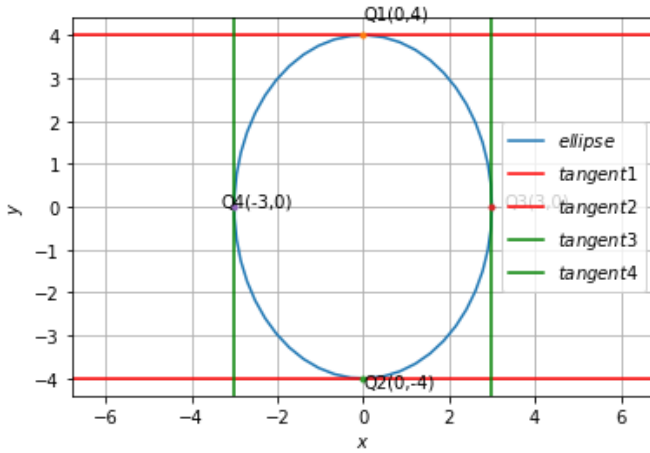


Fig. 1: Figure depicting point of contact of tangents of ellipse parallel to x-axis and y-axis