

Michael Wimmer

*Majorana fermions and
where to find them*

Majorana fermion

In physics, a Majorana fermion is a
particle that is its own antiparticle

Mathematical definition

$$\gamma = \gamma^\dagger$$

Candidates

- Neutrinos
- As a quasiparticle in condensed matter



$$\begin{matrix} c^\dagger \\ c \end{matrix}$$

 γ_1  γ_2 

- Two Majorana fermions form an ordinary fermion
- When arising as quasiparticles, they must come in pairs

Encode a qbit in a fermionic state:



$|0\rangle$

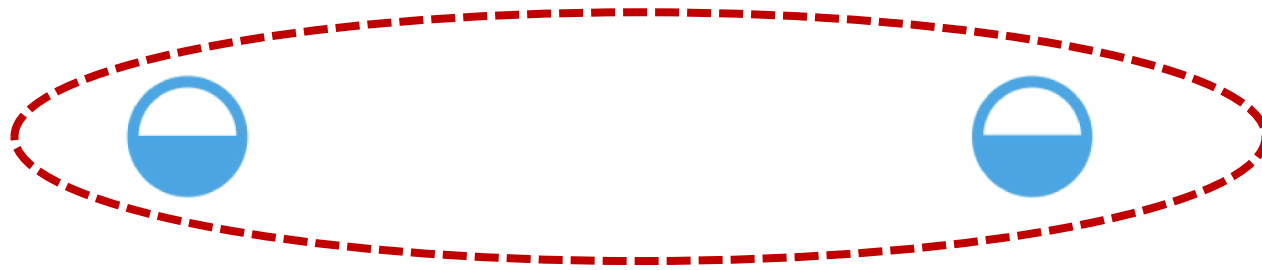


$|1\rangle$

Problem:

Very sensitive to local perturbations

A topological qbit from Majoranas



$|0\rangle, |1\rangle$

Fermion encoded in a *non-local* way
→ protected from local perturbations

In condensed matter, the equivalent of particle and anti-particle are *electron and hole*

Need to form a superposition
 $|electron\rangle + |hole\rangle$

Natural to look for them in
superconductors!

