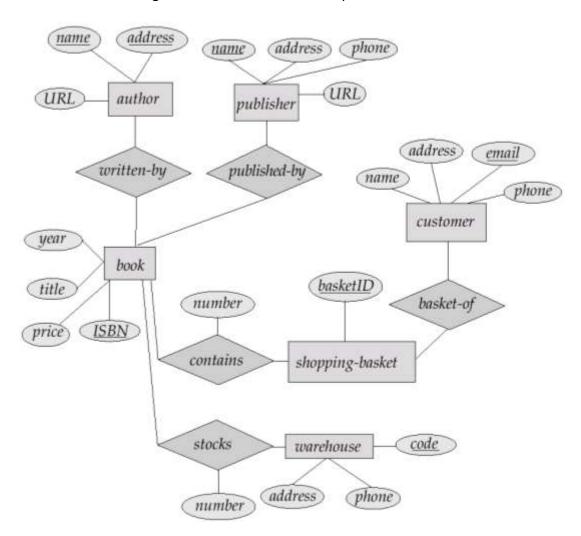
Sistemas de Informação e Bases de Dados Information Systems and Databases

Fall Semester

Lab Session 3: Conversion of ER models to Relational Models

1. Consider the following E-R model about a bookshop database:

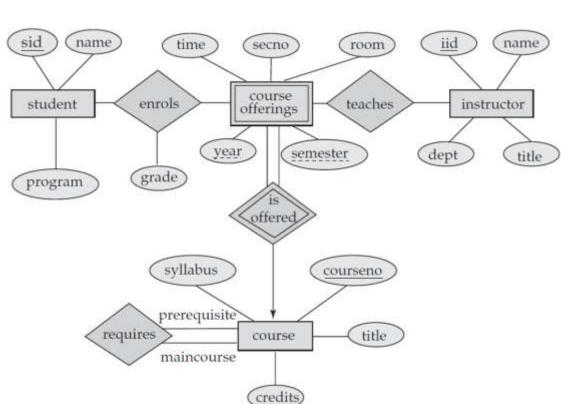


Convert this E-R model to a relational model by specifying the set of tables that should be created, including their columns, keys, and foreign keys. Use the following notation:

 $table_1(\underline{column_1}, column_2, column_3, column_4, ...)$ $column_2 : FK(table_2)$ $column_3, column_4 : FK(table_3)$

where $\underline{column_1}$ is underlined because it is the table key, and $\underline{column_2}$ is a foreign key to another table $(table_2)$.

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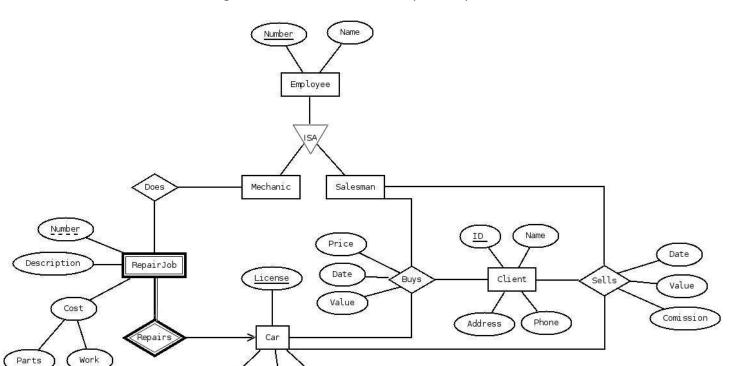
2. Consider the following E-R model about a university database:

Convert this E-R model to a relational model by specifying the set of tables that should be created, including their columns, keys, and foreign keys. Use the following notation:

 $table_1(\underline{column_1}, column_2, column_3, column_4, ...)$ $column_2 : FK(table_2)$ $column_3, column_4 : FK(table_3)$

where $\underline{column_1}$ is underlined because it is the table key, and $\underline{column_2}$ is a foreign key to another table $(table_2)$.

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3. Consider the following E-R model about an auto repair shop:

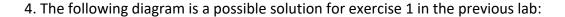
Manufacturer

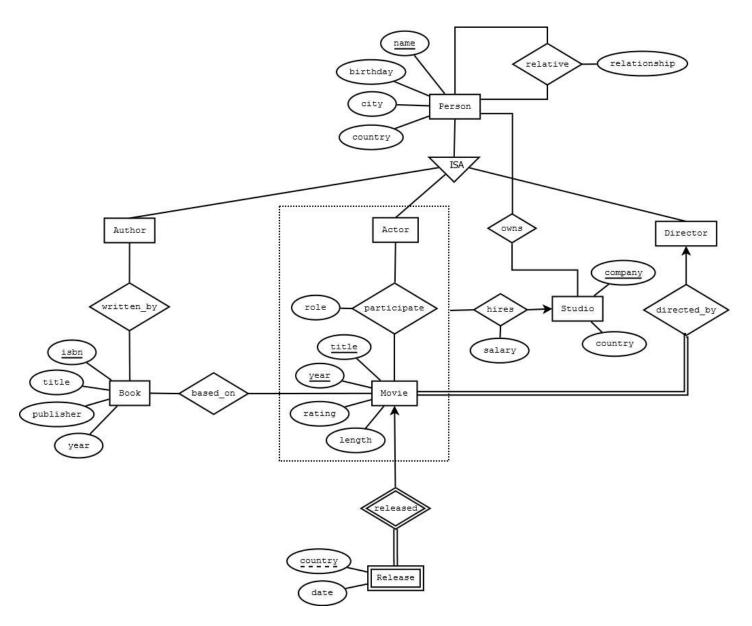
Convert this E-R model to a relational model by specifying the set of tables that should be created, including their columns, keys, and foreign keys. Use the following notation:

 $table_1(\underline{column_1}, column_2, column_3, column_4, ...)$ $column_2 : FK(table_2)$ $column_3, column_4 : FK(table_3)$

where $\underline{column_1}$ is underlined because it is the table key, and $\underline{column_2}$ is a foreign key to another table $(table_2)$.

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Convert this E-R model to a relational model by specifying the set of tables that should be created, including their columns, keys, and foreign keys. Use the following notation:

 $table_1(\underline{column_1}, column_2, column_3, column_4, ...)$ $column_2 : FK(table_2)$ $column_3, column_4 : FK(table_3)$

where $\underline{column_1}$ is underlined because it is the table key, and $\underline{column_2}$ is a foreign key to another table $(table_2)$.

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