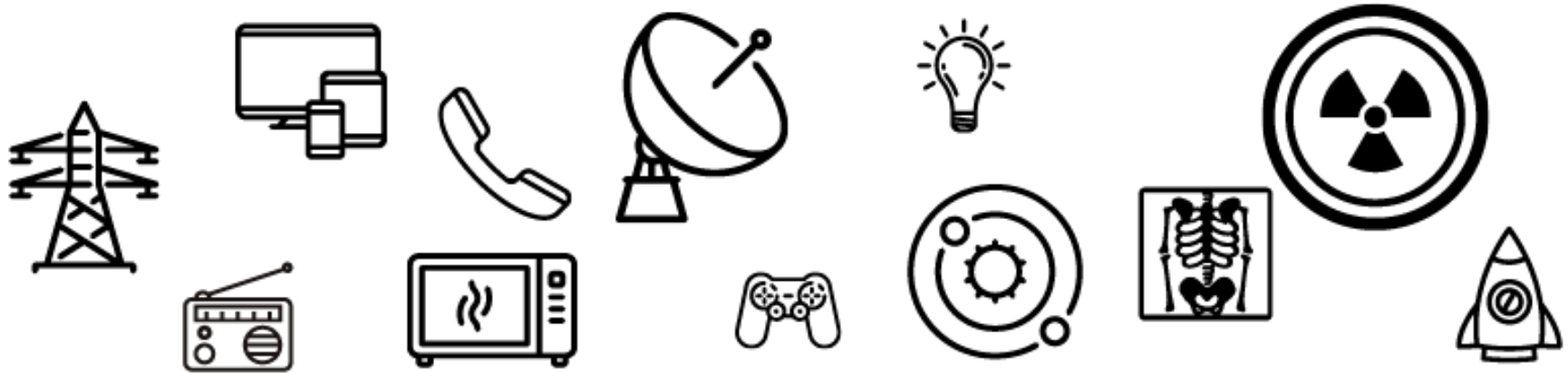


# PRODUÇÃO DE RADIAÇÃO EM JATOS RELATIVÍSTICOS EM NÚCLEOS ATIVOS DE GALÁXIAS

Luiz Augusto Stuani Pereira ([luizstuani@uaf.ufcg.edu.br](mailto:luizstuani@uaf.ufcg.edu.br))



# ESPECTRO ELETROMAGNÉTICO



Ondas de rádio

Microondas

Infravermelho

Luz visível

Ultra-violeta

Raios X

Raios Gama

Raios cósmicos

Radiação não ionizante

Radiação ionizante



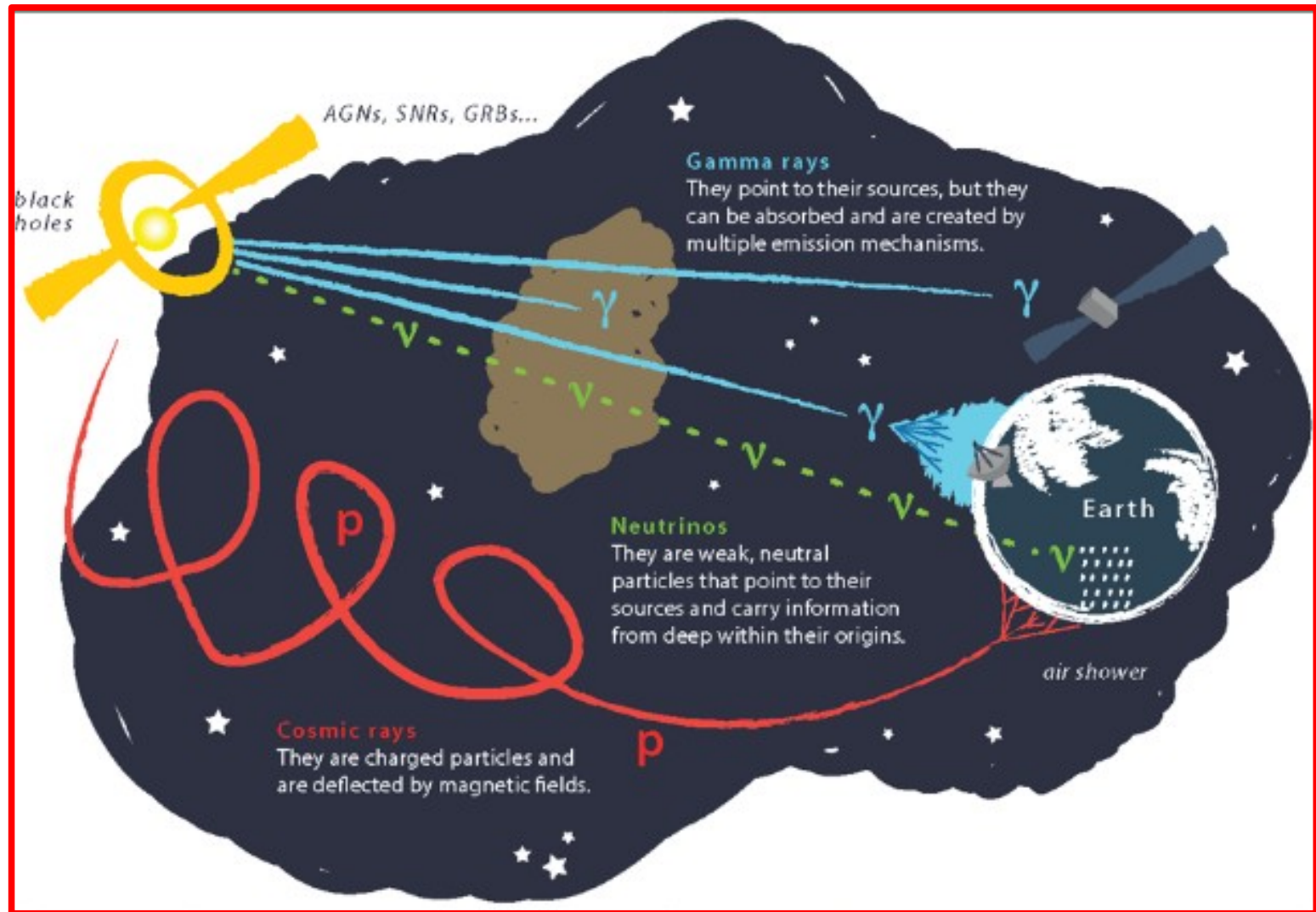
Frequência

Hz  $10^4$   $10^5$   $10^6$   $10^7$   $10^8$   $10^9$   $10^{10}$   $10^{11}$   $10^{12}$   $10^{13}$   $10^{14}$   $10^{15}$   $10^{16}$   $10^{17}$   $10^{19}$   $10^{21}$   $10^{23}$

Energia

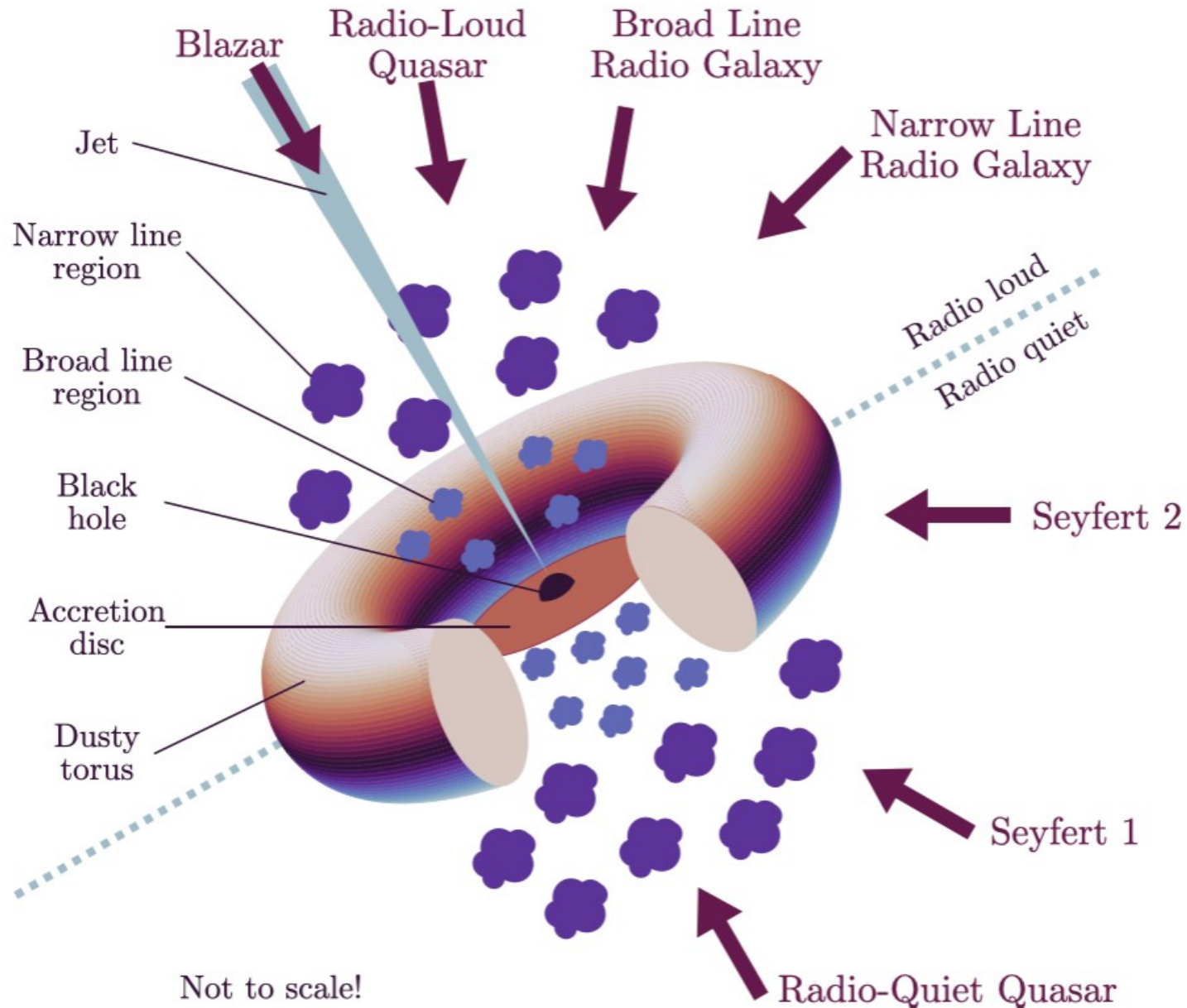
eV  $10^{-10}$   $10^{-9}$   $10^{-8}$   $10^{-7}$   $10^{-6}$   $10^{-5}$   $10^{-4}$   $10^{-3}$   $10^{-2}$   $10^{-1}$  1  $10^1$   $10^2$   $10^4$   $10^6$   $10^8$   $10^{10}$

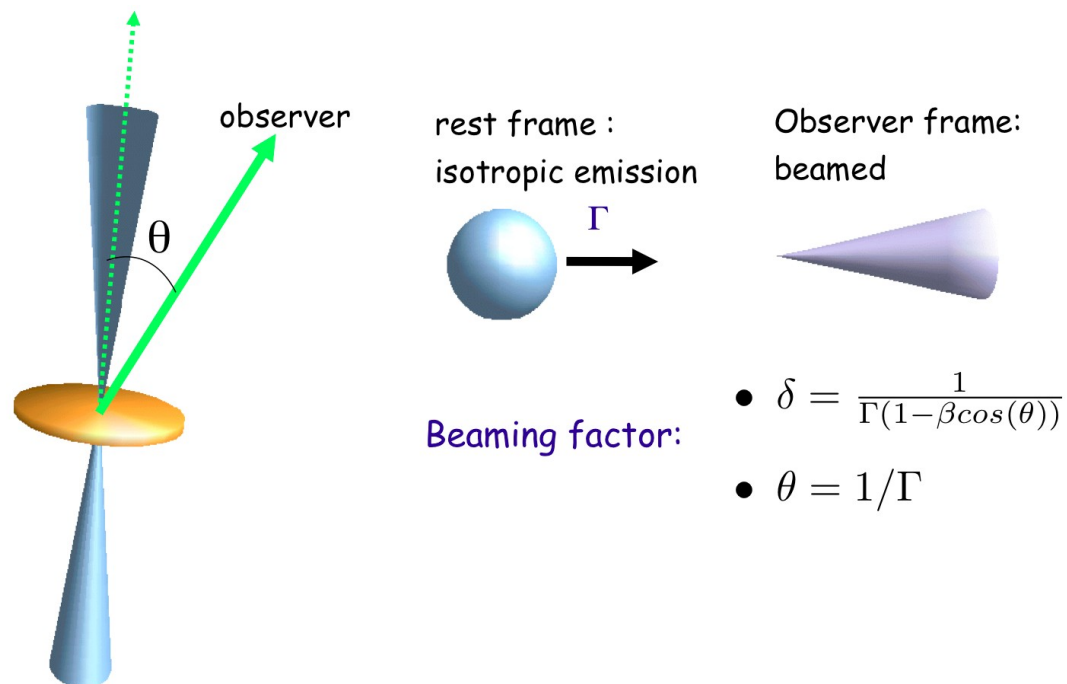
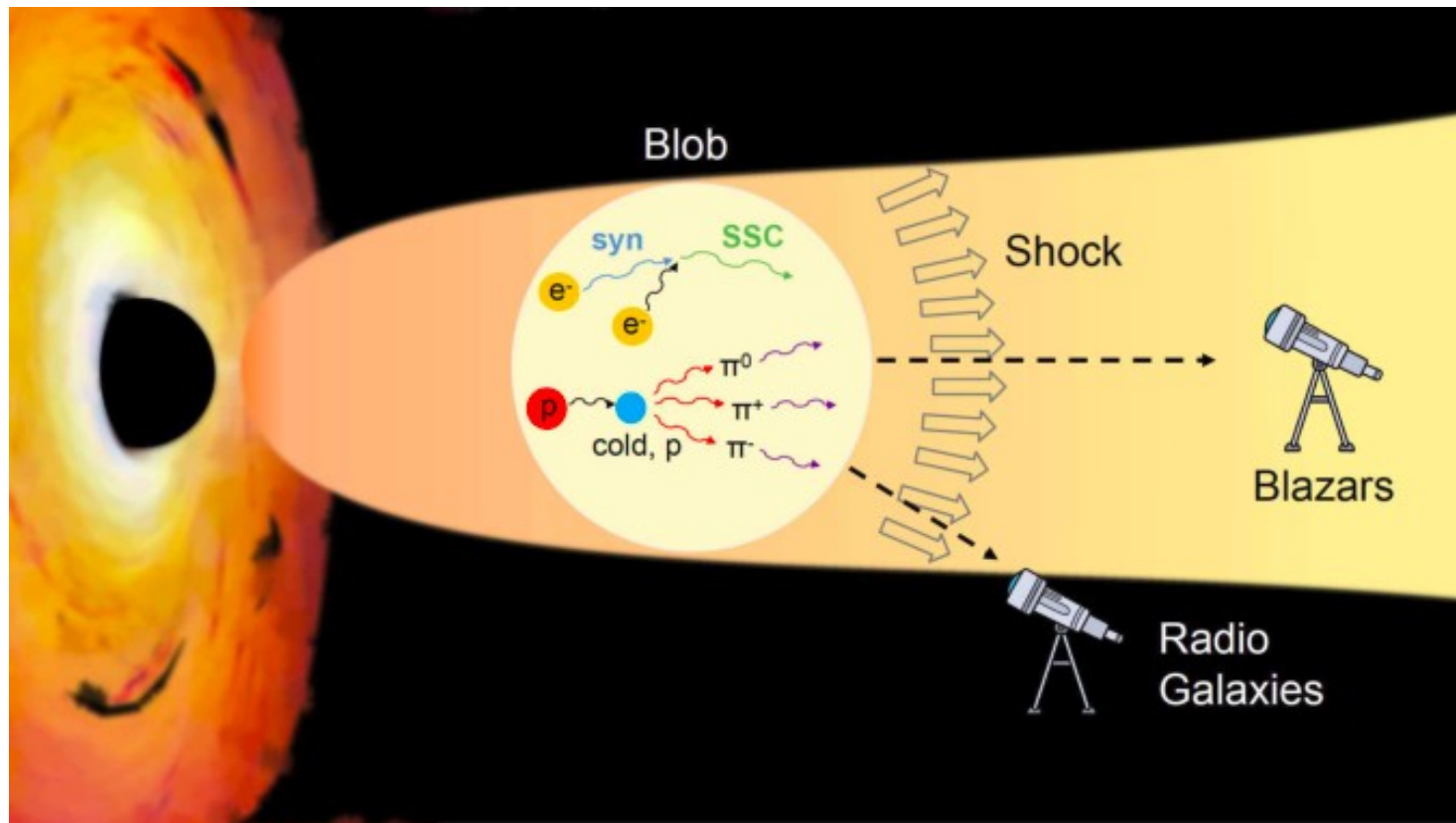
# ASTROFÍSICA MULTIMENSAGEIRA





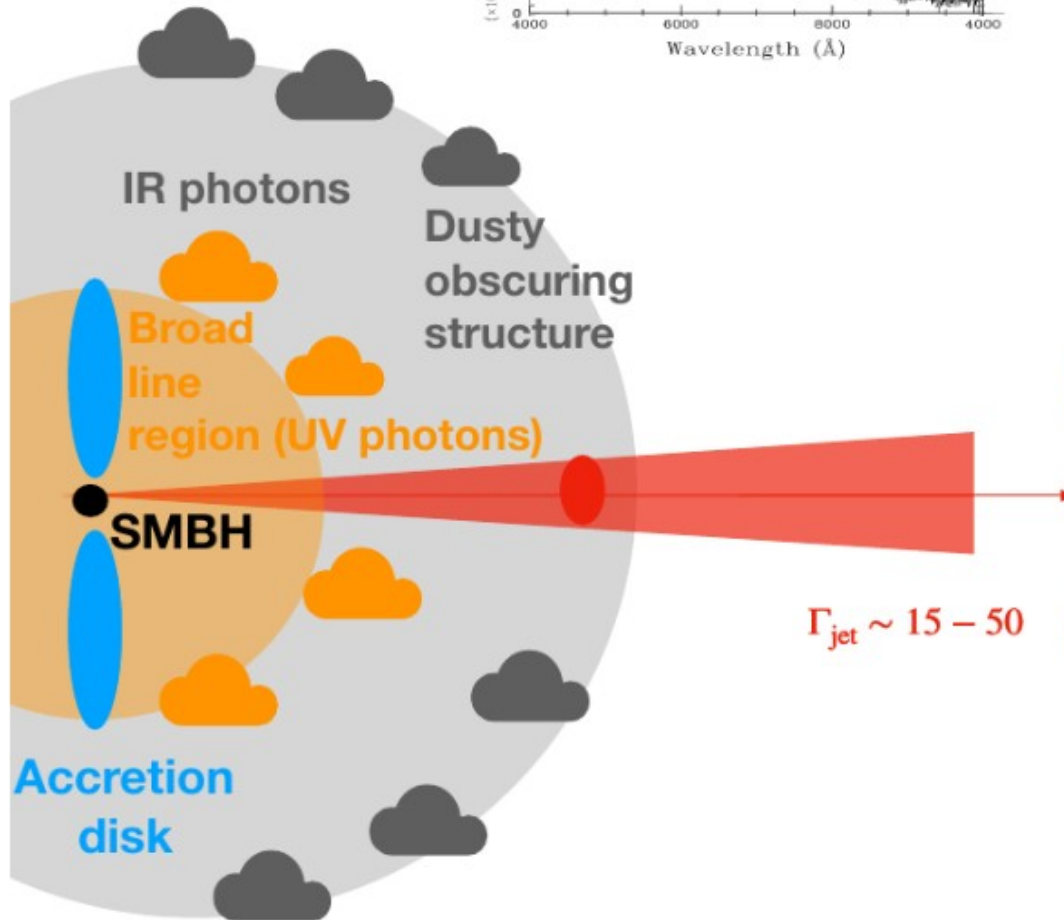
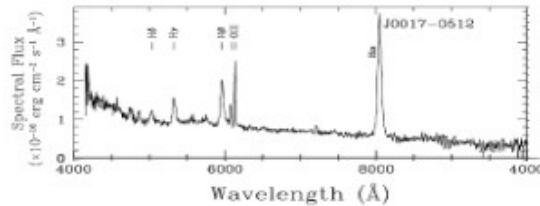
# NÚCLEO ATIVO DE GALÁXIA (AGN)





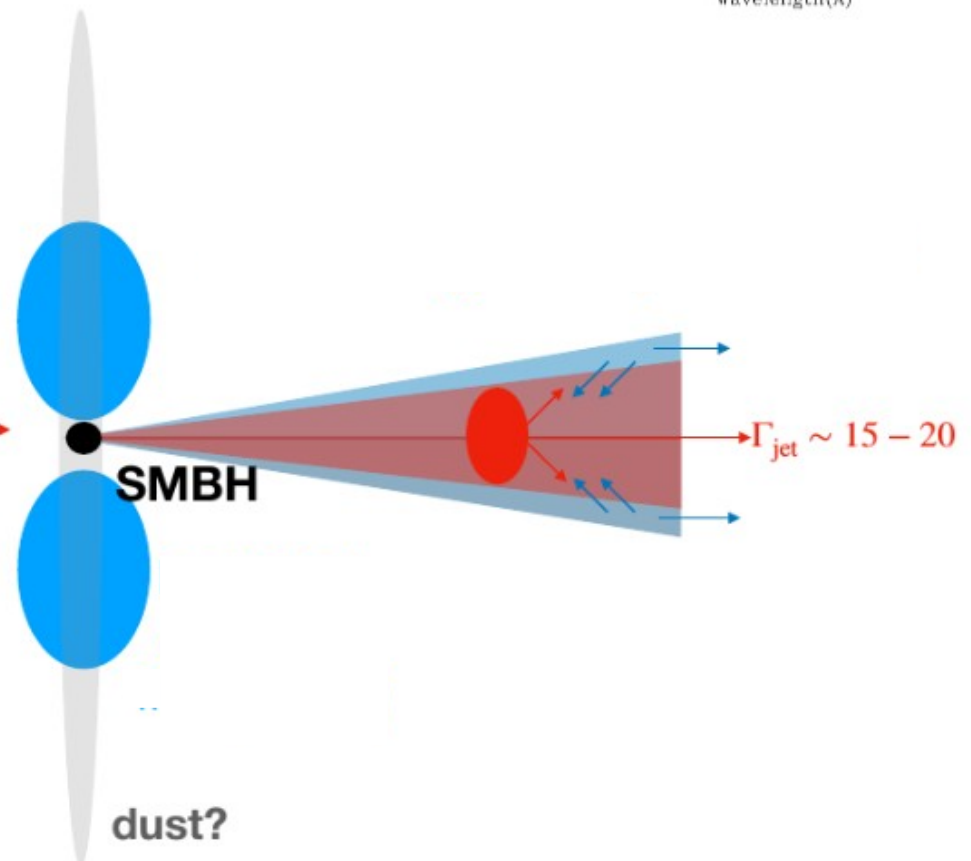
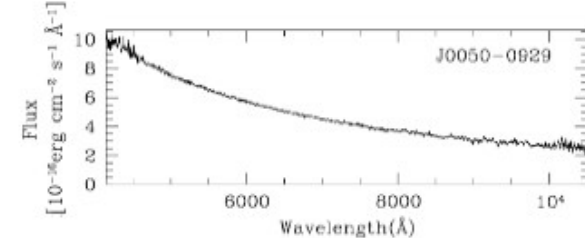
# CLASSES DE BLAZARES

## FSRQs



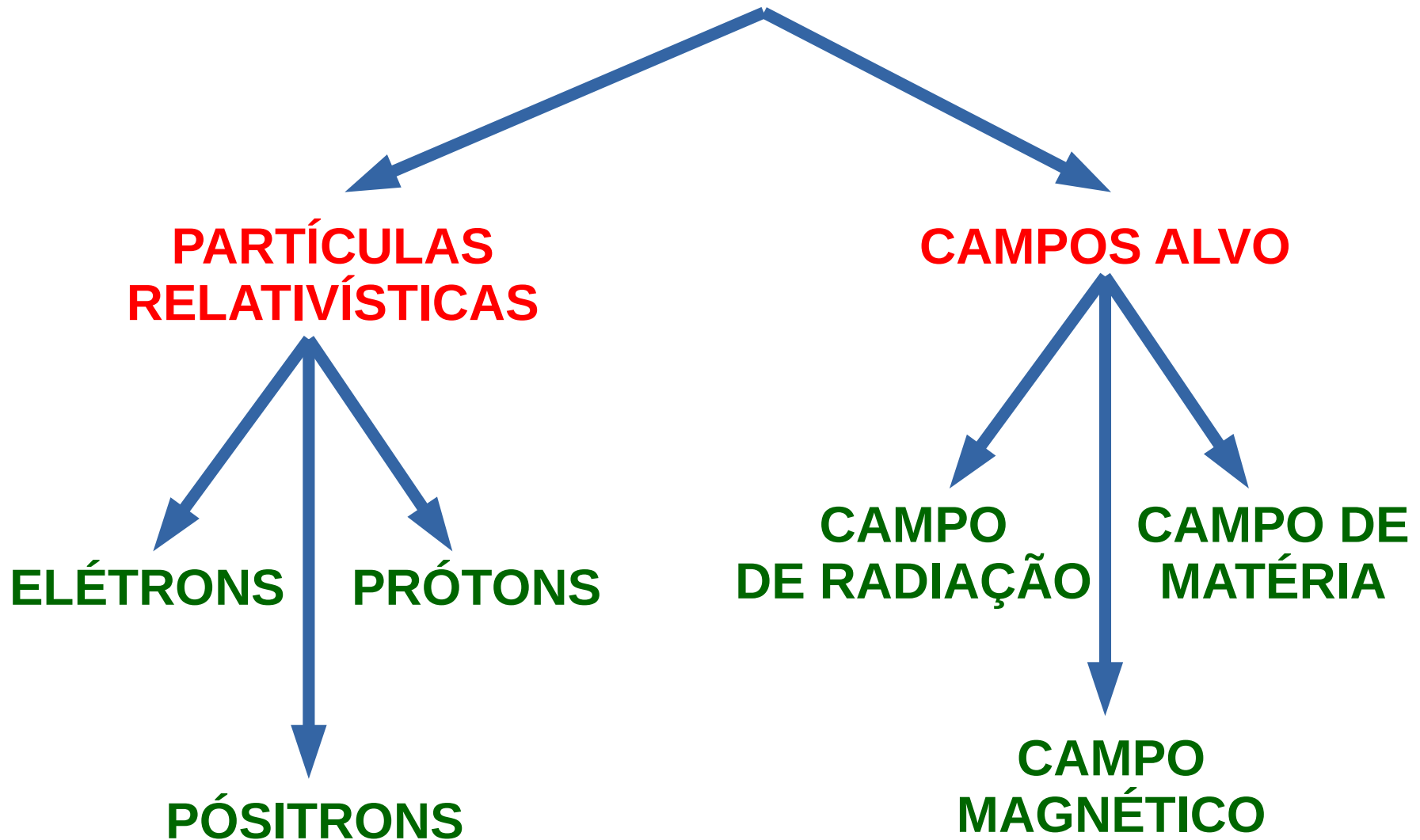
- Emissão de linhas largas no espectro óptico;
- Eficiência na emissão de radiação do disco;
- Acresção de matéria a taxas de Eddington;
- Alta potência do jato e luminosidade de raios gama.

## BL Lacs

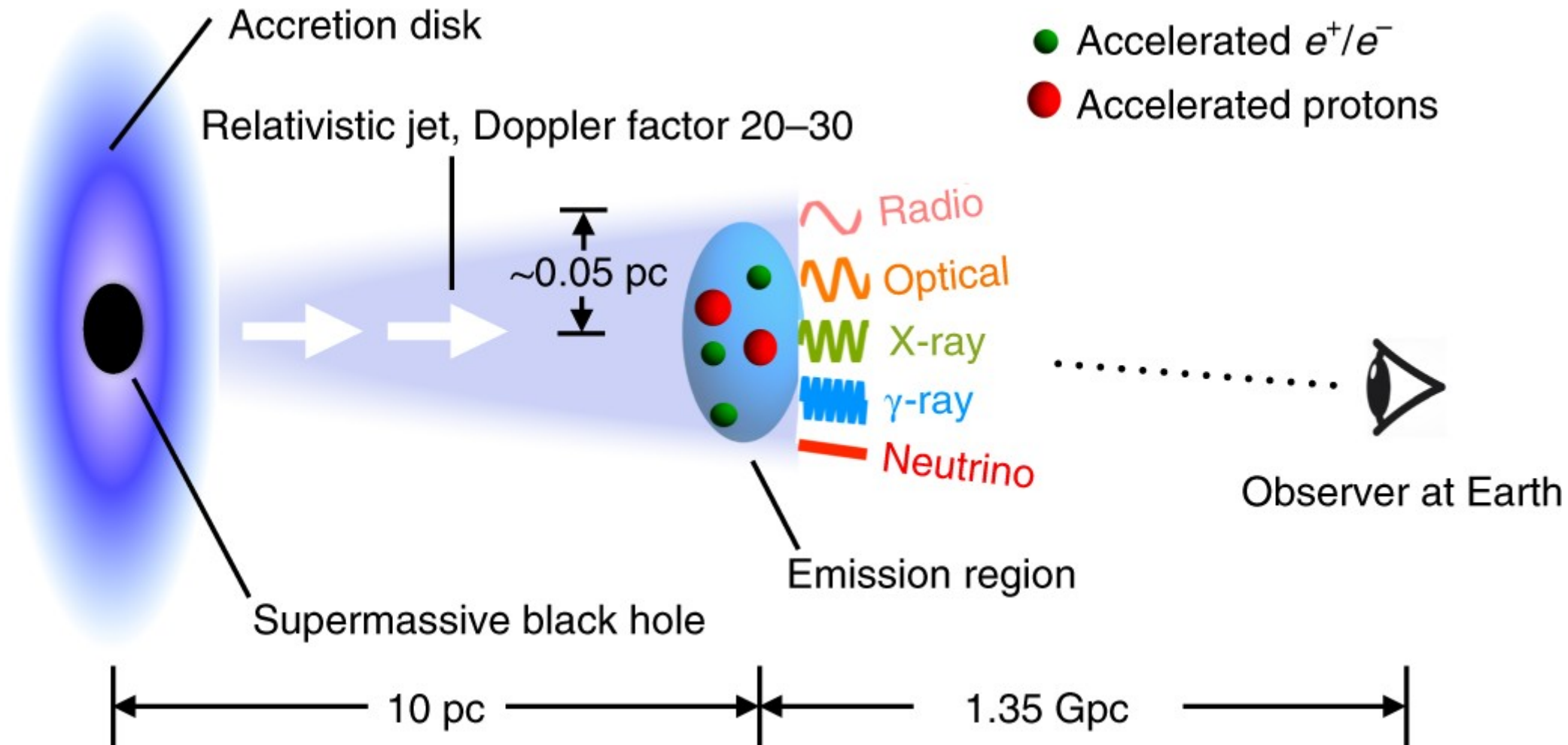


- Fraca ou pouca emissão de linhas largas no espectro óptico;
- Ineficiência na emissão de radiação do disco;
- Acresção de matéria a sub-taxas de Eddington;
- Baixa potência do jato e luminosidade de raios gama.

# PRODUÇÃO DE RADIAÇÃO EM AMBIENTES ASTROFÍSICOS

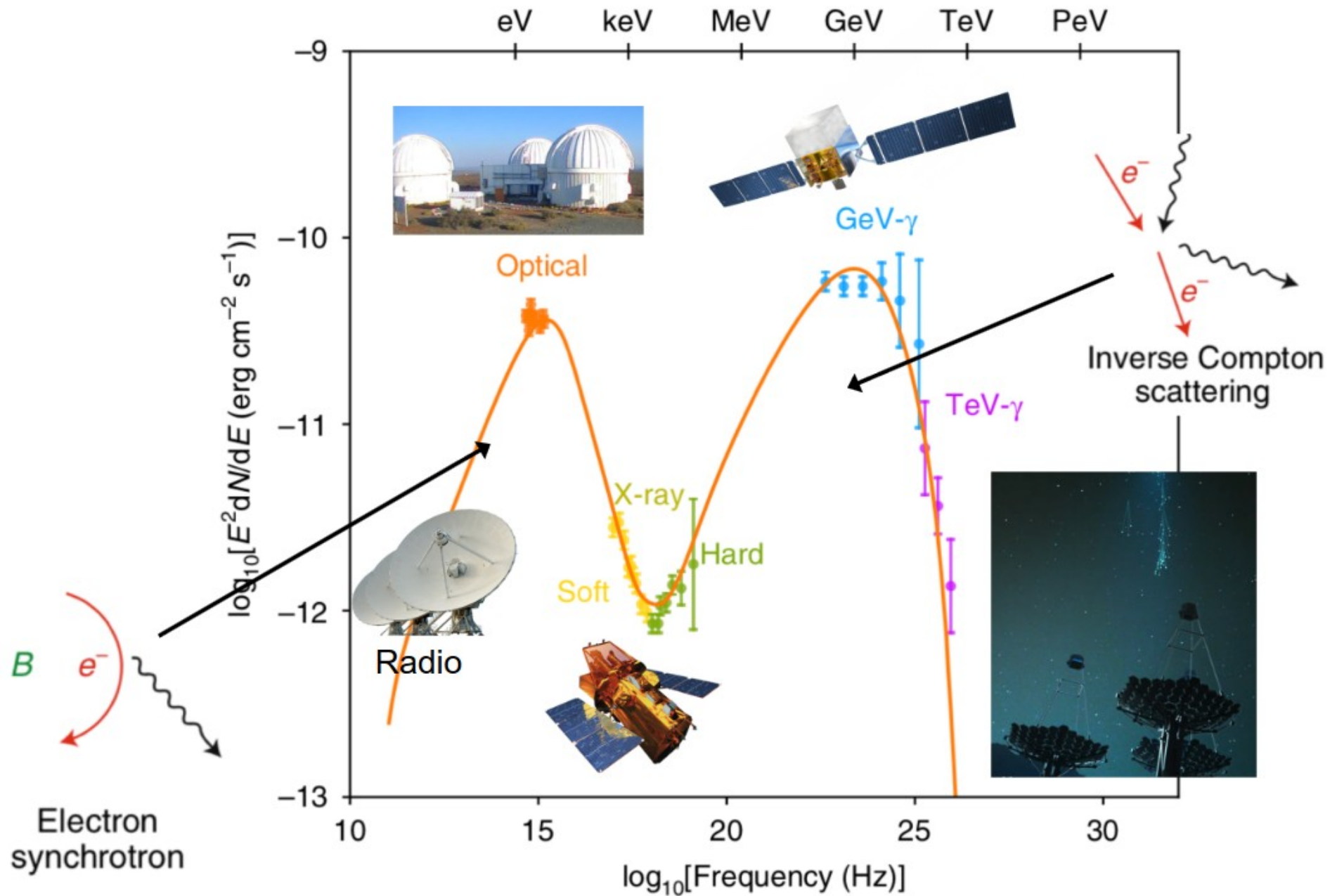


# PRODUÇÃO DE RADIAÇÃO EM JATOS RELATIVÍSTICOS

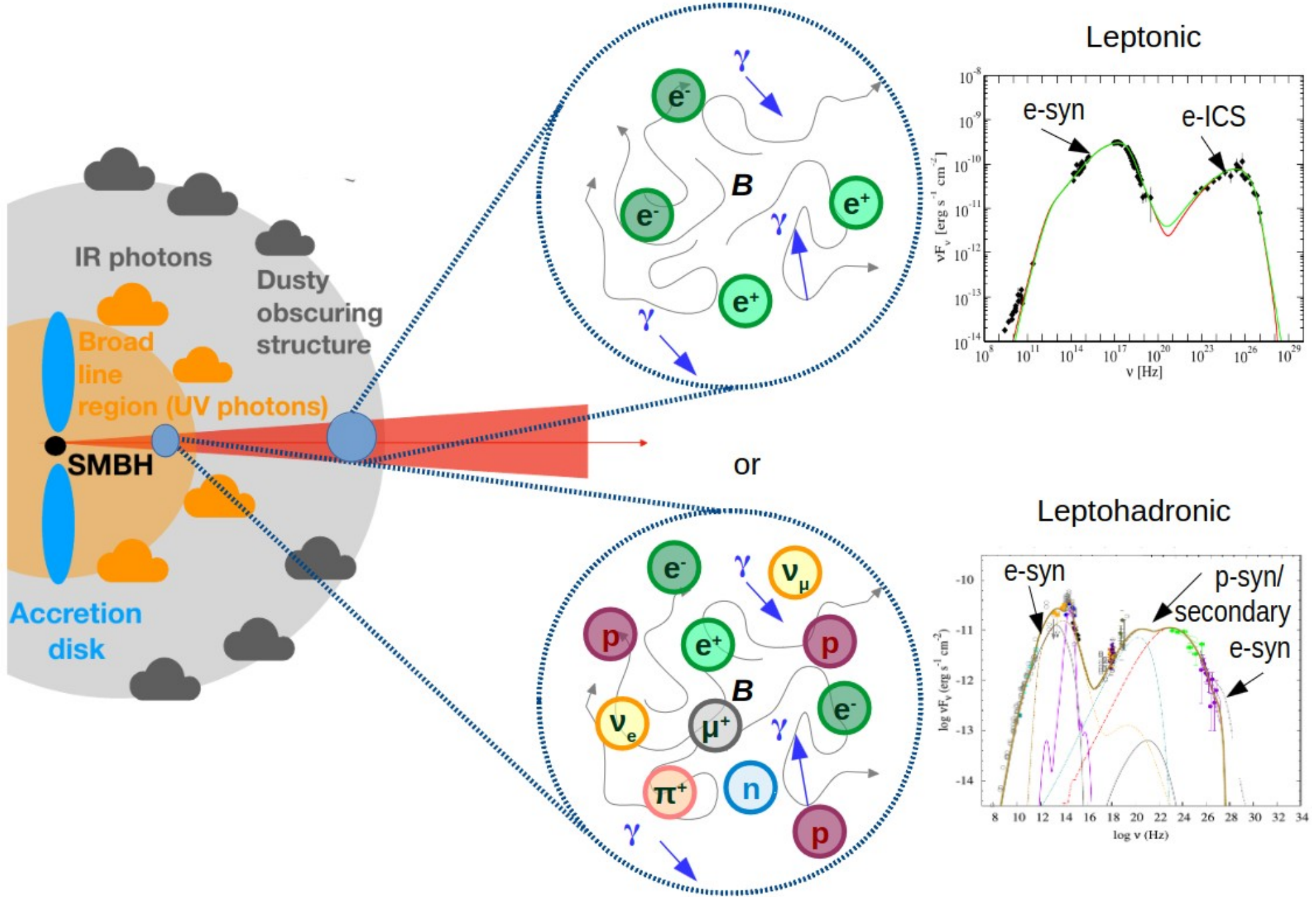




# IMAGEM ELETROMAGNÉTICA DE BLAZARES



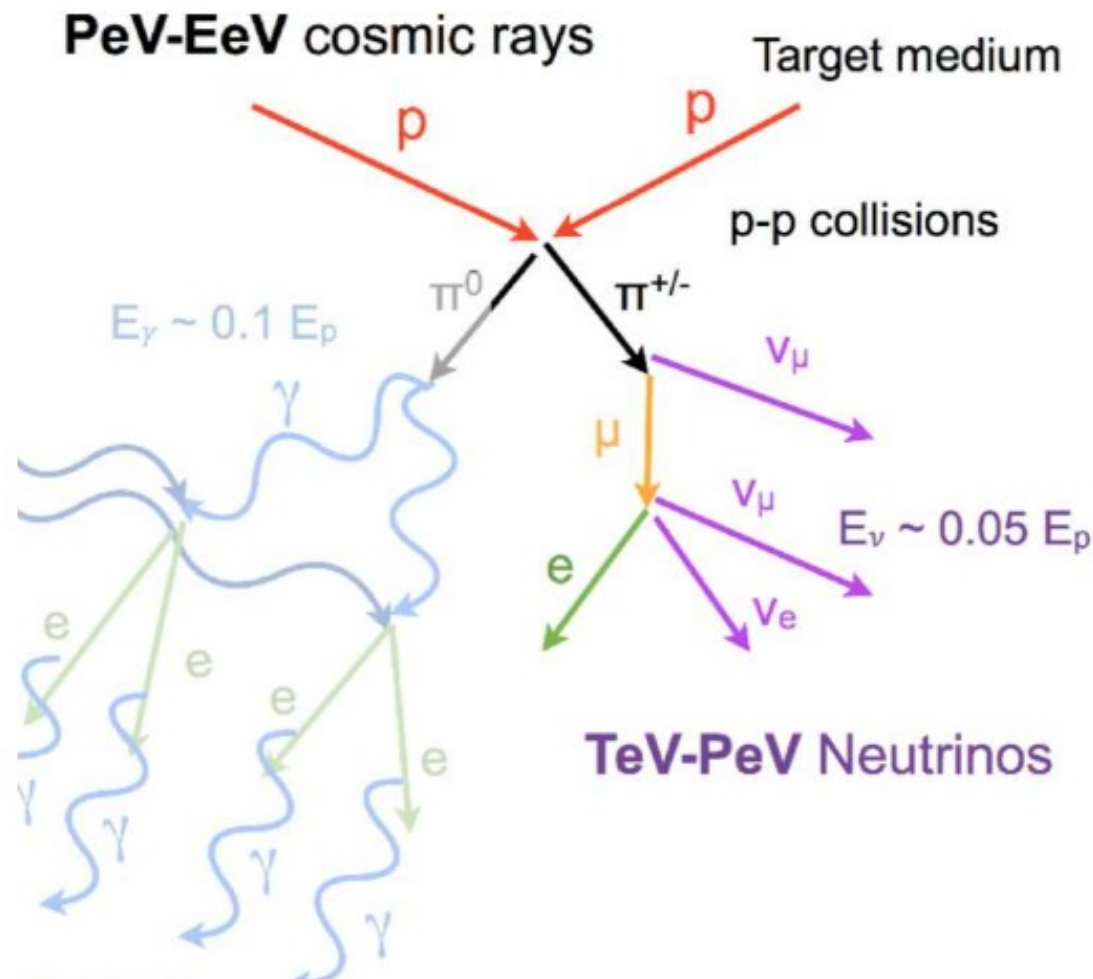
# MODELOS DE EMISSÃO CONSIDERANDO UMA ÚNICA ZONA



# EMIÇÃO HADRÔNICA EM JATOS RELATIVÍSTICOS – PRODUÇÃO DE NEUTRINOS

DENSE GAS

Colisão pp



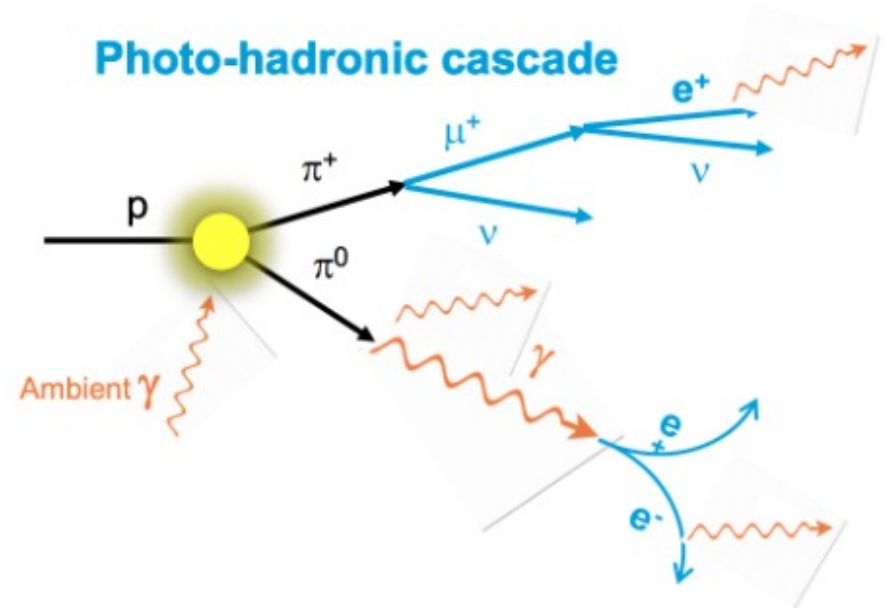
# EMIÇÃO HADRÔNICA EM JATOS RELATIVÍSTICOS – PRODUÇÃO DE NEUTRINOS

Interação  
fotohadrônica/fotopíon (p $\gamma$ )

DENSE PHOTON FIELDS

$$p + \gamma \rightarrow p/n + \pi^{\pm}, \pi^0 \rightarrow 2\gamma + 2\nu_{\mu} + \nu_e$$

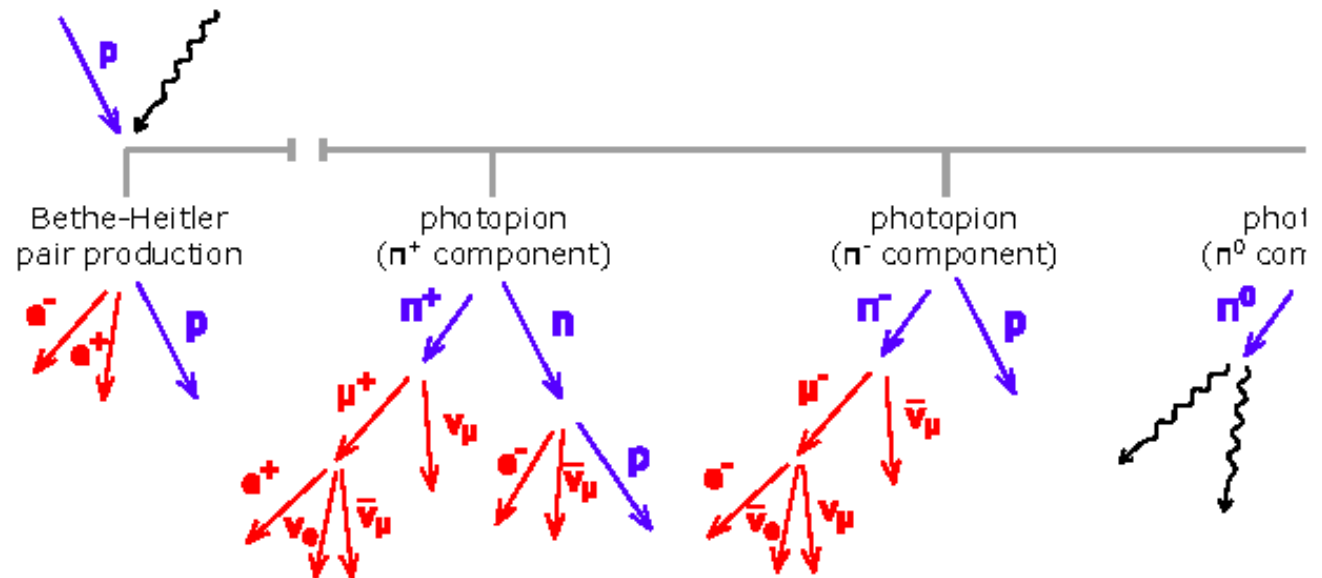
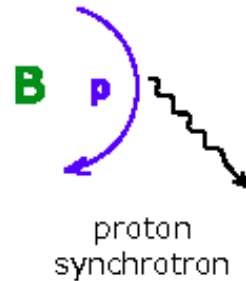
100 TEV NEUTRINO  $\longrightarrow$  2 PEV PROTON



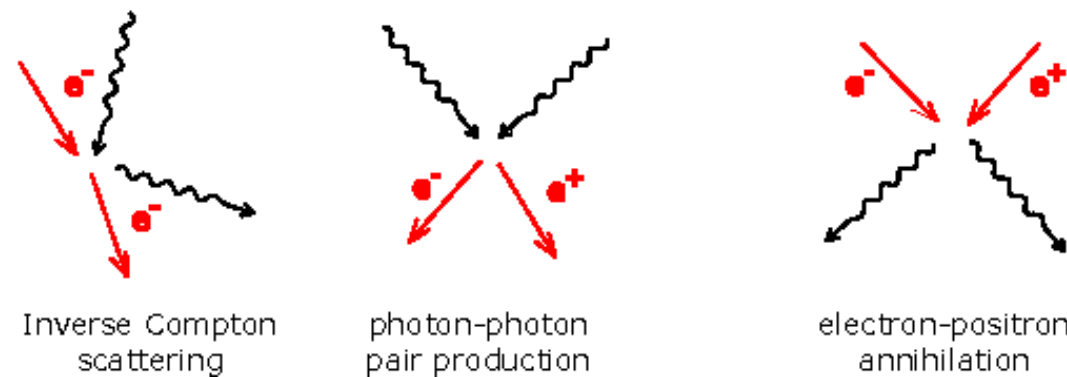
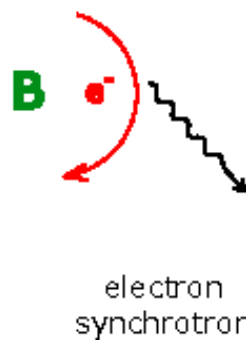


# PRODUÇÃO DE RADIAÇÃO EM JATOS RELATIVÍSTICOS DE AGNs

hadronic

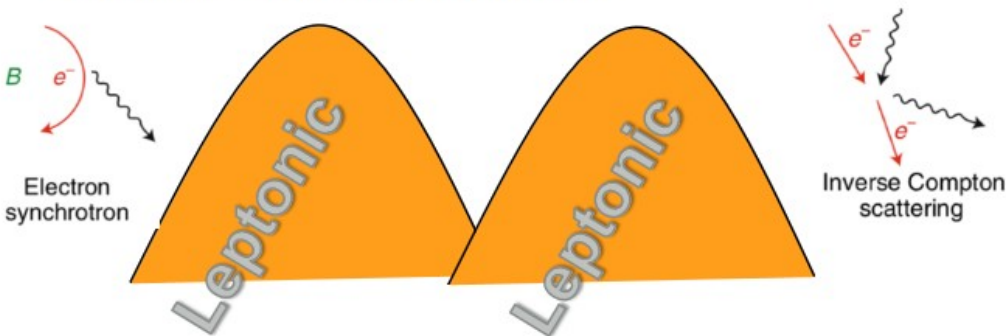


leptonic

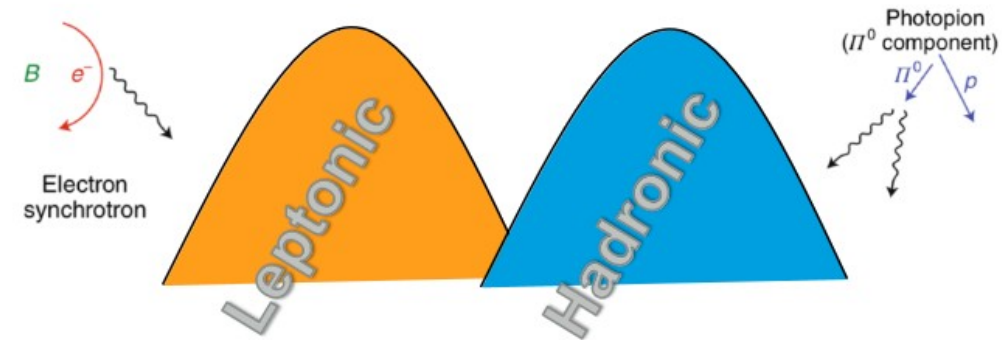


# MODELOS DE DISTRIBUIÇÃO DE ENERGIA ESPECTRAL (QUALITATIVO)

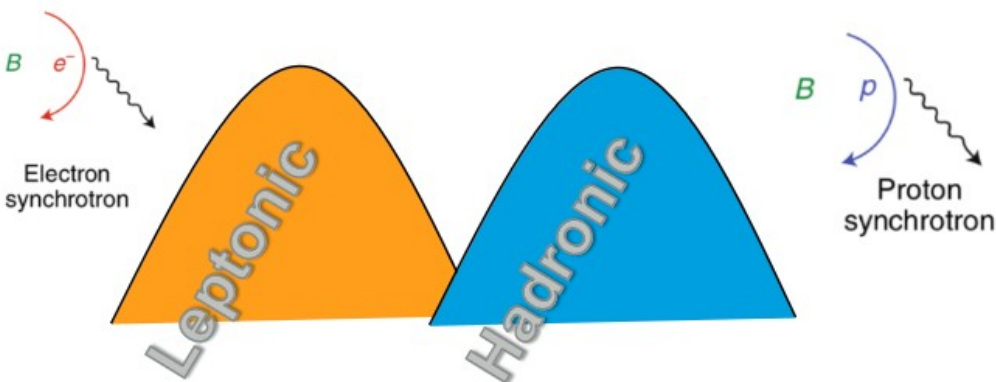
- Synchrotron self-Compton (SSC) or external Compton (EC) models



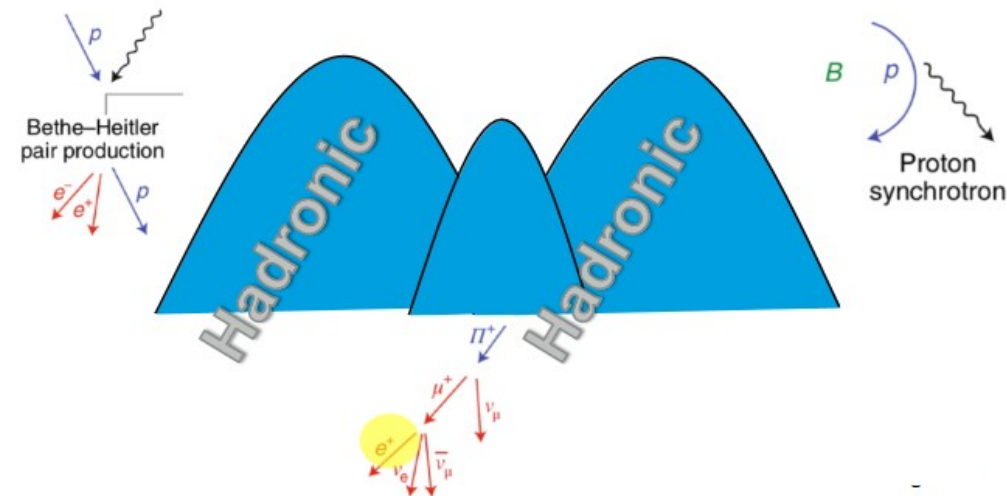
- Pion cascade models



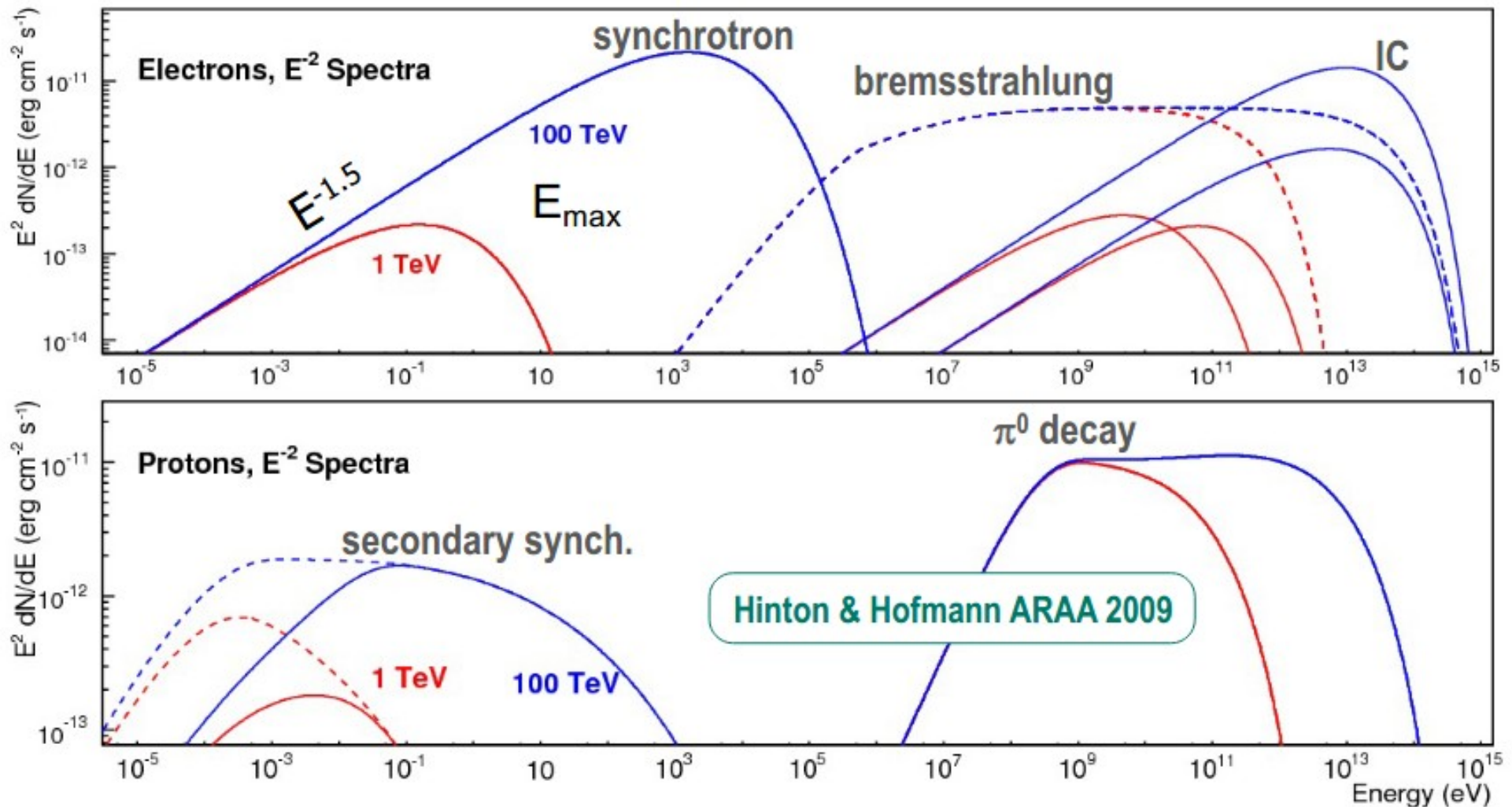
- Proton synchrotron models (require large  $B'$ )



- More exotic hadronic models, for example:

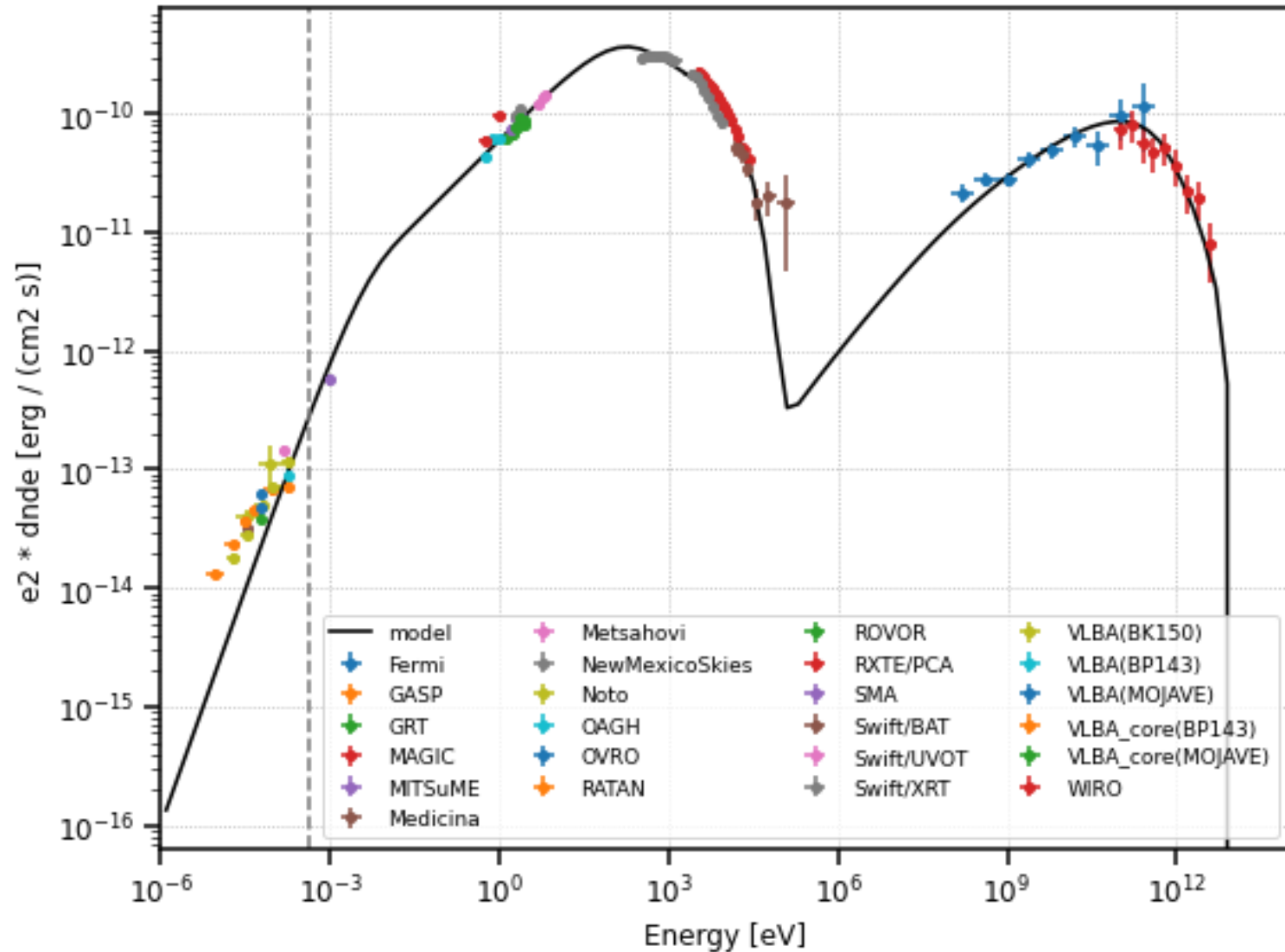


# ESPECTRO DE EMISSÃO DE AGN DEVIDO A PROCESSOS LEPTÔNICOS E HADRÔNICOS



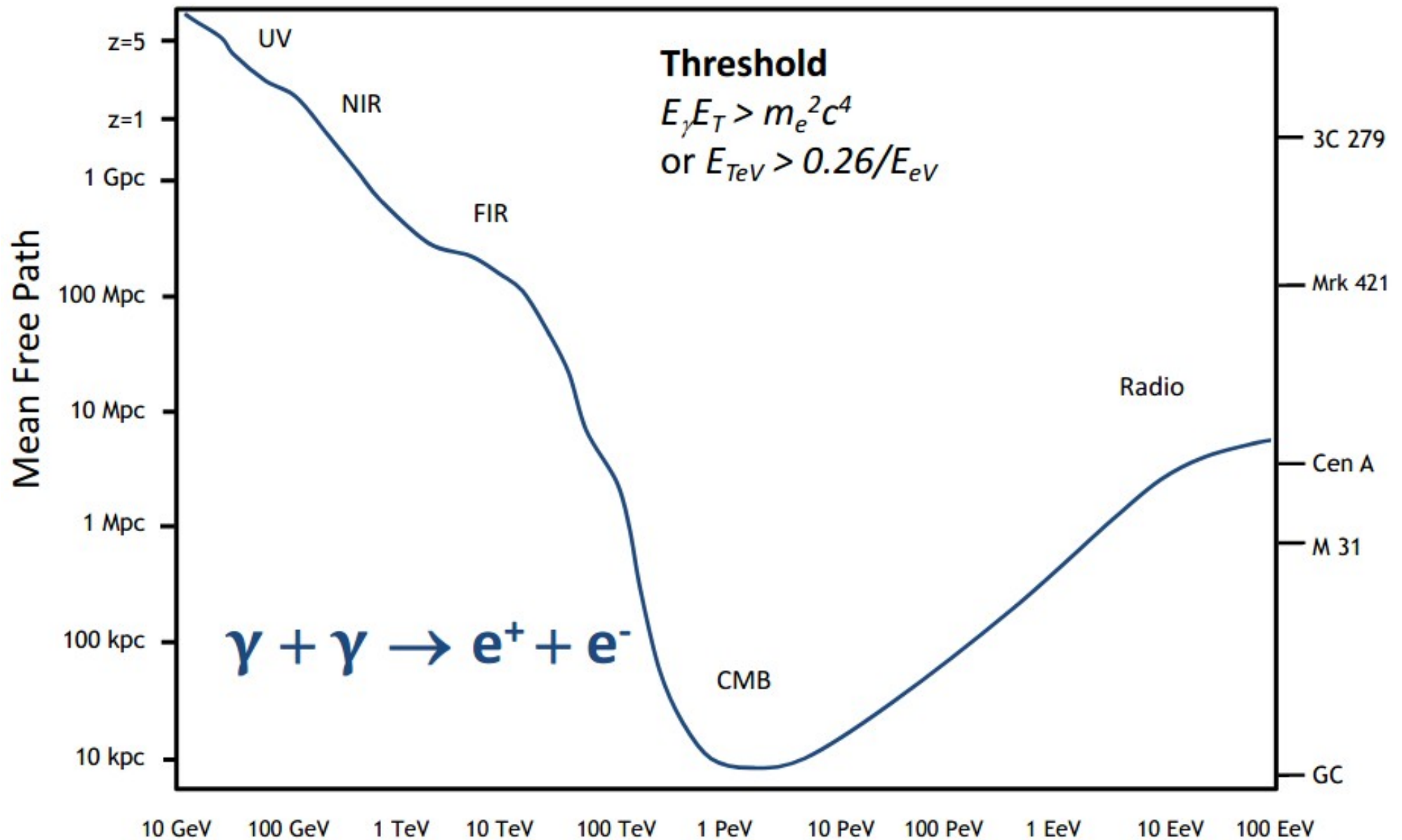
**ESPALAHAMENTO COMPTON INVERSO E DECAIMENTO DO PÍON NEUTRO SÃO OS PROCESSOS DOMINANTES NA FAIXA DE TeV**

# ESPECTRO DE EMISSÃO DE UM BLAZAR



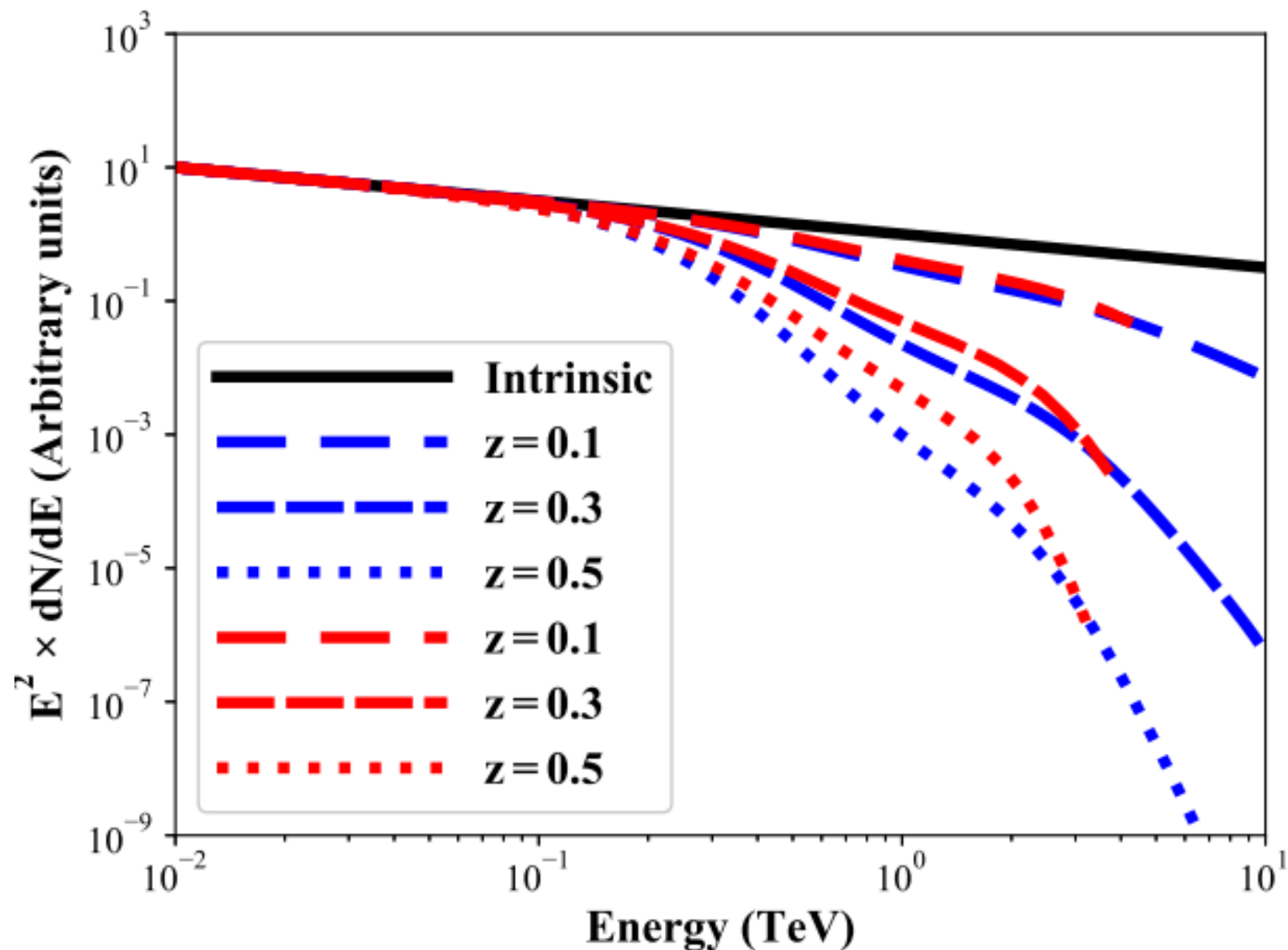


# PROPAGAÇÃO DE RAIOS GAMA

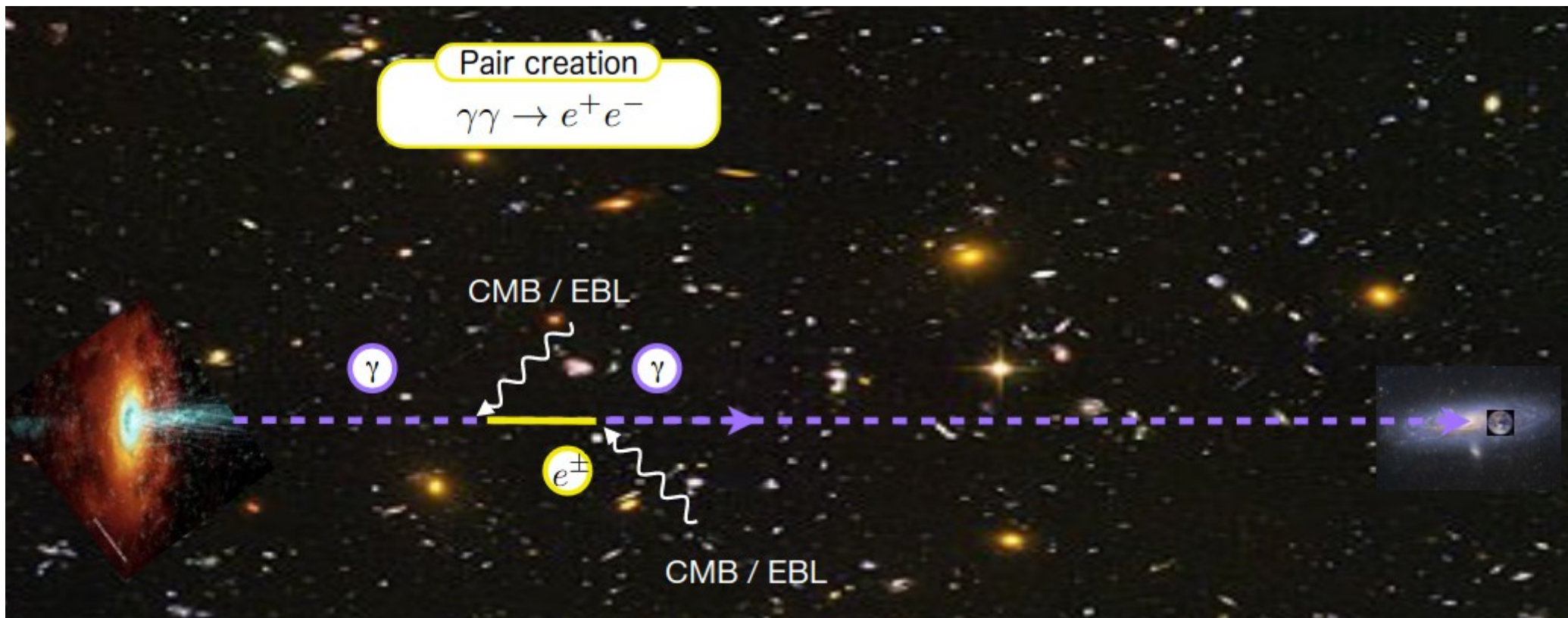


# ATENUAÇÃO DO ESPECTRO DE RAIOS GAMA POR EBL

$$\Phi(E) = e^{-\tau_{\gamma\gamma}} \Phi_0(E)$$

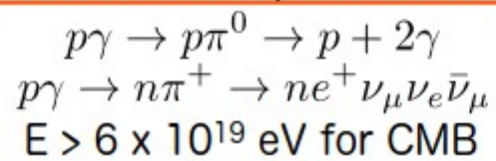


# CASCATA INDUZIDA POR RAIOS GAMA

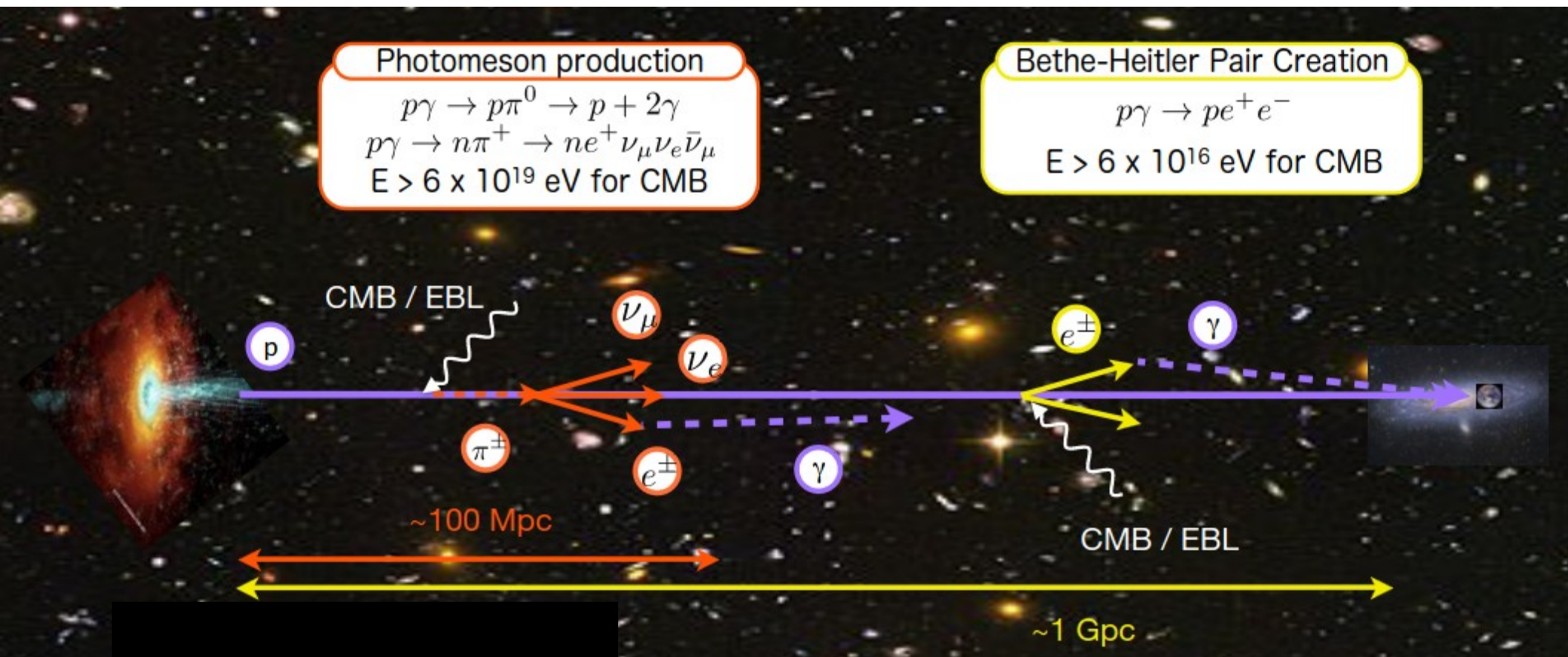
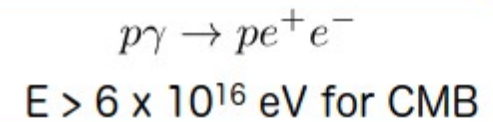


# CASCATA INDUZIDA POR RAIOS CÓSMICOS

## Photomeson production



## Bethe-Heitler Pair Creation





# PACOTES OPEN-SOURCE PARA MODELAGEM DA DISTRIBUIÇÃO DE ENERGIA ESPECTRAL

Software	Sources	Approach	Particles				Processes					Temp. ev.	Emission Region
			Thermal	Non-Thermal		Leptonic			Hadronic	Absorption			
				$e^\pm$	p	Synch.	SSC	EC	Brems.	pp	$\gamma\gamma$		
naima	PWN, SNR, GRB	numerical	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓(CMB)	✓	✓ <sup>†</sup>	✓(EBL)	✗	not specified
GAMERA	PWN, SNR, AGN microquasars	numerical	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓ <sup>⊙</sup>	✓	✓ <sup>†</sup>	✓ <sup>*</sup>	✓ (only cool.)	multiple uniform
Jetset	jettied AGN, PWN microquasars, SNR	numerical	✗	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓ <sup>‡</sup>	✓(EBL)	✓ (acc. + cool.)	multiple uniform acc. + rad.
agnpy	jettied AGN	numerical	✗	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓ <sup>*</sup>	✗	✗	✓ <sup>*</sup>	✗	single uniform
BHJet	binaries, AGN	numerical semi-analytical	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	whole jet
FLAREMODEL	synch. sources	numerical ray-tracing	✓	✓	✗	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓ (only cool.)	single radial dep.

<sup>†</sup> pp interaction: computing only gammas from  $\pi_0$  decay. <sup>‡</sup> pp interaction: computation of radiation from secondaries of charged pions (pairs evolved in time to equilibrium) and of  $\nu$  spectra. <sup>⊙</sup> Full angular dependency of the Compton cross section: anisotropic electrons and anisotropic photon fields. <sup>\*</sup> Full angular dependency of the Compton or  $\gamma\gamma$  cross sections: anisotropic photon fields.

Physical Processes	Codes			
	AM3	ATHEvA	B13	LeHa-Paris
electron synchrotron radiation	✓	✓	✓	✓
synchrotron self-absorption	✓	✓	✓	✓
electron inverse Compton scattering	✓	✓	✓	✓
electron-positron annihilation	✓	✓	✓	✗
photon-photon pair production	✓	✓	✓	✓
triplet pair production	✗	✓	✗	✗
proton synchrotron radiation	✓	✓	✓	✓
proton inverse Compton scattering	✓	✗	✗	✗
proton-photon pair production	✓	✓	✓	✓
neutron-photon pion production	✓	✓	✗	✗
kaon synchrotron radiation	✗	✓	✗	✗
pion synchrotron radiation	✓	✓	✗	✗
muon synchrotron radiation	✓	✓	✗	✓

# AGNPY

AGNpy é um pacote Python open-source para modelar os processo radioativos em AGNs.

Docs » agnpy docs [Edit on GitHub](#)

Search docs

Non-thermal Electrons Spectra  
Emission Regions  
Synchrotron Radiation  
Photon Targets for External Compton  
Tutorial: Energy Densities of the Photon Targets  
A note on dust torus thermal emission  
Inverse Compton  
Tutorial: Synchrotron and Synchrotron Self Compton  
Tutorial: External Compton scattering  
Absorption by  $\gamma$ - $\gamma$  pair production  
Tutorial:  $\gamma$ - $\gamma$  Absorption in the Photon Fields of Line and Thermal Emitters  
Calculations of Energy Densities, Inverse Compton SEDs and  $\gamma$

$vF_v$

AGNpy

**agnpy docs**

agnpy focuses on the numerical computation of the photon spectra produced by leptonic radiative processes in jetted Active Galactic Nuclei (AGN).

**Description**

**References**

**WRITE THE DOCS**

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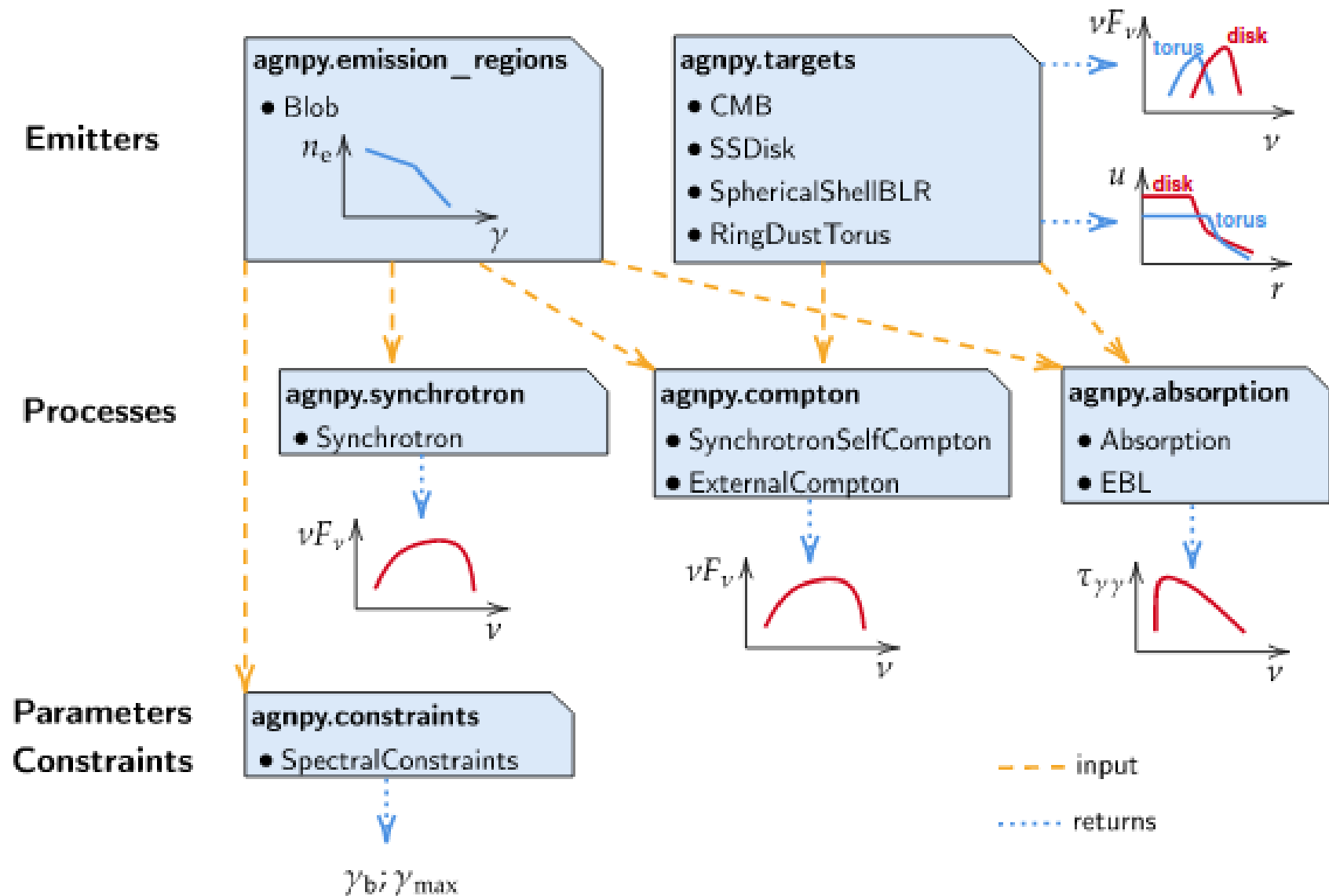
Read the Docs v: latest

# PARÂMETROS PRINCIPAIS PARA A MODELAGEM DA DISTRIBUIÇÃO DE ENERGIA ESPECTRAL DE FONTES ASTROFÍSICAS

	Symbol	Quantity
source properties	$z$	redshift
	$\Gamma$	Lorentz factor
	$\delta$	Doppler factor
	$R$	size of region
	$V$	volume of region
	$B$	magnetic field
particle distributions	$E$	particle/ photon energy
	$\gamma$	particle Lorentz factor $\gamma = E'/m$
	$p$	slope of particle distribution $n(\gamma) = \frac{dn}{d\gamma} \propto \gamma^{-p}$
	$\nu$	photon frequency $\nu = E_\gamma/h$
	$\epsilon$	dimensionless photon energy $\epsilon = E_\gamma/m_e c^2$
observed quantities	$F_\nu$	Differential energy Flux $F_\nu = \frac{\nu dN}{d\nu dA dt}$
	$\alpha$	slope of $F_\nu \propto \nu^\alpha$
	$\nu F_\nu$	Spectral Energy Distribution (SED) $\nu F_\nu = \frac{\nu^2 dN}{d\nu dA dt}$
' (primed)		comoving quantities

# AGNPY

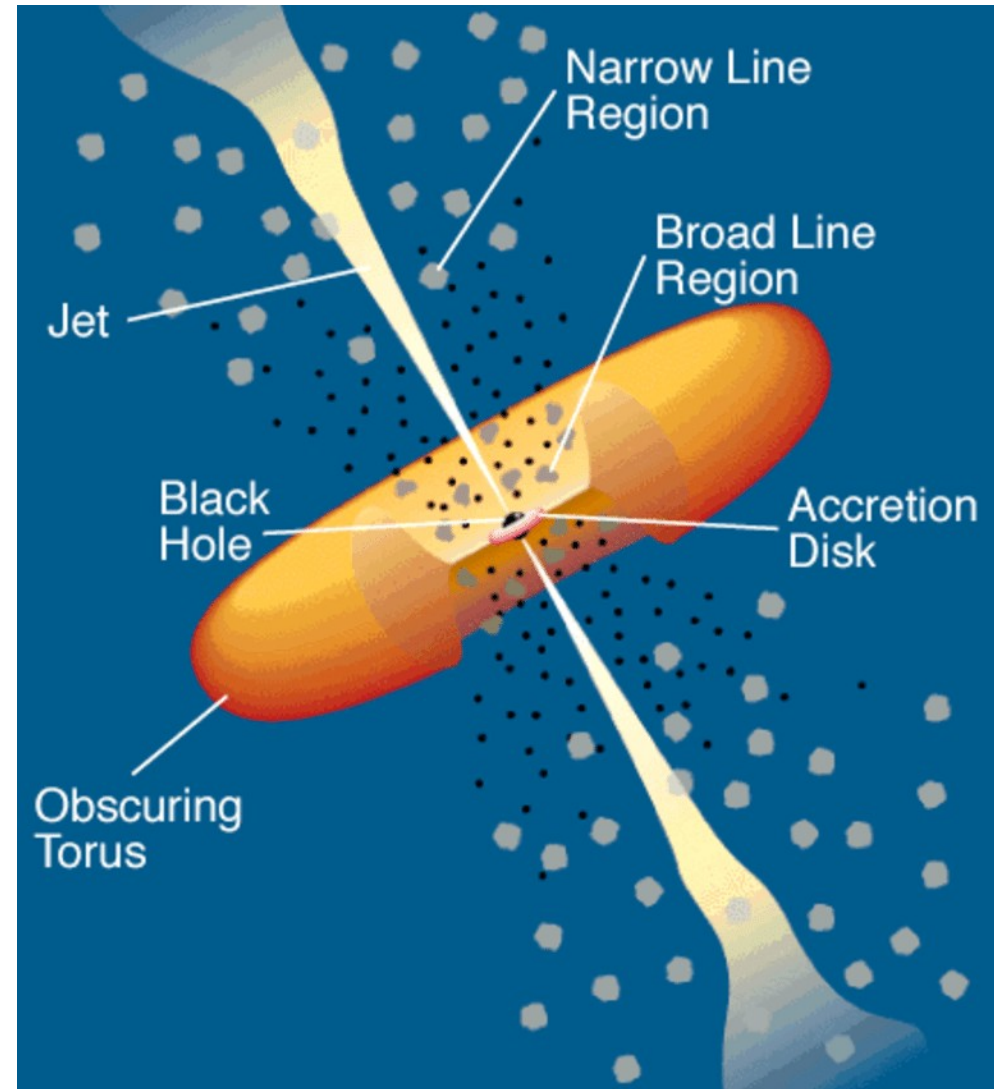
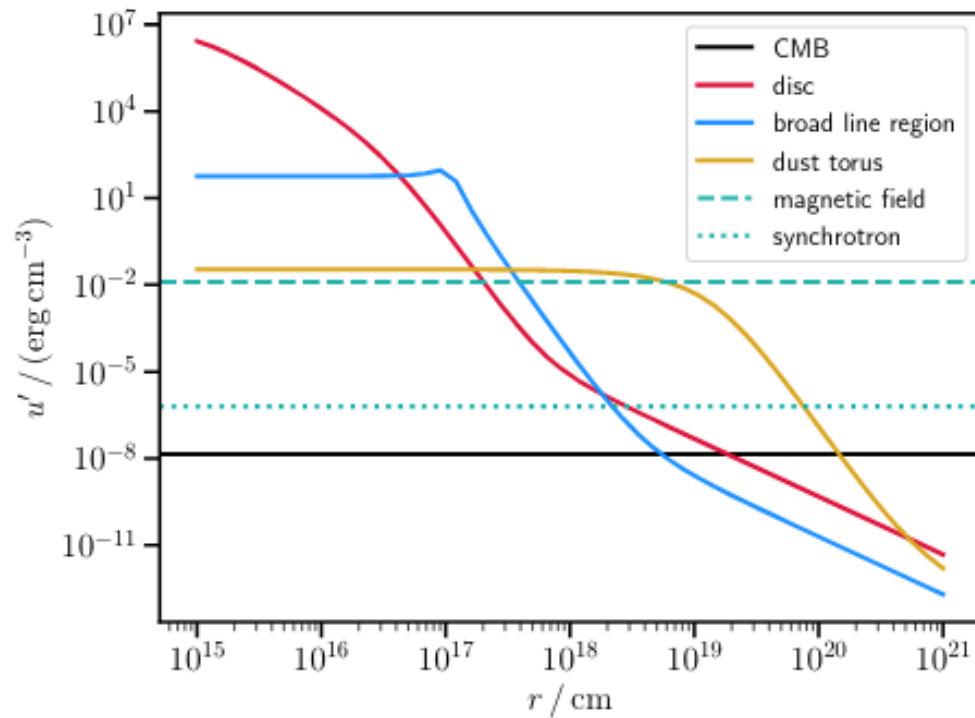
## Representação esquemática dos módulos do AGNpy





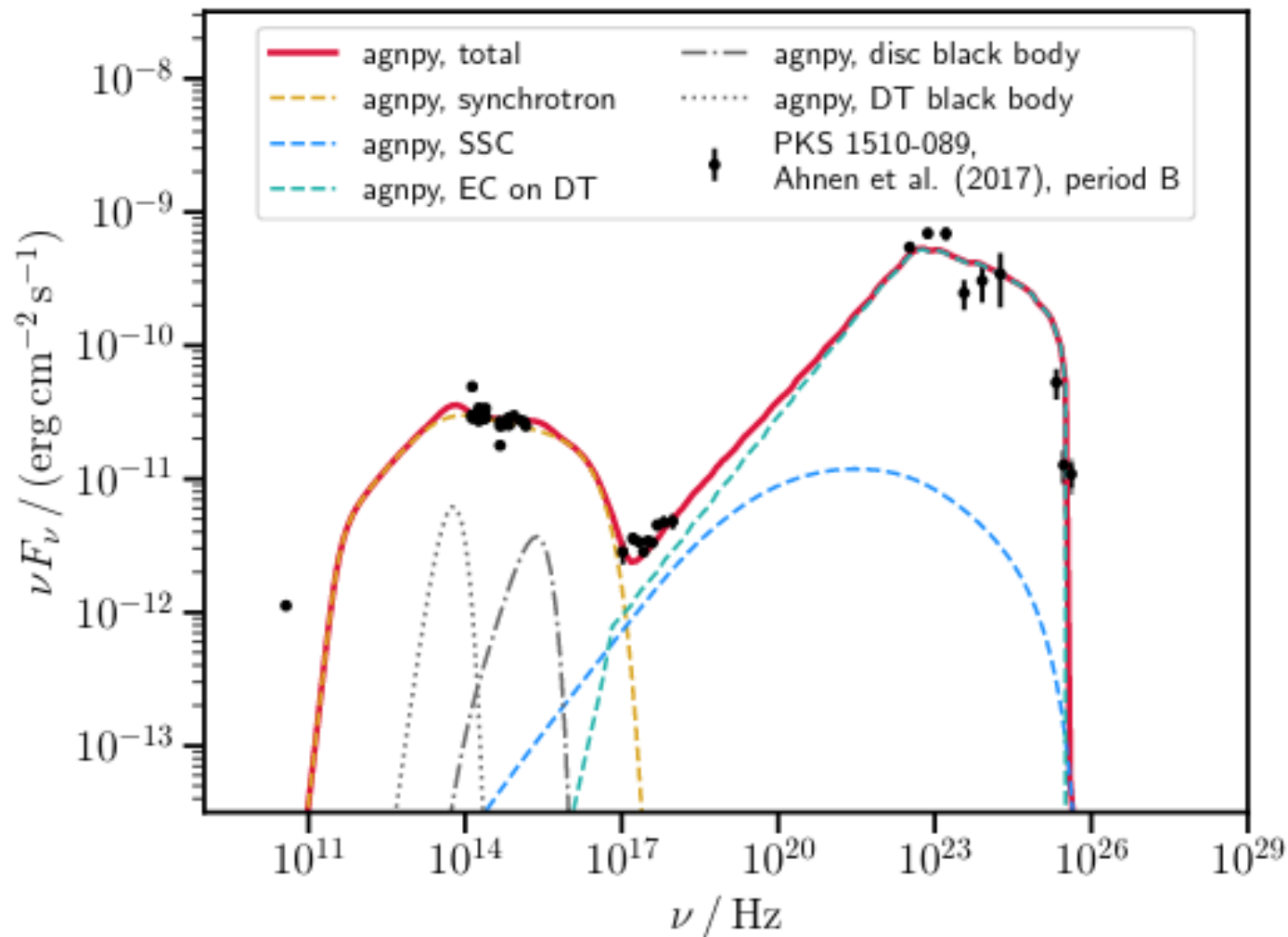
# AGNPY

Densidades de energia de diferentes campos de fótons gerados pelo CMB, disk, BLR e anel de torus

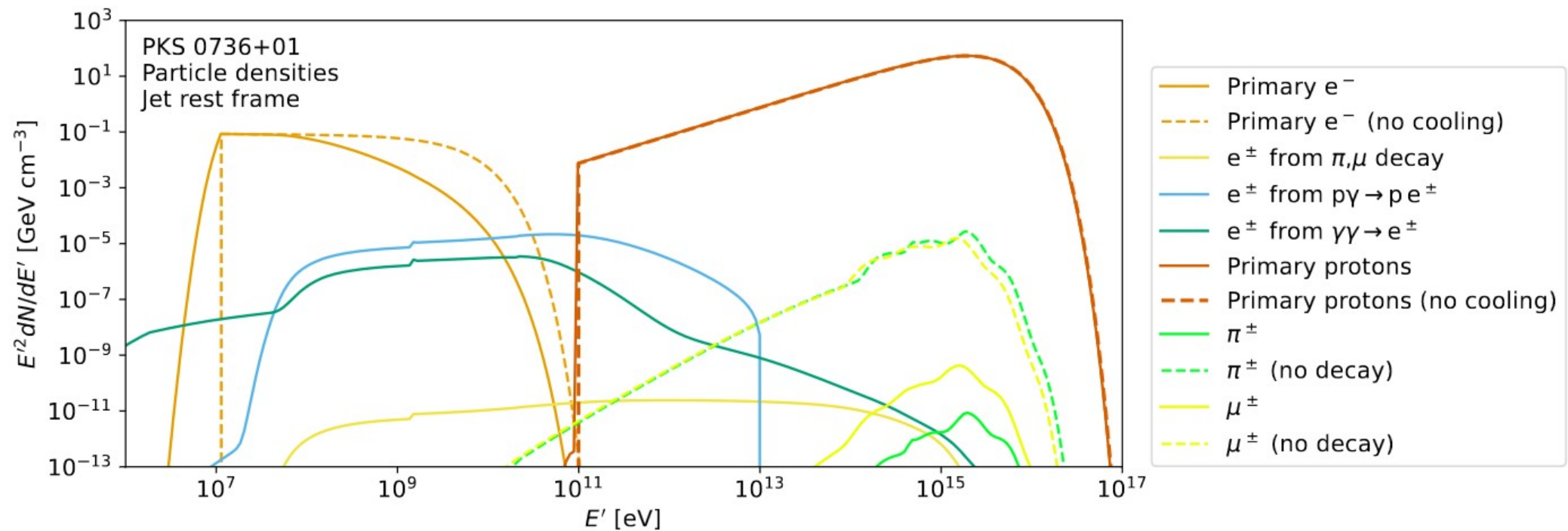


# AGNPY

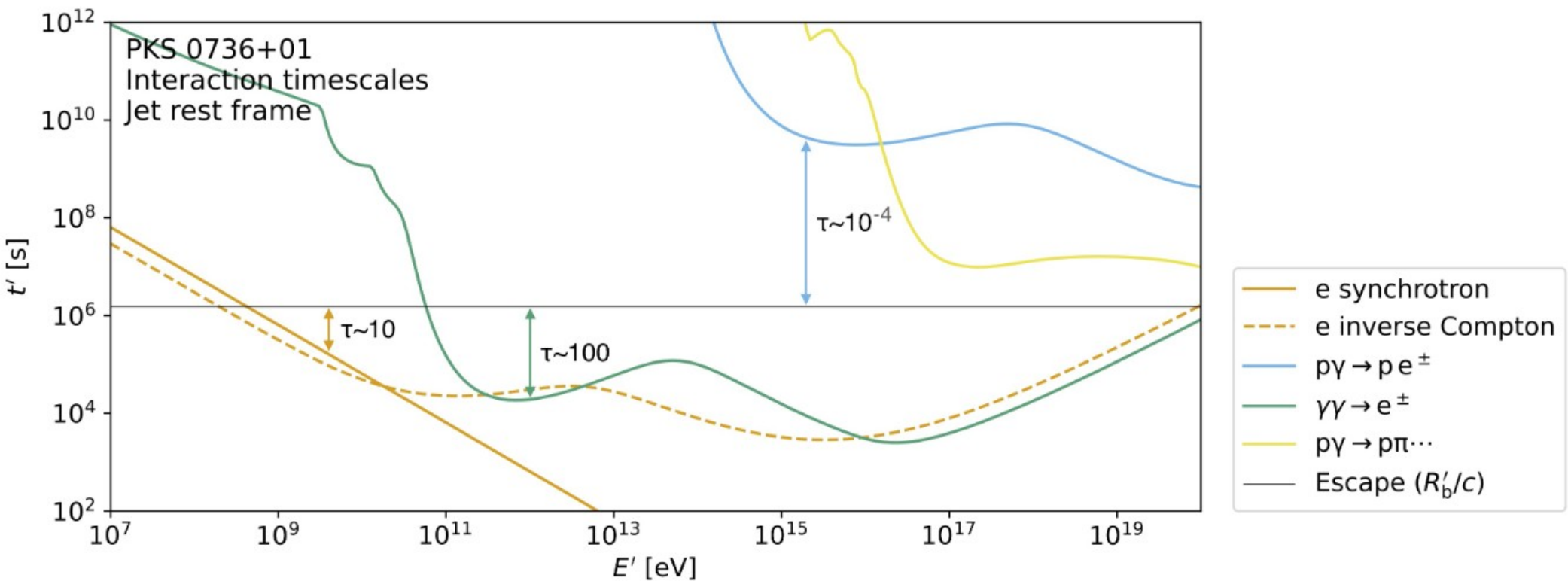
**Distribuição de energia espectral (SED) da fonte PKS 1510-089 ajustado com o agnpy.**



# AM<sup>3</sup>: MODELAGEM LEPTO-HADRÔNICA DE FONTES ASTROFÍSICAS

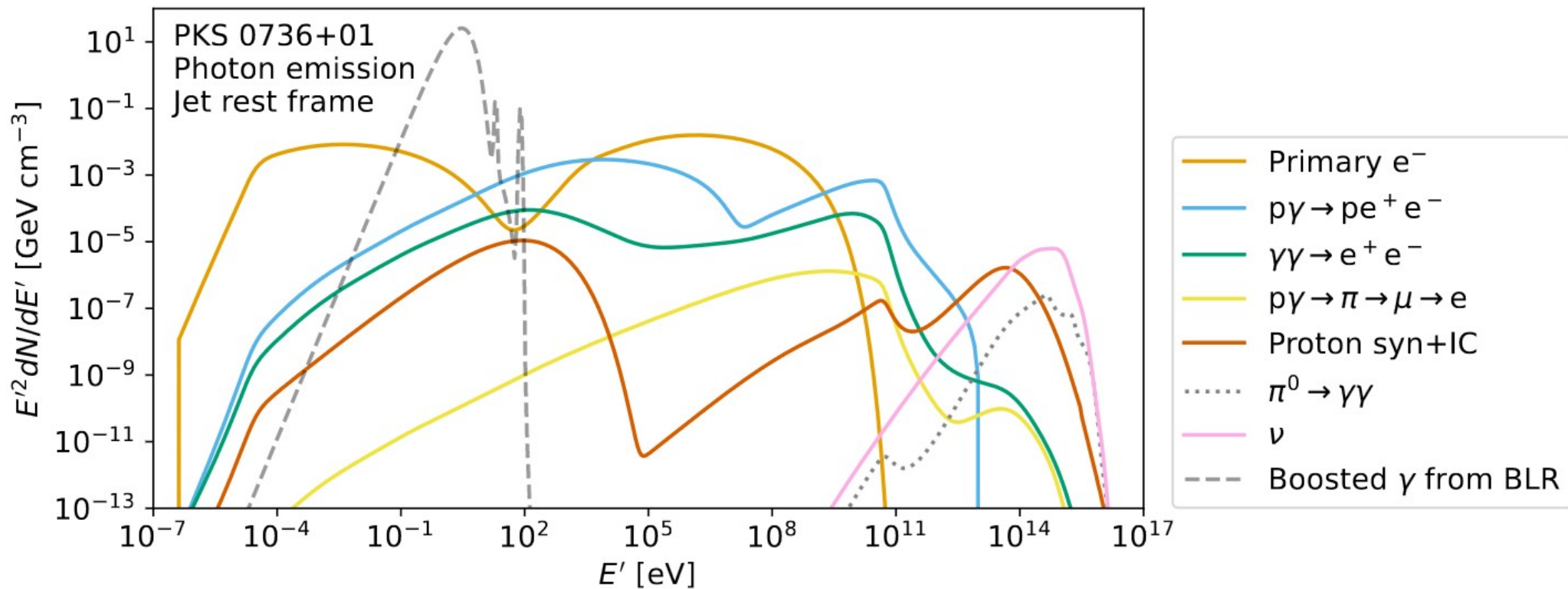


# AM<sup>3</sup>: MODELAGEM LEPTO-HADRÔNICA DE FONTES ASTROFÍSICAS





# AM<sup>3</sup>: MODELAGEM LEPTO-HADRÔNICA DE FONTES ASTROFÍSICAS



# PACOTES OPEN-SOURCE PARA MODELAGEM DE FONTES ASTROFÍSICAS

**Katu:** <https://github.com/hveerten/katu>

**LeHaMoC:** <https://github.com/mariapetro/LeHaMoC>

**AM<sup>3</sup>:** <https://am3.readthedocs.io/en/latest/>

**Jetset:** <https://jetset.readthedocs.io/en/latest/>

**AGNpy:** <https://agnpy.readthedocs.io/en/latest/>

**GAMERA:** <http://libgamera.github.io/GAMERA/>

**NAIMA:** <https://naima.readthedocs.io/en/latest/>

**Flaremodel:** <https://github.com/ydallilar/flaremodel>

**Bjet\_MCMC:** [https://github.com/Ohervet/Bjet\\_MCMC](https://github.com/Ohervet/Bjet_MCMC)

# OBIGADO PELA ATENÇÃO!

