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HACK A BOSS

<CODE YOUR TALENT>

CONSULTAS

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*"La tecnología, bien utilizada, es uno
de los mayores catalizadores sociales
que han existido nunca"*

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CONSULTAS

Modelo Relacional

Una vez seleccionado el SGDB

- Convertir el Modelo conceptual en una estructura dependiente del SGDB.
- En BD relacionales: Modelo Relacional
- Definir las tablas, campos y restricciones
- Definir las relaciones
- Resolver posibles problemas

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SELECT

La sentencia SELECT permite recuperar los datos

```
SELECT column1, column2, ...  
FROM table_name;
```

```
SELECT DISTINCT column1, column2, ...  
FROM table_name;
```

```
SELECT CustomerName, City  
FROM Customers;
```

```
SELECT DISTINCT Country  
FROM Customers;
```

Sintaxis completa

- SELECT ---> ¿Qué queremos?
- FROM -----> ¿De dónde?
- WHERE ----> ¿Bajo qué condiciones?
- GROUP BY -> ¿Hacemos grupos?
- HAVING ---> ¿Condiciones sobre los grupos?
- ORDER BY -> ¿En qué orden?

https://www.w3schools.com/sql/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_select1

WHERE

La cláusula WHERE nos permite filtrar resultados

```
SELECT column1, column2, ...  
FROM table name  
WHERE condition;
```

```
SELECT * FROM Customers  
WHERE Country='Mexico';
```

```
SELECT * FROM Customers  
WHERE CustomerID=1;
```

```
SELECT column1, column2, ...  
FROM table name  
WHERE NOT condition;
```

```
SELECT * FROM Customers  
WHERE NOT Country='Germany';
```

```
SELECT * FROM Customers  
WHERE NOT Country='Germany' AND NOT Country='USA';
```

WHERE

```
SELECT column1, column2, ...  
FROM table name  
WHERE condition1 AND condition2 AND  
condition3...;
```

```
SELECT column1, column2, ...  
FROM table name  
WHERE condition1 OR condition2 OR  
condition3...;
```

```
SELECT * FROM Customers  
WHERE Country='Germany' AND  
City='Berlin';
```

```
SELECT * FROM Customers  
WHERE Country='Germany' OR  
Country='Spain';
```

```
SELECT * FROM Customers  
WHERE Country='Germany' AND (City='Berlin' OR City='München');
```

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WHERE

Operator	Description
=	Equal
>	Greater than
<	Less than
>=	Greater than or equal
<=	Less than or equal
<>	Not equal. Note: In some versions of SQL this operator may be written as !=
BETWEEN	Between a certain range
LIKE	Search for a pattern
IN	To specify multiple possible values for a column

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https://www.w3schools.com/sql/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_where1

LIKE

El operador LIKE se usa con la cláusula WHERE para buscar un patrón en una columna

```
SELECT column1, column2, ...  
FROM table name  
WHERE columnN LIKE pattern;
```

```
SELECT * FROM Customers  
WHERE CustomerName LIKE 'a%';
```


LIKE

LIKE Operator	Description
WHERE CustomerName LIKE 'a%'	Finds any values that start with "a"
WHERE CustomerName LIKE '%a'	Finds any values that end with "a"
WHERE CustomerName LIKE '%or%'	Finds any values that have "or" in any position
WHERE CustomerName LIKE '_r%'	Finds any values that have "r" in the second position
WHERE CustomerName LIKE 'a__%'	Finds any values that start with "a" and are at least 3 characters in length
WHERE ContactName LIKE 'a%o'	Finds any values that start with "a" and ends with "o"

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https://www.w3schools.com/sql/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_like1

ORDER BY

Nos permite ordenar los resultados en orden ascendiente o descendiente

```
SELECT column1, column2, ...  
FROM table name  
ORDER BY column1, column2, ...  
ASC|DESC;
```

```
SELECT * FROM Customers  
ORDER BY Country;
```

```
SELECT * FROM Customers  
ORDER BY Country DESC;
```

```
SELECT * FROM Customers  
ORDER BY Country, CustomerName;
```

```
SELECT * FROM Customers  
ORDER BY Country ASC, CustomerName DESC;
```

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ALIAS

Nos permite dar otro nombre a un campo en nuestro resultado

```
SELECT column name AS alias_name  
FROM table_name;
```

```
SELECT CustomerID AS ID,  
CustomerName AS Customer  
FROM Customers;
```

```
SELECT CustomerName,  
CONCAT(Address, ', ', PostalCode, ', ', City, ',  
, Country) AS Address  
FROM Customers;
```

```
SELECT column name(s)  
FROM table_name AS alias_name;
```

```
SELECT o.OrderID, o.OrderDate, c.CustomerName  
FROM Customers AS c, Orders AS o  
WHERE c.CustomerName="Around the Horn"  
AND c.CustomerID=o.CustomerID;
```

LIMIT

Podemos limitar el número de resultados o establecer donde queremos empezar a ver resultados, o ambos.

```
SELECT * FROM Customers LIMIT 50;
```

```
SELECT * FROM Customers LIMIT 50 OFFSET 50;
```

```
SELECT * FROM Customers LIMIT 50, 50;
```

```
SELECT * FROM Customers OFFSET 50;
```

NULL

Podemos comprobar si un valor es NULL o no, pero no podemos operar con valores null. Cualquier operación con un valor null no funcionará. Podemos sustituir los valores null por otro valor.

```
SELECT * FROM Customers  
WHERE Country IS NULL;
```

```
SELECT * FROM Customers  
WHERE Country IS NOT NULL;
```

```
SELECT ProductName, UnitPrice * (UnitsInStock +  
COALESCE(UnitsOnOrder, 0))  
FROM Products;
```

FUNCIONES

Podemos usar funciones para obtener resultados manipulados de nuestras tablas.

```
SELECT MIN(column_name)
FROM table name
WHERE condition;
```

```
SELECT COUNT(column_name)
FROM table name
WHERE condition;
```

```
SELECT MAX(column_name)
FROM table name
WHERE condition;
```

```
SELECT AVG(column_name)
FROM table name
WHERE condition;
```

```
SELECT SUM(column_name)
FROM table name
WHERE condition;
```

https://www.w3schools.com/sql/exercise.asp?filename=exercise_functions1

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FUNCIONES

También hay funciones para texto, fechas, entre otras.

CURRENT_DATE() → fecha actual

CURRENT_TIME() → hora

UPPER --> Mayúsculas

LOWER --> Minúsculas

SUBSTR(string, start, length) -> Substring

CONCAT(a, b) -> Concatenar

<https://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.7/en/func-op-summary-ref.html>

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#<THANX!>

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