

This Lab Assignment aims to introduce networking concepts and network topologies.

## 1 Part A - Networking tools

### 1.1 Internet access performance analysis

The experiment performed was to analyze the Download and Upload speeds from different tools. Two tools used were <http://www.testmyspeed.com/> and <http://www.speedtest.net/>. These tests were performed from the Lecture Hall Complex of IITD. The results from these tools are shown below:

```
1 Testmyspeed.com
2 DL : 68.50 Mb/s , UL : 17.02 Mb/s
3 Speedtest.net
4 DL : 97.81 Mb/s, UL : 120.83 Mb/s, Ping : 6 ms
```

The two results are significantly different from each other. The reasons can be:

- Fluctuations in the Internet connectivity across different tests
- Changing network route due to changing servers or hosts to which the system connects to for different tests which changes overall download and upload speeds
- Different benchmarking and testing procedures used by the two analysis tools

### 1.2 Ping network utility

#### 1.2.1 About Ping

Ping is a network utility that helps to check the reachability of a host on the network which follows Internet Protocol (IP). Ping works by sending Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) echo packets to the target host and waits for an ICMP echo reply. It works similar to the Sonar system and reports Round Trip Time (RTT), packet loss, and other statistical measures.

#### 1.2.2 Experiments with ping

Ping was used to know the IP addresses and RTT of servers. The experiment was performed on three servers: [www.google.com](http://www.google.com), [www.harvard.edu](http://www.harvard.edu), [www.iitd.ac.in](http://www.iitd.ac.in). The results are shown below. Full results can be seen in appendix A.1.

```
1 ping www.google.com
2 Pinging www.google.com [216.58.221.36]
3 Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
4     Minimum = 5ms, Maximum = 6ms, Average = 5ms
```

```
1 ping www.harvard.edu
2 Pinging www.harvard.edu.cdn.cloudflare.net [104.16.155.6]
3 Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
4     Minimum = 46ms, Maximum = 47ms, Average = 46ms
```

```

1 ping www.iitd.ac.in
2 Pinging www.iitd.ac.in [10.7.174.111]
3 Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
4     Minimum = 2ms, Maximum = 3ms, Average = 2ms

```

We can see that the average RTT for the three: google, harvard and iitd are 5ms, 46ms, 2ms. Their IP addresses are: 216.58.221.36, 104.16.155.6 and 10.7.174.111 respectively. In terms of RTT the closest server is 'iitd'. This is clearly because the tests were performed from within IITD network and thus has lesser round trip time. The farthest in terms of RTT is 'harvard' because of distant target server that the system is connecting to (target server being in the US and source server in India). Google on the other hand has several servers across the globe and thus the system connects to the nearest and has much lesser RTT, probably the server is in India itself.

### 1.3 'ifconfig' network command

The 'ifconfig' network command provides information of all the network interfaces of the system. The detailed output of the ifconfig command can be found in appendix A.2. The results of the command are below:

```

1 Connection-specific DNS Suffix . : iitd.ac.in
2 Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::9c2f:be9d:dbb8:e3a2%9
3 IPv4 Address. . . . . : 10.194.6.251
4 Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.224.0
5 Default Gateway . . . . . : 10.194.0.1

```

This shows the IPv4 address of the WiFi interface is 10.194.6.251. MAC Address of WiFi adapter is : 9C-B6-D0-E4-4B-5F. The Subnet Mask is 255.255.224.0 and Default Gateway is 10.194.0.1.

Other interfaces are also present in the system. These include Wireless LAN1 adapter and Wireless LAN2 adapter. These are Microsofts Wi-Fi direct virtual adapters. No ethernet adapters are present in the system.

MTU of ethernet refers to the Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the size of the largest protocol data unit (PDU) that can be communicated in a single network layer transaction. The MTU relates to the maximum frame size that can be transported on the data link layer, e.g. Ethernet frame.

The Wireless LAN WiFi adapter also has IPv6 address with it. The IPv6 address has 128 bits which is much higher compared to 32 bits in IPv4 address.

### 1.4 Traceroute network diagnostic tool

Trace route is a networking diagnostic tool which gives the IP addresses of routers on a path to a given destination and the RTTs to each router. Traceroute tests were performed for [www.iitd.ac.in](http://www.iitd.ac.in) and [www.cse.iitd.ac.in](http://www.cse.iitd.ac.in). The traceroute results can be seen below:

```

1 C:\Users\Shreshth Tuli\source>tracert www.iitd.ac.in
2
3 Tracing route to www.iitd.ac.in [10.7.174.111]
4 over a maximum of 30 hops:
5

```

```

6 1 2 ms 2 ms 2 ms 10.194.0.14
7 2 3 ms 2 ms 2 ms 10.254.238.1
8 3 6 ms 3 ms 2 ms 10.254.236.18
9 4 3 ms 2 ms 2 ms www.iitd.ac.in [10.7.174.111]
10
11 Trace complete.

```

```

1 C:\Users\Shreshth Tuli\source>tracert www.cse.iitd.ac.in
2
3 Tracing route to bahar.cse.iitd.ac.in [10.208.20.4]
4 over a maximum of 30 hops:
5
6 1 2 ms 2 ms 2 ms 10.194.0.14
7 2 3 ms 3 ms 2 ms 10.254.238.1
8 3 4 ms 6 ms 5 ms 10.254.208.2
9 4 2 ms 2 ms 2 ms 10.208.20.4
10
11 Trace complete.

```

We can see that the first command traces route to [www.iitd.ac.in](http://www.iitd.ac.in) which is same as entered, but the second command traces route to [bahar.cse.iitd.ac.in](http://bahar.cse.iitd.ac.in). The initial 2 routers are same for the two traces, the other 2 routers are different, but both have 4 routers. Both have similar latencies due to close proximity of the system and target servers. In theory the RTT to routers further along the path should be larger than for those closer to the source. This is not always true. Many times due to high load and many routers in between two nodes can lead to high RTT even when they are very close in geographical distance. Those nodes having less number of routers with low load may have low RTT but may be geographically much distant than the former case.

## 1.5 ARP command

The Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) is a communication protocol used for discovering the link layer address, such as a MAC address, associated with a given network layer address, typically an IPv4 address.

The result of arp command is shown below for the default gateway:

```

1 C:\Users\Shreshth Tuli\source>arp -a 10.194.0.1
2
3 Interface: 10.194.6.251 --- 0x9
4   Internet Address Physical Address Type
5   10.194.0.1 00-00-5e-00-01-de dynamic

```

The the MAC address of the Default gateway of the network is 00-00-5e-00-01-de.

## 1.6 DNS - Domain Name System

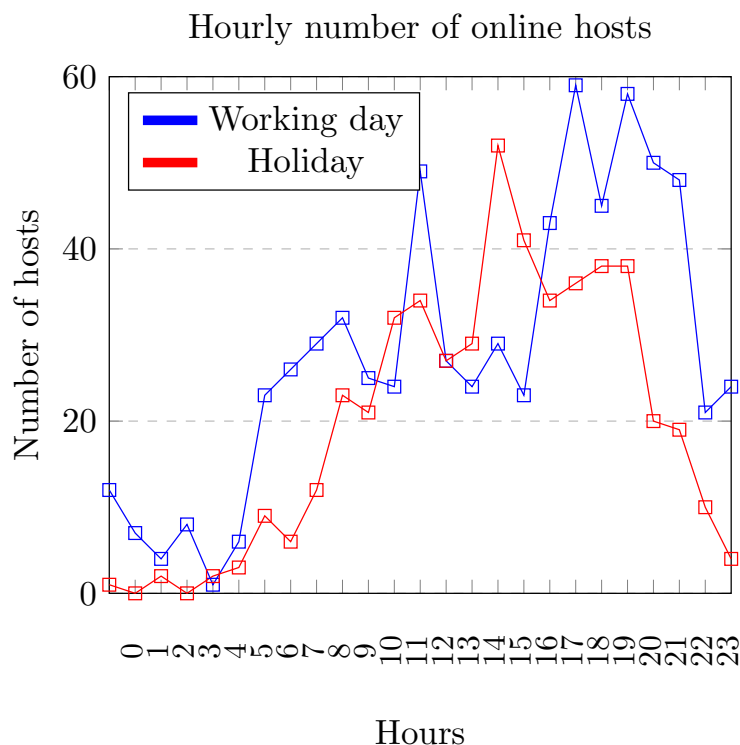
DNS, or the Domain Name System, translates human readable domain names (for example, [www.amazon.com](http://www.amazon.com)) to machine readable IP addresses (for example, 192.0.2.44) needed for locating and identifying computer services and devices with the underlying network protocols. By providing a worldwide, distributed directory service, the Domain Name System is an essential

component of the functionality on the Internet. Thanks to DNS, though, you don't have to keep your own address book of IP addresses. Instead, you just connect through a domain name server, also called a DNS server or name server, which manages a massive database that maps domain names to IP addresses.

Example: URL corresponding to 128.42.204.11 is <https://www.rice.edu/>. Some public DNS providers include: [Google](#), [Verisign](#), [Quad9](#) and [SafeDNS](#).

## 1.7 NMAP - network diagnostic tool

This is a handy network diagnostics tool that you can use to discover which hosts are online in the network, ports open on these hosts. Using command `nmap n sP` to discover the number of online hosts at different times of the day the graph is shown below. Detailed results for a single time instant can be seen in appendix [A.3](#).



We can see through the graph that the number of online hosts is low after midnight and suddenly rises at 6 AM. The number of online hosts then again decreases and rises at 12 noon (lunch break). There is again a low till 5 PM in the afternoon and remains high thereon till 10 PM after which it starts falling again. For holidays the trend is more evenly spread.

To find the servers running on the same LAN the command `nmap n 10.208.26.0/24` was used. The result of this command can be found in the appendix [A.4](#). A trimmed version for one server is shown below:

```

1 C:\Users\Shreshth Tuli\source>nmap -n 10.208.26.0/24
2 Nmap scan report for 10.208.26.1
3 Host is up (0.0073s latency).
4 Not shown: 997 closed ports
5 PORT STATE SERVICE
6 22/tcp open  ssh

```

```
7 23/tcp open telnet
8 80/tcp open http
```

To find the OS running on the systems the command the command `nmap -O 10.208.26.145`.  
Like for the IP 10.208.26.145 the result is:

```
1 Nmap scan report for 10.208.26.145
2 Host is up (0.018s latency).
3 Not shown: 998 closed ports
4 PORT STATE SERVICE
5 22/tcp open ssh
6 3389/tcp open ms-wbt-server
7 No exact OS matches for host (If you know what OS is running on it, see https
  ://nmap.org/submit/ ).
8 TCP/IP fingerprint:
9 OS:SCAN(V=7.70%E=4%D=8/14%OT=22%CT=1%CU=35522%PV=Y%DS
  =4%DC=I%G=Y%TM=5B72825
10 OS:0%P=i686-pc-windows-windows)SEQ(SP=FC%GCD=1%ISR=10D%TI
  =Z%CI=I%II=I%TS=A)
11 OS:SEQ(CI=I%II=I)OPS(O1=M218ST11NW7%O2=M218ST11NW7%O3=
  M218NNT11NW7%O4=M218S
12 OS:T11NW7%O5=M218ST11NW7%O6=M218ST11)WIN(W1=7120%W2
  =7120%W3=7120%W4=7120%W5
13 OS:=7120%W6=7120)ECN(R=Y%DF=Y%T=40%W=7210%O=
  M218NNSNW7%CC=Y%Q=)T1(R=Y%DF=Y%
14 OS:T=40%S=0%A=S+%F=AS%RD=0%Q=)T2(R=N)T3(R=N)T4(R=Y%
  DF=Y%T=40%W=0%S=A%A=Z%F=
15 OS:R%O=%RD=0%Q=)T5(R=Y%DF=Y%T=40%W=0%S=Z%A=S+%F=
  AR%O=%RD=0%Q=)T6(R=Y%DF=Y%T
16 OS:=40%W=0%S=A%A=Z%F=R%O=%RD=0%Q=)T7(R=Y%DF=Y%T
  =40%W=0%S=Z%A=S+%F=AR%O=%RD=
17 OS:0%Q=)U1(R=Y%DF=N%T=40%IPL=164%UN=0%RIPL=G%RID=G%
  RIPCK=G%RUCK=G%RUD=G)IE(
18 OS:R=Y%DFI=N%T=40%CD=S)
19
20 Network Distance: 4 hops
```

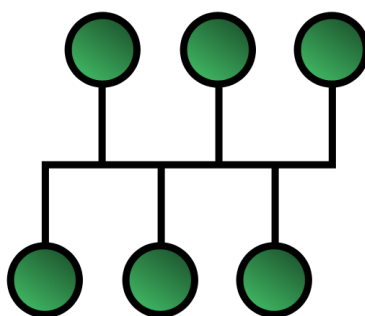
This was a Windows based system and different details have been returned by the nmap command.

## 2 Part B - Network Topologies

Mininet is a network emulator that runs a collection of end-hosts, switches, router, and links on the single Linux kernel and gives virtualization of a network on a single system. Different topologies including linear, ring, mesh and star were built using the Python API of Mininet. The source code for developing the files can be read at [appendix B.1](#). Different tests were performed on these topologies with Mininet CLI commands given in [appendix B.2](#). These tests were also performed in different scenarios when distinct parameter values of bandwidth, delay, packet loss percentage, maximum queue length.

### 2.1 Linear Topology

The Linear topology is the simplest topology where all hosts are connected linearly like a bus as shown in the figure below.



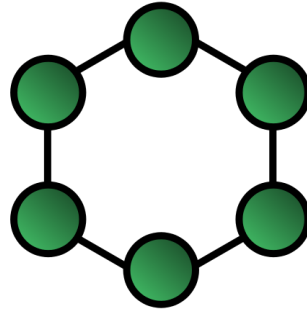
The test results on this topology can be seen in [appendix B.3](#). The ping connectivity showed no problem in reachability of the nodes. The network latency was low - around 0.5ms for each ping. The bandwidth for default case was nearly 17 Gbit/sec. the switches could *nslookup* Google server but hosts couldn't. The latency for far away hosts (h1 and h10) is more than those adjacent to each other (h1 and h2).

For different scenarios:

1. Bandwidth limited to 10 Mb/s : The *iperf* command showed significant reduction of bandwidth from 10 Gb/s to 10 Mb/s. Bandwidths of distant and close hosts (in terms of number of switches in between) remained same before after after limiting the bandwidth.
2. Delay limited to 5 ms : Clearly the latency of ping has significantly increased from nearly 0.5 ms to 5.30 ms for adjacent hosts and 8.7 ms for far off hosts (h1 and h10). The effective bandwidth remains nearly same.
3. Loss percentage 2% : The ping reachability for this case is not 100% as expected. The *pingall* command outputs 22% packets dropped. Even the ping RTT increases from 0.5 ms (in default case) to 2 ms for adjacent hosts and upto 10 ms for far away hosts (h1 and h10). The bandwidth is also lower - around 55 Mb/s compared to 18 Gb/s in default case. All this is due to packet drops and thus retransmission which leads to reduction in performance.
4. Max queue length limited to 2 packets : Does not lead to much change due to low network traffic. For high network traffic situations like in mesh network some packets are dropped so leads to downgrade of network performance but not in this case. The latency and effective bandwidths remain nearly same.

## 2.2 Ring Topology

The Ring topology is a simple topology where all hosts are connected in a ring fashion as shown in the figure below.



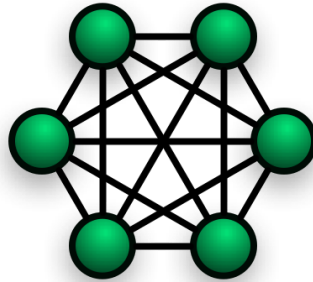
The test results on this topology can be seen in appendix [B.4](#). The ping connectivity showed no problem in reachability of the nodes. The network latency was low - around 0.5ms for each ping. The bandwidth for default case was nearly 17 Gbit/sec. the switches could *nslookup* Google server but hosts couldn't. Unlike the linear topology, the latency differs in different sense. For hosts along the diameter (h1 and h5) the latency is maximum and how adjacent (h1 and h2, h1 and h10) minimum.

For different scenarios:

1. Bandwidth limited to 10 Mb/s : The *iperf* command showed significant reduction of bandwidth from 17 Gb/s to 10 Mb/s. Bandwidths of distant and close hosts (in terms of number of switches in between) remained almost same before after limiting the bandwidth.
2. Delay limited to 5 ms : Clearly the latency of ping has significantly increased from nearly 0.5 ms to 5.30 ms for adjacent hosts and 7.95 ms for far off hosts (h1 and h5). The increase is lower than in linear topology as the maximum number of intermediary nodes in linear is 8 but in ring is 3. The effective bandwidth remains nearly same.
3. Loss percentage 2% : The ping reachability for this case is not 100% as expected. The *pingall* command outputs 22% packets dropped which is same as the linear case. Even the ping RTT increases from 0.5 ms (in default case) to 3.3 ms for adjacent hosts and upto 5.1 ms for far away hosts (h1 and h5). The bandwidth is also lower - around 41 Mb/s for adjacent and 5 Mb/s for far away, compared to 18 Gb/s in default case. All this is due to packet drops and thus retransmission which leads to reduction in performance.
4. Max queue length limited to 2 packets : Does not lead to much change due to low network traffic.

## 2.3 Mesh Topology

The Mesh topology is a topology where all every host is connected to every other host (in fully meshed topology) as shown in the figure below.



The test results on this topology can be seen in appendix [B.5](#). The ping connectivity showed no problem in reachability of the nodes. The network latency was low - around 0.2ms for each ping. The bandwidth for default case was nearly 19 Gbit/sec. the switches could *nslookup* Google server but hosts couldn't. Unlike the linear or ring topologies, the latency does not change in a full-mesh topology as each host is adjacent to every other host. Due to Minimum spanning tree path in the controller, there is inherent difference in latencies due to difference in the depths (of tree) of the nodes.

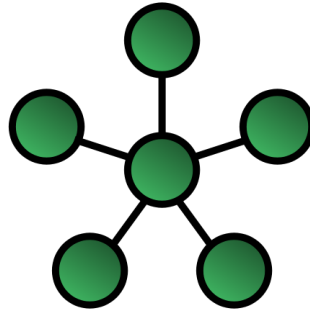
For different scenarios:

1. Bandwidth limited to 10 Mb/s : The *iperf* command showed significant reduction of bandwidth from 19 Gb/s to 10 Mb/s. Bandwidths between any two pairs of hosts is same.
2. Delay limited to 5 ms : Clearly the latency of ping has significantly increased from nearly 0.2 ms to 17 ms which is same for every pair as each pair is adjacent.
3. Loss percentage 2% : The ping reachability for this case is not 100% as expected. The *pingall* command outputs 14% packets dropped which is less than the linear/ring case due to multiple paths now available. Even the ping RTT increases from 0.1 ms to nearly 3 ms (for all pairs). The bandwidth is also lower - around 40 Mb/s, compared to 19 Gb/s in default case. All this is due to packet drops and thus retransmission which leads to reduction in performance.
4. Max queue length limited to 2 packets : Leads to packet drops in the network as shown by *pingall* command. The packet drop may be due to congestion in the network as many nodes are connected and different routes are used for sending packets. If many nodes send simultaneously there is high chances of congestion due to only 2 packet queue length limit.



## 2.4 Star Topology

The Star topology is a simple topology where all hosts are connected to a single switch as shown in the figure below.



The test results on this topology can be seen in appendix [B.6](#). The ping connectivity showed no problem in reachability of the nodes. The network latency was low - around 0.1ms for each ping. This is lowest among all nodes due to only one switch in between each node and low network load. The bandwidth for default case was nearly 19 Gbit/sec. The switches could *nslookup* Google server but hosts couldn't. Latency for all pairs is same unlike linear/ring topologies. There is no biasing based on the number of switches in between as each host is connected to the same switch, so changes in values are uniform across all hosts.

For different scenarios:

1. Bandwidth limited to 10 Mb/s : The *iperf* command showed significant reduction of bandwidth from 19 Gb/s to 9.9 Mb/s. Bandwidths between different pairs remains same.
2. Delay limited to 5 ms : Clearly the latency of ping has significantly increased from nearly 0.1 ms to 4.4 ms for each pair. The increase is lower than in linear topology as the maximum number of intermediary nodes in linear is 8 but in here it is only 1. The effective bandwidth remains nearly same.
3. Loss percentage 2% : The ping reachability for this case is not 100% as expected. The *pingall* command outputs 7% packets dropped which is much lower than the previous cases which is due to only 1 switch in between so cumulative packet loss is less. Other topologies have multiple links in between hosts and each link has loss percentage which cumulates along the network path. Even the ping RTT increases from 0.1 ms (in default case) to 1 ms for each pair of hosts. The bandwidth is also lower - around 192 Mb/s, compared to 19 Gb/s in default case. Drop in bandwidth is lower also due to the previous argument. All this is due to packet drops and thus retransmission which leads to reduction in performance but lower due to lesser links.
4. Max queue length limited to 2 packets : Does not lead to much change due to low network traffic and all hosts being adjacent to each other.

## 2.5 Tabular Comparison

Latency comparison of different scenarios:

LATENCY (ms)						
	Default	BW = 10 Mb/s	Delay = 5ms	Loss = 2%	Queue = 2	Deviation
Linear	0.5	0.5	7	7.2	0.5	Yes
Ring	0.6	0.6	5.3	4	0.5	Yes
Mesh	0.2	0.2	17	3	5	No
Star	0.1	0.1	4.7	1	0.1	No

Bandwidth comparison of different scenarios:

BANDWIDTH						
	Default	BW = 10 Mb/s	Delay = 5ms	Loss = 2%	Queue = 2	Deviation
Linear	17 Gb/s	10 Mb/s	13 Gb/s	55 Mb/s	17 Gb/s	No
Ring	17 Gb/s	10 Mb/s	7 Gb/s	41 Mb/s	17 Gb/s	Yes
Mesh	19 Gb/s	10 Mb/s	12 Gb/s	40 Mb/s	18 Gb/s	No
Star	19 Gb/s	10 Mb/s	14.7 Gb/s	192 Mb/s	19 Gb/s	No

# Appendices

## A Part A

### A.1 Experiments with ping

```
1 C:\Users\Shreshth Tuli\source>ping www.google.com
2
3 Pinging www.google.com [216.58.221.36] with 32 bytes of data:
4 Reply from 216.58.221.36: bytes=32 time=5ms TTL=50
5 Reply from 216.58.221.36: bytes=32 time=5ms TTL=50
6 Reply from 216.58.221.36: bytes=32 time=5ms TTL=50
7 Reply from 216.58.221.36: bytes=32 time=6ms TTL=50
8
9 Ping statistics for 216.58.221.36:
10     Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
11     Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
12         Minimum = 5ms, Maximum = 6ms, Average = 5ms
```

---

```
1 C:\Users\Shreshth Tuli\source>ping www.harvard.edu
2
3 Pinging www.harvard.edu.cdn.cloudflare.net [104.16.155.6] with 32 bytes of
  data:
4 Reply from 104.16.155.6: bytes=32 time=46ms TTL=52
5 Reply from 104.16.155.6: bytes=32 time=47ms TTL=52
6 Reply from 104.16.155.6: bytes=32 time=46ms TTL=52
7 Reply from 104.16.155.6: bytes=32 time=46ms TTL=52
8
9 Ping statistics for 104.16.155.6:
10     Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
11     Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
12         Minimum = 46ms, Maximum = 47ms, Average = 46ms
```

---

```
1 C:\Users\Shreshth Tuli\source>ping www.iitd.ac.in
2
3 Pinging www.iitd.ac.in [10.7.174.111] with 32 bytes of data:
4 Reply from 10.7.174.111: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=61
5 Reply from 10.7.174.111: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=61
6 Reply from 10.7.174.111: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=61
7 Reply from 10.7.174.111: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=61
8
9 Ping statistics for 10.7.174.111:
10     Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
11     Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
12         Minimum = 2ms, Maximum = 3ms, Average = 2ms
```

### A.2 ifconfig network command

```

1 C:\Users\Shreshth Tuli\source>ipconfig /all
2
3 Windows IP Configuration
4
5     Host Name . . . . . : DESKTOP-0I0PA3Q
6     Primary Dns Suffix . . . . . :
7     Node Type . . . . . : Hybrid
8     IP Routing Enabled. . . . . : No
9     WINS Proxy Enabled. . . . . : No
10
11 Wireless LAN adapter Local Area Connection* 1:
12
13     Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
14     Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :
15     Description . . . . . : Microsoft Wi-Fi Direct Virtual Adapter
16     Physical Address. . . . . : 9E-B6-D0-E4-4B-5F
17     DHCP Enabled. . . . . : Yes
18     Autoconfiguration Enabled . . . . : Yes
19
20 Wireless LAN adapter Local Area Connection* 2:
21
22     Media State . . . . . : Media disconnected
23     Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :
24     Description . . . . . : Microsoft Wi-Fi Direct Virtual Adapter #2
25     Physical Address. . . . . : AE-B6-D0-E4-4B-5F
26     DHCP Enabled. . . . . : Yes
27     Autoconfiguration Enabled . . . . : Yes
28
29 Wireless LAN adapter Wi-Fi:
30
31     Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :
32     Description . . . . . : Killer Wireless-n/a/ac 1535 Wireless Network
33     Adapter
34     Physical Address. . . . . : 9C-B6-D0-E4-4B-5F
35     DHCP Enabled. . . . . : Yes
36     Autoconfiguration Enabled . . . . : Yes
37     Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::9c2f:be9d:dbb8:e3a2%9(Preferred)
38     IPv4 Address. . . . . : 192.168.1.10(Preferred)
39     Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0
40     Lease Obtained. . . . . : Friday, August 17, 2018 1:54:20 PM
41     Lease Expires . . . . . : Monday, August 20, 2018 4:18:33 PM
42     Default Gateway . . . . . : fe80::76da:daff:fed2:92e6%9
43     192.168.1.1
44     DHCP Server . . . . . : 192.168.1.1
45     DHCPv6 IAID . . . . . : 43824848
46     DHCPv6 Client DUID. . . . . : 00-01-00-01-21-CB-0D-F2-9C-
47     B6-D0-E4-4B-5F
48     DNS Servers . . . . . : 202.56.215.54

```

```
47 59.144.144.100
48 NetBIOS over Tcpi. . . . . : Enabled
```

### A.3 NMAP - number of online hosts

```
1 C:\Users\Shreshth Tuli\source>nmap -n -sP 10.194.6.0/24
2 Starting Nmap 7.70 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2018-08-14 12:43 India Standard
   Time
3 Nmap scan report for 10.194.6.13
4 Host is up (0.024s latency).
5 MAC Address: 4C:49:E3:72:B5:95 (Xiaomi Communications)
6 Nmap scan report for 10.194.6.19
7 Host is up (0.0050s latency).
8 MAC Address: AC:29:3A:E7:89:A4 (Apple)
9 Nmap scan report for 10.194.6.21
10 Host is up (0.0010s latency).
11 MAC Address: 74:23:44:41:06:0F (Xiaomi Communications)
12 Nmap scan report for 10.194.6.43
13 Host is up (0.0060s latency).
14 MAC Address: 64:A2:F9:0B:14:B2 (Unknown)
15 Nmap scan report for 10.194.6.56
16 Host is up (0.013s latency).
17 MAC Address: F8:2F:A8:DD:C9:55 (Hon Hai Precision Ind.)
18 Nmap scan report for 10.194.6.63
19 Host is up (0.028s latency).
20 MAC Address: B4:EF:FA:14:2F:E1 (Lemobile Information Technology (Beijing))
21 Nmap scan report for 10.194.6.67
22 Host is up (0.023s latency).
23 MAC Address: DC:72:9B:6F:D3:CA (Unknown)
24 Nmap scan report for 10.194.6.73
25 Host is up (0.0060s latency).
26 MAC Address: EC:D0:9F:56:09:49 (Xiaomi Communications)
27 Nmap scan report for 10.194.6.75
28 Host is up (0.039s latency).
29 MAC Address: 20:82:C0:F5:F7:45 (Xiaomi Communications)
30 Nmap scan report for 10.194.6.91
31 Host is up (0.032s latency).
32 MAC Address: D8:32:E3:63:81:5A (Unknown)
33 Nmap scan report for 10.194.6.109
34 Host is up (0.0090s latency).
35 MAC Address: 38:E6:0A:1A:22:91 (Unknown)
36 Nmap scan report for 10.194.6.132
37 Host is up (0.016s latency).
38 MAC Address: C8:25:E1:22:81:A6 (Lemobile Information Technology (Beijing))
39 Nmap scan report for 10.194.6.134
40 Host is up (0.010s latency).
41 MAC Address: EC:D0:9F:3B:90:82 (Xiaomi Communications)
42 Nmap scan report for 10.194.6.143
```

43 Host is up (0.022s latency).  
44 MAC Address: 38:E6:0A:D9:EA:22 (Unknown)  
45 Nmap scan report **for** 10.194.6.145  
46 Host is up (0.018s latency).  
47 MAC Address: 50:8F:4C:9A:0E:97 (Xiaomi Communications)  
48 Nmap scan report **for** 10.194.6.151  
49 Host is up (0.0050s latency).  
50 MAC Address: 6C:AB:31:4C:99:F4 (Apple)  
51 Nmap scan report **for** 10.194.6.152  
52 Host is up (0.0010s latency).  
53 MAC Address: A8:96:75:5B:85:80 (Motorola Mobility, a Lenovo Company)  
54 Nmap scan report **for** 10.194.6.158  
55 Host is up (0.013s latency).  
56 MAC Address: CC:2D:B7:F1:5F:F3 (Unknown)  
57 Nmap scan report **for** 10.194.6.163  
58 Host is up (0.010s latency).  
59 MAC Address: 64:A2:F9:58:D5:E9 (Unknown)  
60 Nmap scan report **for** 10.194.6.176  
61 Host is up (0.020s latency).  
62 MAC Address: 10:08:B1:D2:50:C3 (Hon Hai Precision Ind.)  
63 Nmap scan report **for** 10.194.6.193  
64 Host is up (0.021s latency).  
65 MAC Address: D8:9A:34:76:B4:B8 (Beijing Shenqi Technology)  
66 Nmap scan report **for** 10.194.6.201  
67 Host is up (0.0040s latency).  
68 MAC Address: EC:51:BC:4C:4D:1B (Guangdong Oppo Mobile  
Telecommunications)  
69 Nmap scan report **for** 10.194.6.212  
70 Host is up (0.024s latency).  
71 MAC Address: C0:EE:FB:73:2B:EF (OnePlus Tech (Shenzhen))  
72 Nmap scan report **for** 10.194.6.221  
73 Host is up (0.0060s latency).  
74 MAC Address: D8:32:E3:60:0E:0E (Unknown)  
75 Nmap scan report **for** 10.194.6.229  
76 Host is up (0.012s latency).  
77 MAC Address: D0:04:01:21:A9:13 (Motorola Mobility, a Lenovo Company)  
78 Nmap scan report **for** 10.194.6.236  
79 Host is up (0.0070s latency).  
80 MAC Address: 60:6C:66:AF:BC:75 (Intel Corporate)  
81 Nmap scan report **for** 10.194.6.238  
82 Host is up (0.0030s latency).  
83 MAC Address: 40:4E:36:87:9E:FD (HTC)  
84 Nmap scan report **for** 10.194.6.241  
85 Host is up (0.021s latency).  
86 MAC Address: 6C:AB:31:4B:F3:D4 (Apple)  
87 Nmap scan report **for** 10.194.6.245  
88 Host is up (0.015s latency).  
89 MAC Address: A0:56:F3:F1:32:8F (Unknown)  
90 Nmap scan report **for** 10.194.6.251

```
91 Host is up.  
92 Nmap done: 256 IP addresses (30 hosts up) scanned in 2.26 seconds
```

---

#### A.4 NMAP servers on same LAN

```
1 C:\Users\Shreshth Tuli\source>nmap -n 10.208.26.0/24  
2 Nmap scan report for 10.208.26.1  
3 Host is up (0.0073s latency).  
4 Not shown: 997 closed ports  
5 PORT STATE SERVICE  
6 22/tcp open ssh  
7 23/tcp open telnet  
8 80/tcp open http  
9  
10 Nmap scan report for 10.208.26.145  
11 Host is up (0.0073s latency).  
12 Not shown: 998 closed ports  
13 PORT STATE SERVICE  
14 22/tcp open ssh  
15 3389/tcp open ms-wbt-server  
16  
17 Nmap scan report for 10.208.26.146  
18 Host is up (0.012s latency).  
19 All 1000 scanned ports on 10.208.26.146 are filtered  
20  
21 Nmap scan report for 10.208.26.148  
22 Host is up (0.0074s latency).  
23 Not shown: 999 closed ports  
24 PORT STATE SERVICE  
25 5900/tcp open vnc  
26  
27 Nmap scan report for 10.208.26.160  
28 Host is up (0.0091s latency).  
29 All 1000 scanned ports on 10.208.26.160 are closed  
30  
31 Nmap scan report for 10.208.26.165  
32 Host is up (0.0093s latency).  
33 Not shown: 998 closed ports  
34 PORT STATE SERVICE  
35 22/tcp open ssh  
36 3389/tcp open ms-wbt-server  
37  
38 Nmap scan report for 10.208.26.169  
39 Host is up (0.023s latency).  
40 All 1000 scanned ports on 10.208.26.169 are closed (633) or filtered (367)  
41  
42 Nmap scan report for 10.208.26.170  
43 Host is up (0.017s latency).
```

```
44 Not shown: 991 filtered ports
45 PORT STATE SERVICE
46 135/tcp open msrpc
47 3389/tcp open ms-wbt-server
48 49152/tcp open unknown
49 49153/tcp open unknown
50 49154/tcp open unknown
51 49155/tcp open unknown
52 49156/tcp open unknown
53 49157/tcp open unknown
54 49158/tcp closed unknown
55
56 Nmap scan report for 10.208.26.175
57 Host is up (0.0056s latency).
58 Not shown: 995 closed ports
59 PORT STATE SERVICE
60 80/tcp open http
61 443/tcp open https
62 515/tcp open printer
63 631/tcp open ipp
64 9100/tcp open jetdirect
65
66 Nmap scan report for 10.208.26.179
67 Host is up (0.0094s latency).
68 Not shown: 995 closed ports
69 PORT STATE SERVICE
70 80/tcp open http
71 554/tcp open rtsp
72 880/tcp open unknown
73 8000/tcp open http-alt
74 9010/tcp open sdr
75
76 Nmap scan report for 10.208.26.184
77 Host is up (0.0064s latency).
78 Not shown: 999 closed ports
79 PORT STATE SERVICE
80 22/tcp open ssh
81
82 Nmap scan report for 10.208.26.187
83 Host is up (0.0064s latency).
84 Not shown: 999 closed ports
85 PORT STATE SERVICE
86 22/tcp open ssh
87
88 Nmap scan report for 10.208.26.201
89 Host is up (0.0082s latency).
90 Not shown: 998 closed ports
91 PORT STATE SERVICE
92 80/tcp open http
```



93 5900/tcp open vnc  
94  
95 Nmap scan report **for** 10.208.26.202  
96 Host is up (0.0020s latency).  
97 All 1000 scanned ports on 10.208.26.202 are closed  
98  
99 Nmap scan report **for** 10.208.26.211  
100 Host is up (0.0078s latency).  
101 All 1000 scanned ports on 10.208.26.211 are closed  
102  
103 Nmap scan report **for** 10.208.26.216  
104 Host is up (0.0021s latency).  
105 Not shown: 997 filtered ports  
106 PORT STATE SERVICE  
107 25/tcp open smtp  
108 515/tcp open printer  
109 9100/tcp open jetdirect  
110  
111 Nmap scan report **for** 10.208.26.221  
112 Host is up (0.0054s latency).  
113 All 1000 scanned ports on 10.208.26.221 are closed  
114  
115 Nmap scan report **for** 10.208.26.222  
116 Host is up (0.0071s latency).  
117 Not shown: 995 closed ports  
118 PORT STATE SERVICE  
119 80/tcp open http  
120 554/tcp open rtsp  
121 880/tcp open unknown  
122 8000/tcp open http-alt  
123 9010/tcp open sdr  
124  
125 Nmap scan report **for** 10.208.26.224  
126 Host is up (0.026s latency).  
127 All 1000 scanned ports on 10.208.26.224 are filtered  
128  
129 Nmap scan report **for** 10.208.26.238  
130 Host is up (0.010s latency).  
131 All 1000 scanned ports on 10.208.26.238 are closed  
132  
133 Nmap scan report **for** 10.208.26.241  
134 Host is up (0.0079s latency).  
135 Not shown: 998 closed ports  
136 PORT STATE SERVICE  
137 22/tcp open ssh  
138 3389/tcp open ms-wbt-server  
139  
140 Nmap scan report **for** 10.208.26.248  
141 Host is up (0.0090s latency).

```

142 Not shown: 999 closed ports
143 PORT STATE SERVICE
144 3389/tcp open ms-wbt-server
145
146 Nmap scan report for 10.208.26.254
147 Host is up (0.0097s latency).
148 Not shown: 993 closed ports
149 PORT STATE SERVICE
150 135/tcp open msrpc
151 139/tcp open netbios-ssn
152 445/tcp open microsoft-ds
153 49152/tcp open unknown
154 49153/tcp open unknown
155 49154/tcp open unknown
156 49160/tcp open unknown
157
158 Nmap done: 256 IP addresses (23 hosts up) scanned in 606.66 seconds

```

## B Part B

### B.1 Python Code

"""

*Mininet Topologies with 10 nodes*

*Author : Shreshth Tuli*

*Usage :*

*1. Linear Topology*

*- sudo mn --custom topos.py --topo linear*

*2. Ring Topology*

*- sudo mn --custom topos.py --topo ring --controller=remote,ip=127.0.0.1*

*3. Mesh Topology*

*- sudo mn --custom topos.py --topo mesh --controller=remote,ip=127.0.0.1*

*4. Star Topology*

*- sudo mn --custom topos.py --topo star*

"""

```
from mininet.topo import Topo
```

```
class LinearTopo( Topo ):
```

```
    "Linear Topology Mininet"
```

```
    def __init__( self ):
```

```
        # Initialize topology
```

```
        Topo.__init__( self )
```

```

hosts = []
switches = []

for x in range(0, 10):

    # Add hosts and switches
    hosts.append(self.addHost( 'h%s' % (x+1) ))
    switches.append(self.addSwitch( 's%s' % (x+1) ))

    # Add links in linear topology

    # Connecting hosts to switches
    self.addLink(hosts[x], switches[x])
    # Connecting switches in linear order
    if(x > 0):
        self.addLink(switches[x-1], switches[x])

class LinearTopo2( Topo ):
    "Linear Topology Mininet with different parameters"

    def __init__( self ):

        # Initialize topology
        Topo.__init__( self )

        self.hosts = []
        self.switches = []

        for x in range(0, 10):

            # Add hosts and switches
            self.hosts.append(self.addHost( 'h%s' % (x+1) ))
            self.switches.append(self.addSwitch( 's%s' % (x+1) ))

            # Connecting hosts to switches
            self.addLink(self.hosts[x], self.switches[x])

        for x in range(5, 9):
            self.addLink(self.switches[x], self.switches[x+1])

        self.build()

    def build(self):
        # Adding links between switches with different parameters
        self.addLink(self.switches[0], self.switches[1])
        self.addLink(self.switches[1], self.switches[2], bw=10)
        self.addLink(self.switches[2], self.switches[3], delay='5ms')
        self.addLink(self.switches[3], self.switches[4], loss=2)
        self.addLink(self.switches[4], self.switches[5], max_queue_size=2)

```

```

class RingTopo( Topo ):
    "Ring_Topology_Mininet"

    def __init__( self ):

        # Initialize topology
        Topo.__init__( self )

        hosts = []
        switches = []

        for x in range(0, 10):

            # Add hosts and switches
            hosts.append(self.addHost( 'h%s' % (x+1) ))
            switches.append(self.addSwitch( 's%s' % (x+1) ))

            # Add links in linear topology

            # Connecting hosts to switches
            self.addLink(hosts[x], switches[x])
            # Connecting switches in ring order
            if(x > 0):
                self.addLink(switches[x-1], switches[x])

        self.addLink(switches[0], switches[9])

class MeshTopo( Topo ):
    "Mesh_Topology_Mininet"

    def __init__( self ):

        # Initialize topology
        Topo.__init__( self )

        hosts = []
        switches = []

        for x in range(0, 10):

            # Add hosts and switches
            hosts.append(self.addHost( 'h%s' % (x+1) ))
            switches.append(self.addSwitch( 's%s' % (x+1) ))

            # Add links in mesh topology

```

```

        # Connecting hosts to switches
        self.addLink(hosts[x], switches[x])
        # Connecting switches in mesh order

    for x in range(0, 10):
        # Connecting switches in mesh order
        for y in range(x+1, 10):
            self.addLink(switches[x], switches[y])

class StarTopo( Topo ):
    "Star_Topology_Mininet"

    def __init__( self ):

        # Initialize topology
        Topo.__init__( self )

        hosts = []
        # Add common switch
        switch = self.addSwitch( 's1' )

        for x in range(0, 10):
            # Add hosts
            hosts.append( self.addHost( 'h%s' % (x+1) ) )
            # Connect host and switch
            self.addLink(hosts[x], switch)

topos = {
    'linear': ( lambda: LinearTopo() ),
    'ring': ( lambda: RingTopo() ),
    'mesh': ( lambda: MeshTopo() ),
    'star': ( lambda: StarTopo() ) }

```

## B.2 Mininet Commands

```

1 net
2 pingall
3 h1 ping -c 2 h2
4 h1 ping -c 2 h5
5 h1 ping -c 2 h10
6 iperf h1 h2
7 iperf h1 h5
8 iperf h1 h10
9 h1 ifconfig
10 h5 ifconfig
11 h10 ifconfig
12 h1 route
13 h5 route

```

```

14 h10 route
15 h1 traceroute h2
16 h1 traceroute h5
17 h1 traceroute h10
18 s1 nslookup www.google.com

```

### B.3 Linear Topology

```

1 mininet@mininet-vm:~/mininet/custom$ sudo mn --custom topos.py --
  topo linear
2 *** Creating network
3 *** Adding controller
4 *** Adding hosts:
5 h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10
6 *** Adding switches:
7 s1 s2 s3 s4 s5 s6 s7 s8 s9 s10
8 *** Adding links:
9 (h1, s1) (h2, s2) (h3, s3) (h4, s4) (h5, s5) (h6, s6) (h7, s7) (h8, s8) (h9, s9) (
  h10, s10) (s1, s2) (s2, s3) (s3, s4) (s4, s5) (s5, s6) (s6, s7) (s7, s8) (s8, s9
  ) (s9, s10)
10 *** Configuring hosts
11 h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10
12 *** Starting controller
13 c0
14 *** Starting 10 switches
15 s1 s2 s3 s4 s5 s6 s7 s8 s9 s10 ...
16 *** Starting CLI:
17 mininet> net
18 h1 h1-eth0:s1-eth1
19 h2 h2-eth0:s2-eth1
20 h3 h3-eth0:s3-eth1
21 h4 h4-eth0:s4-eth1
22 h5 h5-eth0:s5-eth1
23 h6 h6-eth0:s6-eth1
24 h7 h7-eth0:s7-eth1
25 h8 h8-eth0:s8-eth1
26 h9 h9-eth0:s9-eth1
27 h10 h10-eth0:s10-eth1
28 s1 lo: s1-eth1:h1-eth0 s1-eth2:s2-eth2
29 s2 lo: s2-eth1:h2-eth0 s2-eth2:s1-eth2 s2-eth3:s3-eth2
30 s3 lo: s3-eth1:h3-eth0 s3-eth2:s2-eth3 s3-eth3:s4-eth2
31 s4 lo: s4-eth1:h4-eth0 s4-eth2:s3-eth3 s4-eth3:s5-eth2
32 s5 lo: s5-eth1:h5-eth0 s5-eth2:s4-eth3 s5-eth3:s6-eth2
33 s6 lo: s6-eth1:h6-eth0 s6-eth2:s5-eth3 s6-eth3:s7-eth2
34 s7 lo: s7-eth1:h7-eth0 s7-eth2:s6-eth3 s7-eth3:s8-eth2
35 s8 lo: s8-eth1:h8-eth0 s8-eth2:s7-eth3 s8-eth3:s9-eth2
36 s9 lo: s9-eth1:h9-eth0 s9-eth2:s8-eth3 s9-eth3:s10-eth2
37 s10 lo: s10-eth1:h10-eth0 s10-eth2:s9-eth3

```

```

38 c0
39 mininet> pingall
40 *** Ping: testing ping reachability
41 h1 -> h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10
42 h2 -> h1 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10
43 h3 -> h1 h2 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10
44 h4 -> h1 h2 h3 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10
45 h5 -> h1 h2 h3 h4 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10
46 h6 -> h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h7 h8 h9 h10
47 h7 -> h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h8 h9 h10
48 h8 -> h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h9 h10
49 h9 -> h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h10
50 h10 -> h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9
51 *** Results: 0% dropped (90/90 received)
52 mininet> h1 ping -c 2 h2
53 PING 10.0.0.2 (10.0.0.2) 56(84) bytes of data.
54 64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.546 ms
55 64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.694 ms
56
57 ---- 10.0.0.2 ping statistics ----
58 2 packets transmitted, 2 received, 0% packet loss, time 1001ms
59 rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.546/0.620/0.694/0.074 ms
60 mininet> h1 ping -c 2 h5
61 PING 10.0.0.5 (10.0.0.5) 56(84) bytes of data.
62 64 bytes from 10.0.0.5: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.459 ms
63 64 bytes from 10.0.0.5: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.106 ms
64
65 ---- 10.0.0.5 ping statistics ----
66 2 packets transmitted, 2 received, 0% packet loss, time 1002ms
67 rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.106/0.282/0.459/0.177 ms
68 mininet> h1 ping -c 2 h10
69 PING 10.0.0.10 (10.0.0.10) 56(84) bytes of data.
70 64 bytes from 10.0.0.10: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.480 ms
71 64 bytes from 10.0.0.10: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.141 ms
72
73 ---- 10.0.0.10 ping statistics ----
74 2 packets transmitted, 2 received, 0% packet loss, time 1002ms
75 rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.141/0.310/0.480/0.170 ms
76 mininet> iperf h1 h2
77 *** Iperf: testing TCP bandwidth between h1 and h2
78 .*** Results: ['17.8 Gbits/sec', '17.8 Gbits/sec']
79 mininet> iperf h1 h5
80 *** Iperf: testing TCP bandwidth between h1 and h5
81 *** Results: ['17.6 Gbits/sec', '17.6 Gbits/sec']
82 mininet> iperf h1 h10
83 *** Iperf: testing TCP bandwidth between h1 and h10
84 *** Results: ['15.9 Gbits/sec', '15.9 Gbits/sec']
85 mininet> h1 ifconfig
86 h1-eth0 Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 6e:3f:9c:41:46:85

```

```

87         inet addr:10.0.0.1 Bcast:10.255.255.255 Mask:255.0.0.0
88         UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
89         RX packets:130231 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
90         TX packets:562811 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
91         collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
92         RX bytes:8595642 (8.5 MB) TX bytes:32085860502 (32.0 GB)
93
94     lo Link encap:Local Loopback
95         inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0
96         UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:65536 Metric:1
97         RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
98         TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
99         collisions:0 txqueuelen:0
100        RX bytes:0 (0.0 B) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)
101
102 mininet> h5 ifconfig
103 h5—eth0 Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 0e:5c:af:e7:3c:b6
104         inet addr:10.0.0.5 Bcast:10.255.255.255 Mask:255.0.0.0
105         UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
106         RX packets:193207 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
107         TX packets:44949 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
108         collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
109         RX bytes:11014410438 (11.0 GB) TX bytes:2966858 (2.9 MB)
110
111     lo Link encap:Local Loopback
112         inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0
113         UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:65536 Metric:1
114         RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
115         TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
116         collisions:0 txqueuelen:0
117         RX bytes:0 (0.0 B) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)
118
119 mininet> h10 ifconfig
120 h10—eth0 Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 02:9c:8e:3a:76:d7
121         inet addr:10.0.0.10 Bcast:10.255.255.255 Mask:255.0.0.0
122         UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
123         RX packets:174724 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
124         TX packets:40489 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
125         collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
126         RX bytes:9929787056 (9.9 GB) TX bytes:2673386 (2.6 MB)
127
128     lo Link encap:Local Loopback
129         inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0
130         UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:65536 Metric:1
131         RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
132         TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
133         collisions:0 txqueuelen:0
134         RX bytes:0 (0.0 B) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)
135

```



```

136 mininet> h1 route
137 Kernel IP routing table
138 Destination Gateway Genmask Flags Metric Ref Use Iface
139 10.0.0.0 * 255.0.0.0 U 0 0 0 h1-eth0
140 mininet> h5 route
141 Kernel IP routing table
142 Destination Gateway Genmask Flags Metric Ref Use Iface
143 10.0.0.0 * 255.0.0.0 U 0 0 0 h5-eth0
144 mininet> h10 route
145 Kernel IP routing table
146 Destination Gateway Genmask Flags Metric Ref Use Iface
147 10.0.0.0 * 255.0.0.0 U 0 0 0 h10-eth0
148 mininet> h1 traceroute h2
149 traceroute to 10.0.0.2 (10.0.0.2), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets
150  1 10.0.0.2 (10.0.0.2) 3.989 ms 17.512 ms *
151 mininet> h1 traceroute h5
152 traceroute to 10.0.0.5 (10.0.0.5), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets
153  1 10.0.0.5 (10.0.0.5) 15.849 ms * *
154 mininet> h1 traceroute h10
155 traceroute to 10.0.0.10 (10.0.0.10), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets
156  1 10.0.0.10 (10.0.0.10) 35.827 ms * *
157 mininet> s1 nslookup www.google.com
158 Server: 202.56.215.54
159 Address: 202.56.215.54#53
160
161 Non-authoritative answer:
162 Name: www.google.com
163 Address: 172.217.163.196

```

## B.4 Ring Topology

```

1 mininet@mininet-vm:~/mininet/custom$ sudo mn --custom topos.py --
  topo ring --controller=remote,ip=127.0.0.1
2 *** Creating network
3 *** Adding controller
4 Unable to contact the remote controller at 127.0.0.1:6653
5 Connecting to remote controller at 127.0.0.1:6633
6 *** Adding hosts:
7 h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10
8 *** Adding switches:
9 s1 s2 s3 s4 s5 s6 s7 s8 s9 s10
10 *** Adding links:
11 (h1, s1) (h2, s2) (h3, s3) (h4, s4) (h5, s5) (h6, s6) (h7, s7) (h8, s8) (h9, s9) (
   h10, s10) (s1, s2) (s1, s10) (s2, s3) (s3, s4) (s4, s5) (s5, s6) (s6, s7) (s7,
   s8) (s8, s9) (s9, s10)
12 *** Configuring hosts
13 h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10
14 *** Starting controller

```

```

15 c0
16 *** Starting 10 switches
17 s1 s2 s3 s4 s5 s6 s7 s8 s9 s10 ...
18 *** Starting CLI:
19 mininet> net
20 h1 h1-eth0:s1-eth1
21 h2 h2-eth0:s2-eth1
22 h3 h3-eth0:s3-eth1
23 h4 h4-eth0:s4-eth1
24 h5 h5-eth0:s5-eth1
25 h6 h6-eth0:s6-eth1
26 h7 h7-eth0:s7-eth1
27 h8 h8-eth0:s8-eth1
28 h9 h9-eth0:s9-eth1
29 h10 h10-eth0:s10-eth1
30 s1 lo: s1-eth1:h1-eth0 s1-eth2:s2-eth2 s1-eth3:s10-eth3
31 s2 lo: s2-eth1:h2-eth0 s2-eth2:s1-eth2 s2-eth3:s3-eth2
32 s3 lo: s3-eth1:h3-eth0 s3-eth2:s2-eth3 s3-eth3:s4-eth2
33 s4 lo: s4-eth1:h4-eth0 s4-eth2:s3-eth3 s4-eth3:s5-eth2
34 s5 lo: s5-eth1:h5-eth0 s5-eth2:s4-eth3 s5-eth3:s6-eth2
35 s6 lo: s6-eth1:h6-eth0 s6-eth2:s5-eth3 s6-eth3:s7-eth2
36 s7 lo: s7-eth1:h7-eth0 s7-eth2:s6-eth3 s7-eth3:s8-eth2
37 s8 lo: s8-eth1:h8-eth0 s8-eth2:s7-eth3 s8-eth3:s9-eth2
38 s9 lo: s9-eth1:h9-eth0 s9-eth2:s8-eth3 s9-eth3:s10-eth2
39 s10 lo: s10-eth1:h10-eth0 s10-eth2:s9-eth3 s10-eth3:s1-eth3
40 c0
41 mininet> pingall
42 *** Ping: testing ping reachability
43 h1 -> h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10
44 h2 -> h1 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10
45 h3 -> h1 h2 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10
46 h4 -> h1 h2 h3 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10
47 h5 -> h1 h2 h3 h4 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10
48 h6 -> h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h7 h8 h9 h10
49 h7 -> h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h8 h9 h10
50 h8 -> h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h9 h10
51 h9 -> h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h10
52 h10 -> h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9
53 *** Results: 0% dropped (90/90 received)
54 mininet> h1 ping -c 2 h2
55 PING 10.0.0.2 (10.0.0.2) 56(84) bytes of data.
56 64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.150 ms
57 64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.174 ms
58
59 --- 10.0.0.2 ping statistics ---
60 2 packets transmitted, 2 received, 0% packet loss, time 999ms
61 rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.150/0.162/0.174/0.012 ms
62 mininet> h1 ping -c 2 h5
63 PING 10.0.0.5 (10.0.0.5) 56(84) bytes of data.

```

```

64 64 bytes from 10.0.0.5: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.661 ms
65 64 bytes from 10.0.0.5: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.122 ms
66
67 ---- 10.0.0.5 ping statistics ----
68 2 packets transmitted, 2 received, 0% packet loss, time 1002ms
69 rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.122/0.391/0.661/0.270 ms
70 mininet> h1 ping -c 2 h10
71 PING 10.0.0.10 (10.0.0.10) 56(84) bytes of data.
72 64 bytes from 10.0.0.10: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=3.11 ms
73 64 bytes from 10.0.0.10: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=1.42 ms
74
75 ---- 10.0.0.10 ping statistics ----
76 2 packets transmitted, 2 received, 0% packet loss, time 1001ms
77 rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 1.422/2.269/3.116/0.847 ms
78 mininet> iperf h1 h2
79 *** Iperf: testing TCP bandwidth between h1 and h2
80 *** Results: ['19.9 Gbits/sec', '19.9 Gbits/sec']
81 mininet> iperf h1 h5
82 *** Iperf: testing TCP bandwidth between h1 and h5
83 *** Results: ['15.7 Gbits/sec', '15.7 Gbits/sec']
84 mininet> iperf h1 h10
85 *** Iperf: testing TCP bandwidth between h1 and h10
86 *** Results: ['18.7 Gbits/sec', '18.8 Gbits/sec']
87 mininet> h1 ifconfig
88 h1-eth0 Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr d2:7b:df:51:e4:78
89      inet addr:10.0.0.1 Bcast:10.255.255.255 Mask:255.0.0.0
90      UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
91      RX packets:137565 errors:0 dropped:6 overruns:0 frame:0
92      TX packets:596661 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
93      collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
94      RX bytes:9078804 (9.0 MB) TX bytes:34037097586 (34.0 GB)
95
96 lo Link encap:Local Loopback
97      inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0
98      UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:65536 Metric:1
99      RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
100     TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
101     collisions:0 txqueuelen:0
102     RX bytes:0 (0.0 B) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)
103
104 mininet> h5 ifconfig
105 h5-eth0 Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr b2:99:0f:17:c6:7d
106      inet addr:10.0.0.5 Bcast:10.255.255.255 Mask:255.0.0.0
107      UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
108      RX packets:172331 errors:0 dropped:8 overruns:0 frame:0
109      TX packets:39713 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
110      collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
111      RX bytes:9824602790 (9.8 GB) TX bytes:2621282 (2.6 MB)
112

```

```

113 lo Link encap:Local Loopback
114     inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0
115     UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:65536 Metric:1
116     RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
117     TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
118     collisions:0 txqueuelen:0
119     RX bytes:0 (0.0 B) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)
120
121 mininet> h10 ifconfig
122 h10—eth0 Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 4e:71:35:44:45:e6
123     inet addr:10.0.0.10 Bcast:10.255.255.255 Mask:255.0.0.0
124     UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
125     RX packets:205975 errors:0 dropped:8 overruns:0 frame:0
126     TX packets:47551 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
127     collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
128     RX bytes:11744799870 (11.7 GB) TX bytes:3138590 (3.1 MB)
129
130 lo Link encap:Local Loopback
131     inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0
132     UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:65536 Metric:1
133     RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
134     TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
135     collisions:0 txqueuelen:0
136     RX bytes:0 (0.0 B) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)
137
138 mininet> h1 route
139 Kernel IP routing table
140 Destination Gateway Genmask Flags Metric Ref Use Iface
141 10.0.0.0 * 255.0.0.0 U 0 0 0 h1—eth0
142 mininet> h5 route
143 Kernel IP routing table
144 Destination Gateway Genmask Flags Metric Ref Use Iface
145 10.0.0.0 * 255.0.0.0 U 0 0 0 h5—eth0
146 mininet> h10 route
147 Kernel IP routing table
148 Destination Gateway Genmask Flags Metric Ref Use Iface
149 10.0.0.0 * 255.0.0.0 U 0 0 0 h10—eth0
150 mininet> h1 traceroute h2
151 traceroute to 10.0.0.2 (10.0.0.2), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets
152  1 10.0.0.2 (10.0.0.2) 3.353 ms 0.622 ms *
153 mininet> h1 traceroute h5
154 traceroute to 10.0.0.5 (10.0.0.5), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets
155  1 10.0.0.5 (10.0.0.5) 4.921 ms 1.062 ms *
156 mininet> h1 traceroute h10
157 traceroute to 10.0.0.10 (10.0.0.10), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets
158  1 10.0.0.10 (10.0.0.10) 2.681 ms 0.096 ms 0.013 ms
159 mininet> s1 nslookup www.google.com
160 Server: 202.56.215.54
161 Address: 202.56.215.54#53

```

```

162
163 Non-authoritative answer:
164 Name: www.google.com
165 Address: 172.217.163.196

```

---

## B.5 Mesh Topology

```

1 mininet@mininet-vm:~/mininet/custom$ sudo mn --custom topos.py --
  topo mesh --controller=remote,ip=127.0.0.1
2 *** Creating network
3 *** Adding controller
4 Unable to contact the remote controller at 127.0.0.1:6653
5 Connecting to remote controller at 127.0.0.1:6633
6 *** Adding hosts:
7 h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10
8 *** Adding switches:
9 s1 s2 s3 s4 s5 s6 s7 s8 s9 s10
10 *** Adding links:
11 (h1, s1) (h2, s2) (h3, s3) (h4, s4) (h5, s5) (h6, s6) (h7, s7) (h8, s8) (h9, s9) (
   h10, s10) (s1, s2) (s1, s3) (s1, s4) (s1, s5) (s1, s6) (s1, s7) (s1, s8) (s1, s9)
   ) (s1, s10) (s2, s3) (s2, s4) (s2, s5) (s2, s6) (s2, s7) (s2, s8) (s2, s9) (s2,
   s10) (s3, s4) (s3, s5) (s3, s6) (s3, s7) (s3, s8) (s3, s9) (s3, s10) (s4, s5) (
   s4, s6) (s4, s7) (s4, s8) (s4, s9) (s4, s10) (s5, s6) (s5, s7) (s5, s8) (s5, s9)
   (s5, s10) (s6, s7) (s6, s8) (s6, s9) (s6, s10) (s7, s8) (s7, s9) (s7, s10) (s8,
   s9) (s8, s10) (s9, s10)
12 *** Configuring hosts
13 h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10
14 *** Starting controller
15 c0
16 *** Starting 10 switches
17 s1 s2 s3 s4 s5 s6 s7 s8 s9 s10 ...
18 *** Starting CLI:
19 mininet> net
20 h1 h1-eth0:s1-eth1
21 h2 h2-eth0:s2-eth1
22 h3 h3-eth0:s3-eth1
23 h4 h4-eth0:s4-eth1
24 h5 h5-eth0:s5-eth1
25 h6 h6-eth0:s6-eth1
26 h7 h7-eth0:s7-eth1
27 h8 h8-eth0:s8-eth1
28 h9 h9-eth0:s9-eth1
29 h10 h10-eth0:s10-eth1
30 s1 lo: s1-eth1:h1-eth0 s1-eth2:s2-eth2 s1-eth3:s3-eth2 s1-eth4:s4-eth2
   s1-eth5:s5-eth2 s1-eth6:s6-eth2 s1-eth7:s7-eth2 s1-eth8:s8-eth2 s1
   -eth9:s9-eth2 s1-eth10:s10-eth2
31 s2 lo: s2-eth1:h2-eth0 s2-eth2:s1-eth2 s2-eth3:s3-eth3 s2-eth4:s4-eth3
   s2-eth5:s5-eth3 s2-eth6:s6-eth3 s2-eth7:s7-eth3 s2-eth8:s8-eth3 s2

```

```

    -eth9:s9-eth3 s2-eth10:s10-eth3
32 s3 lo: s3-eth1:h3-eth0 s3-eth2:s1-eth3 s3-eth3:s2-eth3 s3-eth4:s4-eth4
    s3-eth5:s5-eth4 s3-eth6:s6-eth4 s3-eth7:s7-eth4 s3-eth8:s8-eth4 s3
    -eth9:s9-eth4 s3-eth10:s10-eth4
33 s4 lo: s4-eth1:h4-eth0 s4-eth2:s1-eth4 s4-eth3:s2-eth4 s4-eth4:s3-eth4
    s4-eth5:s5-eth5 s4-eth6:s6-eth5 s4-eth7:s7-eth5 s4-eth8:s8-eth5 s4
    -eth9:s9-eth5 s4-eth10:s10-eth5
34 s5 lo: s5-eth1:h5-eth0 s5-eth2:s1-eth5 s5-eth3:s2-eth5 s5-eth4:s3-eth5
    s5-eth5:s4-eth5 s5-eth6:s6-eth6 s5-eth7:s7-eth6 s5-eth8:s8-eth6 s5
    -eth9:s9-eth6 s5-eth10:s10-eth6
35 s6 lo: s6-eth1:h6-eth0 s6-eth2:s1-eth6 s6-eth3:s2-eth6 s6-eth4:s3-eth6
    s6-eth5:s4-eth6 s6-eth6:s5-eth6 s6-eth7:s7-eth7 s6-eth8:s8-eth7 s6
    -eth9:s9-eth7 s6-eth10:s10-eth7
36 s7 lo: s7-eth1:h7-eth0 s7-eth2:s1-eth7 s7-eth3:s2-eth7 s7-eth4:s3-eth7
    s7-eth5:s4-eth7 s7-eth6:s5-eth7 s7-eth7:s6-eth7 s7-eth8:s8-eth8 s7
    -eth9:s9-eth8 s7-eth10:s10-eth8
37 s8 lo: s8-eth1:h8-eth0 s8-eth2:s1-eth8 s8-eth3:s2-eth8 s8-eth4:s3-eth8
    s8-eth5:s4-eth8 s8-eth6:s5-eth8 s8-eth7:s6-eth8 s8-eth8:s7-eth8 s8
    -eth9:s9-eth9 s8-eth10:s10-eth9
38 s9 lo: s9-eth1:h9-eth0 s9-eth2:s1-eth9 s9-eth3:s2-eth9 s9-eth4:s3-eth9
    s9-eth5:s4-eth9 s9-eth6:s5-eth9 s9-eth7:s6-eth9 s9-eth8:s7-eth9 s9
    -eth9:s8-eth9 s9-eth10:s10-eth10
39 s10 lo: s10-eth1:h10-eth0 s10-eth2:s1-eth10 s10-eth3:s2-eth10 s10-eth4:
    s3-eth10 s10-eth5:s4-eth10 s10-eth6:s5-eth10 s10-eth7:s6-eth10 s10
    -eth8:s7-eth10 s10-eth9:s8-eth10 s10-eth10:s9-eth10
40 c0
41 mininet> pingall
42 *** Ping: testing ping reachability
43 h1 -> h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10
44 h2 -> h1 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10
45 h3 -> h1 h2 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10
46 h4 -> h1 h2 h3 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10
47 h5 -> h1 h2 h3 h4 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10
48 h6 -> h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h7 h8 h9 h10
49 h7 -> h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h8 h9 h10
50 h8 -> h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h9 h10
51 h9 -> h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h10
52 h10 -> h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9
53 *** Results: 0% dropped (90/90 received)
54 mininet> h1 ping -c 2 h2
55 PING 10.0.0.2 (10.0.0.2) 56(84) bytes of data.
56 64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.190 ms
57 64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.085 ms
58
59 --- 10.0.0.2 ping statistics ---
60 2 packets transmitted, 2 received, 0% packet loss, time 1001ms
61 rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.085/0.137/0.190/0.053 ms
62 mininet> h1 ping -c 2 h5
63 PING 10.0.0.5 (10.0.0.5) 56(84) bytes of data.

```

```

64 64 bytes from 10.0.0.5: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.192 ms
65 64 bytes from 10.0.0.5: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.091 ms
66
67 ---- 10.0.0.5 ping statistics ----
68 2 packets transmitted, 2 received, 0% packet loss, time 1001ms
69 rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.091/0.141/0.192/0.051 ms
70 mininet> h1 ping -c 2 h10
71 PING 10.0.0.10 (10.0.0.10) 56(84) bytes of data.
72 64 bytes from 10.0.0.10: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=3.91 ms
73 64 bytes from 10.0.0.10: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=4.64 ms
74
75 ---- 10.0.0.10 ping statistics ----
76 2 packets transmitted, 2 received, 0% packet loss, time 1001ms
77 rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 3.912/4.279/4.646/0.367 ms
78 mininet> iperf h1 h2
79 *** Iperf: testing TCP bandwidth between h1 and h2
80 ^[[A*** Results: ['19.9 Gbits/sec', '20.0 Gbits/sec']
81 mininet> iperf h1 h5
82 *** Iperf: testing TCP bandwidth between h1 and h5
83 *** Results: ['19.7 Gbits/sec', '19.7 Gbits/sec']
84 mininet> iperf h1 h10
85 *** Iperf: testing TCP bandwidth between h1 and h10
86 *** Results: ['18.6 Gbits/sec', '18.6 Gbits/sec']
87 mininet> h1 ifconfig
88 h1-eth0 Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr c6:d0:a4:bc:77:90
89      inet addr:10.0.0.1 Bcast:10.255.255.255 Mask:255.0.0.0
90      UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
91      RX packets:147528 errors:0 dropped:8 overruns:0 frame:0
92      TX packets:639789 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
93      collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
94      RX bytes:9736360 (9.7 MB) TX bytes:36500558690 (36.5 GB)
95
96 lo Link encap:Local Loopback
97      inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0
98      UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:65536 Metric:1
99      RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
100     TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
101     collisions:0 txqueuelen:0
102     RX bytes:0 (0.0 B) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)
103
104 mininet> h5 ifconfig
105 h5-eth0 Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 5a:ef:f0:69:0e:bc
106      inet addr:10.0.0.5 Bcast:10.255.255.255 Mask:255.0.0.0
107      UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
108      RX packets:216710 errors:0 dropped:10 overruns:0 frame:0
109      TX packets:49995 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
110      collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
111      RX bytes:12356959258 (12.3 GB) TX bytes:3299894 (3.2 MB)
112

```

```

113 lo Link encap:Local Loopback
114     inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0
115     UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:65536 Metric:1
116     RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
117     TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
118     collisions:0 txqueuelen:0
119     RX bytes:0 (0.0 B) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)
120
121 mininet> h10 ifconfig
122 h10—eth0 Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 9a:d4:ac:b8:7e:ab
123     inet addr:10.0.0.10 Bcast:10.255.255.255 Mask:255.0.0.0
124     UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
125     RX packets:204319 errors:0 dropped:10 overruns:0 frame:0
126     TX packets:47042 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
127     collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
128     RX bytes:11655037324 (11.6 GB) TX bytes:3104996 (3.1 MB)
129
130 lo Link encap:Local Loopback
131     inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0
132     UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:65536 Metric:1
133     RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
134     TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
135     collisions:0 txqueuelen:0
136     RX bytes:0 (0.0 B) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)
137
138 mininet> h1 route
139 Kernel IP routing table
140 Destination Gateway Genmask Flags Metric Ref Use Iface
141 10.0.0.0 * 255.0.0.0 U 0 0 0 h1—eth0
142 mininet> h5 route
143 Kernel IP routing table
144 Destination Gateway Genmask Flags Metric Ref Use Iface
145 10.0.0.0 * 255.0.0.0 U 0 0 0 h5—eth0
146 mininet> h10 route
147 Kernel IP routing table
148 Destination Gateway Genmask Flags Metric Ref Use Iface
149 10.0.0.0 * 255.0.0.0 U 0 0 0 h10—eth0
150 mininet> h1 traceroute h2
151 traceroute to 10.0.0.2 (10.0.0.2), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets
152   1 10.0.0.2 (10.0.0.2) 8.704 ms * *
153 mininet> h1 traceroute h5
154 traceroute to 10.0.0.5 (10.0.0.5), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets
155   1 10.0.0.5 (10.0.0.5) 3.324 ms 0.414 ms 0.387 ms
156 mininet> h1 traceroute h10
157 traceroute to 10.0.0.10 (10.0.0.10), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets
158   1 10.0.0.10 (10.0.0.10) 4.223 ms 2.244 ms *
159 mininet> s1 nslookup www.google.com
160 Server: 202.56.215.54
161 Address: 202.56.215.54#53

```



```
162
163 Non-authoritative answer:
164 Name: www.google.com
165 Address: 172.217.163.196
```

---

## B.6 Star Topology

```
1 mininet@mininet-vm:~/mininet/custom$ sudo mn --custom topos.py --
  topo star
2 *** Creating network
3 *** Adding controller
4 *** Adding hosts:
5 h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10
6 *** Adding switches:
7 s1
8 *** Adding links:
9 (h1, s1) (h2, s1) (h3, s1) (h4, s1) (h5, s1) (h6, s1) (h7, s1) (h8, s1) (
  h9, s1) (h10, s1)
10 *** Configuring hosts
11 h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10
12 *** Starting controller
13 c0
14 *** Starting 1 switches
15 s1 ...
16 *** Starting CLI:
17 mininet> net
18 h1 h1-eth0:s1-eth1
19 h2 h2-eth0:s1-eth2
20 h3 h3-eth0:s1-eth3
21 h4 h4-eth0:s1-eth4
22 h5 h5-eth0:s1-eth5
23 h6 h6-eth0:s1-eth6
24 h7 h7-eth0:s1-eth7
25 h8 h8-eth0:s1-eth8
26 h9 h9-eth0:s1-eth9
27 h10 h10-eth0:s1-eth10
28 s1 lo: s1-eth1:h1-eth0 s1-eth2:h2-eth0 s1-eth3:h3-eth0 s1-eth4:h4-eth0
  s1-eth5:h5-eth0 s1-eth6:h6-eth0 s1-eth7:h7-eth0 s1-eth8:h8-eth0
  s1-eth9:h9-eth0 s1-eth10:h10-eth0
29 c0
30 mininet> pingall
31 *** Ping: testing ping reachability
32 h1 -> h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10
33 h2 -> h1 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10
34 h3 -> h1 h2 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10
35 h4 -> h1 h2 h3 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10
36 h5 -> h1 h2 h3 h4 h6 h7 h8 h9 h10
37 h6 -> h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h7 h8 h9 h10
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38 h7 -> h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h8 h9 h10
39 h8 -> h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h9 h10
40 h9 -> h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h10
41 h10 -> h1 h2 h3 h4 h5 h6 h7 h8 h9
42 *** Results: 0% dropped (90/90 received)
43 mininet> h1 ping -c 2 h2
44 PING 10.0.0.2 (10.0.0.2) 56(84) bytes of data.
45 64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.146 ms
46 64 bytes from 10.0.0.2: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.066 ms
47
48 --- 10.0.0.2 ping statistics ---
49 2 packets transmitted, 2 received, 0% packet loss, time 999ms
50 rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.066/0.106/0.146/0.040 ms
51 mininet> h1 ping -c 2 h5
52 PING 10.0.0.5 (10.0.0.5) 56(84) bytes of data.
53 64 bytes from 10.0.0.5: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.569 ms
54 64 bytes from 10.0.0.5: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.089 ms
55
56 --- 10.0.0.5 ping statistics ---
57 2 packets transmitted, 2 received, 0% packet loss, time 1002ms
58 rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.089/0.329/0.569/0.240 ms
59 mininet> h1 ping -c 2 h10
60 PING 10.0.0.10 (10.0.0.10) 56(84) bytes of data.
61 64 bytes from 10.0.0.10: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.205 ms
62 64 bytes from 10.0.0.10: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.148 ms
63
64 --- 10.0.0.10 ping statistics ---
65 2 packets transmitted, 2 received, 0% packet loss, time 999ms
66 rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.148/0.176/0.205/0.031 ms
67 mininet> iperf h1 h2
68 *** Iperf: testing TCP bandwidth between h1 and h2
69 *** Results: ['19.3 Gbits/sec', '19.4 Gbits/sec']
70 mininet> iperf h1 h5
71 *** Iperf: testing TCP bandwidth between h1 and h5
72 *** Results: ['19.4 Gbits/sec', '19.4 Gbits/sec']
73 mininet> iperf h1 h10
74 *** Iperf: testing TCP bandwidth between h1 and h10
75 *** Results: ['17.8 Gbits/sec', '17.9 Gbits/sec']
76 mininet> h1 ifconfig
77 h1-eth0 Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr ae:31:bf:f5:f8:42
78         inet addr:10.0.0.1 Bcast:10.255.255.255 Mask:255.0.0.0
79         UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
80         RX packets:143330 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
81         TX packets:621513 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
82         collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
83         RX bytes:9459900 (9.4 MB) TX bytes:35455888618 (35.4 GB)
84
85 lo Link encap:Local Loopback
86         inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0

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87         UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:65536 Metric:1
88         RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
89         TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
90         collisions:0 txqueuelen:0
91         RX bytes:0 (0.0 B) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)
92
93 mininet> h5 ifconfig
94 h5—eth0 Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 5a:25:9c:57:97:1c
95         inet addr:10.0.0.5 Bcast:10.255.255.255 Mask:255.0.0.0
96         UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
97         RX packets:213174 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
98         TX packets:49243 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
99         collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
100        RX bytes:12155661524 (12.1 GB) TX bytes:3250430 (3.2 MB)
101
102 lo Link encap:Local Loopback
103        inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0
104        UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:65536 Metric:1
105        RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
106        TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
107        collisions:0 txqueuelen:0
108        RX bytes:0 (0.0 B) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)
109
110 mininet> h10 ifconfig
111 h10—eth0 Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 2a:03:d5:81:ec:58
112        inet addr:10.0.0.10 Bcast:10.255.255.255 Mask:255.0.0.0
113        UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
114        RX packets:196122 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
115        TX packets:45214 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
116        collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
117        RX bytes:11182768332 (11.1 GB) TX bytes:2984564 (2.9 MB)
118
119 lo Link encap:Local Loopback
120        inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0
121        UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:65536 Metric:1
122        RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
123        TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
124        collisions:0 txqueuelen:0
125        RX bytes:0 (0.0 B) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)
126 mininet> h1 route
127 Kernel IP routing table
128 Destination Gateway Genmask Flags Metric Ref Use Iface
129 10.0.0.0 * 255.0.0.0 U 0 0 0 h1—eth0
130 mininet> h5 route
131 Kernel IP routing table
132 Destination Gateway Genmask Flags Metric Ref Use Iface
133 10.0.0.0 * 255.0.0.0 U 0 0 0 h5—eth0
134 mininet> h10 route
135 Kernel IP routing table

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136 Destination Gateway Genmask Flags Metric Ref Use Iface
137 10.0.0.0 * 255.0.0.0 U 0 0 0 h10-eth0
138 mininet> h1 traceroute h2
139 traceroute to 10.0.0.2 (10.0.0.2), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets
140  1 10.0.0.2 (10.0.0.2) 1.830 ms 0.930 ms 0.800 ms
141 mininet> h1 traceroute h5
142 traceroute to 10.0.0.5 (10.0.0.5), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets
143  1 10.0.0.5 (10.0.0.5) 1.214 ms 0.704 ms 0.744 ms
144 mininet> h1 traceroute h10
145 traceroute to 10.0.0.10 (10.0.0.10), 30 hops max, 60 byte packets
146  1 10.0.0.10 (10.0.0.10) 1.264 ms 0.632 ms 1.135 ms
147 mininet> s1 nslookup www.google.com
148 Server: 202.56.215.54
149 Address: 202.56.215.54#53
150
151 Non-authoritative answer:
152 Name: www.google.com
153 Address: 172.217.163.196

```