

COMP 2537 Web Development 2

Assignment 1

COMP 2537 Web Development 2
Assignment 1

Introduction:

For this assignment you will be creating a simple website using Node.js. You will also be creating and connecting to a MongoDB database to store the users with their names, emails and passwords. You will create a publicly accessible MongoDB database using Atlas (at: <https://www.mongodb.com/atlas>).

If a user successfully authenticates (provides the valid email and password) a session will be created to store the user's information. A user is considered logged in if they have a valid session. You will store the **encrypted** session information in a **MongoDB session database**. A session should expire after 1 hour. If a user is not logged in (doesn't have a valid session) they should not be able to view the members page – it is a member's only page after all!

We will be taking input from the user to capture their account information and for them to log in. We'll need to properly deal with NoSQL Injection attacks in our MongoDB database so that users can't intentionally attack our database.

We will use a `.env` file to store encryption secrets and your MongoDB database credentials. Passwords should **not** be stored in your git repo. If they are, and your repo goes public or accidentally gets leaked, an attacker now has access to your database to do whatever they want with it! Let's keep our passwords out of the reach of hackers.

Your site needs to be hosted on a site like Qoddi. Qoddi is a fully managed web app hosting platform (<https://qoddi.com/>). Qoddi can provide many features including: 1) getting us off our localhost so we can share our sites with other people; 2) creates a domain which is publicly accessible; 3) installs and runs our node.js server; 4) automatically deploys our code when we make a commit and push our code to our main branch on github.

In the past I have used Heroku (a similar hosting service), however, that was when Heroku offered free development hosting. Now they charge money even for the simplest site. Qoddi provides similar services for free.

COMP 2537 Web Development 2
Assignment 1

User Stories:

As you know, user stories are a key part of the agile development methodology as they help define valuable software features from the perspective of the end-user.

Here are some examples of user stories being implemented in this assignment:

- As a user, I want to be able to **sign up** for a new account so that I can access the members area.
- As a user, I want to be able to **sign in** to my existing account so that I can access the members area.
- As a user, I want to be able to **sign out** of my account so that nobody else can access it.
- As a user, I want to see a **home page** with the options to sign up or sign in if I am **not currently logged in**.
- As a user, I want to see a **home page** welcoming me and showing me the option to go to the members area and sign out if I am currently **logged in**.
- As a user, I want to be able to see a **random image** when I access the members area so that it is more visually interesting.
- As a user, I want to be informed if the **username or password** I entered **is incorrect** when signing in so that I can correct the mistake.

Recommended Software to Install:

Sourcetree: <https://www.sourcetreeapp.com/>



Sourcetree is a great GUI and visual tool for viewing and managing your Git repos. In my opinion it is better at seeing the current state of your repo than github.com, git on the command line, version control within VS Code and even GitHub Desktop.

Sourcetree is cross-platform, works on Windows and Mac and is free!

Studio 3T: <https://studio3t.com/>



Studio 3T is a great way to see and edit all of your MongoDB collections and data. Available for free on Windows, Mac and Linux.

VS Code: <https://code.visualstudio.com/download>



Visual Studio Code

A great, versatile IDE for all types of coding projects including websites written in Node.js.

Chrome Extensions:

There are also a few extensions for the Google Chrome Web Browser that might be helpful.

"Edit this cookie" by editthiscookie.com

Let's you see session cookies, edit them, or delete them.

<https://chrome.google.com/webstore/detail/editthiscookie/fngmhnnpilhplaeedifhccceomclgfbg?hl=en>

COMP 2537 Web Development 2
Assignment 1

Online Tools:

Some **GUID/UUID online generators**:

<https://guidgenerator.com/>

<https://www.uuidgenerator.net/guid>

<https://www.guidgen.com/>

These are useful sites when wanting to create unique and secret keys for session encryption.

Node Modules you will need:

In Node we will need some external libraries to make our website work:

- **express**
According to Express's official site (<https://expressjs.com/>): "Express is a minimal and flexible Node.js web application framework that provides a robust set of features for web and mobile applications" and provides a myriad of utility methods and middleware for creating websites.
- **express-session** and **connect-mongo**
The express-session module is used to create a session that can ensure only those users that have logged in can see the members page. The connect-mongo module is used to store your session data in an encrypted mongodb database. This way, if your server needs to be rebooted, you don't lose your server-side session information.
- **bcrypt**
BCrypt is a hashing library used to salt and hash passwords before storing them in a database. This is a requirement of this assignment and is good industry practice, since plain-text (unsalted, unhashed passwords) should not be stored in a database. If a database were to be breached through an attack, salted and hashed passwords created by BCrypt remain unknown and useless to the hacker.

Remember, in order to use these modules, you'll need to install them using:

```
npm i <module_name>
```

Example:

```
npm i express
```

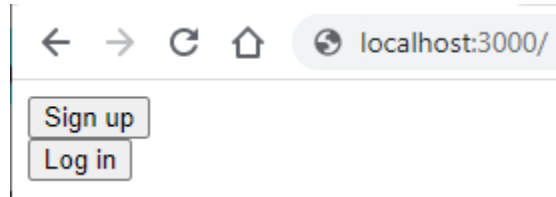
COMP 2537 Web Development 2
Assignment 1

Objectives:

Your Node.js website should have the following pages and functionality:

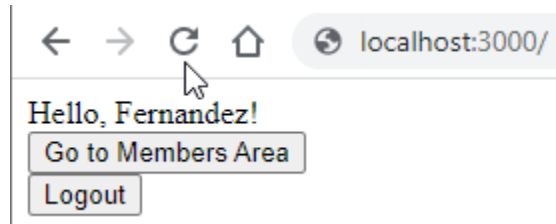
1. Home page – site: / method: GET

If the user is **not logged in**, this home page will have links to:



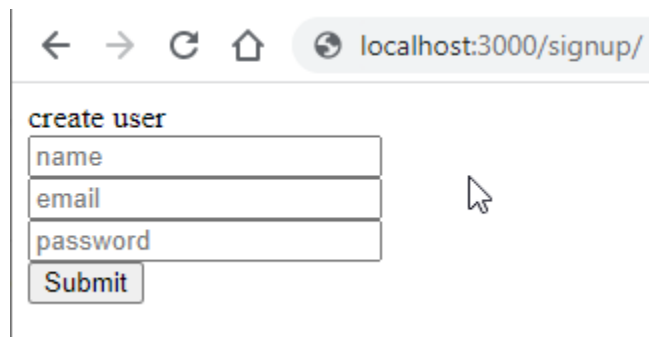
- a. Sign up (/signup)
- b. Log in (/login)

Else, if the user is **logged in**, this home page will:



- a. Say Hello **and** the name of the user – ex: Hello, Fernandez.
You should store the user's name in the session during login/signup and display it here.
- b. Provide a link to the members area (/members).
- c. Have a link that will log the user out (/logout).
This will end the session and redirect back to (/).

2. Sign up page – site: /signup method: GET



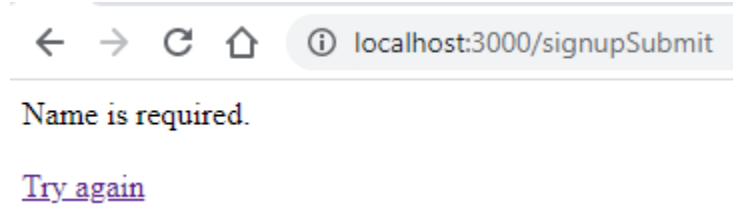
A form will gather the following information for sign up:

- a. Name
- b. Email
- c. Password

COMP 2537 Web Development 2
Assignment 1

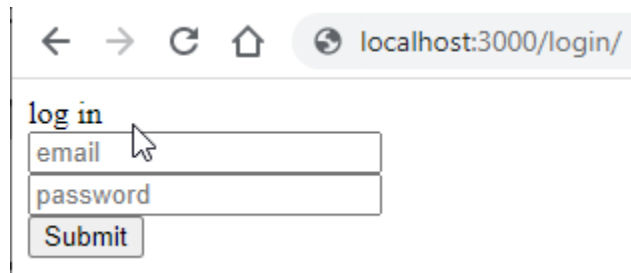
The signup form will `POST` the form fields.

You will validate all 3 inputs to make sure they aren't empty. If the user has forgotten to enter one or more of the 3 inputs, you will send back an appropriate message saying which field was missing. Ex: *Please provide an email address*. You will also provide a link back to the sign up page so the user may try again:



If the 3 fields are non-empty, add the user to your MongoDB database. Make sure that you are using Joi to validate the input (name, email and password) so that NoSQL Injection attacks are not possible. Add the **name**, **email** and a **BCrypted hashed password** as a user to the database. Then create a session and redirect the user to the `/members` page.

3. Log in page – site: `/login` method: `GET`



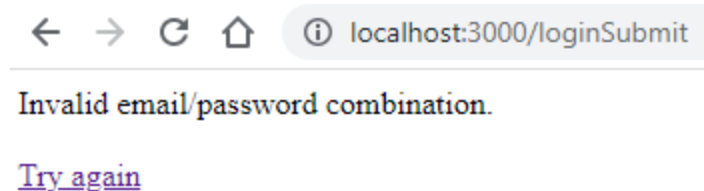
A form will gather the following information for sign up:

- d. Email
- e. Password

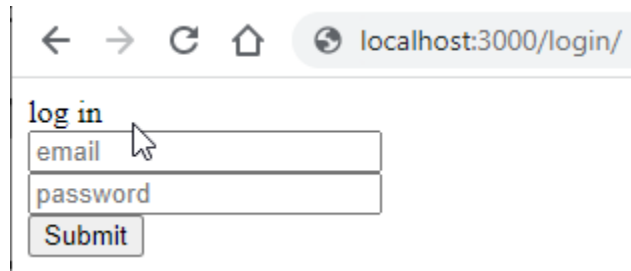
COMP 2537 Web Development 2
Assignment 1

The login form will `POST` the form fields. Check the user against the MongoDB database. Make sure that you are using Joi to validate the input (email and password) so that NoSQL Injection attacks are not possible. If a user with that email is found, check to see if the password matches the BCRYPTed password. If the email and passwords match store the user's name in a session and log the user in (redirect to `/members`).

If the log in fails, send a message to the user with an appropriate message. Ex: *User and password not found*. Also provide a link back to the login page so that users can try again:



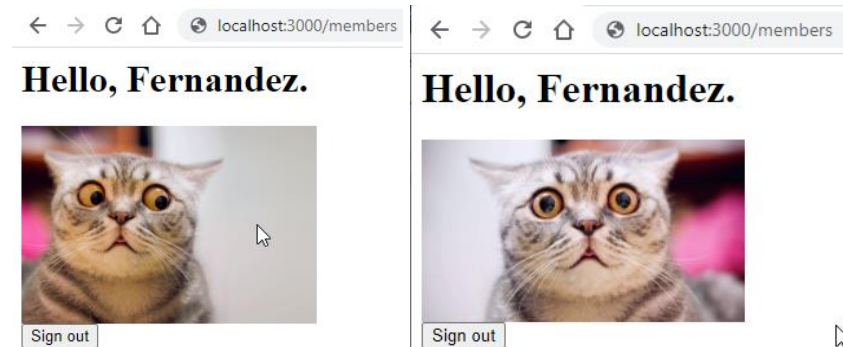
4. Members page – site: `/members` method: `GET`



If the user has a **valid session** (is logged in):

- Say Hello **and** the name of the user – ex: Hello, Fernandez.
(use the name value stored in the session)
- Have a link that will log the user out (ends the session and redirects back to `/`).
- Display a random image from a selection of 3 images.

The images should be stored in a `/public` folder on the server.

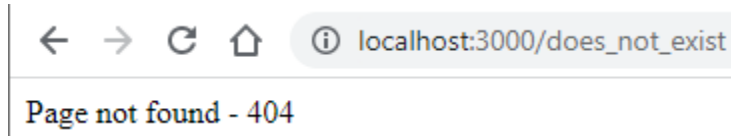



If the user has **no session** (or an invalid one – i.e. not logged in):

- Redirect to the home page (`/`).

COMP 2537 Web Development 2
Assignment 1

5. Log out page – site: `/logout` method: GET
This page doesn't have any content, but should destroy the user's session (`req.session.destroy()`) and redirect back to the home page (`/`).
6. 404 page – site: any non-assigned URLs method: GET



Any page that doesn't match the above sites will send an HTML status code of **404** and display page not found – Ex: `/does_not_exist` 

Your `.env` file:

Make sure that your username and password for connecting to your MongoDB database are stored in your `.env` file. Also, store your encryption keys for your sessions in the `.env` file. Make sure your `.env` is added to the `.gitignore` so that the `.env` file is NOT added to your git repo.

A `.env` file should **NEVER** be in your git repo!

Create a file called `.env`. This is where you will define all your users, passwords and secret keys.

```
MONGODB_HOST=YourMongoDBClusterHere
MONGODB_USER=YourUsernameHere
MONGODB_PASSWORD=YourPasswordHere
MONGODB_DATABASE=YourMongoDBDatabaseHere
MONGODB_SESSION_SECRET=Some_Session_Key_Here1
NODE_SESSION_SECRET=Some_Session_Key_Here2
```

Notes:

There is no space before or after the equals sign – ex:

```
MONGODB_USER=YourUsernameHere
```

NOT

```
MONGODB_USER = YourUsernameHere
```

While you *can* enclose the variable values within single or double quotes, it is common to omit them.

```
MONGODB_USER=YourUsernameHere
```

OR

```
MONGODB_USER="YourUsernameHere"
```

both work for defining variables.

More information here:

COMP 2537 Web Development 2
Assignment 1

<https://www.npmjs.com/package/dotenv>
<https://hexdocs.pm/dotenvy/dotenv-file-format.html>

To use these variables in our code, we need to install the dotenv Node module using:

```
npm install dotenv
```

And we'll need to use the dotenv Node module like this:

```
require('dotenv').config();
```

And we can access those variables using `process.env` like this:

```
process.env.MONGODB_USER  
and  
process.env.MONGODB_PASSWORD
```

Pro Tip:

Many other Database providers (MongoDB, MySQL, and others) will provide us with a connection URL such as this (MongoDB):

```
mongodb+srv://my_user:xhov21ul@cluster0.fuu9a.mongodb.net/sessions
```

Or this (MySQL):

```
mysql://a0wj08yp3h60iax9:xhov21ul59ilv8e5@jtb9ia3h1pgevwb1.cbetxkdyhws  
b.us-east-1.rds.amazonaws.com:3306/kjm3rtal36l1mlue
```

It is important to know how to parse these connection URLs into their individual parts.

For MongoDB:

Below is the same connection URL color coded and labelled to distinguish the key parts of the URL.

```
mongodb+srv://my_user:xhov21ul@cluster0.fuu9a.mongodb.net/sessions
```

Protocol: **mongodb+srv**
User: **my_user**
Password: **xhov21ul**
Host: **cluster0.fuu9a.mongodb.net**
Port: (not specified)
Database: **sessions**

COMP 2537 Web Development 2
Assignment 1

And for MySQL:

```
mysql://a0wj08yp3h60iax9:xhov21ul59ilv8e5@  
jtb9ia3hlpgewb1.cbetxkdyhwsb.us-east-1.rds.amazonaws.com:3306/  
kjm3rtal3611mlue
```

Protocol: `mysql`
User: `a0wj08yp3h60iax9`
Password: `xhov21ul59ilv8e5`
Host: `jtb9ia3hlpgewb1.cbetxkdyhwsb.us-east-1.rds.amazonaws.com`
Port: `3306`
Database: `kjm3rtal3611mlue`

Create a Git Repo:

Create a git repo for your website. Make sure to add all files, commit and **push** them your origin on github.com. A single branch called `main` (or `master`) is fine.

As mentioned earlier, ensure you have excluded the `.env` file from your git repo.

Create a `.gitignore` file with the following contents:

```
/node_modules  
package-lock.json  
.env
```

Add a Procfile:

Hosting services like Qoddi (and Heroku) can run multiple different types of applications including PHP, Python, Ruby on Rails, Node.js and many more. We need to tell Qoddi which type of application is in our git repo and how it should be run.

In our case, it is a node application and we can run it using:

```
node index.js.
```

We would change `index.js` to whatever is the file that runs your web server and starts listening for web requests.

Create a file called `Procfile` with the following contents:

```
web: node index.js
```

Hosting on Qoddi (or other hosting service):

Create an account with Qoddi (or another hosting service).

With your account, create an app that is linked to your git repo.

COMP 2537 Web Development 2

Assignment 1

Need help deploying your app? [Check our documentation!](#)

App Name

Choose a name like my-new-app. This will also be the name of your project if you don't create this app inside a current one.

Add to a Project

Create the app inside a Project, location setting will be ignored. If the stack is inside a Team, this new app will join the team as well.

Apps that needs to communicate with each other must be created inside the same stack!

Deploy a Datastore?

You can select a datastore that will be created at the same time of your app and automatically connected. You can create it later if needed.

Minimum size for datastores is XS

App Type

Web Server apps have HTTP routing, workers does not. You can change this settings at any time later.

App Location

Choose a location near your end-users, in any case Qoddi network will serve your app worldwide as fast as possible using an optimized network. Free Apps (DEV) cannot choose between Central/East/West locations and are placed based on availability.

App Size

Production apps only can scale up and down later.

If your app is intended to be used in production do not select DEV size - [Qoddi Pricing](#)

A few things to note here:

You don't need to add a datastore, because we will be using our own MongoDB Atlas database.

Make sure to pick "Dev" for your App Size. "Dev" is the only free-tier app size.

Since Qoddi gets all the files from your git repo, it will have everything it needs to build your application...

Well, except for one thing – our environment variables in our `.env` file. We purposefully excluded our `.env` file from our git repo, because we didn't want to leak our passwords and secrets. However, we still need Qoddi to have access to those passwords and secrets so we need to transfer all the variables in our `.env` to Qoddi. Qoddi lets us create environment variables in its online interface.

Environment Variables		
PORT	Show value	Delete
HOST	Show value	Delete
MONGODB_HOST	Show value	Delete
MONGODB_USER	Show value	Delete
MONGODB_PASSWORD	Show value	Delete
MONGODB_DATABASE	Show value	Delete
MONGODB_SESSION_SECRET	Show value	Delete
NODE_SESSION_SECRET	Show value	Delete

Create a new environment variable for each variable in your `.env` file.

COMP 2537 Web Development 2

Assignment 1

Protect against NoSQL Injection Attacks:

Any time we query a database and we include input from a user, we need to make sure the user hasn't intentionally (or unintentionally) added some NoSQL commands that would alter our query. We often include user input as part of our queries, such as: when we ask a user for their username, and lookup in the database to see if they exist; to add the username, email and password a user has entered in a form; or when a user requests to change their password and we update their password hash in the database.

User input can come in multiple ways such as form fields in POST requests and URL parameters.

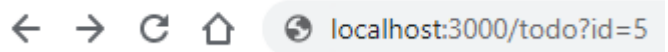
Form Fields

Sign Up:

name
email
password

Submit

URL parameters



If we were to include user input directly (without validating it first) from a form field like `req.body.username` or from a URL parameter like `req.params.id` in a MongoDB query like this:

```
await userCollection.find({username: req.params.id}).toArray();
```

The user might add some MongoDB code that could change the results of our query.

This is **BAD. This is VERY BAD!**

We need to validate that, what the user has provided us, doesn't contain any special characters and no MongoDB commands. This is why we need something a validator like Joi (another useful node module).

To install Joi:

```
npm i joi
```

With Joi we can ensure that the user input is just a string and not an array or a JSON object that MongoDB would interpret as a MongoDB command.

To use Joi in your code, you need to require it:

```
const Joi = require("joi");
```

COMP 2537 Web Development 2
Assignment 1

And in the following example, we make sure the `req.body.username` is a string (`.string()`), is not more than 20 characters (`.max(20)`) and is not empty (`.required()`). The schema defines a single variable and we validate `req.body.username` against the schema. If there is an error (a potential NoSQL attack), we will redirect to a different page, preventing the user's input from being executed as part of the query in the `userCollection.find()`.

```
const schema = Joi.string().max(20).required();

const validationResult = schema.validate(req.body.username);
if (validationResult.error !== null) {
  console.log(validationResult.error);
  res.redirect("/login");
  return;
}

const result = await userCollection.find({username: username}).toArray();
```

In a slightly more complex example where we want to validate more than one variable at the same time, we can specify in our Joi schema which variables and which types are expected. This example validates both the username and the password from the form submission.

```
const schema = Joi.object(
{
  username: Joi.string().alphanum().max(20).required(),
  password: Joi.string().max(20).required()
});

const validationResult = schema.validate({req.body});
```

COMP 2537 Web Development 2
Assignment 1

Marking Guide:

Criteria	Marks
A home page links to signup and login, if not logged in; and links to members and signout, if logged in.	5 marks
A members page that displays 1 of 3 random images stored on the server.	5 marks
The members page will redirect to the home page if no valid session is found.	5 marks
The signout buttons end the session.	5 marks
A 404 page that "catches" all invalid page hits and that sets the status code to 404 .	5 marks
Session information is stored in an encrypted MongoDB session database. Sessions expire after 1 hour.	5 marks
Password is BCrypted in the MongoDB database.	5 marks
Your site is hosted in a hosting service like Qoddi.	5 marks
All secrets, encryption keys, database passwords are stored in a <code>.env</code> file.	5 marks
The <code>.env</code> file is NOT in your git repo.	5 marks
Note: You will receive a mark of 0 if your code doesn't run (i.e. too many errors to run properly, cannot connect to the database, etc.)! I will be running the code on your Qoddi app, please make sure it is available until after you receive your marks!	
Total:	50 marks

Submission Requirements:

Submission:	File name:
A txt file containing a Youtube video link to your video demo.	Video_demo_URL.txt
A txt file containing the Qoddi app URL. ex: <code>http://xrb198fpqla.us11.qoddiapp.com/</code>	Qoddi_app_URL.txt
A zip file containing all the source code required to run your Node.js application. Do NOT include the <code>/node_modules/</code> or the <code>/.git/</code> folder	Members_site_code.zip
Self-graded checklist	My_checklist.txt

Self-graded Checklist:

Find the self-graded assignment 1 checklist template and for each item, either **leave it blank** (if you did not complete the task fully) or put an **✖** next to it (indicating you completed the task).

Provide a totalled grade out of 50.

Example:

[] The signout buttons end the session. (incomplete)
[✖] The `.env` file is NOT in your git repo. (complete)

COMP 2537 Web Development 2
Assignment 1

Video Demo Requirements:

Your video needs to include:	Example:
Your name	Patrick Guichon
Your set	1A
Which assignment you are demoing	Assignment 1

Notes about your video:
If we don't see all the functionality and features of your website demonstrated in the video, you will lose marks for not having completing this part of the website.
You do NOT need to show your face while recording the video, however, you should be narrating the video. Tell us what you are doing, as you are demoing your site.
Make sure we can hear your voice clearly, and at an adequate volume.
Max video length: 5m:00s.
Your video should NOT be longer than 5 minutes.

Demo the following functionality in this order:
1. Show the home page (/) running on Qoddi (or other hosting service)
2. Show the users database in Studio 3T.
3. Show the session database in Studio 3T.
4. Click on the Sign up link and create a new user. After the user is created, the user is logged in and should be sent to the /members page.
5. Show the users database in Studio 3T – the new user should be added The password should be hashed (and not in plaintext).
6. Show the session database in Studio 3T – the session should be encrypted and the id should match your cookie in the browser.
7. Click on Sign out.
8. Show the session database in Studio 3T – the session should be deleted.
9. Delete your cookie and attempt to go directly to /members without a valid session.
10. From the login page enter a valid email address, but an invalid password. You should be provided an error message saying invalid password.
11. From the login page enter a valid email and password to show you are properly logged in.
12. Go to a page that doesn't exist example /doesnotexist to show the 404 page.
13. Show the code for your site in your editor: <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Show that you are using variables from your .env file.- Show that your sessions are set to expire after 1 hour.- Show that you are validating user inputs using Joi.
14. Show that your .env is added to your .gitignore and your .env is NOT in your git repo.