2 INSTALLATION

2.12 Allowance for Expansion

Allowances must be made for the system to expand as detailed in the Heater Expansion Chart on this page. The supplied Type I, flexible gas connector is recommended. If, however, local codes require rigid piping to the heater, a swing joint can be used.

HEATER EXPANSION CHART								
Exchanger length and gas input will determine overall expansion. Heaters in a typical installation will expand towards both the burner and vent ends. Review for proper flexible gas connector installation.								
EXCHANGER LENGTH FEET / METERS		FIXED OR HIGH-FIRE GAS INPUT BTUh	EXPANSION LENGTH INCHES MILLIMETERS					
10	3.1	25,000	1/2	12.7				
10	3.1	30,000	5/8	15.9				
10	3.1	40,000	3/4	19.1				
15	4.6	25,000	5/8	15.9				
15	4.6	30,000	3/4	19.1				
15	4.6	40,000	7/8	22.2				
15	4.6	50,000	1	25.4				
20	6.1	40,000	1	25.4				
20	6.1	50,000	$1\frac{1}{4}$	31.8				
30	9.2	50,000	$1\frac{1}{4}$	31.8				

2 INSTALLATION

2.13 Electrical Requirements

- 1. Heaters operate on 120 volts, 60 Hz, single phase. The maximum amperage requirement (starting current) is 4.8 amps per heater. The running current is 1.1 amps.
- 2. Heater must be grounded in accordance with the Canadian Electrical Code C22.1 (latest edition).
- 3. Wiring must not be exposed to direct radiant output.

- 4. Observe proper electrical polarity.
- 5. It is recommended that the thermostat be installed on the hot side of a fused supply line and have sufficient ampere rating for the heater(s) it controls.

2.14 Lighting Instructions

- 1. Purge main gas supply line at start-up.
- 2. Rotate heater's manual gas valve knob to the "ON" position.
- 3. Close electrical circuit.
- 4. If heater fails to light, turn off gas and wait five minutes before repeating the above procedure.

2.15 Shutdown Instructions

- 1. Open electrical circuit.
- 2. Rotate heater's manual gas valve knob to the "OFF" position.

Instructions pour l'allumage

- 1. Purger la conduite d'alimentation en gaz principale.
- 2. Tourner le bouton du robinet de gaz a commande manuelle jusqu'a ce qu'il se trouve en position de marche ("ON").
- 3. Fermer le circuit electrique.
- 4. Si l'appareil de chauffage ne s'allume pas, attendre 5 minutes avant de suivre de nouveau les instructions ci-dessus.

Pour eteindre l'appareil

- 1. Ouvrir le circuit electrique.
- 2. Tourner le bouton du robinet de gaz a commande manuelle de l'appareil de chauffage jusqu'a ce qu'il se trouve en position d'arret ("OFF").

IMPORTANT

This appliance does not have a pilot. It is equipped with an ignition device which automatically lights the burner. Do **NOT** try to light the burner by hand. Use only your hand to turn the manual shutoff. Never use tools. Turn shutoff clockwise to "**OFF**". Turn shutoff counterclockwise to "**ON**". If the knob will not turn by hand, do not try to repair it, call a qualified technician. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.

2 INSTALLATION

2.16 Outdoor Installations

The LS Series heaters have been certified for outdoors installations with the following factory requirements.

- * BR-VC to be attached to the 4 in. combustion air intake collar pointing downward to prevent rain from entering the intake. Factory supplied.
- * Water and UV resistant cord and plug factory installed through a liquid-tight box connector.
- * Control box will be internally silicone sealed.
- * All manufactured Re-Verber-Ray outdoor approved heaters will display "FOR OUTDOOR USE" on the rating label.

When installing heaters in outdoor applications the following considerations must be met:

- * Locate heater away from snow load areas.
- * Heaters mounted lower than 8 ft./ 2.4 m must use an optional protective grill (BR-PS60).
- * Heaters must not be mounted lower than 7 ft./ 2.1 m above finished grade.
- * Ensure that the products-of-combustion dissipate without condensing on buildings surfaces.

3 THEORY OF OPERATION

3.1 LS Models

STARTING CIRCUIT (FIGURES 3.1.1 & 3.1.2) When voltage is applied to L1 and L2, a circuit is completed from L1 via the blower motor to L2. The blower fan is mounted in the control box and rated to supply sufficient air for combustion.

Air pressure generated by the blower will cause the normally open burner pressure switch No.1 to close. Another circuit is completed from L1 to the hot surface ignition control and back to L2. There is a five-second delay, then the glo-bar is powered. After the glo-bar has been powered for 45 seconds, the control causes the gas valve to open and initiates the

Ignition trial. Power to the glo-bar is shut off during the last two or three seconds of ignition trial.

RUNNING CIRCUIT

After ignition the flame rod monitors the main burner flame. As long as a flame is present, the valve is held open. If the flame is lost, the control acts to close the valve within one second, and a new trial sequence identical to that at start-up is initiated. If proof of flame is not established within 8.5 seconds, the unit will lock out. If lockout occurs, the control can be reset by briefly interrupting the power source.

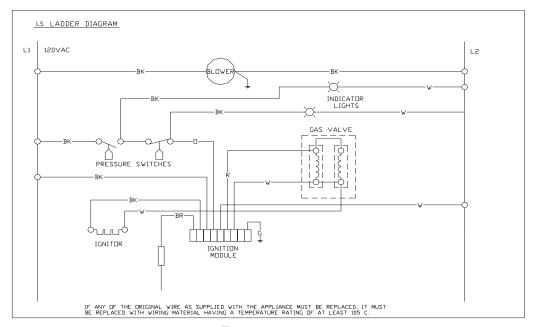


Figure 3.1.1

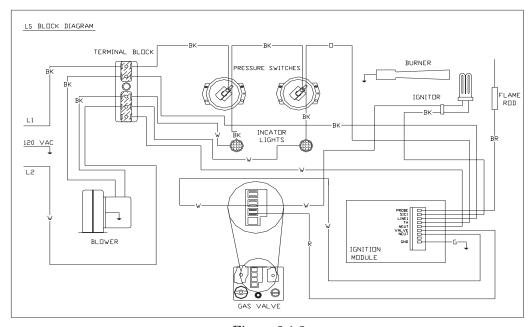


Figure 3.1.2

4 SERVICE

4.1 Maintenance

LS Series gas-fired infra-red heaters require minimum of routine maintenance to keep them operating at peak performance.

- Ensure that the heaters air inlet and blower impeller is kept clean. If dirt becomes a problem, installation of outside air intake duct for combustion is recommended. Oiling the blower motor will extend bearing life beyond the 30,000 hour minimum.
- Combustion air inlets, grills or louvres must be inspected regularly to ensure that they are clear and free of dust, snow, ice, frost and other foreign material so that air may freely enter.
- 3. Ensure that all intake air ducts are sealed.

- 4. Heaters exhaust vent must be inspected periodically to ensure it is free and clear of foreign material.
- 5. Unvented heaters utilizing DB-3VCF vent cap with flapper must ensure that the flapper moves freely without obstructions.
- 6. Keep the aluminum reflectors from accumulating deposited material. Vacuum or blow all dust and debris off the heater.



WARNING

Use protective glasses when cleaning the heater.

4.2 Access Panels

Turn gas supply off and disconnect electrical source before attempting to service.

Service access panels may be removed as required. (see Figure 4.2.1)

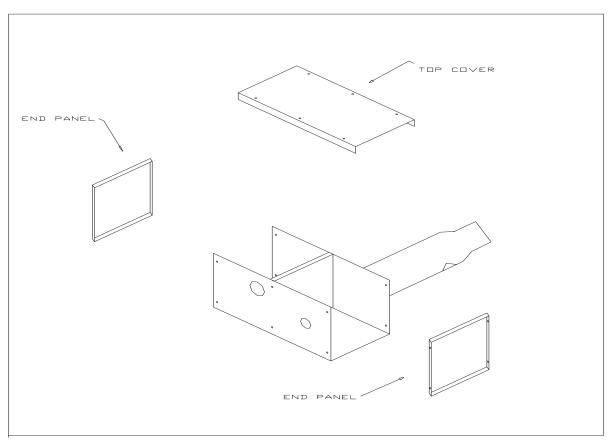


Figure 4.2.1

4.3 Thermal Limit Switch

The thermal limit switch is a safety device designed to discontinue heater operation if the control box temperature exceeds its operational limit. To test: DISCONNECT ELECTRICAL POWER SUPPLY and check switch for continuity. If the Thermal limit switch circuit is "open", remove and replace.



The failure of a thermal limit switch indicates a problem within the heater, or its venting systems. Problem areas must be located and rectified before a safe operating condition exists. Listed below are possible causes and corrective action.

Possible Cause

- 1. Restricted outside air duct.
- 2. Restricted air inlet orifice.
- 3. Dirty fan blower wheel.
- 4. Faulty pressure switches.
- 5. Restricted vent.
- 6. Restriction in radiant pipes.
- 7. Gas leak in valve train.
- 8. Negative pressure in building.

Corrective Action

Clean

Clean

Clean

Replace

Clean

Clean

Repair or replace

Install outside air duct

Customer service toll free #1-800-387-4778

4.4 Service

- * Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a qualified service technician to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any gas control which has been under water.
- * CAUTION: Label all wires prior to disconnection when servicing controls. Wiring errors can cause improper and dangerous operation.
- * Verify proper operation after servicing.
- * WARNING: Failure to position the parts in accordance with these diagrams or failure to use only parts specifically approved with this appliance may result in property damage or personal injury.

- * Ne pas se servir de cet appareil s'il a été plongé dans l'eau, complètement ou en partie. Faire inspecter l'appareil par un technicien qualifié et remplacer toute partie du système de contrôle et toute commande qui ont été plongées dans l'eau.
- * ATTENTION: Au moment de l'entretien des commandes, étiquetez tous les fils avant le débranchement. Des erreursde câblage peuvant entraîner un fonctionnement inadéquat et dangereux.
- * S'assurer que l'appareil fonctionneadéquatement une fois l'entretien terminé.
- * AVERTISSEMENT: Risque de dommages ou de blessures si les pièces ne sont pas installées conformément à ces schémas et ou si des pièces autres que celles spécifiquement aprouvées avec cet appareil sont utilisées.

4.2 GENERAL TROUBLE SHOOTING

SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	CORRECTIVE ACTION
Thermostat closed NO FAN	 Blown fuse. Faulty thermostat. Disconnected wire. Faulty fan. 	 Replace. Replace. Repair. Replace.
Fan Operates - NO INDICATOR LIGHTS - NO HEATER OPERATION	 Blocked air intake. Burner switch wire disconnected. Burner switch faulty. Burner switch sensing tubes plugged. Control box lid loose or leaking. 	 Remove all foreign matter in intake air stream. Repair. Replace. Remove clean and install. Secure or reseal.
Fan Operates Burner Switch Light Operates - NO EXHAUST SWITCH LIGHT - NO HEATER OPERATION	 Exhaust vent blocked. Exhaust switch wire disconnected. Exhaust switch faulty. Excessive wind pressure on vent cap. Wrong baffle installed. 	 Remove all foreign matter in vent. Repair. Replace. Verify cap, extend or relocate. (See Flue Venting 2.8) Consult tube assembly baffle chart for proper lengths. (See page 14)
Fan Operates Indicator Lights Operates - NO GLOBAR	 Glo-bar broken. Circuit board faulty. Wiring harness disconnected. 	 Replace. Replace. Reconnect or replace.
Indicator Lights Operate Glo-Bar Operates - NO GAS VALVE	 Circuit board faulty. Gas valve faulty. Wire disconnected. 	 Replace. Replace. Reconnect.
Glo-Bar Operates Gas Valve Operates - NO IGNITION	 Blocked gas orifice. Low gas pressure. Low glo-bar surface temperature. 	 Remove & clean. Provide required gas pressure. Replace-ensure a clean air supply.
Gas Valve Operates Ignition Occurs - HEATER CYCLES OFF - GOES INTO LOCKOUT	 Flame sensor faulty. Heater not grounded. Electrical supply service panel not grounded. Gas valve faulty. Circuit board faulty. Electrical polarity incorrect. 	 Replace. Locate and repair. Locate and repair. Replace. Replace. Reconnect.
Heater Operating - TUBE BOWING	 Insufficient combustion air. Overfired. Ensure exchangers have room to expand. Heater not supported properly. Reflectors not positioned properly. Baffle installed wrong. 	 Check intake duct for blockage and sizing. Check gas pressure. Re-install vent connection. Re-position hangers or chains. Re-position. Re-position.
Heater Operating - VENT CONDENSING	 Stack length too long. Light gauge flue pipe used. Uninsulated vent pipe running through cold space. Negative pressure in building. Common vented heaters installed with individual thermostats. 	 Shorten stack. Minimum 26 Ga. Required. Insulate vent. Install combustion air intake. Install one thermostat.
Odor or fumes in space.	 Vaporized solvents decomposing when contacting radiant tubes. Lift trucks. Loose tube connections. 	 Install exhaust fan at ceiling. Install exhaust fan and repair. Tighten to 50-60 lbft.

5.1 BASIC PARTS LIST

	state	odels)	t t
Description Flame Rod Wire Manifold (HL-MFD) Circuit Control Harness	NOTE: When ordering heater parts, please state the model and serial number of the heater.	Parts Description Exhaust Vent w/Flapper 3" (Required on Unvented Models) Wall Inlet Vent w/Screen Side Wall Venting Kit Side Shield Extension	Radiant Tube Protective Screen 60" 180° bend X 3" dia. tube kit 90° bend X 3" dia. tube kit Gas Cock
Part No. TP-223 TP-224 TP-78DU TP-78DUH	NOTE: Wher the model an	5.2 Optional Parts Item No. DB-3VCF (R BR-VC W DB-3-VK Si BR-NIR Si	BR-PS60 DB-3UA DB3EA TP-33B
Description Burner Pressure Switch (state model) #8 x ½ in. Machine Screw Heat Diffuser (Baffle)(state model) Cord & Plug (DB-CP) Liquid Tight Connector (TP-LTC) Strain Relief Bushing Control Box Cover Gasket	Rubber Grommet #6-32 x 1 in. Machine Screw #6-32 Hex Nut	Type I Gas Connector (RH-1/2) Reflector End Cap (BR-ECR) Reflector Clip (BR-ECRC) Thermal Limit Switch Air Inlet Gasket Burner (HD-201P) 16 in. Burner Tube (AL-TI (LS-16P)	Gas Orifice (TP-46) (state model) Glo-bar Holder End Panel-left End Panel-right "Z" Bracket Gas Valve (state N.G. or L.P.)(TP-75) 3 in. X ½ in. Pipe Nipple Indicator lights (TP-IL) Pressure Barb Fitting Exhaust Pressure Tube (High Temp.) Glo-bar Gasket Flame Rod (BR-FR)
Part No. TP-61K TP-62 DB-65 TP-66 TP-67 TP-68A	TP-76 TP-80 TP-81	TP-83 TP-105 TP-106 DB-114 TP-122 TP-201	TP-204 TP-205 TP-206 TP-207 TP-208 TP-210 TP-212 TP-216 TP-216 TP-219 TP-219 TP-219
Description Control Box Cover #8 x 1/4" Sheet Metal Screw Control Box Flange Gasket 1/4-20 x ½" Machine Screw 1/4-20 Hex Nut	Conduit ½" x 4" Glo-Bar Box Glo-Bar Box Cover	#8 x 1/2" Self-Drilling Screw Sight Glass Gasket Sight Glass Sight Glass Washer 1/4-20 x 3/8" Thread-Cutting Screw Tube/Reflector Hanger (DB-3HGR) Reflector Center Support (DB-31H)	Refector (120") Tube Clamp 3" 10 ft. Radiant Tube, Straight 3" 10 ft. Radiant Tube, Straight 3" (AL-TI) Control Box Bracket 1/4-20 Keps Nut Inlet Air Orifice w/Screen Globar Ignitor Burner Box Divider Fan Blower (40,000 & 50,000 BTU) Fan Blower (25,000 & 30, 000) 1/4 in. Atmosphere Tube (Vinyl) 1/4 in. Pressure Tube #8 Hex Nut/Lock Washer Exhaust Pressure Switch (state model)
Part No. TP-1 TP-3 TP-4 TP-5 TP-7 TP-7 TP-7A	TP-10 TP-11 TP-12	TP-13 TP-14 TP-15 TP-16 TP-17 DB-19B	TP-20 DB-21G DB-26 DB-26T TP-31B TP-41 TP-50 TP-54 TP-55/N DB-109 TP-56C TP-56C TP-56C

