



# DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

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## EXPERIMENT- 07

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**Branch: BE-CSE**

**Section/Group: KRG 1(B)**

**Semester: 05**

**Date of Performance: 23/10/25**

**Subject Name: ADBMS**

**Subject Code: 23CSP-333**

### Medium-Level Problem

**1. Aim:** Design a trigger in PostgreSQL which, whenever there is an insertion or deletion on the student table, prints the inserted or deleted row exactly as it is on the output console window.

### 2. Objective:

- To understand how PostgreSQL triggers work.
- To use `NEW` and `OLD` pseudo-records for accessing row data.
- To display the affected record dynamically upon data changes.

### 3. DBMS script and output:

```
-- Creating Table
CREATE TABLE student (
    id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
    name VARCHAR(100),
    age INT,
    class VARCHAR(20)
);

-- Creating Trigger Function
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION fn_student_audit()
RETURNS TRIGGER
LANGUAGE plpgsql
AS
$$
BEGIN
    IF TG_OP = 'INSERT' THEN
        RAISE NOTICE 'Inserted Row -> ID: %, Name: %, Age: %, Class: %',
            NEW.id, NEW.name, NEW.age, NEW.class;
        RETURN NEW;
    
```



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```
ELSIF TG_OP = 'DELETE' THEN
    RAISE NOTICE 'Deleted Row -> ID: %, Name: %, Age: %, Class: %',
        OLD.id, OLD.name, OLD.age, OLD.class;
    RETURN OLD;
END IF;

RETURN NULL;
END;
$$;

-- Creating Trigger
CREATE TRIGGER trg_student_audit
AFTER INSERT OR DELETE
ON student
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE FUNCTION fn_student_audit();

-- Testing the Trigger
INSERT INTO student(name, age, class) VALUES ('Aman', 19, '11th');
DELETE FROM student WHERE name = 'Aman';
```

## 4. Output:

Data Output Messages Notifications

```
NOTICE:  Inserted Row -> ID: 1, Name: Aman, Age: 19, Class: 11th
NOTICE:  Deleted Row -> ID: 1, Name: Aman, Age: 19, Class: 11th
DELETE 1
```

Query returned successfully in 168 msec.

## Hard-Level Problem

**1. Aim:** Design a PostgreSQL trigger that automatically logs employee addition and deletion activity into an audit table with a timestamped message.

**2. Objective:**

- To implement trigger-based audit tracking for INSERT and DELETE operations.
- To maintain an audit history of employee changes.
- To use the `NOW()` function to record timestamps automatically.

**3. DBMS script and output:**

```
-- Creating Main and Audit Tables
CREATE TABLE tbl_employee (
    emp_id SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
    emp_name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
    emp_salary NUMERIC
);

CREATE TABLE tbl_employee_audit (
    sno SERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
    message TEXT
);

-- Creating Trigger Function
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION audit_employee_changes()
RETURNS TRIGGER
LANGUAGE plpgsql
AS
$$
BEGIN
    IF TG_OP = 'INSERT' THEN
        INSERT INTO tbl_employee_audit(message)
        VALUES ('Employee name ' || NEW.emp_name || ' has been added at ' || NOW());
        RETURN NEW;

    ELSIF TG_OP = 'DELETE' THEN
        INSERT INTO tbl_employee_audit(message)
        VALUES ('Employee name ' || OLD.emp_name || ' has been deleted at ' || NOW());
```

```

RETURN OLD;

END IF;

RETURN NULL;

END;

$$;

-- Creating Trigger
CREATE TRIGGER trg_employee_audit
AFTER INSERT OR DELETE
ON tbl_employee
FOR EACH ROW
EXECUTE FUNCTION audit_employee_changes();

-- Testing the Trigger
INSERT INTO tbl_employee(emp_name, emp_salary) VALUES ('Aman', 50000);
DELETE FROM tbl_employee WHERE emp_name = 'Aman';

-- Checking the Audit Log
SELECT * FROM tbl_employee_audit;
```

## 5. Output:

Data Output

Messages

Notifications

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SQL

Showing rows: 1 to 2 

✎

Page No:

	sno [PK] integer <div>✎</div>	message text <div>✎</div>
1	1	Employee name Aman has been added at 2025-11-10 22:21:08.893046+05:30
2	2	Employee name Aman has been deleted at 2025-11-10 22:21:08.893046+05:30