

# **430.217 (001)**

## **자료구조의 기초**

### **2016년 2학기**

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고형석 교수

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# Lecture 1

## Introduction

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# Text Book

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## ☐ 주교재

- E. Horowitz, et al, Fundamentals of data structures in C++

## ☐ 부교재

- Mark Allen Weiss, Data Structures & Algorithm Analysis in C++, Addison Wesley
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# Lecturer and TAs

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## □ Lecturer

- Prof. Hyeong-Seok Ko
- Office: 133-502
- E.Mail: [ko@graphics.snu.ac.kr](mailto:ko@graphics.snu.ac.kr)
- Home page: <http://graphics.snu.ac.kr/~ko>

## □ TAs

- TA: 한동훈 [dhhan@graphics.snu.ac.kr](mailto:dhhan@graphics.snu.ac.kr) 133-211
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# Grading

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- ❑ Homeworks: 40%
  - ❑ Midterm: 30%
  - ❑ Final: 30%
  - ❑ Class Participation
    - 출석은 random하게 체크하며 한번의 결석마다 한 단계의 학점 강등이 이루어 짐
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# Additional Information

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- **Prerequisites**

- 컴퓨터의 기초, 프로그래밍 방법론

- **Programming Languages for Programming Assignments**

- C++

- **How to Succeed in this course:**

- Read the book
  - Practice solving many problems in the book (About 30% of exams will be from the problems in the book)
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# Acknowledgement

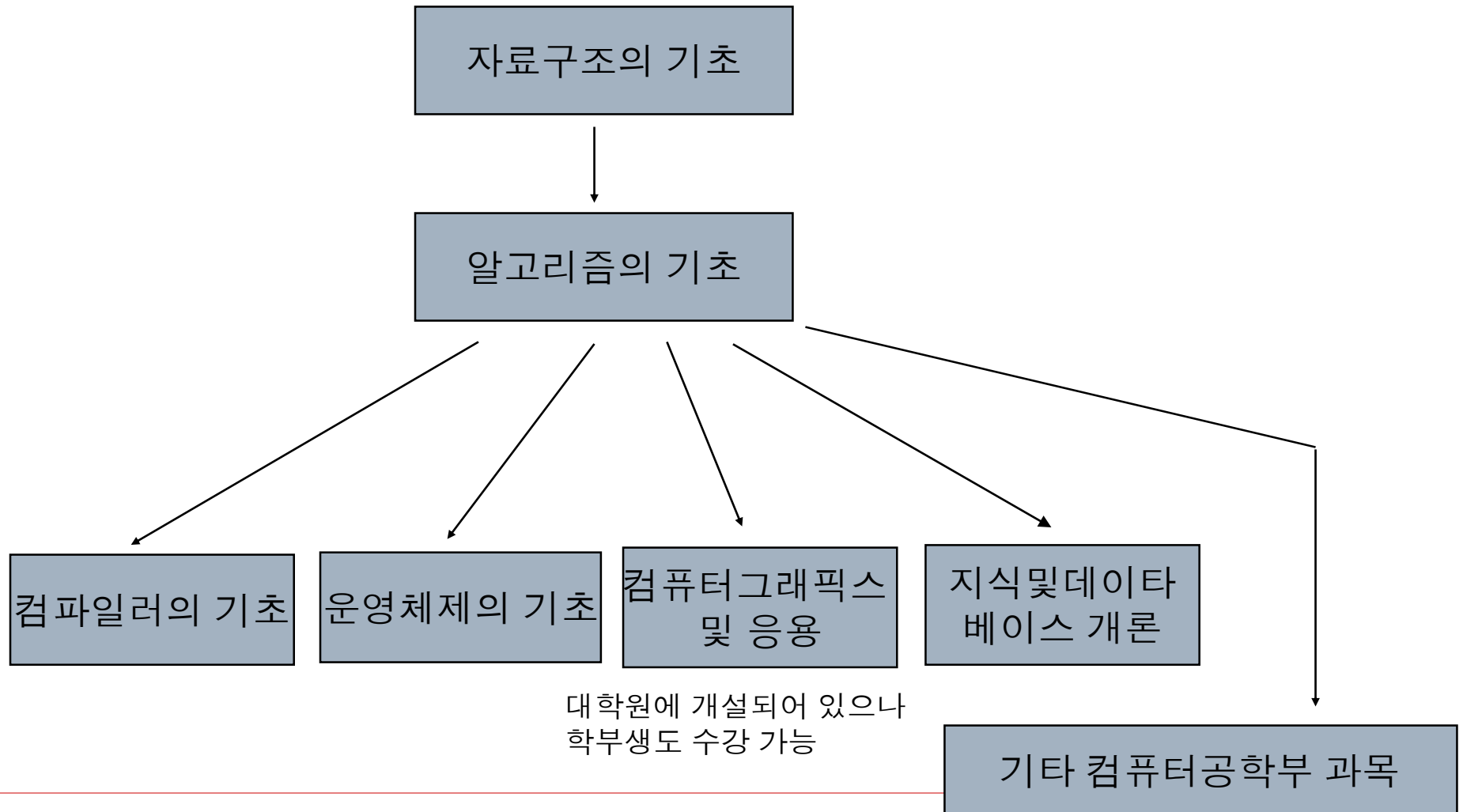
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이 강의 슬라이드는 심규석, 차상균,  
백윤희교수님께서 사용 하셨던 슬라이드를  
바탕으로 제작되었습니다.

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# SoEE Core SW Curriculum

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# Program = Data Structure + Algorithm

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## □ Real World Problem      versus      Formalized Problem

*Finding an optimal route  
from SNU to the Olympic Stadium*

*Finding the minimum-cost path  
from origin node to destination  
on a weighted network*

## □ 자료구조의 기초 teaches

- How to formalize **problems** (e.g., with trees and networks)
- How to implement solutions with **data structures** (and algorithms)
- How to evaluate the **quality of implemented solutions** (running time or space requirement)

# 자료구조의 중요성

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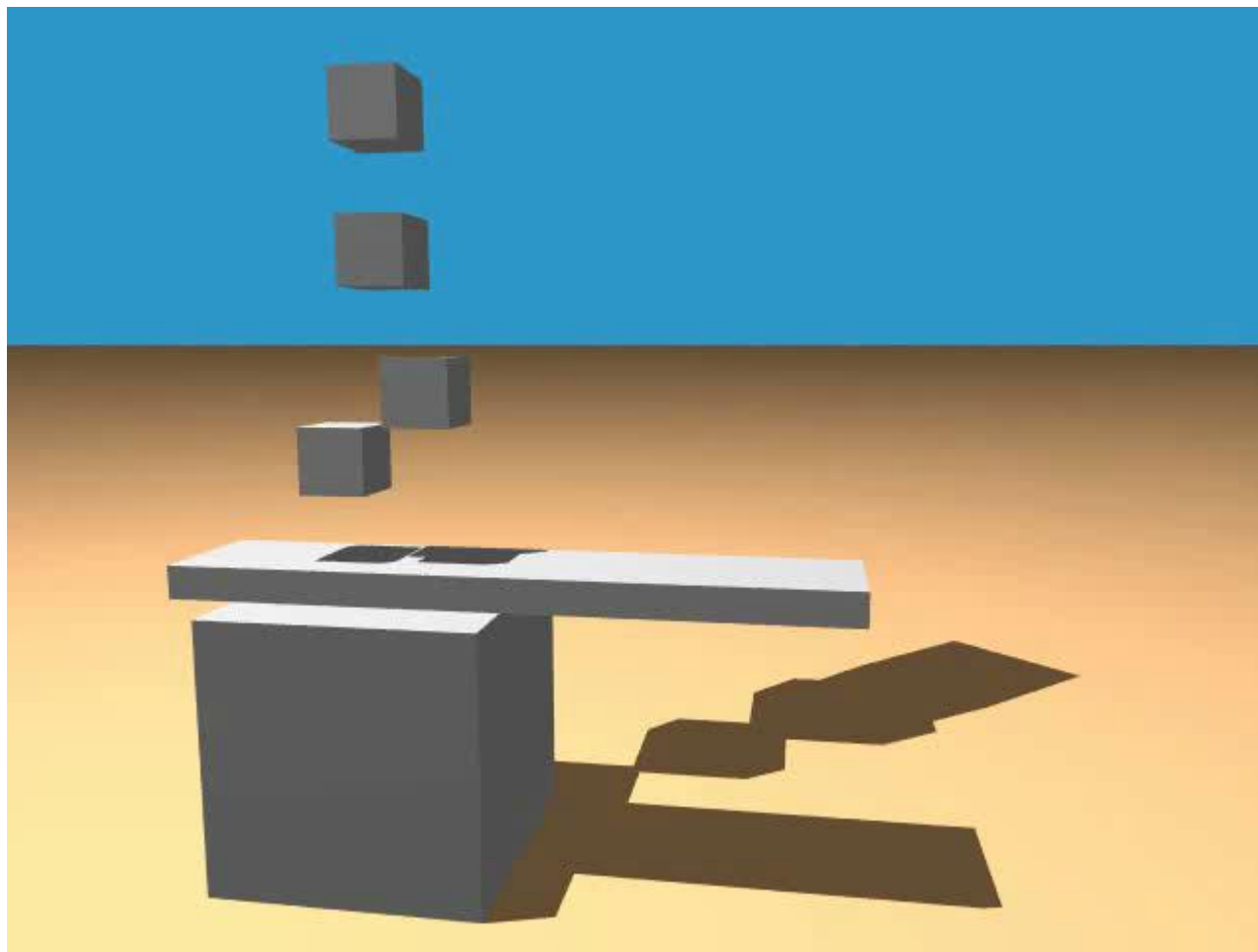
You cannot build any nontrivial system without computers, and you cannot build any computer application without good knowledge of data structures.

**The following are a list of some nontrivial computer applications:**

- Computer Graphics
  - Telecommunication Systems
  - Control Systems (Power Plant Control, Missile Guidance, etc.)
  - Internet Applications such as Electronic Commerce (B2C, B2B, ...)
  - Computer-Aided Engineering and Manufacturing
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# 자료구조의 사용: 그래픽 물리공간

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$$m_i$$

$$COM_i$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_i & v_i & a_i \end{bmatrix}$$

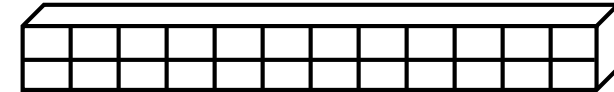
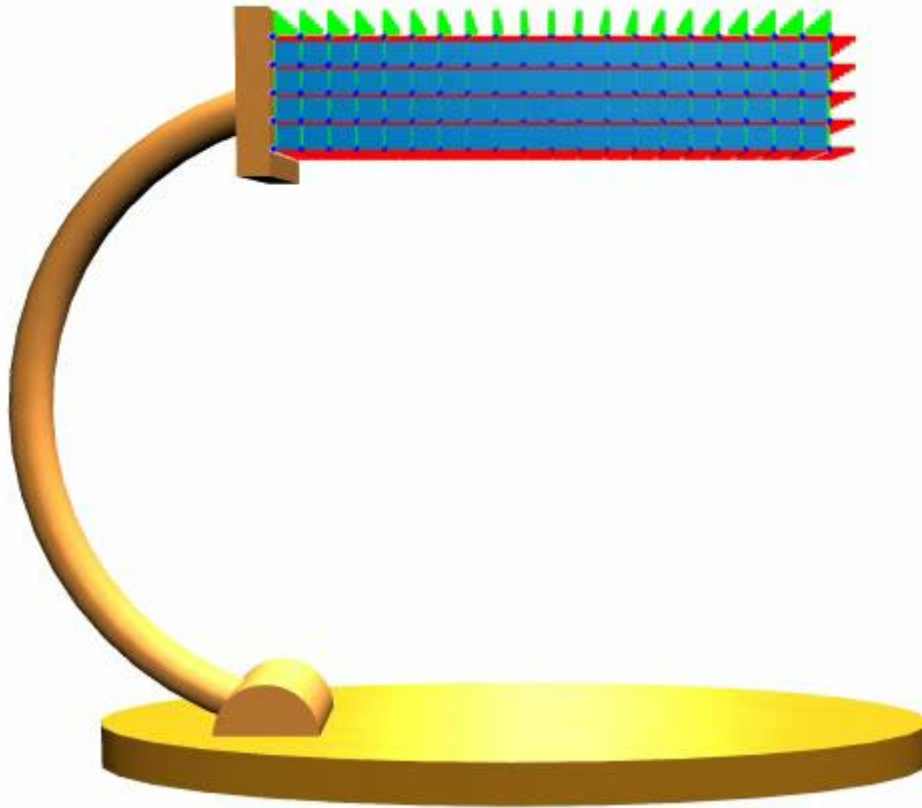
$$I_i$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} q_i & \dot{q}_i & \ddot{q}_i \end{bmatrix}$$

# 자료구조의 사용 : Deformation

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Gravity = -9.8

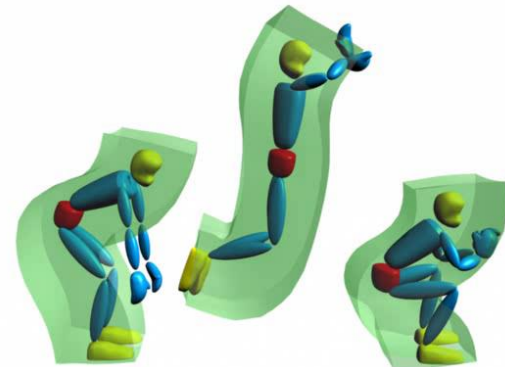
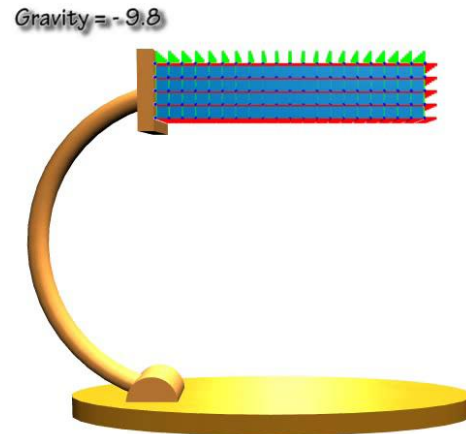
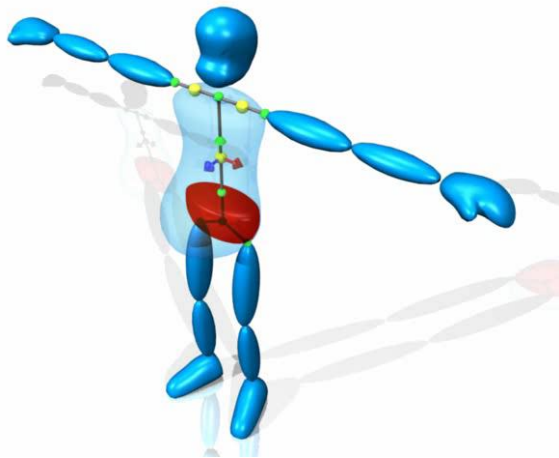


# Application of the technique

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## Modal Warping

“Method and System of Real-Time Graphical Simulation of Large Rotational Deformation and Manipulation Using Model Warping ”



# 자료구조의 사용 : Modeling Hair

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- ❑ “A Statistical Wisp Model and Pseudophysical Approaches for Interactive Hairstyle Generation”, IEEE Transactions on Visualization and Computer Graphics 2005
- ❑ “Simulating Complex Hair with Robust Collision Handling”, Symposium on Computer Animation 2005

헤어 모델링

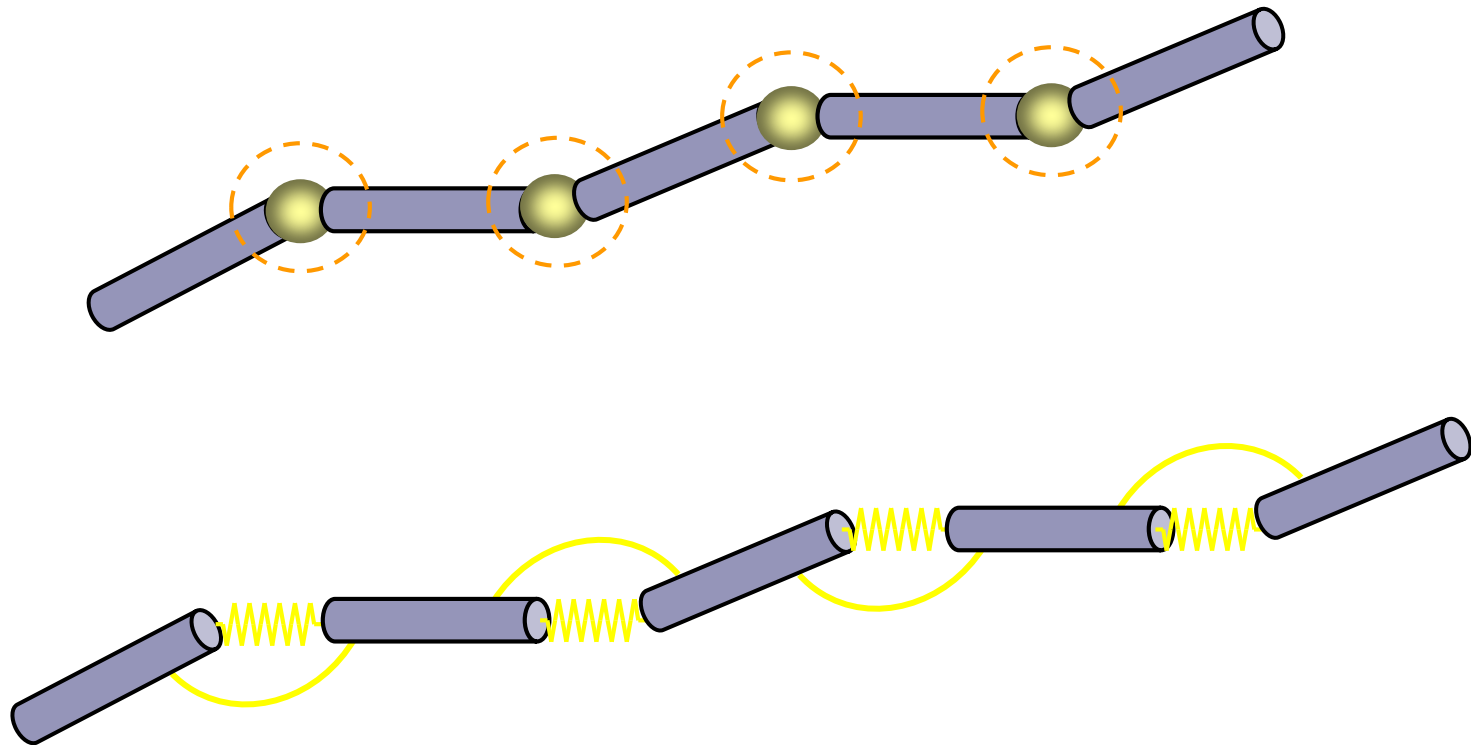


헤어 애니메이션



# Data Structures Used

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# 자료구조의 사용 : Modeling Clothing

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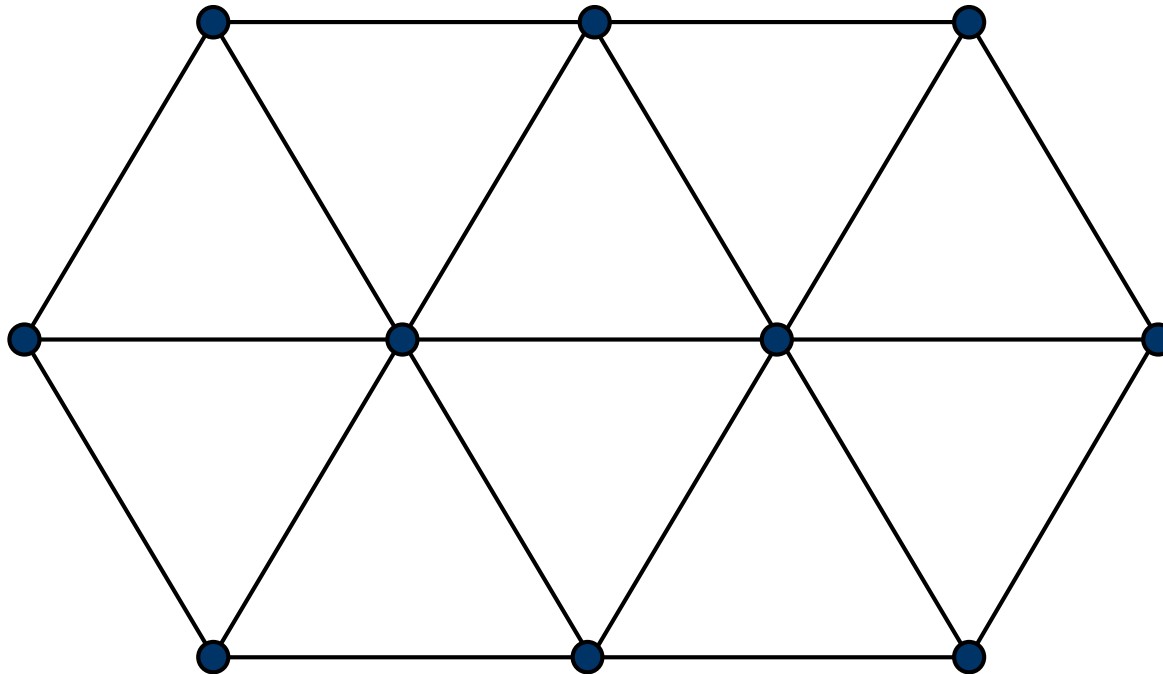
- ❑ “Stable but Responsive Cloth”, SIGGRAPH 2002 (ACM TOG).
- ❑ “Constrainable Multigrid for Cloth”, Computer Graphics Forum 2013, 32(7)



# First of All, How to Represent Cloth?

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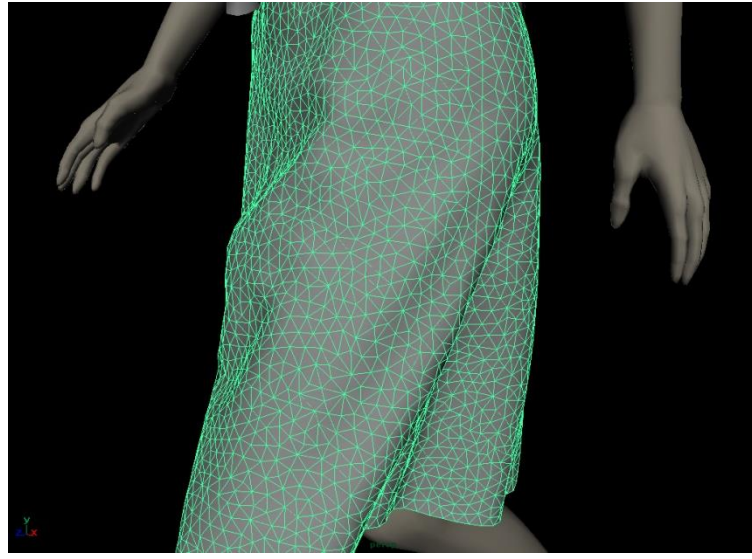
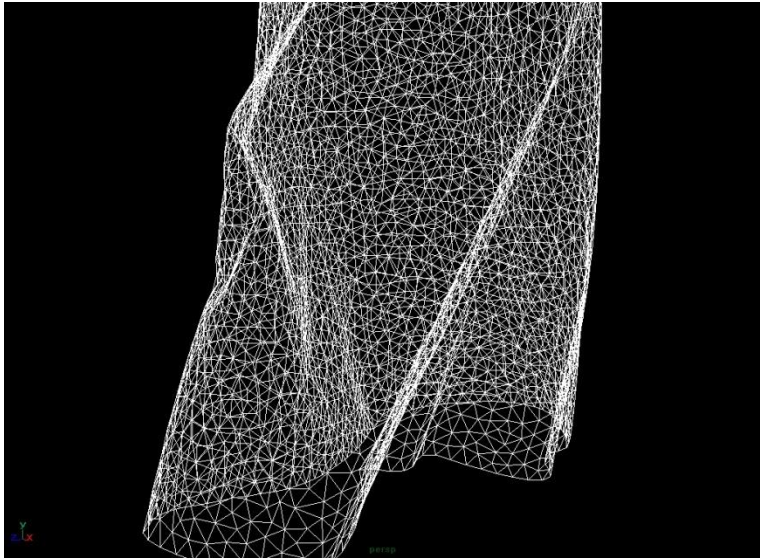
Particles interconnected by springs



# Particle-based Cloth Simulation

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- Repeat the following:
  1. Find the new position of the particles
  2. Draw the surface from the particles



# Is that a still challenge?

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시뮬레이션 속도 = 10spf

실시간 시뮬레이션이 요구됨



가까이에서 봐도 직조 구조가 안보임

직조 구조의 가시화가 요구됨

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■ 시간적분

■  $\ddot{\mathbf{x}} = \mathbf{M}^{-1} \left( -\frac{\partial E}{\partial \mathbf{x}} + \mathbf{F} \right)$

■  $\left( \mathbf{M} - \Delta t \frac{\partial \mathbf{f}}{\partial \mathbf{v}} - \Delta t^2 \frac{\partial \mathbf{f}}{\partial \mathbf{x}} \right) \Delta \mathbf{v} = \Delta t \left( \mathbf{f}_0 + \Delta t \frac{\partial \mathbf{f}}{\partial \mathbf{x}} \mathbf{v}_0 \right)$

■  $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$

■ 한복의 경우 21만×21만의 선형시스템을 풀어야 함

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