With TF 1.0!



# Lab I

TensorFlow Basics

Sung Kim < <a href="mailto:hunkim+ml@gmail.com">hunkim+ml@gmail.com</a>>

Code: <a href="https://github.com/hunkim/DeepLearningZeroToAll/">https://github.com/hunkim/DeepLearningZeroToAll/</a>



## Call for comments

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# An open-source software library for Machine Intelligence

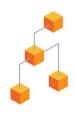
**GET STARTED** 





We're excited to announce the release of TensorFlow 1.0! Check out the migration guide to upgrade your code with ease.

**UPGRADE NOW** 



#### Dynamic graphs in TensorFlow

We've open-sourced TensorFlow Fold to make it easier than ever to work with input data with varying shapes and sizes.

LEARN MORE



#### The 2017 TensorFlow Dev Summit

Thousands of people from the TensorFlow community participated in the first flagship event. Watch the keynote and talks.

WATCH VIDEOS

#### https://www.tensorflow.org

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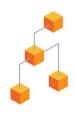
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#### **TensorFlow**

Deep learning libraries:
Accumulated GitHub metrics

Aggr	egate po	pularity (30•contrib + 10•issues + 5•forks)•1e-3
#1:	172.29	tensorflow/tensorflow
#2:	89.78	BVLC/caffe
#3:	69.70	fchollet/keras
#4:	53.09	dmlc/mxnet
#5:	38.23	Theano/Theano
#6:	29.86	deeplearning4j/deeplearning4j
#7:	27.99	Microsoft/CNTK
#8:	17.36	torch/torch7
#9:	14.43	baidu/paddle
#10:	13.10	pfnet/chainer
#11:	12.37	NVIDIA/DIGITS
#12:	10.42	tflearn/tflearn
#13:	9.20	pytorch/pytorch

#### Deep learning libraries: growth over past three months

new	contributors	from 2016-10-09 to 2017-02-10	new	forks	from 2016-10-09 to 2017-02-10
#1:	192	tensorflow/tensorflow	#1:	6525	tensorflow/tensorflow
#2:	89	dmlc/mxnet	#2:	1822	BVLC/caffe
#3:	78	fchollet/keras	#3:	1316	fchollet/keras
#4:	42	baidu/paddle	#4:	999	dmlc/mxnet
#5:	29	Microsoft/CNTK	#5:	909	deeplearning4j/deeplearning4j
#6:	23	pfnet/chainer	#6:	887	Microsoft/CNTK
#7:	21	Theano/Theano	#7:	324	tflearn/tflearn
#8:	20	deeplearning4j/deeplearning4j	#8:	321	baidu/paddle
#9:	20	tflearn/tflearn	#9:	287	Theano/Theano
#10:	19	BVLC/caffe	#10:	257	torch/torch7
#11:	9	torch/torch7	#11:	175	NVIDIA/DIGITS
#12:	3	NVIDIA/DIGITS	#12:	142	pfnet/chainer

new	issues	from 2016-10-09 to 2017-02-10	aggr	egate met	trics growth from 2016–10–09 to 2017–02–10
#1:	1563	tensorflow/tensorflow	#1:	54.01	tensorflow/tensorflow
#2:	979	fchollet/keras	#2:	18.71	fchollet/keras
#3:	871	dmlc/mxnet	#3:	16.38	dmlc/mxnet
#4:	646	baidu/paddle	#4:	12.86	BVLC/caffe
#5:	486	Microsoft/CNTK	#5:	10.17	Microsoft/CNTK
#6:	361	deeplearning4j/deeplearning4j	#6:	9.32	baidu/paddle
#7:	318	BVLC/caffe	#7:	8.75	deeplearning4j/deeplearning4j
#8:	217	NVIDIA/DIGITS	#8:	4.21	Theano/Theano
#9:	214	Theano/Theano	#9:	3.89	tflearn/tflearn
#10:	167	tflearn/tflearn	#10:	3.14	NVIDIA/DIGITS
#11:	150	pfnet/chainer	#11:	2.90	pfnet/chainer
#12:	90	torch/torch7	#12:	2.46	torch/torch7



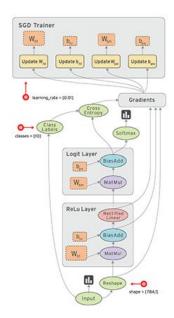
#### **TensorFlow**

- TensorFlow<sup>™</sup> is an open source software library for numerical computation using data flow graphs.
- Python!



## What is a Data Flow Graph?

- Nodes in the graph represent mathematical operations
- Edges represent the multidimensional data arrays (tensors) communicated between them.



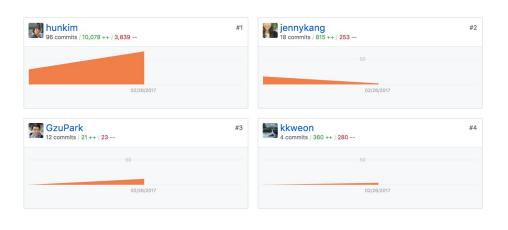
## Installing TensorFlow

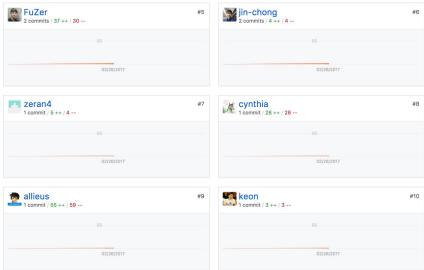
- Linux, Max OSX, Windows
  - (sudo -H) pip install --upgrade tensorflow
  - (sudo -H) pip install --upgrade tensorflow-gpu
- From source
  - bazel ...
  - https://www.tensorflow.org/install/install\_sources
- Google search/Community help
  - https://www.facebook.com/groups/TensorFlowKR/

## Check installation and version

```
Sungs-MacBook-Pro:hunkim$ python3
Python 3.6.0 (v3.6.0:41df79263a11, Dec 22 2016, 17:23:13)
[GCC 4.2.1 (Apple Inc. build 5666) (dot 3)] on darwin
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more
information.
>>> import tensorflow as tf
>>> tf. version
'1.0.0'
>>>
```

## https://github.com/hunkim/DeepLearningZeroToAll/





## TensorFlow Hello World!

#### **Hello TensorFlow!**

```
In [2]: # Create a constant op
# This op is added as a node to the default graph
hello = tf.constant("Hello, TensorFlow!")

# seart a TF session
sess = tf.Session()

# run the op and get result
print(sess.run(hello))
b'Hello, TensorFlow!'
```

b'String' 'b' indicates Bytes literals. http://stackoverflow.com/questions/6269765/

https://github.com/hunkim/DeepLearningZeroToAll/blob/master/lab-01-basics.ipynb

## Computational Graph



```
In [4]: node1 = tf.constant(3.0, tf.float32)
        node2 = tf.constant(4.0) # also tf.float32 implicitly
        node3 = tf.add(node1, node2)
In [5]: print("node1:", node1, "node2:", node2)
        print("node3: ", node3)
        node1: Tensor("Const 1:0", shape=(), dtype=float32) node2: Tensor("Const 2:0", shape=(), dtyp
        e=float32)
        node3: Tensor("Add:0", shape=(), dtype=float32)
In [6]: sess = tf.Session()
        print("sess.run(node1, node2): ", sess.run([node1, node2]))
        print("sess.run(node3): ", sess.run(node3))
        sess.run(node1, node2): [3.0, 4.0]
        sess.run(node3): 7.0
```

https://github.com/hunkim/DeepLearningZeroToAll/blob/master/lab-01-basics.ipynb

## TensorFlow Mechanics

feed data and run graph (operation) sess.run (op)

Build graph using TensorFlow operations



update variables in the graph (and return values)

# Computational Graph



(1) Build graph (tensors) using TensorFlow operations

```
In [4]: node1 = tf.constant(3.0, tf.float32)
  node2 = tf.constant(4.0) # also tf.float32 implicitly
  node3 = tf.add(node1, node2)
```

(2) feed data and run graph (operation) (3) update variables in the graph sess.run (op) (and return values)

```
In [6]: sess = tf.Session()
print("sess.run(node1, node2): ", sess.run([node1, node2]))
print("sess.run(node3): ", sess.run(node3))

sess.run(node1, node2): [3.0, 4.0]
sess.run(node3): 7.0
```

https://github.com/hunkim/DeepLearningZeroToAll/blob/master/lab-01-basics.ipynb

## Placeholder

```
In [7]: a = tf.placeholder(tf.float32)
b = tf.placeholder(tf.float32)
adder_node = a + b # + provides a shortcut for tf.add(a, b)

print(sess.run(adder_node, feed_dict={a: 3, b: 4.5}))
print(sess.run(adder_node, feed_dict={a: [1,3], b: [2, 4]}))

7.5
[ 3. 7.]
```

## TensorFlow Mechanics

feed data and run graph (operation) sess.run (op, feed\_dict={x: x\_data})

Build graph using TensorFlow operations



update variables in the graph (and return values)

## Everything is **Tensor**

#### **Tensors**

```
In [3]: 3 # a rank 0 tensor; this is a scalar with shape []
[1. ,2., 3.] # a rank 1 tensor; this is a vector with shape [3]
[[1., 2., 3.], [4., 5., 6.]] # a rank 2 tensor; a matrix with shape [2, 3]
[[[1., 2., 3.]], [[7., 8., 9.]]] # a rank 3 tensor with shape [2, 1, 3]
Out[3]: [[[1.0, 2.0, 3.0]], [[7.0, 8.0, 9.0]]]
```

```
t = tf.Constant([1., 2., 3.])
```

## Tensor Ranks, Shapes, and Types

```
t = [[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9]]
```

Rank	Math entity	Python example
0	Scalar (magnitude only)	s = 483
1	Vector (magnitude and direction)	v = [1.1, 2.2, 3.3]
2	Matrix (table of numbers)	m = [[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9]]
3	3-Tensor (cube of numbers)	t = [[[2], [4], [6]], [[8], [10], [12]], [[14], [16], [18]]]
n	n-Tensor (you get the idea)	••••

https://www.tensorflow.org/programmers\_guide/dims\_types

## Tensor Ranks, Shapes, and Types

```
t = [[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9]]
```

Rank	Shape	Dimension number	Example
0		0-D	A 0-D tensor. A scalar.
1	[D0]	1-D	A 1-D tensor with shape [5].
2	[D0, D1]	2-D	A 2-D tensor with shape [3, 4].
3	[D0, D1, D2]	3-D	A 3-D tensor with shape [1, 4, 3].
n	[D0, D1, Dn-1]	n-D	A tensor with shape [D0, D1, Dn-1].

https://www.tensorflow.org/programmers\_guide/dims\_types

## Tensor Ranks, Shapes, and Types

```
t = [[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9]]
```

Data type	Python type	Description
DT_FLOAT	tf.float32	32 bits floating point.
DT_DOUBLE	tf.float64	64 bits floating point.
DT_INT8	tf.int8	8 bits signed integer.
DT_INT16	tf.int16	16 bits signed integer.
DT_INT32	tf.int32	32 bits signed integer.
DT_INT64	tf.int64	64 bits signed integer.

- - -

## TensorFlow Mechanics

feed data and run graph (operation) sess.run (op, feed\_dict={x: x\_data})

Build graph using TensorFlow operations



update variables in the graph (and return values)

# Lab 2 Linear Regression

Sung Kim <hunkim+ml@gmail.com>





## **Variables**

```
# Create two variables.
weights = tf.Variable(tf.random_normal([784, 200], stddev=0.35),
                      name="weights")
biases = tf.Variable(tf.zeros([200]), name="biases")
. . .
# Add an op to initialize the variables.
init_op = tf.global_variables_initializer()
# Later, when launching the model
with tf.Session() as sess:
  # Run the init operation.
  sess.run(init_op)
  # Use the model
  . . .
```