

8-1.

Subproblems:

- $d(i, j) ::=$ "The maximum profit filling the orders within from first order to i -th order using oil barrels not exceeding j ."

Relate:

$$d(i, j) = \max \begin{cases} d(i-1, j) & \text{always} \\ d(i-1, j-a_i) + s \cdot a_i + p_i & , \text{ if } j \geq a_i. \end{cases}$$

Topological order:

- Both i and j depend on only lower integers.

Base case:

$$d(i, 0) = 0 \text{ for } i = 1, \dots, n$$

$$d(0, j) = s_j \text{ for } j = 1, \dots, m$$

Original problem:

$$- d(n, m)$$

- Remember parent pointers to reconstruct the real problem.

Time analysis:

- The number of subprobs $\leq (n+1)(m+1) = O(nm)$

- $O(1)$ per subproblem

- pseudopolynomial time

8-2.

Subproblems:

- $x(i) ::=$ "The maximum value starting with pins $i, i+1, \dots, n$ "

$y(i, j) ::=$ "The maximum value by hitting every pin $i, i+1, \dots, j$."

Relate:

- For cases: does not hit any pin, hit single pin, hit two adjacent pins, hit two pins which there is not any pin between them.

$$x(i) = \max \begin{cases} x(i+1) \\ v_i + x(i+1) \\ v_i \cdot v_{i+1} + x(i+2) \\ v_i \cdot v_k + y(i+1, j-1) + x(j) & \text{for } j \in \{i+2, \dots, n\} \end{cases}$$

$$y(i, j) = \max \begin{cases} v_i + y(i+1, j) \\ v_i \cdot v_{i+1} + y(i+2, j) \\ v_i \cdot v_k + y(i+1, k-1) + y(k+1, j) & \text{for } j \in \{i+2, \dots, j\} \end{cases}$$

Topological order:

- decreasing i for $x(i)$

- decreasing $j - i$ for $y(i, j)$.

Base case: $x(n+1) = 0, y(i, j) = 0$ if $i > j$



Original problem: $x(1)$

Time:

- $O(n)$ subproblems for $x(i)$
- For $y(i, j)$, $y(i', j')$ for $i' \in \{i + 1, \dots, n\}$, $j' \in \{i, \dots, n\}$ was defined before.
- So $O(n)$ subproblems for $y(i, j)$.
- $O(n)$ -time per single subproblem.
- $O(n^3)$ -time
- polynomial time

8-3.

8-4.

First of all, compute $f(w)$ for every word w appearing in L_u .

Let W denote a hash table mapping w to $f(w)$. When let S denote a list of words appearing in L_u ,

for $w \in S$, if w in W , $W[w] = W[w] + 1$
else w not in W , $W[w] = 1$.

There are $\Omega(1)$ or $O(m)$ words in a log in L_u , so the algorithm takes $O(m^3n)$ -time.

Subproblems:

- $x(i, j) ::= \text{"Maximized } \sum_{w \in R_{x,i,j}} f(w) \text{ where } R_{x,i,j} \text{ is a sequence of words restored from a substring of } l_x \text{ ranging from } i \text{ to } j."$
- for x -th log in L_c .

Relate:

- For $x(i, j)$, consider cases:

$f(k[i : j])$

$x(i, k) + x(k + 1, j)$ for some $k \in \{i, \dots, j\}$,

- $x(i, j) = \max \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f(l_x[i:j]) \\ x(i, k) + x(k+1, j) \text{ for } k \in \{i, \dots, j\} \end{array} \right.$

Topological order:

- increasing x
- $x(i, j)$ depends only on $x(i', j')$ where $j' - i' < j - i$.

Base case:

- $x(i, i) = W[k[i : i]]$ for $i \in \{1, \dots, |l_x|\}$

Original problem:

- $x(1, |l_x|)$ for $x \in \{1, \dots, r\}$

- Store parent pointers to reconstruct the real question.

Time analysis:

- $O(m^3n)$ -time for preprocessing

- $O(m^2)$ subprobs

- $O(m)$ -time per subprob

- Compute $x(1, |l_n|)$ for n times.

$$O(m^3n) + (O(m^2) \cdot O(m)) \cdot O(n) = O(m^3n) \text{ - time.}$$