Predictive Synthesis of API-Centric Code

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API Functions

(Prioritized with

Classification Model)

36*0.5

Max

77.00

transpose

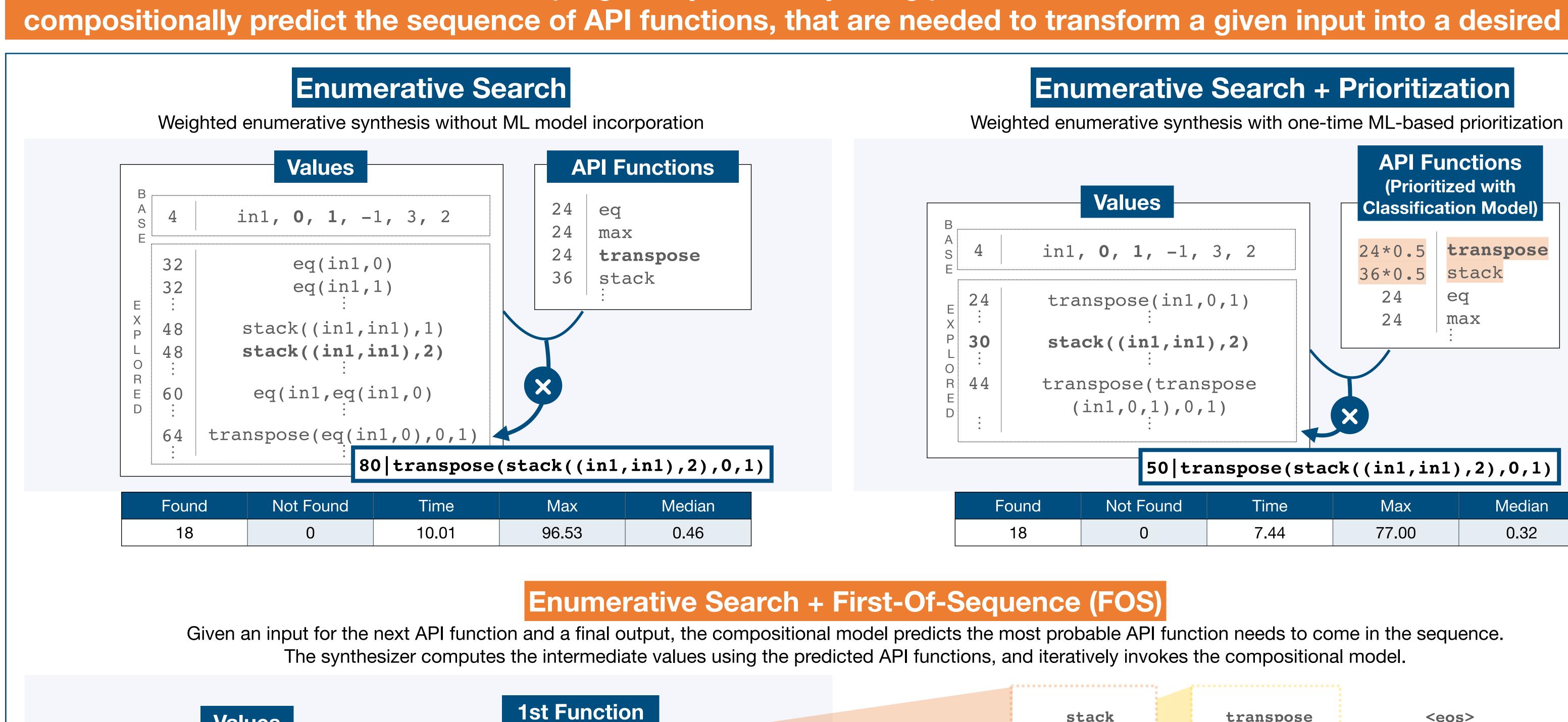
Median

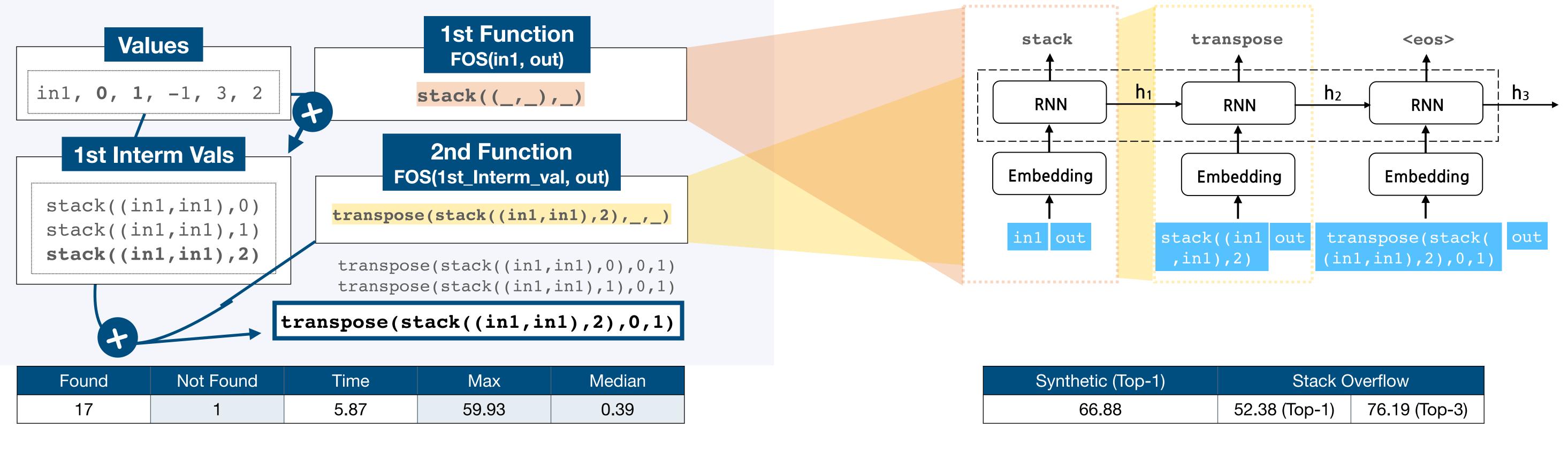
0.32

stack

max

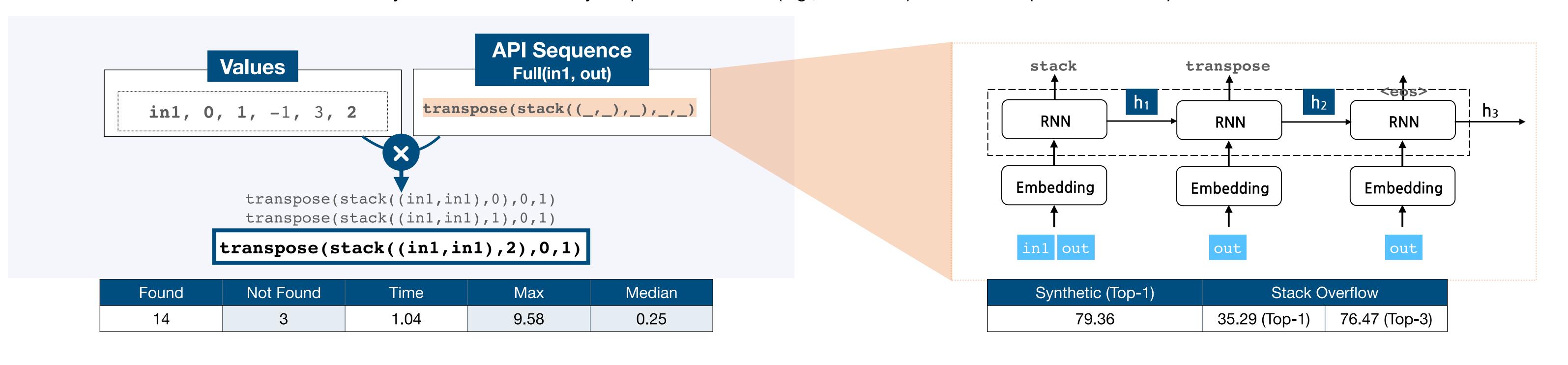
TL;DR: We accelerate enumerative program synthesis by using predictions from our ML model, which is trained to compositionally predict the sequence of API functions, that are needed to transform a given input into a desired output.





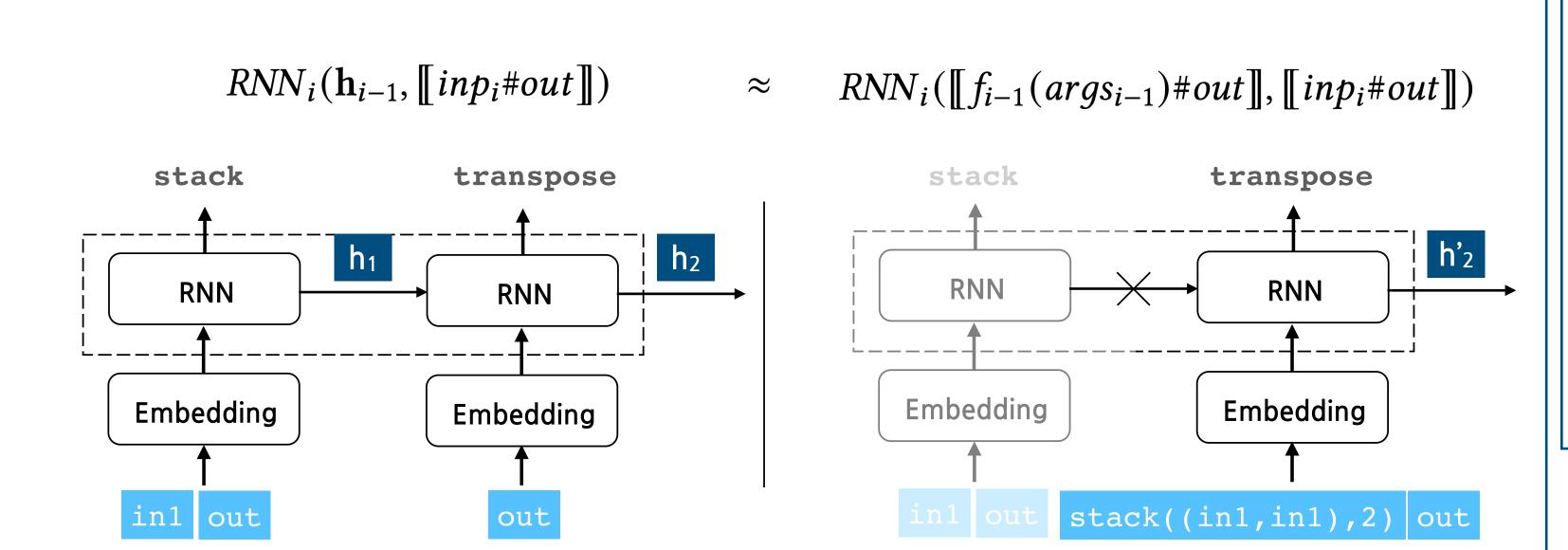
Enumerative Search + Full Sequence (FUS)

The compositional model predicts a sequence of API functions given the final output and the inputs to each functions. The synthesizer searches only the parameter values (e.g., dimension) that were not provided in the specification.



Why Composition Works?

The model learns to convert its incoming hidden vector to its outgoing hidden vector in a way consistent with the semantics of the API function it predicts, albeit in embedding space.



Dataset

The compositional model was trained with the Synthetic dataset. For the model evaluation, both sythetic and Stack Overflow benchmarks were used. To evaluate the program synthesis performance, we only used the Stack Overflow benchmarks.

| | | Train | Valid | Test |
|-------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|-------|---------------|
| Synthetic | # of unique seqs (Len) | 16 (1) + 186 (2) | | |
| | # of in/out values | 5.5M | 10K | 10K |
| Stack Overflow | # of unique seqs (Len) | Only used for evaluation | | 8 (1) + 7 (2) |
| | # of in/out values | | | 18 |

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